"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain to-day or to-night and to-morrow; moderate variable winds, mostly south.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,787. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1912.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

BRITISH COAL STRIKE IS NEAR SETTLEMENT

Miners to Vote on Resuming Work, and a Favorable Decision Is Expected.

OWNERS WILL OPEN MINES

Serious Riot Takes Place at Cannock and Troops at Aldershot Are Held Ready for Action.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 27.—The cheering prospect of a settlement of the great coal strike within a week is now before British industry.

This is mainly the result of the determination of the miners' representatives to-day to put upon the men the responsibility of saying whether or not they shall resume work under the Minimum Wage act.

A ballot will be taken on the question "Are you in favor of resuming work, pending a settlement of minimum rates of wages in the various grades by the district boards to be appointed under the Minimum Wage act?"

This decision was taken at a conference of the Miners' Federation held to-day. The result of the ballot will be known April 4. A few extremists urged an appeal to other trades to join in the strike, but did not vote against the proposal, which was accepted unanimously.

J. Ramsay MacDonald, having voted against the third reading of the bill in the House of Commons early in the morning, advised the men later in the day to accept it and set up their district boards without delay.

The prospects of the miners' ballot resulting in the resumption of work are good. Careful inquiries on the spot have resulted in predictions that the men in practically every district will vote for peace. "Intense satisfaction" over the coming ballot is expressed among Scottish miners, and in the Durham, South Wales, North Wales, Yorkshire, and Staffordshire coal fields the same feeling is said to prevail. Ten thousand Warwickshire miners are expected to resume work this morning.

Mr. McKenna, the Home Secretary, speaking in behalf of the Prime Minister in the House of Commons to-day, said that in cases where the owners were willing to open the pits and the men were willing to work, adequate protection would be provided by the Government if necessary. In pursuance of this policy troops were sent to Chirk in Denbighshire this evening to protect workers there. Police are guarding collieries in other parts of the country.

The Lords to-night passed the second reading of the Minimum Wage bill, but adjourned the committee stage until to-morrow. Royal assent to the measure will be given to-morrow or Friday.

Owners Will Open Mines.

LONDON, Thursday, March 28.—Mine owners as well as miners took important action yesterday to bring the long struggle to an end. The owners after a prolonged discussion decided to accept the Minimum Wage bill without further opposition. Thereby they made certain that all the mines would be opened to the men as soon as they wished to return to work.

As 115,000 men voted against beginning the strike, little doubt is felt that in the general ballot, authorized by the Federation officials, a majority will vote in favor of a return to work, especially as the view has been gathering force among the miners that the owners wished to prolong the struggle in order to bleed the unions, and make them powerless to renew the struggle for a long time.

It is generally believed, therefore, that the strike may end by next Thursday, although there will be no general resumption of work until after Easter.

The Government will take immediate steps to organize the district boards under the bill, so that everything will be in readiness when the men are willing to resume. A meeting of Liberal members of the House of Commons representing mining constituencies has been arranged for to-day at which the Prime Minister will make an important statement on the attitude of the Government. This meeting is expected to have an ameliorating effect on the situation.

Serious Rioting at Cannock.

Orders were issued at Aldershot last night for all the troops, numbering 10,000, to be prepared to move at any moment into the coal districts. Troop trains are being held in readiness.

Five hundred troops left Lichfield for Cannock, where a serious riot occurred yesterday afternoon, and a detachment of infantry is quartered at Brynkinalt, where trouble is expected between union and non-union men.

At Cannock several thousand strikers, accompanied by hundreds of women, raided a colliery in which eighty men were working. They stoned and overpowered the small force of police on guard, setting fire to two buildings and wrecking others. The rioting continued several hours, until large reinforcements of police arrived and scattered the rioters.

Prices of coal and food are still rising, and the work of dealing with the inevitable distress is throwing great responsibility on the Government.

London, which has not felt the strike thus far except for the increased price of coal and curtailment of the railroad services has only ten days' supply of fuel left, and thousands of small factories in and about the city must soon close their doors.

In anticipation of this the education authorities have decided to cancel the Easter holidays of the schools, and this action has been taken throughout the provinces also, so that the children may be fed regularly.

The women and children are naturally the first care of the relief organizations and funds for supplying them with food are being generously subscribed.

In the big pottery towns, including Stoke-Upon-Trent, Henley Longton, Burslem and Newcastle-Under-Lyme, food has to be found daily for 100,000 people out of a population of a quarter of a million. In Stoke-Upon-Trent over 20,000 persons are being fed by the local authorities and charitable institutions.

GIRL DROWNS FROM CANOE.

Brother Struggling Vainly to Save Her from Death in the Hudson.

A canoe which was caught in the swirling current off Fort Washington Point in the Hudson River yesterday afternoon upset and Miss Sadie Gray, 17 years old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Julius Gray, living in the Nathan Hale Apartments, 454 Fort Washington Avenue, was drowned.

Miss Gray's brother, Louis, 21 years old, also came near losing his life, and was in a critical condition last night. The news of the death of Miss Gray so shocked her mother and older sister, Rose, that they also had to be put under a physician's care.

The canoe was owned by Louis Gray. He had purchased it a month ago, and only waited for pleasant weather to take his first paddle on the Hudson. Yesterday afternoon he invited his sister, who had been ill, and who had not yet returned to her studies at the Normal High School, to accompany him.

The mother objected to her daughter going out on the river, but was finally persuaded to let her go for an hour. Donning heavy sweaters they put out in the canoe from the Interstate Boat Club, at the foot of 206th Street. The tide was running out, and the canoe drifted swiftly down stream with the tide about 100 feet from the east shore.

All went well until the canoe was in the current off Fort Washington Point, opposite 178th Street. Gray had his hands full trying to keep the craft steady. Just then two freight boats, the Sarah A. Jenks, bound for Ossining, and the Benjamin Franklin, bound for Yonkers, were coming up the river in midstream. The swells from these caught the canoe and capsized it.

The girl could not swim at all, and her brother had all he could do to keep afloat himself. He made desperate efforts to save his sister, however, and pushed the canoe in her direction. She grabbed it, but a swell dashed over her and she lost her hold. The canoe drifted quickly out of reach, and only a red pillow came to the surface from under it.

Young Gray caught the pillow and threw it in the direction of his sister, who was struggling in the current ten feet further down stream. It fell within reach, but as she grabbed it she sank and did not reappear.

The brother, almost exhausted, was trying vainly to float on his back to the spot where his sister had disappeared, when the tugboat Gen. Sorrell, in charge of Capt. Tifft, which was coming up stream, picked him up.

ROBBED OF $1,000 IN GEMS.

Woman Returns from Theatre to Find Her Apartment Looted.

Mrs. Mary A. Wright, a widow, who lives in the Nathan Hale Apartments, 454 Fort Washington Avenue, where Miss Sadie Gray, who was drowned yesterday, lived also, returned from the theatre shortly after midnight this morning. She inserted her key in the door of her apartment on the fourth floor, but was unable to open the door. After she had pushed against the door for some time it suddenly flew open. As it did so a heavy marble table crashed to the floor. When Mrs. Wright got inside the hall she found that the door had been barricaded with several articles of furniture.

She hurried down the hall, fearing that in her absence a burglar had got into the apartment. As she was passing the dining room she saw a man disappear out of a rear window to the fire escape. Unafraid, she ran to intercept him, but when she reached the window she saw him reach the roof. She made a search of the rooms, and found that $1,000 worth of jewelry was missing, and reported the theft to the West 152d Street Station.

STONE EXPECTS A STRIKE.

Believes 90 Per Cent. of Engineers Will Vote for It.

The committee of locomotive engineers which ordered a referendum vote of the engineers on the fifty Eastern railroads on the question of a strike to enforce their demands met yesterday at the Broadway Central Hotel. The vote for or against a strike is still pending and the railroads are waiting to see what will happen.

Grand Chief Warren S. Stone of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers said he believed the vote of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers on the fifty roads will be more than ninety per cent. in favor of a strike.

Asked if the engineers in the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, who have been promoted to be engineers from the firemen, but are not in the Engineers' Brotherhood, would be willing to strike with the rest, he said he believed they would. He expects to send the voting ballots into the headquarters of the local divisions of the engineers to-day and will leave New York by Saturday. He is to be back on April 10, when the result of the vote will be announced in this city.

NEW MEXICO SENATORS.

Fall and Catron, Republicans, Elected on the Eighth Ballot.

Special to The New York Times.

SANTA FE, N. M., March 27.—A. B. Fall and T. B. Catron, both Republicans, were elected to the United States Senate to-day on the eighth ballot in the Legislature.

Thomas B. Catron, a former Delegate to Congress, was supported by W. H. Andrews, who came here from Pennsylvania, where he was one of Senator Quay's lieutenants. Albert B. Fall was formerly a Judge, and at one time was the attorney for Col. Greene when he was at the height of his power in the copper zones of Arizona and New Mexico, and his elevation to the bench was attributed to Greene's friendship.

During the contest four members of the Legislature were arrested on a charge of soliciting bribes for their votes. The examination of witnesses in the investigation that followed is still in progress. It was reported to-day that at the close of the hearing the defense will demand the arrest of the mounted policemen who arrested the four legislators.

The defense asserts that the arrest of the men was a conspiracy to damage one of the leading candidates for the Senate and an attack by the executive branch upon the legislative branch of the State.

VOLLEY FROM AUTO.

Twist Gangsters Fire at Man Who Testified Against Them.

Excitement was created at Sutter and Alabama Avenues, Brownsville, early last evening by a volley of shots fired from an automobile that stopped on the corner opposite a drug store owned by Samuel Praisner.

The shots were fired at a man who stood on the corner waiting for a companion to come out of the drug store. He escaped before the police learned his name. The men in the auto sped away. The police say they have the number of the car, and that the license was taken out by Mary Lewis of 139 Delancey Street, Manhattan.

When interrogated by the police she said that she rented out the automobile by the day. It is believed that the men in the car were members of the Daniel Twist gang that has been terrorizing the outlying suburbs recently, and that the man they fired at was a witness recently against them.

PHILIP S. HICHBORN, DESERTED, A SUICIDE

Rear Admiral's Son, Whose Wife Eloped, Shoots Himself in His Sister's Home.

HAD HEARD MORE GOSSIP

Mrs. Hichborn and Horace Wylie, with Whom She Twice Fled, Believed to be In France.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The climax to the two elopements of Mrs. Philip S. Hichborn with Horace S. Wylie came about 5 o'clock this evening, when Philip S. Hichborn went to the home of his sister, Mrs. P. S. Pearsall, the former wife of James G. Blaine, Jr., and shot himself through the head.

The suicide was the son of the late Rear Admiral Philip S. Hichborn, once Chief Constructor of the United States Navy, and in his time one of the best known high officers in the staff branch of the servce. He killed himself in the same room where Gov. John Lee Carroll, a descendant of Charles Carroll of Carrollton, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, died a year ago.

This afternoon he took his child out for a walk. What he learned on his return that caused him to decide upon the action he took, cannot be learned, for he left no letters so far as is known, but this afternoon it was reported among the friends of the Hichborns and Wylies that yesterday Mrs. Hichborn gave birth to a child at an island off Monte Carlo, where she and Wylie are living. One of the friends of the families is said to have received a telegram to that effect, and it is reported that Hichborn learned of this either before or after he went out for the walk with his little son.

It is known here that Mrs. Henry Hoyt, the mother of Mrs. Hichborn, was in Rome on Sunday, and that she left there on Monday for Nice. Within a short walking distance from Nice is the landing place from which Wylie's launch starts for the island on which Wylie and Mrs. Hichborn are living. It is believed that Mrs. Hoyt was summoned from Rome to her daughter's home.

Married a Son of Blaine.

Martha Hichborn, in whose house her brother Philip died, married against her parents' wishes James G. Blaine, Jr., the divorced husband of Marie Nevins, who was afterwards the wife of Dr. William T. Bull, the famous surgeon of New York. Miss Nevins's unhappy experience with Blaine made Miss Hichborn's family averse to her marriage, and their predictions of domestic disaster were fulfilled. After a miserable life of two years she went back to her old father and obtained a divorce.

Young Hichborn's marriage to Eleanor Hoyt, the daughter of a Solicitor General of the United States and a granddaughter of a Governor of Pennsylvania, ended today in a worse tragedy. The Admiral lived long enough to see the sorrow of his daughter, but not long enough to know of the wreck of his son's life by the beautiful girl whom his son had married.

Hichborn did not live at his sister's house. He lived with his mother at 1,707 N Street, but he did not wish to kill himself there. He preferred the room in which Gov. Carroll died. Late this afternoon, when Mrs. Pearsall was away from home, Hichborn went there. The house is at 1501 Eighteenth Street, and it was formerly the Carroll mansion. The servants, of course, thought nothing of his entering the house and going where he pleased.

Hichborn went up to the second story, where the library is situated, and went in. A few moments after he had entered the servants heard a shot. They rushed up to the room and found it locked—in fact, Hichborn had barricaded it. The servants were too frightened to do anything, and they awaited the arrival of Mrs. Pearsall, who came in two hours later. As it turned out, a greater display of intelligence would have availed nothing, for Hichborn had died instantly.

Mrs. Pearsall tried the door and called, but got no answer. Distracted with fear, but still preserving the outward coolness for which she has always been noted, she ran out of the house in quest of a policeman. She found a roundsman, S. B. Saunders, talking with Dan Redmond, a park policeman—the house is near DuPont Circle, one of the little Washington parks that dot the avenues and each of which is under the direction of the park police, who are directed by the War Department. The city officer and the park policeman were chatting at the base of the statute of Admiral DuPont, for whom the Circle is named, when the daughter of Admiral Hichborn found them.

"Won't you please come to my house at once?" cried Mrs. Pearsall, bursting into tears. "My brother Phil is locked in a room there and I'm afraid he's shot himself."

Police Break in Door.

The policemen ran to the house with her, and hurried to the second floor. Finding the door locked they peeped over the transom, and what they saw compelled them to smash open the door. Young Hichborn lay in a heap at the foot of a chair, with a revolver near his right hand. Two gaping wounds disfigured his forehead. The bullet had entered the right temple, and emerged from the left.

"Is he dead?" anxiously inquired Mrs. Pearsall.

"I hardly think so," whispered the policeman, who did not have the heart to tell her the truth. "But I think you had better not enter the room just yet."

The policeman summoned an ambulance from the Emergency Hospital. When it responded the surgeon said that Hichborn had been dead nearly two hours before the policeman went through the door. Dr. J. Ramsey Nevitt, the District Coroner, soon arrived and gave the verdict of suicide.

Meanwhile Mr. Pearsall had arrived. He was just going to the telephone to call up a friend and announce the news when it rang, and he heard the words, "Long distance wants you." He waited in a fever of impatience, and then this came over the wire:

"This is New York; your sister died to-day."

News of the tragedy spread rapidly by telephone throughout the fashionable section in the very heart of which the suicide occurred. The Carroll mansion immediately adjoins St. Thomas's Episcopal Church and is within a block of the home of the Boardmans, Wadsworths, Leiters, Pattersons, and Westinghouses, which front DuPont Circle. The fine residences of Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth and of Miss Mabel Boardman, a close friend of the President's wife, are directly across the street from the Pearsall home.

Philip Hichborn had only recently returned to Washington from a visit to the West, where he had gone with his law partner, Samuel E. Swayze, to purchase a ranch. He had intended to exile himself from civilization and start life anew for the sake of his blue-eyed son, Philip Hichborn, Jr., born in September, 1907. But the return of the young clubman to the capital, to familiar scenes, the sight of the stately old mansion of the late Judge Wylie on Thomas Circle, revived the hor-

Continued on Page 3.

CONDITIONS IN THE COAL REGIONS.

The New York Times sent an unprejudiced observer to the hard coal sections to give an impartial view of conditions there. What he learned will be told in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

KAISER'S DAUGHTER LOVES COUNT IN VAIN

Princess Is Prostrated When Romance with a Handsome Lieutenant Is Cut Short.

RELIGION AND RANK FORBID

Hurried Away to Switzerland, She Is Later Taken South by Her Father to Effect a Cure.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, March 27.—On indisputably good authority it is learned that Princess Victoria Luise of Prussia, only daughter of the Kaiser, is the unhappy heroine of a romance, which is now finding a sequel in the Princess's "rest cure" with her father on the Mediterranean.

The Princess, who celebrates her twentieth birthday next September, fell deeply in love during the recent Court season, according to circumstantial reports current in society, with a handsome young officer, the Hereditary Count Fugger, a Lieutenant in the elite Gardes du Corps at Potsdam, and a descendant of an ancient Bavarian family, which was once the wealthiest in Europe. The affection was mutual, but it was necessary to represent to the Princess that marriage was impossible, not only on accout of the difference in the lovers' rank, but also because the Fuggers are devout Roman Catholics.

The Princess succumbed to a distressing attack of nervous prostration in consequence of this state of affairs, and was required at the height of the Court season to abstain from further participation in it. It was officially announced at the time that she was suffering from an "affection of the throat."

As soon as the season was ended the Kaiser and Kaiserin decided to send their daughter to St. Moritz with the Crown Prince and Princess in the hope that she would forget her troubles amid the joys of the Swiss Winter sports. This "cure" was apparently not a complete success, because it was found desirable that the Princess should not remain in Germany over the Spring with the Kaiserin, as originally planned, but should instead sojourn on the Mediterranean and at Corfu with the Kaiser until the end of May.

The Princess has long been the subject of countless matrimonial rumors, but never before has so circumstantial an account of her own personal preferences come to light as this reported partiality for Count Fugger. It has been recently stated with positiveness that the Princess was to be married to the Hereditary Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, but this report was officially contradicted. Her name was also linked with that of the Prince of Wales.

The Princess has developed into a particularly charming personality, and much sympathy is expressed for her in court and society circles, because reasons of State and faith combine to prevent the gratification of her heart's desire.

Count George Constantine Fugger-Habenhausen is the second son of the fifth Prince Fugger-Habenhausen. His father is a Prince of the Holy Empire with the title of "Hochgeboren," the title having been given to the family in 1803. His children have the right to bear the titles of Counts and Countesses.

Count George was born in Odenbourg July 24, 1889, and is a lieutenant in the Prussian Guards at Potsdam. He is the son of the second wife of his father, who was the Princess Eleanore of Hohenlohe-Bartenstein.

His eldest sister, Countess Fredericka Marie, was married in 1908 in Vienna to Capt. Adrien Carton de Wiart of the Fourth Regiment of Dragoons of the British Army, with headquarters at Brighton.

Count George has a younger brother, who is a cadet, and two younger sisters, unmarried.

His father's only living sister, the Countess Marie, is the wife of Count Christopher of Wydenbuck, Ambassador of Austria-Hungary to Madrid.

GETS VERDICT FOR $300,000.

McKell Estate Wins Damage Suit Against C. & O. Railroad.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 27.—Mrs. Jean McKell, representing the estate of Thomas McKell, a banker of Chillicothe, received a verdict of $300,000 against the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad by a jury in the United States District Court today after eight hours' deliberation. The suit was for $3,575,000 damages, and it has been in the State and Federal Courts for ten years.

It grows out of charges made by Mrs. McKell that the railroad abrogated a contract to take coal from McKell's mines in West Virginia. The upper courts decided that a contract existed and the present trial was for the purpose of determining whether the McKells suffered any damages. The contract provided for the building of a branch line to the McKell property and the accepting by the railroad of all the coal mined. It is charged that the railroad refused to accept the entire output.

Huge is the verdict against the railroad, a sum ten-fold as great could have been awarded, for the Judge, in his instructions to the Jury, said that they could find judgment for any sum from one cent to $1,000,000 if there had been any damage. Judson Harmon, Governor of Ohio, was chief counsel for the railroad.

Continued on Page 2.

MUST WIN ANYHOW, IS ROOSEVELT'S CRY

In Chicago Speech Colonel Intimates He May Lead Third Party to Fight Taft.

DENOUNCES PRIMARY HERE

Says Inspectors Were Removed, Ballots Misprinted and Delivered Too Late—Criticises Trust Suits.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 27.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt delivered an ultimatum to the voters of Illinois and the Republicans throughout the length and breadth of the United States in two speeches delivered in this city to-night. Its purport was: Nominate me or I will go out and fight the Republican Party.

The Colonel did not commit himself on the methods he would use to fight the Republican Party if it did not nominate him, but he made the inference plain that if it did not he would start a third party with himself as leader and "The New Nationalism" as the battle cry.

Col. Roosevelt gave the first intimation of his decision in a chat with a number of Illinois politicians at the Congress Hotel shortly after his arrival in Chicago. Later he repeated it in a two-minute address to Cook County precinct leaders.

"We want to exercise our own judgment," he said, "while urging the preferential primary law. If we have the primary and the people decide against us, I will have nothing to say. If, however, the bosses dominate the party and decide this against us, then I will have a good deal to say. It is for you men who are the real political power in your State to get the primary. If you do not get it, then we must win anyhow."

The former President was in a fighting mood from the moment his train drew into the Union Station until he climbed aboard it again at midnight and started for St. Louis. He had gone over the returns in the New York primary before his train reached Chicago. When he arrived he was handed a bundle of telegrams from his home State, which did not cheer him a bit.

Attacks New York Enemies.

Instead of the comparatively mild talks on Government control of "Big Business" which he had prepared, he devoted most of his time at the Auditorium, Wicker Park Hall, and Northwest Hall to a bitter attack on his enemies, and particularly those hostile to him in New York. He raised the cry of fraud over the returns from New York which showed the decisive victory for Taft.

He called the methods of his party in Indiana brutal and indecent. He talked in a similar vein about the Colorado results and denounced the fight in Denver as outrageous. He criticised the speech of President Taft at Concord as notice to his following to resort to any means to defeat the insurgent. Even in the milder part of his speeches when he spoke only of the control of big business he tore into the official record of his successor's Administration.

The Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust decisions he spoke of as "The utter failure of the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust cases to accomplish results of real worth." Later he added that the Wall Street type of business men felt that the two big corporations had been given an immunity bath.

Roosevelt did not comment on the recent decision of the jury in the Packers case in Chicago. When reporters asked him to express himself on this case, he threw up his hands and fairly shouted:

"Not a word, not a word."

Everything had been carefully staged by managers of the National Roosevelt Committee and the Illinois Roosevelt Committee for the triumphal entry of the hero of San Juan Hill. But in spite of all arrangements there were spots in the day's programme where enthusiasm did not foam over the sides like it has done in the past.

Aside from the committee members who went to the train to meet him there were scarcely a hundred persons waiting to hear him yell "Bully." Reporters and photographers were conspicuous leaders of the parade from the station to the Congress Hotel.

There was no interview for newspapermen, except a word that the "big work" of the insurgency was "to restore the Republican Party to where it was in the days of Abraham Lincoln."

The outpouring of real politicians at the Congress Hotel was not only disappointing to the Roosevelt boosters, but the number of precinct committeemen who accepted the invitation to hear the Colonel speak in the Gold Room was smaller than anticipated. Less than 500 of the 1,500 committeemen came.

Would Boss the Job Himself.

Mr. Roosevelt started right in by calling them "The men behind the guns."

"We are engaged in the most momentous struggle since the close of the civil War," said the candidate. "The heart of the people is stunned as it never has been since then. I believe the people have made up their minds that they will no longer be ruled by the right of political power and financial privilege. The people don't intend to do injustice to any man, but they don't intend to have injustice done them. We want to boss the job of governing ourselves; that is why we stand for the preferential Presidential primary. We want to exercise our own judgment."

While Col. Roosevelt dined, the streets about the Auditorium Theatre were jammed with people who had been told that their tickets would entitle them to seats. Fifteen thousand tickets had been distributed, or 8,000 in excess of the capacity of the house. The crowd became disorderly and police reserves were called.

A few minutes after the doors opened a Theatre inspector of the Fire Department sent a call for help. Thirty-five firemen were needed to clear the angry crowd from the aisles, where they were insisting on their right to seats. Hoodlums taking advantage of the situation started a riot around the doors of the theatre, and the police indulged in much clubbing before any semblance of order could be restored.

Col. Roosevelt had announced that his speech would be upon the control of corporations, but he first attacked his political enemies in New York, denouncing the primary held there yesterday, and turned aside from his set speech from time to time, after entering upon the discussion of trusts.

No Wish to be a King.

In one of his sallies he discussed the statements of his opponents that he hopes to be dictator.

"There isn't much danger to the people," he said, "from a man who can do nothing unless he can persuade them that what he wants is right. I am going to make one remark I have often been tempted to make but never have made before:

"Occasionally my gloomy friends have said that I wanted to be King. I wanted to answer that they did not know Kings and I did. I like the Kings I have met, but I don't want to be one, because the function of those Kings expressed in the terms of democracy would be the position of Vice President for life, with the leadership of the Four Hundred thrown in. I

Continued on Page 2.

WOMEN WIN ASSEMBLYMEN.

Sixty-three Sign Petition to Take Up Suffrage Bill To-day.

ALBANY, March 27.—As the result of a vigorous personal canvass by a number of women headed by Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch the signatures of sixty-three Assemblymen have been obtained to a petition to the Rules Committee to bring the woman suffrage measure before the Assembly to-morrow.

"We now lack only thirteen of the Constitutional majority of seventy-six," said Mrs. Blatch, "and we'll get those before we go to sleep or we'll make the lives of these people miserable."

TRIANGLE MEN CLEARED.

Indictments Remaining Against Harris and Blanck Dismissed.

Justice Seabury dismissed yesterday the five indictments remaining against Isaac Harris and Max Blanck, owners of the Triangle Waist Company, on charges that were made after the fire one year ago last Monday, in which 147 persons lost their lives.

The motion to dismiss the indictments was made by Max D. Steuer, counsel for the accused men, and there was no objection on the part of the District Attorney. The bail bond of $25,000 was discharged.

EDITOR KILLED BY A FALL.

James P. Chalmers of New York Is Fatally Injured in Dayton, O.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Ohio, March 27.—James P. Chalmers, of 125 East Twenty-third Street, New York, died to-day from injuries received by a fall down an elevator shaft yesterday.

He stepped into the shaft while making his way to the Convention Hall, where the Motion Picture Exhibitors' League of America was in session. Mr. Chalmers was editor and proprietor of the Moving Picture World.

AGAINST BATTLESHIPS.

Democrats Refuse to Rescind Their Caucus Action.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The Democrats of the House to-night in caucus refused to rescind their action taken at a former caucus opposing appropriations for battle ships at this session of Congress.

A motion by Representative Padgett of Tennessee, Chairman of the Naval Affairs Committee, to rescind the former action, was laid on the table by a vote of 117 to 25. Following this action Majority Leader Underwood moved that the action of the former caucus eliminating battle ship and public building appropriations be made a party measure and this was carried by more than two-thirds majority.

Mr. Underwood made a speech against any battle ship appropriation on the ground of party economy. Mr. Padgett, in his resolution to rescind the former action, recommended an appropriation for one battle ship.

Representative Burnett threatened to force a public buildings bill upon the caucus if a battle ship appropriation was authorized.

LEE DE FOREST ARRESTED.

Promoter Is Accused of Fraudulent Use of the Mails.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 27.—Lee De Forest of the American De Forest Wireless Telegraph Company was arrested at Palo Alto, Cal., to-day on an indictment from the Southern District of New York charging misuse of the mails.

The indictment, which was returned on March 15, 1912, names James Dunlop Smith, Samuel E. Darby, Elmer E. Burlingame, and the Ellsworth Company as co-defendants with De Forest. It is charged that they attempted fraud by inducing certain persons to send to the Ellsworth Company and the Fiscal Agency Company of New York money for stock in the Radio-Telephone Company, a New York corporation; the Great Lakes Radio-Telephone Company, the Atlantic Radio Company, and the Pacific Radio Company, the three last Arizona corporations.

The defendants are charged with having misrepresented conditions in telling the complaining witnesses that the corporations in question were paying dividends from the net profits of commercial operations. It also is alleged the defendants made false statements concerning the commercial value of the Radio-Telephone.

Another allegation is that Smith attended a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Radio-Telephone Company on May 17, 1908, and that then and at a subsequent meeting attended by De Forest action was taken with intent to defraud possible purchasers of stock in the enterprises named.

De Forest was released from custody to-night on $10,000 bail furnished by a security company. He will appear before the United States Commissioner to-morrow.

De Forest said to-night he was convinced improper methods had been used in disposing of stock in the Radio Telephone Company, but asserted that he personally was blameless. He also absolved Samuel E. Darby, who, according to De Forest, was his patent lawyer, and as such was placed on the Board of Directors.

He would not resist removal to New York, he said, and added that he was confident of clearing himself of the charges.

A PLATONIC MARRIAGE.

Strange Contract Revealed in a Suit for Non-Support.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 27.—A prenuptial vow to pass their lives in "perfect purity" is one of the remarkable features of the equity suit just decided by Judge Orlady in the Superior Court in reversing an order for $100 a month made by Judge Magill for the support of Mrs. Irene D. Cunningham against her husband, Clement Remington H. Cunningham.

The Cunninghams were married on Dec. 4, 1895, and lived at 4,017 Baring Street until Dec. 12, 1909, when Cunningham, after a quarrel, left his wife. In justification for withdrawing from his home, the husband pleaded the fact set forth by his wife when she explained to the court the ante-marriage agreement. She told the court that year prior to their marriage both she and Cunningham took an oath that they would live the remainder of their lives in fulfillment of a vow of celibacy.

"It was not taken," she said at the hearing, "before any officer of the law. We were in the parlor at the time, and we knelt down together and, taking God as our witness, vowed to live the rest of our lives in perfect purity."

Judge Orlady, in reversing the lower court's finding, says: "It is not the policy of the law to encourage the living apart of husband and wife. After the marriage contract is entered into, the rights, duties, and obligations of the parties are fixed by law. The relation is said to be the parent and not the child of civil society, regulated and prescribed by law and endowed with civil consequences. It is more than a civil contract. It is an institution of the State. It supersedes all other contracts."

MAILLARD'S VANILA CHOCOLATE
for either cooking or as a delicious bonbon has no peer. We don't know its equal.—Adv.

DIX CAN'T ORDER A NEW PRIMARY

Carmody Tells the Governor So, When Roosevelt Managers Demand It.

TAFT MEN ARE SATISFIED

Colonel Would Have Been Beaten Worse if a Full Vote Had Been Cast, They Say.

NEW VOTE IN SOME DISTRICTS

Special Primaries Where No Ballots Were Cast—Returns Favor Taft, 31,111 to 15,262.

Frantic efforts were made yesterday by the adherents of Col. Roosevelt, whose candidates for delegates to the Republican National Convention were decisively defeated in every Congressional District in the city by the Taft delegates, to have the primary declared off and a new one ordered.

Roosevelt lawyers were of the opinion that the facts justified the Legislature in taking drastic steps, while the regular Republican organization's legal talent thought that no new election could be held except as provided for in the general election law.

John R. Voorhis, State Superintendent of Elections, said reports from his Inspectors were coming in, and that so far he had discovered no evidence of fraud, the only ground on which a new election could be called.

Chairman Charles A. Duell of the Roosevelt City Committee sent a long telegram to Gov. Dix urging the Governor to recommend to the Legislature that steps be taken to hold another primary at once to "abate the public sense of outrage and to solve an intolerable situation."

Duell's Appeal to Gov. Dix.

This is the telegram Chairman Duell sent to Gov. Dix:

The Hon. John A. Dix, Governor of the State of New York, Albany, N. Y.:

Sir: The newspapers of this morning, without regard to party or political affiliations, declare that yesterday's alleged primary election in this city and throughout the State was a farcical breakdown of the election law. Great numbers of voters were deprived of the opportunity of casting their ballots. The official ballots in many election districts were not delivered at all, and in even more numerous instances were delivered shortly prior to the close of the polls.

The unexampled length of 14 feet and the complexity of the ballot in New York County makes the provision of the election law for a "substitution" of informal ballots in the absence of the official ballots look like conscious irony. The fact that where official ballots were not supplied the copy of the official ballots containing the names to be voted for were at the polling places, made it physically impossible to "substitute" informal ballots. An apter method of mocking at the supposed right of the voter to signify his will at a primary could not have been devised.

The provision of the primary law for a judicial review of any action or neglect of an official or public officer in connection with the primary law contemplates a court proceeding in each separate instance of wrong or irregularity. As an avenue of redress for yesterday's collapse of the primary election, it would require the institution of thousands of special proceedings and a resultant clogging of the courts, and the indefinite delay and ultimate defeat of the voter seeking to protect his rights under the primary law.

When it is borne in mind that a large section of the citizenship of this State regards the primary law in its present form as a disingenious attempt of a bi-partisan machine to escape honest compliance with an irresistible public demand for some means of primary expression on the part of the voter, it will be seen that to countenance or tolerate the utter collapse of the law, whose purpose and intention is under widespread public suspicion, is to add insult to injury and must precipitate a very grave electoral crisis.

In the interest of honest politics, we ask you, as Governor of the whole people of the State of New York, to give this matter your immediate official consideration, so that by proper recommendation to the Legislature now in session and with its co-operation, proper steps may be taken for the vindication of the law now on the statute books, and what we deem even more important, the vindication of the civic rights of the citizens of the State underlying the statute.

Without presuming to formulate your course of action, it is manifest, we think, that another primary should be held at once to abate the public sense of outrage and to solve an intolerable situation.

CHARLES A. DUELL,
Chairman Roosevelt City Committee.

Gov. Dix referred the questions raised by Chairman Duell to Attorney General Carmody, who informed the Governor that he was without power under the law to order a new primary election.

Absurd, Says Chairman Koenig.

Chairman Koenig of the Republican County Committee said it was absurd even to consider another complete primary in New York County. He said:

"The phenomenal number of votes that came out at the primary yesterday showed conclusively to my mind that there had been a Presidential primary, and I am sure that had we been able to get our vote out we would have licked them three to one instead of two to one.

"There is no sense in doing the job over again, but in the election districts where the enrolled voters did not have a chance to register their preference on account of the delay in getting the ballots to them, I will gladly recommend to the County Committee that a new primary call be issued for those districts, if it can be done under the law. At the present moment I do not see how it can be done under the law, but we can have unofficial primaries. These new primaries, whether official or unofficial, will not change the result although I am convinced that the President will get a few more votes.

Primary Calls for Certain Districts.

"The Roosevelt Committee seems to assume that only Roosevelt voters were deprived of their votes by these unfortunate circumstances. They say nothing about the Taft voters who were placed in a like predicament. If we should give them another primary all over the city they would drop dead from fright." Said Secretary John Boyle, Jr., of the Republican County Committee:

"In election districts where there were no votes cast, the Republican County organization gladly and willingly joins with the Roosevelt City Committee in an effort to have enrolled Republicans cast their vote, and I see no reason why the enrolled voters should not be allowed to express their preference.

"At a meeting of the County Committee, which will be held on Friday night, we will have a primary call issued for those election districts in which there was no vote cast, as provided in section 70 of the primary law."

Secretary Boyle added that as soon as

the regular counsel for the Committee returned to town steps would immediately be taken to prepare a new primary call for the districts complained of.

A Foul Outrage, Says Riis.

Jacob A. Riis, who was at the Roosevelt headquarters, added some comment of his own.

"Col. Roosevelt did not know the full portent of yesterday's primary election when he called it a wicked farce. It was worse than that; it was a foul outrage and the Taft men's fatal blunder. Let these facts go to the country:

"Scores, if not hundreds, of polling places in Greater New York were left without any Republican ballots. In my own, the Sixteenth Election District of the Fourth Assembly, Richmond Hill, I waited from before the opening of the polls until they were closed at 9 o'clock. No Republican ballots had come then. In the polling place at closing were eight enrolled voters waiting to cast their ballots for Roosevelt.

"THE NEW YORK TIMES says that of the 145 election districts in my borough (Queens) not more than 50 received any ballots, and heads its account, 'Taft Snows the Colonel Under.' Chariman Koenig announces that the 'enrolled Republicans declared for Taft by an emphatic majority,' and calls it 'very gratifying to the organization which so loyally supported the President,' and Mr. McKinley, for the National Committee, 'regards the result as a complete vote of confidence in President Taft and his Administration.'

"This is the sort of thing those battle with who back Roosevelt in his fight to restore to the people their right to rule. We have been disfranchised in defiance of even the sorry travesty New York calls its primary law. But we shall find a way of making our votes count yet."

Printers' Bond May Be Forfeit.

President Valentine of the Martin B. Brown Company said that while it was unfortunate that all the ballots could not be delivered on time, it was something that could not be helped under the circumstances. The firm, it was said, is in danger of forfeiting a part if not all of a $20,000 bond which it filed with the Board of Elections, and which called for the delivery of all the ballots to the polling places on time.

"We accept the responsibility for the failure to get the ballots distributed to all points in the greater city for the primary election," said President Valentine, "and in doing so I impute no fau't to any one in that connection, the police and the election officers co-operating with us in our efforts to accomplish the impossible. The fact of the matter is the primary ballot for this election is an unworkable and impracticable ballot so far as the printing and preparation of it is concerned.

"It was the most difficult job to handle ing the long experience of this office in getting out election matter. The necessary delay before we could proceed with the work left us less than five days to accomplish a task five to ten times more difficult than we had ever before encountered in providing for a regular or special election of any kind.

"No expense was spared to do the work. We had to put on 400 extra men. Three gangs of fifty men each were employed exclusively in pasting the long and unwieldy ballots together. Thirty vans and as many taxicabs and automobiles, in addition to our own delivery wagons and messengers, were used to get the ballots to the polls. It was an impossibility to get them all distributed correctly, for the printing could not be finished until noon yesterday, three hours before the polls opened.

"The law is at fault. Every operation in preparing the ballots is difficult and requires constant changes, preventing long runs of the presses. Some of these changes are required in parts of a district. The ballot and every operation in making it is abnormal. The Court of Appeals decision came on the afternoon of March 21, leaving just four days for the work to be done preceding the day of the primaries. The court decision necessitated making new plates at the last moment. The same trouble will continue so long as this abnormal ballot remains in effect."

Differing Ballots in 1,940 Districts.

Mr. Valentine further explained that different ballots had to be printed for every one of the 1,940 election districts in the Metropolitan District, and that each of the five parties had to have a different ballot instead of only one in use at a general election. In a general election only one change is made on the face of the ballot for every Assembly District, and one on the reverse side, the title, for each election district. This year every time a change was made it meant that the presses had to be stopped when 600 ballots had been run off and a change made.

He said the firm sublet some of the contracts to the Trow Directory Company, the Winthrop Press, and other printing concerns in an effort to get the job done on time. The long ballots, particularly the fourteen-foot ones, used in the Twenty-third District, he said, had to be run in six sections and pasted together later.

The outside contracts, he said, had nothing to do with the deliveries, for that was taken care of by the firm itself. Complications over the delivery, he said, also added to the delay. As soon as the ballots were printed they were hurried to station houses, and this meant that several trips to the same place had to be made. A very large percentage of the ballots were cut, packed, and delivered after midday on Tuesday. Altogether, he said, 1,600,000 ballots were printed.

Britt Blames the Primary Law.

President Britt of the Board of Elections placed all the blame for the delay on the law. The primary law, he said, should be amended so as to allow at least ten days for the printing of the ballots.

The official canvass of the ballots, said Mr. Britt, would probably be completed on Friday. Five days are allowed for the canvass to be made. The Board of Elections will do the canvassing.

In the case where the voters used unofficial ballots President Britt said they would be counted, even though the voters registered their choice for delegates on plain slips of paper, as many of them did when the official ballots did not arrive. In several of the districts the Independence League went ahead and printed its own ballots. President Britt said that no complaints or protests had been filed with him regarding the ballots. The tally sheets will be open for inspection at his office and any one can have the privilege of examining them.

The Revised Figures.

The revised figures for each Congressional District in Manhattan, with the number of election districts missing, are:

Cong. Dist.	Taft.	Roosevelt.	E. D's Miss'g.
Eleventh	2,229	1,023	0
Twelfth	1,160	793	*4
Thirteenth	1,134	343	0
Fourteenth	2,543	469	0
Fifteenth	2,212	645	21
Sixteenth	2,425	872	0
Seventeenth	2,192	1,124	9
Eighteenth	1,938	944	0
Nineteenth	4,631	2,555	2
Twentieth	1,242	431	0
Twenty-first	2,676	1,718	0
Twenty-second	2,900	1,787	6
Twenty-third	3,103	2,083	0
Twenty-fourth, (part).	726	475	0
Total	31,111	15,262	42

*Taft.

The Roosevelt headquarters in the Metropolitan Tower were dismantled yesterday and the rooms abandoned. The clerks who have been busy there since the Colonel's boom started were told their services were no longer required and they left. The Colonel's press agent was the last person to go. It could not be learned if the Colonel intends to keep up headquarters in the city.

CAN'T ORDER NEW ELECTION.

Attorney General Tells Gov. Dix He Has No Power in Law to Do So.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 27.—Of the plaintive cry raised by the friends and followers of Col. Roosevelt in New York City as a result of the to them disappointing outcome of the direct primary election yesterday there was merely a faint echo at the Capitol. No prominent Republican in an official position here seemed to take the terrible defeat sustained by the Colonel seriously to heart. In fact, the members of the Colonel's own party seemed less sympathetic than the Democrats.

Gov. Dix to-night was in conference with his legal adviser, Seymour Van Santvoord, and Deputy Attorney General Kellogg with a view of determining whether he should take any official action as a result of the muddled conditions under which the first direct and official primary election in the history of the State was conducted in New York City. The conference was due to a complaint which reached the Executive Chamber late this afternoon by telegraph from Charles H. Duell, Chairman of the Roosevelt Committee in New York City, who asked the Governor to order a new primary. Upon the receipt of Duell's telegram John A. Mason, the Governor's secretary, sent the following telegram in reply:

Gov. Dix directs me to acknowledge the receipt of your telegram of to-day. He has submitted the matter to the Attorney General for an opinion, and expects to be able to dispose of it to-morrow.

No Power to Order New Election.

According to Attorney General Carmody the Governor has no power to order another primary election in New York City, as the question is one with which the Legislature and the courts must deal. The Attorney General made this statement to Gov. Dix as an official expression of his view of the legal situation:

Section 56 of the election law, as amended by Chapter 801 of the Laws of 1911, contains broad provisions for judicial review of the primary elections. It may be doubted, however, as to whether the power of court of justice under the provisions of that section is sufficiently broad to direct a new election in the situation developed in the City of New York. In order to avoid any question, in case it is deemed advisable to hold a new election, it will be necessary to amend the statute so as to permit the court or a Justice thereof to so order if the facts disclosed warrant such a remedy.

Whether the Legislature would act favorably on any recommendation made by Gov. Dix looking to a new primary election in New York City is very doubtful in view of what occurred in the Senate to-day, where Stephen J. Stilwell, a Democrat representing a district in the Bronx, introduced a bill providing that where primaries are not held in strict conformance with the provisions of the primary law the Supreme Court shall have the power to call a new primary election.

Senator Stilwell, in introducing the bill, said that he felt certain the Governor would send an emergency message to expedite its passage, and asked that it be advanced immediately to the order of third reading without reference to a committee.

Senator Edgar Truman Brackett of Saratoga, leader of the Republican minority in the upper House, at once objected, and was joined in this move by Robert F. Wagner, the Temporary President and Tammany leader of the Senate. "This is not the time to pass such an important piece of legislation," said Minority Leader Brackett.

Law Provides for Unofficial Ballots.

William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee, in a statement to-night contends that there is no legal standing to the suggestion that another primary be held. He said:

"The failure of the printer to provide the official ballots for the primary on Tuesday in the City of New York at the hour of the opening of the polls, was most unfortunate, because the defeated candidates now are endeavoring publicly to becloud the title of their successful opponents.

"Section 81 of the election law, however, governs distinctly the failure of a printer to produce ballots by providing for the use of unofficial ballots, so that ample opportunity was afforded the various candidates to supply the deficiency of the printer. This provision of the law absolutely establishes the election of those who received a plurality of the votes that were cast, and there is no power in the Legislature or in the courts of the State to take away from the candidates so elected the rights which they secured at the primary.

"Suggestion that another primary be held, therefore, cannot possibly have any meaning, because it can have no legal standing."

DIX URGES PRIMARY CHANGES.

Prediction Made That His Bill Will Not Be Passed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 27.—Gov. Dix sent to both houses of the Legislature to-day a special message urging important changes in the direct primary law, which was in operation for the first time yesterday.

The prediction was made to-night that the appeal will fall on deaf ears. The Governor is fully aware of the futility of seeking to pass any radical amendments with the bosses of both parties opposed to them and party responsibility divided from the fact that the Senate is Democratic and the Assembly Republican.

Here is the message:

To the Legislature:

For many years there has been a constant and steadily growing demand by the people of this State for an efficient law which will enable the enrolled members of political parties to directly nominate party candidates for public office and to elect members of party committees.

This demand became so universal and insistent that the Democratic and Republican Parties inserted in their respective platforms in 1910 planks advocating and solemnly promising the enactment of legislation in fulfillment of the principle of direct nominations.

During the legislative session of 1911, when both branches of the Legislature were controlled by the Democratic Party, there was passed a Direct Primary bill which, though not perfect nor as complete as might be desired, was nevertheless the first act of its kind to be placed upon the statute books of this State, and was a pronounced step in the right direction.

The direct primary principle having thus been enacted into law, a foundation was created upon which a perfected structure could be built by the method of amendment.

Amendments to the law enacted during the session of 1911 have been found desirable, and undoubtedly as time progresses further amendments will become necessary to comply with changing sentiment or conditions. It is safe to predict that never again will the voters of this State return to the methods which obtained prior to the enactment of this law.

Every member of the Legislature, irrespective of party, and every State officer elected in 1910 is equally bound by the promises made to the people in their platforms, and no question of party policy, prejudice, or expediency can be raised in justification of opposition or failure to act in helping to perfect the structure of the direct primary law by the enactment of necessary amendments at this session.

I therefore call upon the Legislature to complete at this session such necessary changes in the law as I have already indicated in order that the people may be justified in the confidence they have reposed in their representatives by electing them to public office.

Good faith, no less than the cause of good government, requires the fulfillment of every pledge and promise to enlarge the scope and promote the efficiency of the law governing nominations of candidates for public office and the election of members of party committees. JOHN A. DIX.

Certain amendments to the primary law suggested by the Governor in his annual message to the Legislature were contained in a bill by Senator Loomis of Buffalo, an independent Democrat.

It is provided in the bill that the number of members of the State committees be fixed at 150. The number is now left to the discretion of party organizations. It is also provided that the party emblem shall not be used by the committee or organization ticket on the primary ballot. The use of party funds in the interest of the party committee ticket is also prohibited. The number of days in which an independent ticket may be formed, after the regular ticket has been announced, is increased from five to ten days, and the percentage of voters whose names are required on a petition for an independent nomination is slightly reduced.

BROOKLYN ACCEPTS RESULTS.

But Both Parties Dissatisfied—McCooey Blames Roosevelt.

Republican and Democratic leaders in Brooklyn, where hundreds of voters were practically disfranchised as a result of the delay in delivering the ballots at the polls, were inclined yesterday to let the results stand as they are. Politicians in both parties, however, expressed themseves as disgusted at the first try-out of the new law.

On the Democratic side the Roosevelt boomers are blamed in a measure for the confusion of the primary situation in Brooklyn, and the printer is exonerated.

Timothy L. Woodruff, the Republican leader in Kings County, was inclined to let the results stand as they are according to the views expressed at the Republican headquarters yesterday. Mr. Woodruff practically gained by yesterday's primaries, as three leaders upon whom he counts to support him as county leader were victorious. They are George A. Owens of the Fourteenth, L. M. Swasey of the Seventeenth, and William Schnitzspan of the Twentieth Assembly District.

BALLOT BILL NEARLY PASSES.

Measure Providing Massachusetts Plan Lacked One Senate Vote.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 27.—The Saxe bill, providing for the Massachusetts ballot in elections in this State, came within one vote of passage in the Senate to-night.

When Senator Saxe asked for the call of absentees, Senator Long of Nassau changed his vote from the affirmative to the negative. The result of the vote was a surprise to the advocates of the measure, as the bill is one which has been persistently fought by the party bosses for several years.

Another effort to pass the measure will be made before final adjournment on Friday. In support of the bill Senator Saxe exhibited a sample of the long ballots used in recent elections in New York City.

COLORADO FOR TAFT.

Delegates to Chicago Convention Are Instructed for the President.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., March 27.—The Republican State Convention here to-day selected eight delegates-at-large to the National Convention, instructed them for President Taft, adopted resolutions indorsing the Taft Administration, and chose United States Senator Guggenheim as National Committeeman from Colorado. The Taft instructions and indorsement were adopted by a viva voce vote and Senator Guggenheim was chosen National Committeeman over Philip B. Stewart of Colorado Springs by a vote of 657 to 241.

Never after the first test vote for a temporary Chairman, when Thomas H. Devine of Pueblo, the Taft candidate, was elected over Ben Griffith, the Roosevelt candidate, by 656 to 242, was there a doubt as to the adoption of the programme agreed upon by Taft leaders.

The Roosevelt adherents, although hopelessly outnumbered, carried their fight to the floor of the convention, but the minority report indorsing Roosevelt and recommending that two delegates at large be given to Roosevelt was rejected overwhelmingly.

The delegates at large are United States Senator Guggenheim, T. H. Devine, Jefferson Farr, Crawford Hill, A. M. Stevenson, Irving Howbert, A. N. Parrish, and J. F. McDonald.

Gallinger Wins for Taft.

Special to The New York Times.

CONCORD, N. H., March 27.—By a vote of 87 to 27 the Republican State Committee of New Hampshire, in session here to-night, placed itself on record as "heartily and unqualifiedly approving the Administration of President Taft and in favor of his renomination and re-election." The result is regarded as a victory for Senator Gallinger and the New Hampshire Old Guard over Gov. Bass and his Progressive Republican followers. Senator Gallinger was present, but took no active part in the proceedings.

Mississippi Solid for Taft.

JACKSON, Miss., March 27.—National Committeeman L. B. Mosely announced this afternoon that official reports from all districts in Mississippi indicate the State Republican Convention here tomorrow will send a solid Taft delegation to the Chicago Convention.

MARTIAL LAW CHECKS ROCK ISLAND MOB

Saloons and Amusement Places Closed and Streets Patrolled by 800 Soldiers.

MAYOR EXPLAINS SHOOTING

Rumor of Dynamite Plot to Blow Up City Hall Causes Arrest of Iron Worker.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., March 27.—With the City Hall turned into a barracks while 800 members of the Sixth Regiment of the Illinois National Guard patrol the streets since the fatal riot of last night, this city is practically in a state of siege, and by direction of Gov. Deneen martial law has been declared.

With two men dead and ten persons injured by shots fired by the police on Tuesday night there has been a cessation of hostilities in the city, but even the military are unable to state how long this quiescent state of affairs will continue so intense is the indignation among the people, not alone of Rock Island, but of Moline, Ill., and the cross-river city of Davenport, Iowa, from whence it is declared many of the rioters came on Tuesday.

Of the injured persons all are likely to recover save Raymond Swingle, eighteen years old, of Rock Island, who was struck in the abdomen by a bullet fired from the police station.

The following is a list of the dead as corrected late to-night:

KELLOG, FRANK H., Davenport; shot by first volley from the police station.

KELLEY, J. C., blacksmith, Silvis.

The injured:

SWINGLE, RAYMOND, 18, Rock Island; will die.

VOGEL, WILLIAM, 22, shot in the kidneys; will probably recover.

HEUCK, WILLIAM, 38, shot in the left hip; will recover.

SACKEY, HERMAN, 35, shot in left hip; will recover.

FAWCETT, LEE A., Moline, shot through the neck; will recover.

STOCKER, Dr. ALFRED, shot in the palm of the hand while attending one of the wounded men; not serious.

ALDERSON, DAVID, shot in left leg.

HARRIS, NATHAN, shot in breast.

COLEMAN, EDWARD, shot in right cheek.

GIRL, unidentified, struck in face with small shot; not serious.

Brig. Gen. Kittilsen is temporarily in command of the troops which have been arriving all afternoon and evening. To-morrow Adjt. Gen. F. S. Dickson will take charge.

The military promptly upon their arrival raised the siege of the City Hall and police station and dispersed all crowds. Twenty-five men who refused to move on or give any satisfactory account of themselves were promptly placed under military arrest.

The authorities closed all places of amusement, and one of the first acts of the soldiers was to close all the liquor saloons. Soldiers are on guard outside all of these places, with instructions to make arrests immediately if the closing order is violated. By direction of the authorities in Washington extra precautions are being taken to safeguard Government property at the Rock Island Arsenal.

While there is an air of tense excitement prevailing throughout the community which would take little to fan into another riotous outburst against the civic authorities, Gen. Kittilsen declared to-night that he had the situation well in hand and that he expects no further outbreaks.

One of the sensations of the day was the discovery of an alleged plot to dynamite the City Hall and possibly other buildings. The man under suspicion is a union iron worker who came to Rock Island from Peoria two months ago. He said he was a friend of John Looney, whom Mayor Schriver whipped last Saturday night on account of attacks printed in Looney's newspaper.

This morning a delegation of citizens met Sheriff Bruner and demanded that the city be placed under martial law. The Sheriff communicated with Gov. Deneen, and received a reply from Adjt. Gen. Frank S. Dickson to forward a written communication explaining the situation and formally demanding troops. This afternoon the Sheriff forwarded the statement and asked for 1,000 troops in addition to the 800 now in camp here, and demanding that martial law be proclaimed.

It was rumored this afternoon that Mayor Schriver had been asked to leave town within twenty-four hours. The Mayor denied the report.

"I am determined to push this case to the limit," said Archie Hart, Commissioner of Public Safety. "I do not want to be hasty but I shall probably ask for a Grand Jury investigation. I have evidence which I am sure will bring immediate indictments on charges of inciting riot."

To-night petitions for the recall of Mayor Schriver and also for upholding him are being circulated on the streets Each side says it has a thousand signatures.

The anti-commission government faction is making much of the thrashing that Mayor Schriver administered to John Looney, editor of The Rock Island News, a weekly newspaper. Looney now is in St. Anthony's Hospital as a result. The whipping was administered in the police station after Looney had been arrested on a charge of carrying concealed weapons.

The three men arrested last night after being held all day were arraigned before Justice Cleeland and committed for trial without bail. They are Frank Brash and Harvey C. Haney, held for inciting a riot; Patrick McAnna, for inciting a riot and carrying concealed weapons.

Mayor Schriver said to-night:

"The shots were fired into the crowd only after most of the windows in the City Hall and station had been broken and a number of the policemen inside had been hit with bricks and stones.

"The whole trouble from its inception may be traced to the fact that I enforced the law against disorderly saloons and chop suey joints. That is what brought forth the attack on me by the Looney paper. It is deplorable, but we are not going to quit now until we restore order and rid the city of the elements of disorder and defiance."

Advertisement of
JOHN DAVID
Edited by Brunach

FASHION'S pendulum "tick-tacks" between Blue and Gray this Spring. Stein-Bloch Clothes run up and down the whole color-scale, including every delicate shading and nuance. The medleys of Blue and Gray are charming in their "high lights." All are *six months in the vanguard* of the colorings to be found in the ready-for-duty clothes "of commerce" and commonness.

Coats are cut with close-clipped shoulders, arched sides, a wee chest-bulge, pliant, undulating lapels and fronts so soft that you could crumple them into a fistful. Tailored, you see, just as the pretentious "sporting and mufti tailors" go about it. Precisely alike except in price.

So perfectly poised and proportioned is a Stein-Bloch Suit that, nine times out of ten, it needs *no alterations*. You can wear it "right out of the shop." A studio-styled Stein-Bloch *costs no more* than nonentity clothes that fume of the "factory" and look odiously stick-like.

Made by Stein-Bloch
$20 to $40

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

MUST WIN ANYHOW, IS ROOSEVELT'S CRY

Continued from Page 1.

think there are other jobs that a full-sized man would prefer."

People's Right to Rule.

"The fundamental issue in this fight is an issue of honesty, decency, fair play," he declared.

"Have the people the right to rule? Have the masses of the Republican Party, the rank and file, the plain people, in whom Abraham Lincoln trusted, the right to express their will as to who the nominee for President shall be, or are they to be bullied and defrauded out of that right, and is the nomination to be intrusted to the representatives of political and financial privilege, the representatives of the powers of pillage, the men who, with the backing of big, crooked business, work through the lowest kind of political machinery, and count on the silence or support of every newspaper that is owned or controlled by, or directly or indirectly responsive to, those great financial powers that work in the darkness.

"Now I am using strong language, because only strong language will describe the facts as they actually are, I shall give details. This is not an ordinary factional fight. It is far more important even than any ordinary party fight.

"The issue is in substance whether the American people are fit and able to govern themselves or whether they are to be governed by those machine politicians whose close alliance with the worst forms of big business has produced nine-tenths of the corruption and scandal of American public life."

Calls Methods Infamous.

Col. Roosevelt said that in many parts of the country the opposition was counting for success on "methods which I can only characterize as infamous." He asserted that President Taft had committed himself to the doctrine of the rule of the people by "a representative part of the people."

"In pursuit of this theory of government," he continued, "the President's political fortunes are now committed to the political machines in the various States, which are led and controlled by men like Mr. Tawney in Minnesota, Mr. Keeling in Indiana, Mr. Penrose in Pennsylvania; Ballinger in Washington; Messrs. Barnes and Koenig in New York; Mr. Gallinger in New Hampshire; Messrs. Guggenheim and Evans in Colorado; Mr. Aldrich in Rhode Island; Mr. Cox in Ohio, and Mr. Lorimer in Illinois. These are the men, who, when his theory is translated into actual practice, actually appear as that 'representative part' of the people which is to govern all the rest of the people."

New York, for Example.

Col. Roosevelt then turned to the primary election in New York yesterday to substantiate his charges. He referred to Samuel Koenig, Chairman of the New York County Republican Committee, as a "figurehead" and said he was "simply doing the bidding of the stronger men behind him, some of those stronger men appearing in the open and others being the big sinister figures that are never seen in the light of day."

"Before the election took place," the Colonel continued, "I denounced it as a criminal farce, because under the wicked law which had been thrust upon New York by the machines of the two parties, Mr. Koenig had been given the right to name all the inspectors at the primary election in the County of New York and had already used that right to throw out over a hundred of the inspectors simply because it was known that they were supporting the Roosevelt ticket. Every inspector kept was an anti-Roosevelt man. Now I ask you yourselves to think what such conduct means.

"If, in any political contest here in Illinois, one party announced that it would not permit any inspectors except its own to superintend the polling, you would accept it, as a matter of course, as an announcement that the election was not to be a fair election. There is no other possible interpretation to be put upon such action. It is a mere matter of elemental decency that if a contest is to be fair, the inspectors shall, as a matter of course, represent both sides.

"I have received to-day from Judge Charles H. Duell, chairman of our executive committee in New York City, a citizen of the highest type, formerly a judge on the bench, always a man of the utmost fearlessness and the highest standard of integrity, a statement of the following facts:

"I may add that even before I left yesterday afternoon two or three men had come around to me protesting that they were not being given an opportunity to vote when they went to the polls; that they could not find any Roosevelt tickets; that there were no Roosevelt watchers, that they were maltreated and that no protection was given to them when they appealed to the police; and I had to call up the Commissioner of Police over the telephone and ask him to issue orders that the police should protect the voters in their right to poll.

"Judge Duell telegraphs me that in the Seventh Assembly district where William Halpin is leader, every one of the eighty election inspectors was removed and anti-Roosevelt men substituted.

"In ten election districts of the 26th Assembly district the ballots did not arrive until 8 o'clock last evening. The polling places had then been filled up with the Koenig-Taft men who occupied the remaining time in voting and gave the Roosevelt men no chance to vote until the polls closed at 9.

No Chance to Vote.

"In three election districts of the 25th Assembly district the ballots did not arrive until four minutes of nine and here again the Taft-Koenig men had taken possession of the polling places and they kept the Roosevelt men out until it was too late to vote.

"In the 13th and 14th election districts of the 30th Assembly district when the ballot boxes were opened, our watchers saw several bundles of ballots with from two to five ballots folded in each vote as one, so in each election district twenty ballots were voted over the number of men recorded as voting. All of these ballots were marked in the Taft column, in spite of the protest of our watchers.

"In the 23rd Assembly district the names of the Roosevelt delegates were not printed on the ballots at all.

"In the 27th Assembly district the entire Roosevelt ticket was left off the ballot. There was a similar omission in the 15th Assembly district.

"On Staten Island, where Mr. Chauncey M. Depew was running for delegate on the Taft ticket, there were six election districts where ballots did not arrive at all, nine election districts where they arrived after 8 o'clock and seventeen where they arrived after 6 o'clock.

"In the 35th Assembly district, the Roosevelt ticket was misprinted so that the delegates appeared to be running for the national committee instead of the national convention.

"In many of the districts the ballots were so printed that two or three feet of blank space was left under the Roosevelt emblem and the voters did not understand that what was below was the Roosevelt ticket at all.

"On two of the huge ballots the Roosevelt delegates were at the bottom of the ticket and the ballots were folded in such a way as to make it practically impossible for the voters to refold them in case they opened them up in order to find where the Roosevelt delegates were.

Ballots Late, He Says.

"The Independence League men never got any ballots at all in many of the election districts throughout the city. In election district after election district, both in the County of New York and in the County of Kings the numbers of which are given me, ballots did not arrive until 7 o'clock or 8 o'clock or almost 9 o'clock.

"Nine o'clock was the hour for closing, and when the ballots arrived, at either 8:56, as happened in some cases, or 8:45 or 8:35, most of the ordinary decent citizens, the men on whom I had to depend, had gone home. Against them were the professional bread and butter politicians, and these of course stood through the whole time and were in the polling booths voting and did not leave the polling booths until after 9 o'clock, when the hour for closing had come.

"In short, the election machinery was used as unscrupulously as in the days of Tweed; names of Roosevelt delegates were left off the ballots, ballots were misprinted, were folded in such a way as to feaze voters and in numerous instances were not delivered to polling places until four or five hours after the polls had opened and in some instances not before twenty minutes or a quarter of an hour before closing. Our election inspectors were removed whenever it was thought they were not with the 'machine.'

"As I have said, such a primary contest is not merely a farce but a criminal farce. The men nominally elected as its result, men like Mr. Parsons, Mr. Griscom, and the rest, cannot, if they wish to preserve their reputations as honorable men, consent to accept positions as delegates. The results in such a primary are in no shape or way representative of the Republican Party and have no binding force whatever on the Republican Party.

The Case in Indiana.

"What was done in New York is substantially what was done in Indiana and in Colorado. Against all the money, all the patronage, all the efforts of the Keeling machine in Indiana, with nothing but the plain people of the State to rely upon, we carried the State Convention handsomely, and then by fraudulent action, which can only be called brutal in its utter defiance of decency, nearly two hundred delegates were thrown out, and the will of the people reversed.

"The men honestly elected of course declined to abide by the result, and held a separate convention. They would have been derelict in their duty had they not done so, for the Keeling-Taft State delegation in Indiana does not represent the people at all, and its actions are in no shape or way representative of or binding on the rank and file of the Republican Party in Indiana.

"The same thing was done in Colorado by the Guggenheim-Evans machine. Outside of Denver, in spite of every species of attempted trickery and foul play, we carried a majority of the delegates, but we were beaten by the most outrageous methods in Denver itself by the Guggenheim-Evans machine. If you wish to know just precisely what the Guggenheim-Evans people represent and what they are, I ask you to read Judge Ben Lindsey's book 'The Beast and the Jungle.'

"Hunt up the career of men like Phil Stewart, who made the fight for us, and men like Lindsey, who, although not in the Republican party, has stood straight with us in this contest, and compare them with the records of Messrs. Guggenheim and Evans and then judge for yourself which side represents the cause of the plain people, which side represents the cause of decency and honesty in political and business life.

"In Missouri we have overwhelmingly carried three districts and yet in each district a bolting convention has been organized, a convention which cannot pretend to represent a tenth part of the voters of the Republican party, but which is to be sent to the Chicago National Convention in the hope that the same tactics will be tried there that were successfully tried in New York and Denver and in Indianapolis.

The Present Line Up.

"In all these places our opponents have shown that they wished to win by any means, no matter how foul, and that they will not abide by the decision of the people. We ask nothing except that the people themselves be permitted to say what they want. There never has been a clearer line up in the history of this country than the present line up. Now, men of Illinois, it is for you to see that your Legislature really represents you and gives you a genuine direct primary, where you can express your preference for President and make the legislators understand that to kill the bill by dodging the vote is even meaner than voting against it.

"In his speech at Concord, President Taft, according to a stenographic report forwarded to me by Gov. Bass, spoke as follows:

"'It is said that I distrust the people because I said that under impulsive action they may do wrong. I do. I think so. Don't you?

"This was said in commenting on my proposal concerning giving the people the right to judge for themselves what their interpretation of the Constitution in certain cases may be. But the President's words, of course, have a far wider application. When he, with whatever good intentions, keeps dwelling upon his distrust of popular action, his disbelief in action by the people themselves, it is natural that his lieutenants should feel that they have a free hand in trying to thwart the wishes of the people."

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AT THE
Seashore

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¶ Easter Day—April 7—should be the height of the season of spring weather, and thousands will journey to the seaside to enjoy it.

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PASS SUBWAYS BILL IN SENATE, 38 TO 3

Wagner Measure Indorsing Dual Proposal Goes to the Assembly for Concurrence To-day.

GOVERNOR READY TO SIGN IT

An Emergency Message Hastened Senate's Action—Two Kings and Bronx Members Opposed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 27.—Three votes were all the opposition could muster against the Wagner bill, which will give the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate authority to accept the "dual" subway proposal made to New York City by the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Companies when that measure came before the Senate to-day for final passage.

Thirty-eight of the Senators were recorded in the affirmative. The bill had been amended so as to eliminate the provision under which the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company would have had the power to erect an elevated line in Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn. This rendered it necessary to pass the bill under an emergency message from Gov Dix.

The bill will go to the Assembly for concurrence to-morrow, and according to the most reliable prediction, will be passed in that House by a large majority. The Governor has already gone on record as favoring the Wagner bill, and there is every likelihood that he will lose no time in signing it, once it has received the approval from Mayor Gaynor, to whom it will be sent immediately upon its passage by the Assembly.

When the bill was brought up to-day it was apparent that the opposition had collapsed utterly, despite the violent attack on the bill that was made last night by Clarence J. Shearn, attorney for William R. Hearst. There was scarcely any debate.

Senator Eugene M. Travis of Brooklyn moved to amend the bill by inserting a referendum clause which would have had the effect of killing it, although Senator Travis, as he explained, was not aware of that fact when he offered the amendment, which was voted down in short order.

The Senator after his amendment had been defeated accepted the situation gracefully, and declared that he was willing to take the best he could get.

Minority Leader Brackett, speaking for the Republican members of the Senate, declared that his party would always be found willing to give its support to any proposition affecting New York City which had the unanimous indorsement of the city administration, even though that administration happened to be Democratic. He added that yesterday's hearing had convinced him also that public sentiment in New York City was strongly for the Wagner bill.

Those who cast the adverse votes when the bill was put on final passage were Senators Loring M. Black and James F. Duhamel of Kings and Anthony J. Griffin, who represents a district in the Borough of the Bronx. Senator Duhamel was elected as an Independence Leaguer, but of late he has entered the Democratic caucus at times. Senator Griffin made a speech, in which he denounced what he called "an unholy alliance" between the city authorities and the traction companies. Senator Dennis J. Harte of Queens, disgruntled because the Cities Committee had failed to amend the bill by putting in a provision looking to the opening of the Steinway Tunnel, asked to be excused from voting at all.

In both Houses of the Legislature the usual eleventh-hour grind is on in real earnest. The Senate to-day held three sessions, one in the forenoon, one in the afternoon, and again convened to-night for a sitting that continued until midnight.

The Assembly, which is well abreast of its work, took an early adjournment, but first went through a long calendar on which were mostly local bills. About 100 measures were passed in the space of an hour.

Among the bills passed in the Assembly was that of Mr. Shlivek of the Bronx, providing that firemen who receive permanent injuries in the exercise of their duty may be retired on a pension equaling not less than one-half and not more than three-fourths of the salary they received at the time they are injured.

Three additional bills introduced by Assemblyman A. E. Smith on behalf of the State Factory Commission were also passed. They provide for the physical examination of minors before employment; for the limiting of employes in any manufacturing establishment to the number that can safely escape in case of fire through existing exit facilities, and one providing for the use of more modern fire escapes and for doors opening outwardly and easily in manufacturing establishments where more than twenty persons are employed on one floor.

In the Senate the Stillwell bill, providing for free transfers by surface railroads in Manhattan and the Bronx at a number of transfer points specified in the bill, was passed with only two votes, those of Senators Sage of Albany and Argetsinger of Rochester, in the negative.

Asks Aid for a Mother.

The Widowed Mothers' Fund Association, 102 Bowery, wishes to provide a pension for a year for a widow with six children, whose husband died recently of cancer. The family's sole income now is $8 weekly, held by the eldest son. The Association will gladly acknowledge gifts for this purpose, which may be sent to Mrs. Henry Zuckerman, 80 Broadway, New York.

For Peter Iver's Family.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges the receipt of $1 from "Anonymous" for Peter Iver's family whose mother attempted suicide on account of he. [illegible]

CALL TARIFF BOARD THEORIES ALL WRONG

Difference in Cost at Home and Abroad a False Basis for Duties, Say Democrats.

CRITICISE WOOL REPORT

But the House Republicans Praise the Board's Findings—No Action on Cotton.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The Tariff Board is alternately condemned and praised by the respective reports of the majority and minority of the Ways and Means Committee in support of the rival Democratic and Republican Wool bills, upon which the parties are ready to join issue in the coming campaign.

The report of the majority, filed by Mr. Underwood, is severe in its criticism of the Tariff Board, and characterizes its special report on the woolen schedule as "fragmentary," as "incomplete," and resting on an "incorrect statistical basis." The "difference in cost" theory upon which the board had projected and prepared its report is declared by the Democrats to be "entirely erroneous and untenable."

On this point the report remarks:

The view that the proper basis for tariff duties is found by comparing money costs of production rests upon the opinion that money costs represent the relative degrees of sacrifice involved in turning out commodities of a given kind in various countries. For instance, if it be assumed that if a given unit of a certain commodity can be produced in England at $1, or the equivalent of that sum, while in the United States the money expenses of production are $1.25, it is necessary to have a tariff duty equal to the difference in these money expenses of production, or certainly to the difference in money expenses minus the allowance for variations in freight rates, in order to place the producers in the two countries upon an equal market footing.

If this is not done, it will be possible for the producer in the country where money expenses are lowest to drive out of business the producer in the country where money expenses are highest. This assumption is based upon an erroneous view of international trade, and finds no warrant whatever in economic reasoning.

Besides, these considerations it should be noted that in every country there is a great range of difference in cost of production. Scarcely any commodity can be said to have a uniform cost of production. There is more difference, as a rule, between different factories in the same country than there is between the best and poorest factories in one country and those of corresponding grades in another.

"The minority report filed by the Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee praises the work of the Tariff Board to the skies. Chairman Payne, speaking for his colleagues, describes that report as "very able and complete." Then he contends that the report shows "in a most conclusive way" why ad valorem rates on wool should be adopted, and says the Republicans "by the aid of the Tariff Board's report, have been able to fix, with a high degree of accuracy, the actual amount of clean wool used in the article manufactured, so that the specific duties we have placed on yarns, cloths and clothing represent only the actual amount of wool consumed in the various manufacturing processes."

Dissecting the report in detail the Democrats, in support of their claim that it has little value, say the first volume is a "glossary," which contains "little that was not already available to any member of Congress who chose to avail himself of the facilities at his command;" that the third and fourth volumes contain much material which had already been treated more exhaustively by the Immigration Commission, and that the entire report contains much that has no immediate bearing on the tariff.

Chairman Underwood contends that much of the material sent to Congress by the Tariff Board was already in the files of the Ways and Means Committee; that the board was unable to separate costs of wool from costs of mutton; that the board's cost figures and statistics on the prices of wool tops are inconsistent; that its figures on yarns are incomplete; that the data transmitted by the Tariff Board on cloth manufacturing are untrustworthy; that the board failed to report on more than two-thirds of the woolen mills, and conceded its inability to get any general returns with respect to cloth. In short, the Democrats take the stand that the report contains nothing to justify them in departing from the rates carried by the Underwood Wool bill of 1911, a modified form of which was vetoed by President Taft last August. He remarks:

Even under the most favorable interpretation of the report, conclusions as to duties can be reached for only a few paragraphs of the wool schedule, and for these paragraphs it is not possible to formulate definite conclusions because the figures vary widely and seriously lack uniformity and comparability. So much is this the case that justification is apparently afforded in the report for rates that are in conflict with one another. It is thus seen that the report leaves the question of the tariff duties on wool as much unsolved as before the Tariff Board was formed.

The rival reports submitted to-day are documents that will figure largely in the next National and Congressional campaigns. They join the issue squarely between the parties on the wool schedule also on the question of the work of the Tariff Board. The Democrats devote nearly a hundred pages to their detailed attack on the Tariff Board's report on wool, and upon this criticism they will base their forthcoming attempt to abolish the Tariff Board. The Republican report is very brief. It fires this shot at the Democrats: "They have apparently settled down upon the conviction that no amount of information is of any avail in the formation of a Democratic tariff bill for revenue only." The Republicans invite the Democrats to co-operate with them in passing the Republican wool bill.

No immediate action, if any at this session, on the President's showing that the rates of the cotton schedule in the tariff law are too high will be taken by the House Committee on Ways and Means.

If anything is done with the Tariff Board's report it will not be taken up until the middle of April.

The Democrats are disposed to await some action in the Senate on some of the tariff legislation they have enacted before embarking on any new undertaking. There is a strong disposition to let the tariff programme stand as it is at present.

CONSERVATION BILL DOOMED.

Senate Passes Governor's Measure but House Will Reject It.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 27.—With final adjournment only two days off one of Gov. Dix's pet projects, conservation, came before the Legislature to-day. Under pledge of caucus action the Democratic Senate passed the Governor's bill for the development and transmission of electric power by the State. It is the belief of experienced legislators, however, that the measure will be defeated in the Assembly.

The Governor did not send a message urging the passage of the measure, but in an unofficial way made it clear to the Democratic leaders that he was anxious to have the Bayne bill embodying his plan of State ownership passed. This measure was framed in accordance with a plan worked out by the Governor and the State Conservation Committee, and it is not unlike the scheme in operation in the province of Ontario.

Since it became clear that the Conservation bill could not be passed by both houses, and at the same time the Democrats could clear themselves of responsibility for its failure, Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy has been a vigorous supporter of conservation on the Dix plan. As a result of his orders, Senator Wagoner forestalled action by Gov. Dix to-day by calling a caucus of Democratic Senators. In the caucus the Tammany members worked for the Governor's bill.

The Republican Senators also met in conference and decided to vote against the bill. They did not take a position in opposition to the principle of the bill, but argued that the time remaining for its serious consideration was too short. Senator Ferris, who has another water storage bill, which does not involve State ownership, declared that the framers and advocates of the Governor's bill had not the slightest idea how much water power the State could control, and that to carry out the provisions of the bill would take a thousand million dollars.

TILDEN FOR FISCAL AGENT.

Dix Names Former Governor's Nephew to Succeed McCarthy.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 27.—Gov. Dix sent to the Senate for confirmation today the nomination of Samuel J. Tilden, of New Lebanon, as Fiscal Supervisor of State Charities, to succeed Dennis McCarthy of Syracuse, and James C. McDonald, of Schenectady, reappointed as a member of the State Board of Claims.

Mr. Tilden is appointed for a term of five years at a salary of $6,000 a year. He is a nephew of the late Gov. Tilden. Mr. McDonald is appointed for a term of six years at a salary of $6,000 a year. His nomination was confirmed.

An objection on the part of Senator Brackett sent Mr. Tilden's nomination to the Finance Committee.

PHILIP S. HICHBORN, DESERTED, A SUICIDE

Continued from Page 1.

ror of the loss of his wife and centred his thoughts upon the suit for divorce which he had already instituted in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

Friends assert that his return to the capital was fatal and completely crushed young Hichborn.

Elopement Shocks Washington.

The first elopement of Horace Wylie and Mrs. Hichborn completely stunned Washington when it took place in December, 1910. The prominence of the principals, the distinction which their parents on both sides had attained, and their popularity in the exclusive walks of Washington life was such that society held its breath. The details of the elopement were a matter of common gossip in Washington, and even after the return of both Mr. Wylie and Mrs. Hichborn in 1911 there was no absolute confirmation of the elopement episode until January 9 of the present year, when "Phil" Hichborn, through his attorney, William Henry Dennis, filed suit for absolute divorce against Mrs. Hichborn.

The bill of particulars named Horace Wylie. It charged that the elopement took place in December, 1910, and that Mrs. Hichborn and Wylie visited New York, Quebec, Liverpool, London, Paris, and Monte Carlo, and then took a trip together up the River Nile. Young Hichborn stated in his suit for divorce that he and Mrs. Hichborn were married in Washington Sept. 12, 1906, by the late Henry Yates Satterlee, then Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Washington.

The wedding was one of the red letter events of the social season. Mrs. Hichborn was a daughter of the late Henry M. Hoyt, a classmate of President Taft, at that time Solicitor General of the United States, and a granddaughter of Gov. Henry M. Hoyt of Pennsylvania. Shortly after their marriage the Hichborns established themselves at their residence, 1226 Sixteenth Street, and there they resided until Dec. 16, 1910, the date of his wife's disappearance. She left behind a son, then three years old.

"This petitioner," declared Hichborn in his application for divorce, "is creditably informed and verily believes that she accompanied in her departure and journeyings Horace Wylie, who, to wit, on Dec. 16, 1910, also disappeared from the District of Columbia, deserting his own wife and children."

Hichborn charged in his divorce petition that his wife and Wylie were "now living together at some place to this petitioner unknown," and his belief was that they were abroad on their second elopment.

Wylie Seen in New York.

The inability to discover the whereabouts of Mrs. Hichborn and Wylie greatly complicated the proceedings. Wylie and Mrs. Hichborn returned from Europe in April, 1911. They tried to keep their return secret and all went well until several Washington friends of Wylie visiting in New York ran into him in the Waldorf-Astoria. A few days later Mrs. Hichborn returned to Washington and was supposed to have been at the home of her mother, Mrs. Henry M. Hoyt, at 1701 Rhode Island Avenue, but callers were told she was too ill to receive visitors. When the divorce suit was filed the statement was made in Washington that the most surprising part of the affair was then being enacted, a story which, if true, will make the Wylie-Hichborn story rank as one of the most unusual of love tales.

It was to the effect that before their second flight Mrs. Hichborn, who wanted to be sure that no mistake would be made, caused Wylie to leave her abroad, return to this country, become reconciled with his wife, and live with her for five months so that he might definitely know whether his happiness lay in being back with his family or if he felt a desire to return to the woman with whom he fled. Those who tell this story say that Wylie made the experiment, and, try as he might to be the husband and father he once had been, the temptation for Mrs. Hichborn was too strong to be resisted.

This story is not true, however. The following are the facts:

After their joint disappearance in December, 1910, Horace Wylie returned to Washington for a few days, and then sailed for Europe, rejoining Mrs. Hichborn. While they were abroad Mrs. Wylie communicated with her husband through lawyers and urged him to return to his family. She begged him to do it for the sake of the children. The reference to the children momentarily appealed to Wylie.

He returned to the United States. So did Mrs. Hichborn, who went to the home of her mother in Washington and then to their Summer home, on the North Shore, near Boston. Wylie returned to his wife and children in Washington. A little later the Wylies and their children journeyed to Europe. While they were abroad Wylie made several return trips to the United States where it is said he met Mrs. Hichborn. Finally, toward the end of the Summer, Wylie sent his wife and children home. He returned on a separate steamer. This fact excited comment, but the Wylies rejoined one another in Washington.

It became apparent to Mrs. Wylie that her husband could not get over his infatuation for Mrs. Hichborn. She herself discovered that she was unhappier with him at home under the attempted reconciliation than during his absence. Then it was that an agreement was drawn up by which Wylie conferred a settlement on his wife to make her independent. Having provided for his family Wylie went away again, rejoining Mrs. Hichborn on their second elopement.

Wylie transferred to his wife and children all his extensive Washington real estate holdings amounting to about $300,000 and settled upon her half of his personal estate, her share amounting to over $100,000. Wylie and Mrs. Hichborn, traveling as "Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wise," were seen once during their second elopment strolling through Winchester Cathedral.

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FEMINISM BEHIND THE SUFFRAGE WAR

Sir Almroth Wright, M. D., Writes Plainly Upon Certain Causes of Militant Hysteria.

THE BALLOT A MERE EXCUSE

And Peace Will Come When Each Woman In Overcrowded England Is Under a Husband's Care.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, March 28.—In connection with to-day's women's suffrage debate in the House of Commons Sir Almroth Wright writes a three-column letter to The London Times on the "militant hysteria" of London suffragettes, in which he deals exhaustively with the basis upon which sex difference rests. He says:

"No doctor can ever lose sight of the fact that the mind of a woman is always threatened with danger from the reverberations of her physiological emergencies. It is with such thoughts that the doctor lets his eyes rest upon the militant suffragist. He cannot shut them to the fact that there is mixed up with the woman's movement such mental disorder, and he cannot conceal from himself the physiological emergencies, which lie behind."

After dealing with woman's claims to intellectual and physical equality with man, Dr. Wright concludes:

"If woman suffrage comes in here, it will come as a surrender to a very violent feminist agitation, an agitation which we have traced back to our excess of female population and associate with physiological conditions. If ever Parliament concedes the vote to woman in Engalnd, it will be accepted by the militant suffragist not as a Eirenicon but as a victory, which she will value only for the better carrying on of her fight a l'outrance against the oppression and injustice of man.

"Conciliation with a hysterical revolt is neither an act of peace nor will it bring peace. Peace will come again. It will come when woman ceases to believe and to teach all manner of evil of man. It will come when she ceases to impute to him as crime her own nautral disabilities, when she ceases to résent the fact that man can not and does not wish to work side by side with her.

"And peace will return when every woman for whom there is no room in England seeks 'rest' beyond the sea, 'each one in the house of her husband,' comes to recognize that she can without sacrifice of dignity give willing subordination to husband or father, who, when all is said and done, earns and lays up money for her."

LONDON, March 27.—Another batch of suffragettes was sent to prison to-day by Judge Robert Wallace, Chairman of the London Sessions, at the resumption of the trial of women accused of window smashing during the raids of March 1 and March 4.

Most of the women were sentenced to four months' imprisonment, but some, who had been previously convicted, were given six months, while one, who had been twice previously convicted, had the distinction of getting eight months.

Mrs. Alice Monck-Mason, a grandmother of sixty-eight years, volubly protested against the injustice of being released and bound over to keep the peace for a year.

"God is on our side," was the retort of another prisoner, who declared that she would do her four months' term in jail with an easy conscience.

Mrs. Alice Green, who refused to be bound over to keep the peace and was sentenced to four months' imprisonment, said, with a catch in her voice:

"Since Thursday I have given up my home, husband and child in order to go into this movement, and I will not go back until women get the vote."

Mrs. Pankhurst, Mr. and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence, joint editors of "Votes for Women," and Mrs. Tuke, were brought up again in the Bow Street Police Court to-day at the resumption of the hearing of the charge of conspiracy and inciting to commit malicious damage to property.

The case was again adjourned.

TO DEDICATE NEW CAMPANILE

Italy's Invitation Includes Engraving by American Artist.

VENICE, March 27.—J. Pierpont Morgan has written a cordial letter to the committee, announcing that he will be in Venice April 23 for the inauguration of the biennial International Art Exhibition, April 25, and dedicate the new Campanile of St. Mark's.

The municipality has issued an invitation to Italy and the world to attend the ceremonies.

The invitation, which includes an engraving by Joseph Pennell, the American artist, is considered a masterpiece, representing the homage of American art to Venetian glories. It shows the piazza of St. Mark's, seen from the water, with new and original effects.

Knox at Santo Domingo.

SANTO DOMINGO, March 27.—The United States Cruiser Washington with Secretary Knox and party aboard arrived at noon to-day after a pleasant voyage from Puerto Cabello. W. W. Russell, the American Minister, and W. E. Pulliam, the Receiver General, boarded the cruiser on her arrival to greet Mr. Knox. The Secretary and other members of the party came ashore after luncheon. The Washington will sail Thursday for St. Thomas.

PARIS WILL WELCOME PRINCE.

Host of King George's Heir a Fine Specimen of French Aristocracy.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 27.—Great satisfaction is expressed in Paris at the approaching visit of the Prince of Wales.

The Marquis de Breteuil, who saw King George in London a fortnight ago, is placing at the disposal of the Prince a private dining room, a salon, a bedroom, and a bathroom. The suite gives on to the spacious garden of the mansion, and has a private entrance.

The Marquis and the Marquise de Breteuil are wealthy, and their mansion is one of the finest in Paris. They have two sons, Francois, aged 20, and Jacques, 18.

The Marquis is sixty-four years old and a splendid type of the old French aristocrat. He is serious minded and he and his wife lead a quiet and unassuming life. In their home the Prince will meet all that is most distinguished in art, letters, and science in France.

The Marquis is a keen sportsman and a magnificent shot. The late King Carlos of Portugal used to enjoy shooting over the coverts at the Marquis's château of Réviliers at Breteuil near Chevreuse, Seine et Oise. The Mraquis is a member of the Jockey Club and a very fine bridge player.

The Marquise before her marriage was Miss Edith Garner of New York, and is a charming and accomplished lady.

BUILDS CHICAGO TURBINE.

English Firm Makes Biggest Engine of the Type for America.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 27.—The London newspapers regard as a marked tribute to, and a triumph for, England the fact that the Commonwealth Edison Company of Chicago has placed an order for what will be, when completed, the world's greatest turbine, with Messrs. Parsons at Heaton-on-Tyne.

The new engine, which shortly will be sent across the Atlantic, will ordinarily generate a current of 4,500 volts, but may be geared up to double that pressure by an auto transformer. The turbine will be of the two-cylinder type, the high pressure cylinder being a single flow turbine, and the low pressure a double flow turbine.

This gigantic engine has an interest outside of technical engineering circles, inasmuch as it will be the largest engine of any description that yet has been constructed to work on a single shaft. Its mechanical equivalent in horse power is nearly 35,000, several thousand in excess of the gigantic machines at Victoria Falls and the turbines of the two Cunarders, the Lusitania and Mauretania. Its performance will be followed closely by experts for new data regarding the economy of steam turbines of abnormal size.

SEEK $225,000,000 ESTATE.

Wirtz Heirs to Sue at Hamburg for Alleged Inheritance.

BERLIN, March 27.—The Association of the Wirtz Heirs of Chicago has engaged German lawyers to carry out its campaign to recover the alleged dormant inheritance of $225,000,000, left by Field Marshal Paul Wirtz at the time of the Thirty Years' War in the early part of the seventeenth century.

Proceedings will be started in the Hamburg courts.

UNIONS WILL GUARD MINES.

Wilkesbarre Leader So Agrees If Companies Do Not Employ Guards.

Special to The New York Times.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., March 27.—Miners throughout the anthracite coal region began active preparations to-day for a suspension of work. Hundreds of them removed their tools from the mines and await the strike order, which comes when the collieries close next Saturday.

Guards for the mines are being hired by the hundreds to take their places behind the stockades. Their presence in the field is causing unrest among the miners.

The operators contend that the guards are for the sole purpose of preventing injury to mine property. But to this Tom Kennedy, President of District 7, answers:

"The union will agree to look after and care for company property during a suspension if the companies will agree not to import guards. We will have each local union name a committee to look after the welfare of the collieries and see that no violence occurs on the outside if the guards are not brought into the district. We will make these committees and the organization of the United Mine Workers directly responsible for the peace of any community in which no guards are placed. We will permit the companies to have what men they need, such as firemen, engineers, and pumpmen to look after the collieries, and will agree to see that there is no disorder from the miners' side if the guards are kept off the field.

"The presence of these guards is bound to stir up trouble. Everyone knows there are reasons. There are men who are not acquainted with conditions and believe that in the miners they are dealing with a class of lawless men. We will do our part if the companies will agree to do theirs."

PLENTY OF COAL ON HAND.

Tension Over Expected Strike in Anthracite Fields Is Lessening.

Wholesale dealers and sales agents of the coal carrying railroads said yesterday that, although the expected suspension of work in the anthracite districts is only a day or two distant, there was less tension in the market than existed a week ago. The majority of the most urgent of their patrons have been supplied, and as coal was coming in freely from the mines and the people who wanted it were becoming fewer, it was easier to get.

The esteem in which this cigarette has long been held by critical smokers of every European capital should make them worthy of your consideration
Ask any diplomat
LAURENS
THE CIGARETTE OF ROYALTY
15 cents package of ten
35 highest awards at International Expositions

INDIA IS DRAINING THE WORLD OF GOLD

Moreton Frewen Sees Disastrous Consequences to Western Finance in Movement East.

DUE TO HIGH SILVER TAX

This Discouraged Hoarding In That Metal by Natives, Who Now Save In Gold.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 27.—Moreton Frewen, M. P., gave THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent an interesting interview to-day on the question of the great drain of gold to India which is going on, and which he described as a matter of the very first importance to America.

"The position is this," said Mr. Frewen. "The Government of India in 1910 imposed a duty of eight cents an ounce on all silver bullion imported into India. The importation of silver previously for some years averaged eighty to ninety millions ounces annually. The result of the high silver duty seemed to discourage importation, and the hoarding of silver by natives, and to throw the whole demand of India for hoarding purposes upon the other metal—gold.

"The position is one of great and growing danger. The drain of gold to India at the present time threatens the most serious consequences in the money markets of the western world. Whereas the importation of gold into India before the new and high silver duties didn't exceed, one year with another, four millions sterling, the importation of gold last year into India was over twenty millions sterling, and for the first eleven weeks of this year was at the rate of nearly a million sovereigns a week.

"The Government at Calcutta has now applied to the Secretary of State for India for permission to commence the coinage in India of ten-rupee gold pieces, thus offering to natives, through the innumerable bazaars throughout India, a means of hoarding in the most convenient form. Such mintage would make gold, for the purposes of hoarding, accessible to three hundred millions of people.

"Should the Government consent to this proposal, the hemorrhage of our gold to India would further threaten Western finance. It seems to me of the very first importance that some organized remonstrance on the part of the great Western financial centres should be addressed to the Government here.

"The present movement of gold to India is on such a scale that when the gold required for arts and manufactures has been deducted, comparatively little of the present immense supply of gold from the mines is left for American or European currencies. We shall revert to conditions in the eighties."

Mr. Frewen, on being asked what steps it was proposed to take in view of the serious situation thus foreshadowed, said that probably a deputation would wait on the Secretary of State for India during the next few days, and it was hoped that Arthur Balfour would head the deputation.

"The preoccupations of the public mind at the present moment are such that it will be no easy task to organize an effective deputation. What is required is a Royal commission to report on the whole subject of the Indian currency muddle.

"The present action of the Government of India has discouraged the importation of silver, and thereby weakens exchange with China. On the other hand, it must throw an increasing strain upon the Bank of England and other Western gold reserves, by expelling gold so greatly as to imperil that universal gold standard now obtaining in the Occident. The latest Indian experiment must involve a dangerous readjustment of our rate of wages."

SUCCESSOR TO OSPINA.

Colombia Appoints Julio Betancourt as Minister to Washington.

BOGOTA, March 27.—Julio Betancourt has been appointed Colombian Minister at Washington.

Señor Betancourt is an experienced diplomat, having served as Colombian Minister to Spain. He succeeds Gen. Pedro Nel Ospina, who was recalled after his letter to Assistant Secretary of State Wilson, informing him that he thought Secretary Knox's proposed visit to Colombia might be inopportune.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Julio Betancourt, who has been named Colombian Minister to the United States, is best known as joint framer of the Andrade-Betancourt treaty of 1904 between Colombia and Ecuador fo. settling the boundary line between the republics. The Ecuadorean Government never approved the treaty.

C. W. MORSE SIGHTSEEING.

Released Financier Takes Stroll In Florence with His Wife.

FLORENCE, Italy, March 27.—Charles W. Morse, who was released recently from the Federal prison at Atlanta, was out walking in the streets of this city with his wife this morning.

Men's Soiesette Pajamas } 1.45
Values 2.00 & 2.50 . . . . . today at

a sleepy-proposition for wide-awake people

¶ Just 1200 suits that look as lonely as a Third Term. We could not get more of them, as 1200 suits was all the maker had. But the price at which they were offered to us amply compensated for our disappointment on the matter of quantity.

¶ Made of Soiesette Cloth, which is the dean of pajama fabrics. Feels like silk, looks like silk, wears like silk, acts like silk, and would pass for silk if its name were not Soiesette. Ideal for pajamas, and would rather sleep than do anything else in the world. Just as comfortable to the body as peace is to the mind. And more habitual.

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THE TIMES'S DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

LONDON PRAISES GRAIL PICTURES

Compliments from English Art Authorities on The Times's Easter Supplement.

KING'S PRINTER ENTHUSIASTIC

Director of the National Gallery, Who Was Mr. Abbey's Friend, Commends the Reproduction.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 27.—Art connoisseurs, who saw to-day an advance copy of the reproductions of the fifteen panels constituting the Holy Grail designs published by THE NEW YORK TIMES, warmly praised the work of reproduction. Sir Charles Holroyd, Director of the National Gallery, spent considerable time looking over the pictures.

"It is very wonderful," he said. "Never have I seen anything of the kind so beautiful. As I was a very great friend of Mr. Abbey, the reproduction of his noted pictures in such marvelous fashion naturally interests me very much. Please let me buy a copy of THE NEW YORK TIMES containing the Abbey pictures as soon as it arrives."

Hugh Spottiswood, who besides being Printer to the King is editor of Printers Pi and Chairman of The Sphere and Tattler publication companies, was equally enthusiastic.

"It is a splendid result of a wonderful piece of enterprise in illustrated daily journalism," he said in giving an opinion of the art supplement. "Our experience with The Sphere is that the Anglo-Saxon nations are gradually, but surely, being so educated as to appreciate high-class color work, such as we and our contemporaries were able to give them at the time of the coronation, and such as THE NEW YORK TIMES is now offering to it readers. Please extend my congratulation to THE NEW YORK TIMES."

Moreland Agnew of the firm of Thomas Agnew & Sons, the art dealers, described the reproductions as the finest piece of work of its kind he had ever seen. He added that, from an art point of view alone, THE NEW YORK TIMES deserved praise for putting within the reach of everyone such beautiful work.

FOR ASIAN MONROE DOCTRINE

Russian Paper Epitomizes Nation's Objections to Chinese Loans.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, March 28.—The London Times has the following dispatch from its St. Petersburg correspondent:

"Russia's objections to the 'four nation' loans to China will be formally communicated to London and Paris after the conclusion of the verbal exchange of views, which is now proceeding. These objections are based on the argument that financial aid to China must not involve an addition to the military burdens of the Powers whose dominions are coterminous with those of China, and that consequently Russia, Japan, Great Britain, and France must have a controlling, if not an exclusive voice, in the transactions.

"The Novoe Vremya sees the chief danger in American aspirations to hegemony in China, and asks, 'Why cannot Russia, Japan, Great Britain, and France proclaim a Monroe Doctrine in Asia?'"

FOR NEW JEWISH COLONY.

Portugal Proposes to Establish One in Africa.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, March 28.—The London Times has the following dispatch from its Lisbon correspondent:

"The Colonial Committee has under consideration a scheme for the emigration of Jews of all nationalities to Angola-Portuguese Africa.

The Government proposes to concede to each father of a family 100 to 250 hectares of land, which will eventually become the property of the cultivator."

POPE RESUMES AUDIENCES.

Americans Who Were Received Thought He Was In Excellent Health.

ROME, March 27.—Pope Pius is much better in health to-day, although the catarrh from which he has suffered for some days is not yet quite cured.

He decided to resume to-day the usual general audiences, which it was announced had been suspended until after Easter. He went through the fatiguing ceremony of meeting 350 persons without a sign of exhaustion.

Among those received were fifty Americans. Their impression was that with the exception of a slight palor and hoarseness, the Pontiff was in excellent physical condition.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE.
LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature. E. W. GROVE. 25c

BIDDING IS SLOW AT ROUSSEL SALE

Many Important Art Objects Are Sold in Paris Below the Prices Asked.

$40,000 FOR A CHIFFONIER

Rectangular Gobelin Tapestry Is Sold for Same Amount and Another for $38,000.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 27.—The total sales to-day of the Roussel collection of fans, boxes, bronzes, antique furniture, and Beauvais and Gobelin tapestries amounted to $165,137. A feature of the sale was that in almost every case no bidding was forthcoming at the price asked.

For the chief item, No. 260, a large chiffonier with seven drawers of the period of Louis XVI., for which $60,000 was asked, the final purchase price was $40,000. It was acquired by Seligman.

Item 266, a rectangular tapestry, comprising six pieces of the royal manufacture of Beauvais, and entitled, "The Audience of the Prince," was offered for $9,000, and sold for $8,900.

Selling for nearly $1,000 below the original estimate, item 268, a Gobelin tapestry of the eighteenth century, representing "Esther and Ahasuerus," went for $5,100, while No. 262, a large four-leaf screen, was obtained by Vermont for $38,200, having been offered for $40,000.

No. 267, a rectangular tapestry in eight pieces, eighteenth century Gobelin, entitled "Tobie," brought $40,000.

For item 263, a five-leaf screen, trimmed with ancient satin decorated with flowers and birds, $2,100 was paid.

A price of $2,060 was paid for No. 258, a marble top table of the period of Louis XVI. For item 257, a small oval writing table of the early epoch of Louis XVI., $400 was paid. Item 255, a marble secretaire of the Louis XVI. period, sold for $11,220.

Item 254, a lady's bureau ornamented with bronzes, went for $500. A sum of $1,800 was paid for item 253, a flat bureau of the period of Louis XV.

For No. 252, a Louis XV. cupboard bearing the stamp of G. Jansen, $900 was paid. No. 251, a chest on raised feet having the stamp of Juers, brought $2,280.

No. 246, a rectangular centre table, of the Louis XVI. period, brought $1,200. Eight hundred dollars was paid for item 245, an eighteenth century chair with frame of molded wood.

Bronze and Marble Clocks.

No. 244, a clock, carved in bronze, brought $1,260. A Louis XVI. clock, in white marble and bronze carved and gilded, bearing the stamp of Hoguet, sold for $2,260.

The sum of $600 was paid for a Louis XV. snuffbox, while another snuffbox of the same period brought $602.

The sum of $430 was paid for item 84, a small box with patches of gold, and clear blue enamel. A large round box, in gold and enamel, with clusters of foliage, sold for $1,200.

A souvenir note book, with small leaves and covering of gold, elaborately engraved, brought $1,020.

A souvenir vanity box, of the period of Louis XVI., sold for $3,020. Its corners are of carved gold.

For a small box of delicate contour, in old porcelain, decorated in color and in relief, with gold mounting, $400 was paid. A sweetmeat box, in the form of a ram, made of amethyst and mounted in gold, sold for $550.

A Louis XVI. oval box went for $602. A price of $1,965 was paid for a small oval box of engraved and enameled gold of the same period. Another oval box of that period brought $2,200.

A snuffbox of carved gold and enamel of the period of Louis XVI. brought $950. Another snuffbox of engraved gold sold for $1,200. It is of the Louis XVI. epoch.

An oblong box, of gold with rockwork, and partly enameled with flowers and colors, bearing the stamp of Jean-Jacques Prevost, went for $3,020.

Good Prices for Fans.

A fan, mounted on ivory, and decorated with allegorical figures, brought $144. Another fan, mounted on ivory, engraved and inlaid with gold, and decorated with pastoral subjects, brought $250.

A carved ivory fan of the Louis XV. period, with the fabric painted in water color, sold for $300.

A carved ivory fan, of the Louis XV. period, decorated with a picture of young women dancing, brought $180.

The grand total of the sale to date amounts to $824,374.

NEW COLOR PHOTOGRAPHY.

English Process Requires No Special Plates or Screens.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 27.—A new method of color photography, embodying extraordinarily brilliant results, has just been demonstrated before the Royal Photographic Society. The peculiarity of the method is that no special color plates are necessary nor is there any introduction of artificial color screens or colored particles. A plain negative, as in ordinary photography, is taken and a lantern slide is made from it, and by purely optical means, using a grating and a prism, the picture in natural colors is faithfully reproduced.

The process is the work of two brothers, Ernest and Julius Rheinberg, and is called the micro-spectra method of color photography by prismatic dispersion. The method necessitates a special and costly camera, and is therefore put forward for its scientific interests and not as a commercial proposition. It turns upon the use of a grating, or line screen, which splits up into immense numbers of tiny spectra, one hundred to the inch, and each one complete. The grating is used in making the negatives, and later, when placed behind a positive, when made from the negative, it enables black and white pictures to appear in the exact color of nature.

The results of the method were projected on an aluminium screen, and were declared to be unsurpassed in fidelity of color rendering by any method in vogue at present. Its ability to render the texture or distinctive sheen in such articles as silk, china, or glass, is remarkable.

BURST GUN KILLS CORPORAL.

Explosion on Dutch Cruiser at Curacao Also Wounds Three Sailors.

WILLEMSTAD, Curacao, March 27.—A three-inch gun exploded on board the Dutch cruiser Zeland in the course of target practice to-day.

A Corporal was killed and three sailors were wounded.

ALL PARIS ARMS, FEARING BANDITS

Police Carry Revolvers, Detectives Carbines, and Guards Stand at Magistrates' Doors.

MANY SUSPECTS ARRESTED

Only to be Released—City and Suburbs Scoured for Chantilly Slayers—Woman Mystifies Police.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 27.—The feeling of terror produced in Paris and suburbs by the exploits or the motor car bandits has far from abated. All policemen in Paris are carrying revolvers outside their coats and heavily armed municipal guards are posted outside the doors of Magistrates engaged in taking evidence of thirteen crimes with which the gang is charged, while patrols of police and plain clothes men, armed with heavy automatic pistols, are scouring the Paris suburbs.

M. Hennion, Chief of the Provincial Department of Detectives Force is arming all his inspectors with Winchester repeating carbines and automatic pistols, while the motor cars of the detectives force are also being provided with carbines.

Carts conveying money taken from the race course into Paris will henceforth be escorted by twenty policemen armed with carbines. Wealthy French and American race horse owners, who have their stables at Chantilly, fearing attack when motoring out from Paris, are arming their chauffeurs with automatic pistols. The sale of arms in Paris, in fact, has taken an upward movement since Monday.

The police continue to be mystified by the strange woman who kept watch outside the Chantilly bank. She is described as a brown-haired woman of fresh complexion with a full face, wearing a blue hat, trimmed with large white flowers, a dark grey overcoat and openwork stockings. Several witnesses state that they saw her pacing nervously outside the bank between 7:30 and 8:30 on Monday morning. As the bandits' car drew up outside the bank she stepped forward and waved a hand, saying "Go ahead; the way is clear."

A curious thing about the woman is that several witnesses positively affirm that she was in the car with the bandits when they drove away from the scene of the murder. It is positively certain, however, that there was no woman with the bandits when they left the car and clambered on to the railway at Asnières. The question, therefore, is asked whether the brigands stopped at some place where they left the woman, perhaps left the cash and changed their clothes.

Meanwhile the wildest rumors are spread through Paris every hour. The capture of the bandits after a desperate fight is reported from half a dozen places in different parts of France. All kinds of people vaguely resembling one or other of the bandits have been denounced to the police and followed up, but invariably proved to have nothing to do with the gang.

"Last night there was a panic at Versailles. A large motor car, without a lamp, was stopped by gendarmes.

When what was thought to be a couple of rapid reports from the revolvers in the hands of the gendarmes as they sprang at the chauffeur people thought bandits were in the town. There was a tremendous uproar, which was only appeased when it became known that the detonations heard were motor backfirings.

HUMPERDINCK TO THE TYROL.

Will Later Rest in Italy and Expects to Resume Composing.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, March 27.—Prof. Humperdinck is leaving Berlin to-morrow for Meran in the Austrian Tyrol to recuperate from the effects of the paralytic stroke which he suffered in January. He and his family will remain at Meran for three weeks and then will proceed to the Villa Falconieri near Rome, a private sanitorium maintained at the expense of the Kaiser for the benefit of ailing German artists.

Prof. Humperdinck expects to remain in Italy until the middle of May. He has not fully recovered the use of the paralyzed side, but there seems to be every prospect that he will be able to renew his activities in musical composition.

MR. REID ON HIS INTERVIEW.

Statement from the Embassy Says He Did Not Authorize It.

LONDON, March 27.—In connection with Sir Henry James Dalziel's question in the House of Commons yesterday regarding the interview, published in THE NEW YORK TIMES on March 16, with Ambassador Reid, comparing present conditions in Great Britain with those in France before the Revolution, the United States Embassy this morning issued this statement:

"No interview whatever was authorized by the American Ambassador, who never entertained, much less expressed, the opinion set forth in the question."

NOBLEMAN MUST PAY $250.

Earl of Craven's Brother May Thus End Bankruptcy.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 27.—The adjourned application for a discharge from bankruptcy of the Hon. Rupert Cecil Craven, brother of the Earl of Craven, who married Miss Cornelia Bradley-Martin of New York, was heard to-day. The applicant's ranging liabilities were returned at £1,119. No assets were disclosed, and none was discovered.

The oble bankrupt's career is a varied one. At first, he was a Midshipman. He afterward engaged as an electrical engineer. Next he took to dealing in horses, and then transport work engaged his efforts. Subsequently he was found cutting timber for the railway in Uganda.

His discharge was granted, subject to the bankrupt consenting to a judgment for £50.

RUMORED TURKISH VICTORY.

Report That the Italians Lost 3,500 In Battle Reaches London.

LONDON, March 27.—The Turkish army in Tripoli has just achieved a great victory over the Italian army, which lost 27 officers and 3,500 men killed and wounded, according to the report of the Turkish commander at Benghazi, received here to-day from a special correspondent at the Turkish headquarters.

The location of the battle is not given in the report, but it is stated that the entire camp equipment of the Italians fell into the hands of the Turkish troops. The Turkish commander says the casualties among the Turks and Arabs were only 150 killed and wounded.

PARIS, March 27. The Powers are trying again to bring the Turco-Italian war to an end. They are now exchanging notes relative to concerted action at Constantinople to induce the Porte to negotiate an agreement.

The Powers are especially desirous of ending the conflict, as they believe the Jingo public opinion of Italy will force the Italian Government to make new naval demonstrations, which might cause international complications.

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Hats Trimmed Free

Share Our Profits to the Extent of 5 Per Cent.

By Collecting L.H. Green Trading Stamps Which Are Given Free With Purchases Made Here

We also make it easy for you to open a charge account, and Greenhut, Siegel, Cooper & Co., Bankers, offer excellent banking facilities and allow 4 per cent. per annum on money deposited.

Today's Big Sales

Special Easter Displays at Popular Prices in Every Department

MAIN BUILDING—*Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, Etc.*

WOMEN'S HANDSOME COATS—values to $18.50; at **$14.75.**
WOMEN'S TAILORED SUITS FOR EASTER—values up to $29.50; at **$15** and **$22.50.**
SPRING'S MOST MODISH MILLINERY—at **$5** to **$25.**
UNTRIMMED and READY-TO-WEAR HATS at **95c** to **$5.95**
CHILDREN'S UNTRIMMED HATS at **59c** to **$2.95.**
EASTER GLOVE SALE FOR EVERYBODY.
MEN'S AND YOUTHS' $20 to $25 SUITS & OVERCOATS at **$15.75.**
MEN'S RAINCOATS—values $5 to $15; at **$3.45** to **$8.95.**
MEN'S $5 to $7 "FLORSHEIM" BENCH-MADE SHOES—at **$2.85.**
ROUSING SALE OF JEWELRY—Bar Pins, values to $1, at **25c**; values to $1.50, at **50c**; values to $2, at **75c**; values to $2.75, at **98c.**
STUNNING DRESS SUITS FOR MISSES at **$17.50.**
EASTER HAND BAGS OF LEATHER at lowest prices ever quoted.
SELLING RECORDS NOW BROKEN IN OUR WORLD'S GREATEST GROCERY.

GREENHUT BUILDING—*"Everything for the Home."*

AN EPOCH-MAKING SALE OF FRAMED PICTURES AND OIL PAINTINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT PRICES THAT WILL ASTONISH YOU.

Also SPECIAL BARGAINS IN BRASS BEDSTEADS, MATTRESSES and SPRINGS, DINNER WARE, REFRIGERATORS, GARDEN IMPLEMENTS, PAINTS, ETC.

$30,000 to Charity WE give this amount and we ask OUR CUSTOMERS to tell us by their VOTES which charitable and benevolent institutions, societies and churches shall receive this money. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO VOTE.

Double L.H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Special Values

In the clothes world, as in most all fields of commercial endeavor, the law of supply and demand to a great extent regulates the price. Mind you, to a great extent only we say, for here and now when the need is greatest, when by the established laws the prices should be top prices, come special values that put an entirely new phase on the whole clothes purchasing situation.

These special values represent the development of an ideal which had as its foundation the attainment of the productive minimum of cost through complete efficiency and continuous capacity production. The working out of the plan calls for the selling of two suits now to the one sold formerly. We believe that the tremendous boost in values will do this, and the way the first few hundred of these special value garments from our tailoring plant were gobbled up would seem to verify the belief.

Spring Coats Special

Here, in splendid assemblage are black and Oxford coats, new grays, browns and tans in all the new correct models.

Spring Coats, values to 22.50 (broken sizes) 12.50
Spring Coats, values to 22.50 ..... 15.50
Spring Coats, silk lined to edge, standard 25.00 values 18.50
Spring Coats, silk lined to edge, and Cravenette Raincoats 20.00

Spring Suits Special

Here are extreme values made possible by various underprice fabric purchases tailored between seasons and utilization of the surplus yardage of our wholesale and wholesale custom departments.

Spring Suits, values to 22.50..... 15.00
Spring Suits, values to 25.00..... 17.50
Spring Suits, values to 30.00..... 21.00

Special
22.50 English Weave BLUE SERGE SUITS **15.00**

Tailored in the Smith Gray & Co. tailoring plant from English weave serge—practically shineproof—a serge which will retain its rich lustre longer, give better service and look newer for a longer time than any other serge that can be purchased at 22.50.

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.
Your Charge Account Is Solicited.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St. Across From City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

GIMBELS

Lowest Prices Yet

On Gimbel CUT GLASS

This March China Sale now in its final week is establishing new low-price records daily. Today it is the turn of the splendid Gimbel Cut Crystals to contribute. Every piece in the following list, without exception, is marked at a lower figure than it has been previously during the sale. It is well to remember that Gimbel Cut Glass is the kind that *keeps* the friends it makes, for it is carefully and brilliantly cut on purest lead glass blanks.

Good news, this, with the numberless Easter weddings that are soon to come.

The typical pieces illustrated are:

Large Celery or Roll Tray, **$4.75**, regularly $7.50.
Mayonnaise Dish with plate, **$4.75**, regularly $7.50.
Punch Bowl on foot, **$15**, regularly $25.
Sugar and Cream Set, on cut glass tray, **$4.75**, reg. $7.50.
Two-handled Spoon Holder, **$1.65**, regularly $2.50.
Fern Dish, with Mirror Tray and Preserved Fern, at **$2.75**, reg. $5.75.

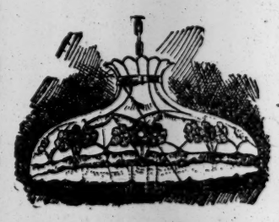
And these others:

Fruit Bowls, 8-in., **$1.85, $2.65 and $2.95**, reg. $2.95, $4 and $5.75.
Large Salad Bowls, **$3.75**, reg. $6.
Butter Dishes, **$2.75**, reg. $4.50.
Compotes, tall foot, large, **$3.50**, reg. $6.
Cheese Dishes with cover, **$4.75**, reg. $9.
Revolving Cake Stands, **$7.50**, reg. $18.
Fern Dishes, with silver-plated beaded lining, **$3.75**, reg. $6.75.
Large Water Jugs, 4-pt.; **$3.75**, reg. $7.50.
Large Handled Bonbon Dishes, 90c, reg. $1.50.
Oil and Vinegar Cruets, **$1.25**, reg. $1.95.
Relish Dishes, with divisions, **$1.50**, reg. $1.95.
Large Sugar and Cream Sets, **$2.75**, reg. $5.
100 dozen Cut Glass Whiskey Tumblers, 15c each, reg. $3.75 doz.

At $10, Regularly $15 to $35

A special group of large pieces of Hand-cut Crystal, in fine designs, including Bowls, Vases, Ice Cream Trays, Jugs, and Rose Centerpieces, Compotes, Punch Bowls, Decanters, etc. Fifth Floor

Artistic Domes at $17.50



The regular price of these handsome Hanging Domes for gas or electricity would be $25 if we had not secured a quantity of them in a special purchase to sell for $17.50 each. They are 24 inches in diameter, of amber glass, in a graceful design, and are fully equipped with electric lights, plug, etc., or Welsbach burner and chimney.

Another attractive group of Hanging Domes is in Colonial cut brass, on art glass, with glass prisms, at $35, regularly $55. Also these:

Mosaic Domes—$14, from $22; $20, from $40; $15, from $25; $35, from $45; $18, from $28

Table Reading Lamps of marked distinction, in leaded or metal tracing designs. $10, from $15; $20, from $30; $14, from $22; $25, from $38; $16, from $25; $45, from $67.50

French Candle Shades, in unusual decorations and designs, ranging from 25c to $1.25, regularly 50c to $1.75. Fifth Floor

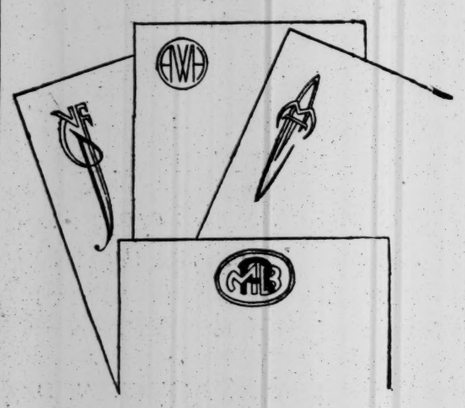
GIMBEL BROTHERS
THIRTY-THIRD ST. NEW YORK BROADWAY

ESTABLISHED 1845
MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
Actual Makers

89 Regent Street
Goods Purchased in London Charged to Home Account at English Prices.

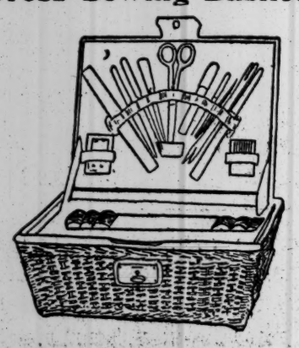
CROSS Guarantees the Truth of this advertisement to The Times, who in Turn Guarantees it to its Readers

Cross Art Monogram Dies
$5.00



Art Monograms of Two, Three or Four Letters—Of Original Design Found Nowhere Else; Artfully Executed in One, Two or More Colors, Including Bronze Illumination. Estimates Furnished for Weddings, Invitations, Announcements, Receptions, At Homes, Crests, Coats of Arms.
Representative will Call if Desired.
Our Assortment of Easter Cards Is Unique and Distinctive.

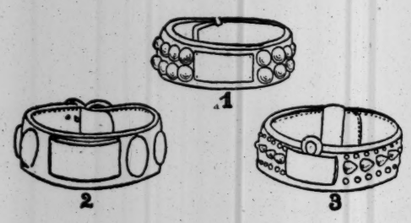
Cross Sewing Baskets



Covers and Rims are of Crushed Morocco, a Highly Polished Leather, in Red, Purple, Brown, Green, Purple Blue. Body of Basket is of Natural Color English Willow, Beautifully Lined with Pleated Satin. Cover is Supplied with Scissors, Thimble, 2 Packages Assorted Needles, Hem Pressers, Bodkins, Piercer, Knitting and Crocheting Needles, Needle Case. Basket Has Rack Containing 4 Spools Thread, and Covered Compartment Containing Tape Measure, Buttons, Hooks & Eyes, also Satin Covered Needle Book. 10½ Inches Long x 8¾ Wide x 4¼ Deep When Closed—Leather Covered Handle at Each End—Fastened with Gold Plated Lock and Key—Complete..... $16.50

SEWING BASKETS—From..... $6.75

Cross English Dog Fittings



1—Blue Ribbon Collar—Black Hide with Red Leather Lining and Edge—2 Rows Round Brass Spots, Name Plate, Ring for Lead..... $2.50

2—Red or Green Goatskin, 2 Inches Wide—2 Rows Small Brass Spots, 1 Row of Conical Spots in Centre—Name Plate and Ring for Lead..... $3.50

3—Black Hide, Tan Leather Lined, 2 Inches Wide 1 Row Large Brass Spots, Name Plate, Ring for Lead..... $3.00

Same in Pigskin..... $3.25

In Red or Green Goatskin..... $3.75

PIGSKIN DOG HARNESS—From..... $1.75

ROUND LEATHER DOG COLLARS—For Long Haired Dogs—Pigskin—Brass Trimmings $2.50

POMERANIAN DOG COLLARS—Red, Green, Black or Tan Goatskin..... $1.50

LEADS FOR ABOVE..... $1.00

OTHER LEADS—From ..... .50

DOG BRUSHES ..... $1.00-$1.50

DOG COMBS—Aluminum—From..... .20

Cross Coffee Sets

Round Tray and Loop Handle of Prince's Silver Plate, Supplied with White China Coffe Pot and Sugar Bowl. Both of Which Have Prince's Silver Plated Trimmings; 2 White China Cups in Prince's Silver Plated Holders with Handles; 2 Spoons and Sugar Tongs. Set Complete..... $15.75

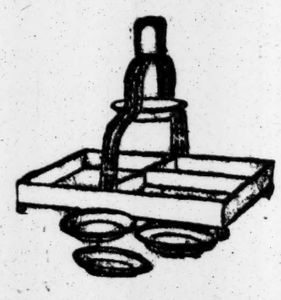
Another Style Has Prince's Silver Plated Rack Which Holds Securely 4 White China Cups in Prince's Silver Plated Saucers, 4 Spoons, Prince's Silver Plated Coffee Pot, Creamer and Sugar—Wicker Covered Handle at Top of Stand For Serving—Complete..... $29.50

BONBON BASKETS—Gold Plated Woven Metal Basket, with Handle, inside of which is a Crystal Removable Bowl.. $3.75, $6.75, $8.75

ENGLISH WILLOW SERVING TRAYS—Cretonne Covered, with Removable Glass for Protection—Round or Oblong. From..... $3.00

Large Trays, 21 Inches Long x 14 Inches Wide—Oblong..... $8.00

Cross Smokers' Sets



Prince's Silver Plated Tray, 10 Inches Long x 7¼ Inches Wide, Lined with Japanese Matting Over Which There Is a Glass Protection. Three Partitions for Cigars and Cigarettes. Part Which Forms Handle Contains 3 Crystal Ash Trays with Prince's Silver Plated Rims, and Which Fit One Within Another in Container When Not in Use. Over These Is a Stationary Match Box Holder—Complete..... $18.00

NESTED ASH TRAYS—Set of 4 Oval Trays with Burnished Silver Rims Which Fit One Within Another in Prince's Silver Plated Holder, Handle on Top—Each Tray Has Depression for Match Box Holder—Complete..... $5.50

MATCH BOX HOLDER—Prince's Silver Plated, with Any Initial in Sterling Silver on Top—Ready for Delivery..... $1.00

Cross Travelers' Comforts

OVAL FLASK—Crystal, With Removable Nickel Cup Bottom, and Bayonet Screw Top—½ Pint Size..... $3.50

¾ Pint..... $3.75

FLASK IN SLIP CASE—Crystal in Tan Hide Slip Case, with Nickel Cup Top and Crystal Stopper—¼ Pint Size..... $2.25

Pint Size..... $3.00

BOTTLE SET—Red, Green, Blue or Purple Morocco Case, Velvet Lined, Containing 3 Crystal Bottles with Gold Plated Tops—3 Bottles..... $5.50

4 Bottles..... $6.50

HOT WATER BOTTLES—Silk Covered Bottles in Red or Green Morocco Cases $7.25

AIR PILLOWS—Silk Covered, in Red, Blue or Green Morocco Cases..... $7.50

MEDICINE CASES—Green or Red Morocco, Supplied with 5 Small Glass Bottles, Nickel Screw Tops, Prescription Pocket, Bandages. When Case is closed measures 5 Inches Long x 3½ Deep x 1¼ Wide and Fastens with Snap..... $2.75

SMELLING SALTS BOTTLES IN LEATHER CASES—Bottle Has Sterling Silver Collar, and is contained in Red Morocco Case, Moire Silk Lined $7.00

Ear-Marks

Musical comedy stars who are going abroad to study Grand Opera have engaged summer quarters on farms in Upper New York. Prominent stage favorites about to retire to their sea-side homes have signed for the season in western stock companies.

Business men are contemplating Europe—to regain the health they lost in making enough to go there. Hurdy-gurdies violently assault our ears with tunes that have been popular ever since they were written fifty years ago.

By these ear-marks we know that the Song of Spring is heard in the land.

Tennyson nearly said, In the Spring a young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of wedding gifts. For some months our thoughts have been turned to them, and to Easter gifts as well.

CROSS representatives have been ransacking the capitals of Europe for ideas. Like chameleons they copy the colors of the soil over which they run.

CROSS designers have completed many articles, not only new—but novel. It is very difficult to invent a genuinely new thing. Theophile Gautier remarked that "man had not so much as invented an eighth mortal sin"—a lack of ingenuity on which he may well be complimented.

Our Easter Novelties occasion miniature shocks of surprise and pleasure. They would delight the heart of one who had just heard of the loss of his fortune while waiting in the dentist's anteroom.

Cross White Pebble Morocco Bag

Made of One Piece of Leather So That It Is Perfectly Flat When Closed. Gold Plated Hinge Frame Which Has Square Opening, Making Interior Easy of Access. Moire Silk Lined, and Supplied with Silk Covered Change Purse, Powder Puff Case and Mirror to Match. Silk Double Cord and Tassel Handle—8 Inches Long x 5¼ Deep When Closed..... $9.50

GOLD PLATED MONOGRAMS—Of 2, 3 or 4 Letters, Made to Order—From..... $2.00

MANICURE STAND—Made of Nickel with Loop at Top for Carrying, Around Which Are Suspended Scissors, File, Cuticle Knife, Cuticle Pusher. At Base of Stand Arms Project which Hold 2 Salve Jars and Nail Buffer—This Is a Very Convenient Article as Things Are Always Together and Accessible. Complete..... $4.25

Cross Fitted Leamington Bag
For Men

Made of Tan or Black Grained Oxhide, Tan Leather Lined with Leather Pockets containing Pair Ebony Military Brushes; Cloth Brush; Nail File with Ebony Handle; Comb; Leather Backed Easel Mirror; Steel Scissors; Combination Shoehorn and Buttonhook; 4 Nickel Topped Glass Bottles for Soap, Tooth Powder, Liquids, Tooth and Nail Brush—Complete—

16 Inches— $35.00

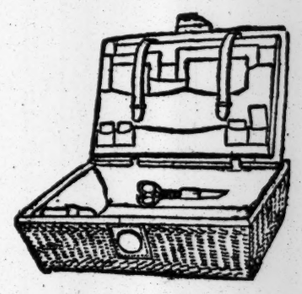
18 Inches— $36.50

The Above Articles May Be Monogrammed to Match Bag, Entailing Very Little Extra Expense and Lending an Air of Individuality.

TRAVELING BAGS—From..... $9.00

SUIT CASES—From..... $11.25

Cross Correspondence Basket



Cover and Rims and Entire Lining of Basket Are of Red, Blue, Green or Purple Morocco, and Body Is of Natural Color English Willow. 14 Inches Long x 10 Wide x 4 Deep—Cover is Fitted with Two Stationery Pockets, 4 Stamp Pockets, One Card Pocket, and Large Compartment in Back, Which Contains a Leather Covered Blotting Book. Basket Is Supplied with Gilt Handled Scissors, Bone Paper Cutter, Bone Handled Pen and Pencil—Fastened with Gold Plated Lock and Key—Handle on Top for Carrying..... $14.75

OPEN DESK BASKETS—English Willow with Red, Green, or Blue Morocco Lining—Supplied with Gilt Handled Scissors and Envelope Opener... $4.75

LIBRARY SHEARS AND PAPER CUTTER—Nickel or Brass in Sheath Holder..... $1.75

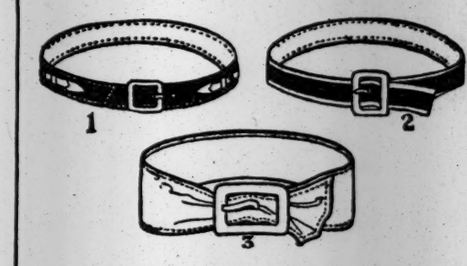
DESK PADS—Red, Green or Blue Morocco—From— $2.50

INKWELLS—Crystal—From— $1.50

LETTER RACKS—Leather Covered, with 2 Stationery Compartments—Blue, Green or Red Morocco— $4.75

PEN TRAYS—Red, Green Morocco— $3.00

Cross Spring Belts



1. Of Soft Black Calfskin, 1¼ Inches Wide—Small Gold Plated Buckle, and at Each Side a Double Strap and Buckle Effect of White Calfskin with Gold Plated Buckles—Belt is Lined with White.... $3.50

2. White Calfskin, 1½ Inches Wide. Through Center is Stitched a Strip of Black Patent Leather Giving a Decidedly Novel Effect. Finished with a Black Patent Leather Covered Buckle $3.00

3. Soft White Cleansable Calfskin, 4½ Inches Wide, with Oblong Buckle Covered in Same $3.50

Belt Buckles of Gold or Silver Plate in Unique and Attractive Designs, From..... $1.00

MONOGRAM BUCKLES—Any 2 Letter Monogram, Ready for Delivery, Gold Plated— $1.00

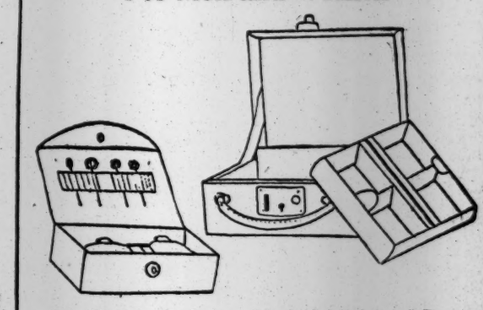
BELT STRIPS—White or Black Calfskin, One Fold, Without Buckle..... $2.00

Monogram Buckles Made Up to Order in Gold Plate, Silver Plate, Sterling Silver or Gold. From..... $5.00

Cross English Gloves
For Men and Women
$2.00

The Rich Acorn-tan or Cream Tan Shade and the Sturdy Quality of the Leather Permit These Gloves to be Worn Either for Dress or Street Wear. The Leather Has Been Steeped in Yolk of Eggs, Which Imparts to It a Pleasing Pliability. The CROSS Button or Clasp Affords an Air of Individuality. Fully Guaranteed.

Cross Jewel Boxes
For Men and Women



One Shown at Left is a Man's Stickpin and Button Box in Red, Green or Blue Morocco, Velvet Lined—Supplied with 2 Compartments for Buttons, etc., Which Are Protected By Small Velvet Pads, Ring Rack, and in Cover Loops for About 2 Dozen Stickpins—Gilt Button Fastener—5 Inches Long x 3¾ Wide $2.25

Smaller Size..... $1.75

STICKPIN CASE—Colored Morocco, Moire Lined—Loops for 8 Pins..... $2.75

JEWEL BOX—Red, Green or Purple Morocco, Velvet Lined—Removable Tray with 3 Compartments for Pins, etc., also Padded Ring Groove—Lock and Key—9 inches long x 6 wide x 3¾ deep..... $5.75

SUIT CASE JEWEL BOX—Shown at Right of Cut—Red, Green or Purple Morocco, Velvet Lined; 7 Inches Long x 5 Wide x 2½ Deep. Contains Tray Which Has Compartments for Pins, Rings, etc. Lock and Key and Handle on Top. This Is One of Our Most Popular Designs in Jewel Boxes..... $3.50

Large Assortment of Jewel Boxes and Bags in Many Different Styles and Sizes.

ORDERS BY MAIL WILL HAVE CAREFUL AND PROMPT ATTENTION

Second Floor—Stationery, Trunks, Motorities, Metal and Glass Novelties, Saddlery
Catalogue Furnished Upon Request

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World's Greatest Leather Stores
Agencies Throughout the World

DOWNTOWN
253 Broadway
Opposite "City Hall"

UPTOWN
210 Fifth Avenue—1132 Broadway
Between 25th and 26th Streets

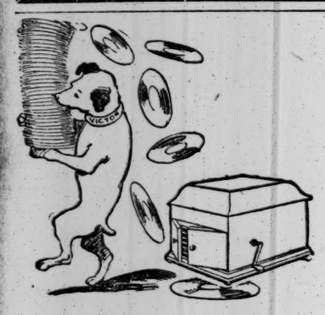
BOSTON
145 Tremont Street
Opposite "The Common"

¶ The Capital of the Kingdom of Printing used to be London, but, like the trend of civilization and the course of empires, it has taken its way Westward, or rather New Yorkward.

Nowhere in this greater city will you find work to surpass ours; and nowhere in this greater city will you find prices more favorable.

We have 16 "outside men"—one for you this morning, if you say so.

CORLIES, MACY & CO.
Printers and Lithographers
441 Pearl St. Phone, Worth 3792
Send for Monthly Magazine.



We carry the largest assortment of **Victor records** to be found in this country. Call at one of our *three salesrooms* today and get a free copy of the **latest Victor Record catalog.** This catalog is practically a history of the music of the world.

Landay BROS

will be very glad to play for you any opera, let you listen to any singer, celebrated instrumentalist, or, if you so desire, you can hear vaudeville's greatest headliners and the popular songs of the day. You will receive courteous, intelligent attention.

We can deliver right out of stock practically any **Victor** record you are apt to want.

We can show you every model of **Victrola** made by the Victor factory.

Victrolas, $15 up
Victor Records, 60c up
Note our addresses carefully.

Landay BROS
Authorized Victor Factory Distributors
27 W. 34th St., bet. 5th & 6th Aves.
400 Fifth Ave., at 37th St.
563 Fifth Ave., cor. 46th St.

ROEBUCK

Screen Protection

Roebuck Screens give comfort, satisfaction and service.

No mosquitoes, flies or other insects can work their way through our double-crimped Pompeiian Bronze netting with 16 strands of wire to the inch. It is rust and corrosion proof, insuring durability.

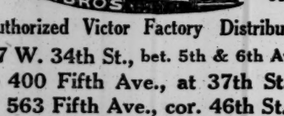
All frames are made of thoroughly air-dried and kiln-dried lumber finished to match your woodwork—made to measure—and will last as long as your house.

Absolute satisfaction is guaranteed. Order now to avoid delay and to insure delivery when needed from our New York factory.

Write for particulars.

Roebuck Weather Strip and Wire Screen Co.
ESTABLISHED 1858.
200 Fifth Avenue, New York City
'Phone 2705 Gramercy

Budd
Madison Square West



THE CHESHAM

DURABILITY
QUALITY
FINISH

$4.00 per dozen

Branches
Budd Building, 572 Fifth Avenue
Singer Building, 149 Broadway

LONG BATTLE WON BY MEXICAN REBELS

Federals Flee Jiminez After Five-Day Fight—Orozco's Troops Occupy Torritory.

OFFICIAL DENIAL OF DEFEAT

Victory Really with Federals, Madero Declares—Railroad Men to Protest Against Mexican Conditions.

JIMINEZ, Mexico, March 27.—The rebels have won a complete victory over the Federal troops in the five-day battle which has been raging here. The last of the Federal forces, covering their retreat under heavy artillery fire, have fled from Jiminez.

The battle began at Escalon. The Federals who gave up the task of trying to take Jiminez were under Gen. Trucy Aubert. The thirty miles of territory through which the Federals fought are now occupied by the rebels.

Gen. Emilio P. Campa with 600 men started by rail to-day to occupy Parral. The defeated Government troops are believed to be reconcentrating at Torreon. Parral at the outbreak of the revolution was occupied by Gen. José de la Luz Soto and 200 rurales.

A fortnight ago Soto informed Gen. Pascual Orozco that he would join the liberal army. Later he changed front, deciding to remain with the Government. He is reported to have left Parral with some of his followers. Gen. Orozco believes that the garrison remains true to the liberal cause, but has instructed Gen. Campa to proceed cautiously until certain that he would not be ambushed.

The main force of Federals was defeated at Corralitos on Monday. In a spasmodic fight beginning in the morning and terminating at dark a column of Federals sent against the rebel base at Jiminez was defeated in a fight three miles outside the city limits.

The repulsed Government column was a detachment sent out in an endeavor to outflank the insurrectos and take the base at this city. The rebels were fully aware of the movement, and, without an enemy in front, formed in force here and drove back the advancing Maderistas.

Rebel operations were directed in person by Gen. Pascual Orozco, the insurgent commander in chief.

MEXICO CITY, March 27.—Reinforcements under Gen. Tellez left Torreon to-day to support Gen. Trucy Aubert and Pancho Villa, who are opposing the revolutionists near Jiminez.

Reports of a Federal defeat at Jiminez are untrue. On the contrary, up to 12 o'clock last night the troops of Gen. Aubert were fighting valiantly against the forces of Orozco and up to telegraphing no news had been received that the Federals had been defeated. In fact the victory appears to be with the Federals. The above is the substance of a statement issued by President Madero to-day.

News from other sources does not appear to bear out this official statement. Telegrams reaching the capital from official and private sources indicate beyond doubt that the last of the Federal forces recently operating about Jiminez have retired to the vicinity of Torreon. Behind the last train carrying the troops of Gen. Trucy Aubert the railroad was destroyed to prevent pursuit. One hundred carloads of Federals arrived in Torreon to-day and eight cars occupied almost entirely by wounded officers and men left there for Mexico City. An unconfirmed report is to the effect that Generals Trucy Aubert and Tellez have been wounded.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Owing to the failure of the Mexican Government to adjudicate the claims of American citizens killed or wounded on United States territory by bullets fired across the international boundary line in the recent Madero revolution, a series of conferences will be held between Huntington Wilson, acting Secretary of State, and Texas representatives in Congress, to determine on a course of action.

Chairman Sulzer said House Foreign Affairs Committee would act upon the matter at its regular meeting next Wednesday.

Representatives of railway conductors, engineers, brakemen and firemen from all over the United States will come to Washington April 3 to protest to the State Department against the Government's policy "in allowing present conditions to exist in Mexico." There will be 200 in the delegation, according to H. O. Teat, Chairman of the board of directors of the Brotherhood of Locomotive, Firemen and Enginemen, who says the lives of his fellow workmen are daily endangered on the Mexican border and along the big Mexican railroads.

GIFT FOR MUSEUM OF SAFETY.

To Buy Sommerfield Models Illustrating Occupational Diseases' Effects.

The American Museum of Safety has just received a gift of $5,000, which will enable it to purchase the famous Sommerfield collection of wax models, illustrating occupational diseases and industrial poisons, now in the Berlin Museum of Safety. Dr. Sommerfield is one of the great European authorities in this line, and investigators from all over Europe go to Berlin to study this collection.

Dr. Sommerfield is so greatly interested in the work of the American Museum of Safety that he is making a number of new models in addition to the original collection, which will be seen for the first time when the whole collection is installed in the American Museum, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, in the Autumn.

PENROSE STANDS BY TAFT.

Denies Pennsylvania Will Turn to a Compromise Candidate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Senator Penrose denied to-day that the Pennsylvania delegates would be shifted from Taft to a compromise candidate, as reported. He declared that President Taft was the choice of the Republicans and if he cannot be elected President the Republicans cannot elect anybody.

The story that Senator Penrose would turn from Mr. Taft in the convention originated from the fact that several Penrose delegates, notably Connell in Scranton, and another organization follower in Clearfield County, had declared themselves favorable to Justice Hughes.

Senator Penrose declared that Col. Roosevelt could not bolt the convention, and predicted that Taft would be nominated by such an overwhelming vote as to make the formation of a third party ineffective.

"The Roosevelt men have nothing upon which to base a bolt," he said. "Roosevelt's candidacy rests solely upon the assumption that there is an overwhelming demand for him as a candidate among the Republicans of the country. President Taft's vote in the convention will be so large as definitely to refute this allegation and demonstrate beyond all question that Taft is the Republican choice for President.

"News from various sections of Pennsylvania convinces me that our primaries on April 13 will return the same verdict as rendered by New York, and that Taft will sweep the State."

FOR RECIPROCITY REPEAL.

Republicans in Senate Want to Wipe Out Unaccepted Canadian Agreement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Repeal of the reciprocity agreement with Canada was favorably acted upon to-day by the Finance Committee, which reported the Heyburn bill, amended by Senator McCumber. The bill repeals the entire agreement, which was not accepted by Canada, except the second section, which admits wood pulp free of duty.

This action was taken at the behest of Republican Senators of the Northwest who opposed the bill in the last session. They declared that its removal from the statute books would have a good effect among the Republican farmers and would go a great way in strengthening the party in States bordering on Canada.

While it is likely that the Senate will repeal the agreement, it is doubtful whether the Democratic House will fall in with the Republican plan and concur.

Senator Penrose in explaining the reason for the repeal of the reciprocity agreement said:

"Part of the so-called Canadian reciprocity agreement stands on the statute books without any purpose because Canada refused to enact similar legislation. Consequently it is thought that the United States ought not to be in a position of still holding the door open for Canada to take advantage of the opportunity should the people there change their minds on the subject. It is argued that in a few years conditions might change and a different reciprocity agreement might be proper. Hence the action of the committee in reporting favorably the Heyburn bill repealing this law."

FIFTH AV. HOME FOR BISHOP.

Dr. Greer to Have Residence at the Corner of Tenth Street.

The Episcopal Fund of the Diocese of New York has leased from Herman Ellis the dwelling at the southeast corner of Tenth Street and Fifth Avenue as a residence for Bishop Greer. It is a four-story structure on a lot 26.6 by 100, owned by Amos F. Eno.

The Bishop's residence in Gramercy Park was recently sold. A dwelling will eventually be built for the Bishop in the Cathedral grounds on Morningside Heights.

FRED BELASCO BADLY HURT.

Coast Manager's Clothing Set Afire by Matches and Potash.

Fred Belasco, the Pacific Coast theatrical manager, David Belasco's brother, is ill at his apartment in the Hotel Astor, suffering from severe burns caused by a peculiar accident last week. Mr. Belasco, who has been in New York for several weeks visiting his brother and looking over the season's plays, went to a railroad ticket office last Saturday to arrange for tickets to California. In his trousers pocket he had a small box of safety matches and some loose chloride of potash tablets that he was using for a sore throat. So far as he can determine, the match box became open and the match heads, by friction with the chloride of potash, were ignited.

Mr. Belasco said last night that the first he noticed was a feeling of warmth and then he discovered his trousers ablaze. He tried to beat out the flames, and called for help. Although there were about fifty people watching him—it happened on Broadway near Thirty-third Street—no one came to his aid. He was able to call a taxi, however, and was taken to the Belasco Theatre and thence to the Hotel Astor. Dr. C. Perley Gray, of 77 West 50th Street, was called.

Two fingers of the right hand were burned almost to the bone, and both legs were badly burned, some of the wounds extending half an inch into the flesh. Phosphorus burns, the physician explained, are extremely painful and slow to heal, but he expects Mr. Belasco will be able to start back home in about two weeks. His condition last night was good, and there is little danger of complications.

Fred Belasco is quite as well known on the Coast as his brother David is in the East. He controls theatres in Los Angeles, where he makes his home; in San Francisco, and in other California cities. He is a "stock producer," depending upon his stock companies, who present Eastern successes and new plays as well.

SCHIFF APPEARS BEFORE GRAND JURY

Banker Denies That He Conspired to Have Brandt Sent to Prison.

HE FIRST WAIVES IMMUNITY

Investigation of the Case Practically at an End and No Indictments Will Be Returned.

Mortimer L. Schiff, the former employer of Foulke E. Brandt, who was sentenced to thirty years in prison for breaking into Mr. Schiff's home and robbing and assaulting his employer, appeared before the Grand Jury yesterday at the desire of that body, and for more than two hours and a half replied to questions.

Mr. Schiff had been trying for a month to tell his story before the Grand Jury. He wrote letters both to District Attorney Whitman and the foreman of the Grand Jury asking for the privilege of testifying so that he might offset the testimony of others whom the Grand Jury had allowed to come before it. Judge Crain, who was consulted by the Grand Jury, held that it was not legally possible for Mr. Schiff to appear and testify without becoming immune from prosecution. Judge Crain added, however, that the Grand Jury was not bound by his opinion.

Mr. Schiff was accompanied to the Criminal Court Building by his counsel, Paul D. Cravath. Mr. Cravath waited for him in an ante-room, but after an hour got tired of it and departed.

In accordance with Judge Crain's opinion Mr. Schiff was not subpoenaed. Before being sworn, moreover, he formally waived immunity from any future prosecution, and his expressed willingness to be sworn as a witness was made a part of the record. Then Mr. Whitman and the jurors began to cross-examine him.

Mr. Schiff, it is understood, consistently stood by his story of the Brandt case as told in THE TIMES of Feb. 27. He denied that he had in any way conspired to send Brandt to prison or that there was any motive behind his desire to have Brandt sent to prison beyond protecting the community from a dangerous criminal. He said that everything he did was done with the full consent and advice of his counsel.

Mr. Whitman left the jury room after Mr. Schiff's long examination was concluded, and it was believed that the Grand Jury would immediately proceed to vote "no indictments." From the corridors, however, could be heard loud wrangling. This lasted for almost an hour. It was said to have concerned the question of calling Howard S. Gans, who was Mr. Schiff's counsel in 1907. When Mr. Whitman was called into the Grand Jury room he was told, much to his own surprise, it is understood, that the Grand Jury had adjourned until 2 P. M. to-day.

To-day's session, therefore, is expected to put an end to the extended investigation of the Brandt case. Mr. Gans, it is believed, will not be called to testify, and no indictments will be handed down. When Mr. Whitman was asked whether there would be even so much as a presentment he said he did not know. In case no indictments are handed down it is far from likely that another investigation will be made in the case. Mr. Whitman, it is said, is fatigued with the long-continued investigation. He offered to call Judge Rosalsky, it is understood, but the Grand Jury decided that that body had as much evidence before it as was required.

The evidence, it is understood, leaves no room for indictments, and the delay has been occasioned entirely by discussion as to whether Mr. Gans should be allowed to testify. If he is called, it is said, he will be the last witness.

REBUKES NOISY BOX PARTY.

Henry Miller Tells Disturbers There Is a Night School Near By.

Henry Miller, disturbed by a noisy box party at the Liberty Theatre Tuesday night, took matters into his own hands and brought about silence and the applause of the rest of the audience. The party, of well dressed men and women, arrived nearly at the end of the first act of "The Rainbow," and took seats in a stage box. A conversation they were having in the lobby was carried down the aisle and into the box and continued there, disturbing all of the audience in that vicinity.

Mr. Miller stood it for several minutes, and then, stopping the action of the play, he stepped down to the footlights and suavely told the people in the box that there was a night school for children around the corner and suggested that they had mistaken the place. After the audience got through applauding and the play was started again members of the box party did not even let a programme rustle.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The one hundredth performance of Marion Fairfax's play, "The Talker," will be given at the Fulton Theatre next Tuesday night.

Contracts were signed yesterday by Klaw & Erlanger and Macl'yn Arbuckle whereby Mr. Arbuckle will resume his original role of Slim Hoover in "The Round Up" next season. Mr. Arbuckle has been in vaudeville this year.

Gertrude Vanderbilt, the dancer, who has been appearing at the Palace Theatre, London, will sail for New York on the Baltic to-day to begin rehearsals with F. Ziegfeld, Jr.'s, "A Winsome Widow" company, which is to open the Moulin Rouge.

When "Naughty Marietta" opens at the West End Theatre next Monday night the leading tenor role of Captain Dick will be sung by Thornton D. Urquart, whom Arthur Hammerstein discovered as a choir singer. Mr. Urquart will have the role originated by Orville Harrold, who has been with Oscar Hammerstein's London opera company this season.

Eddie Foy and his company will give a professional matinee of "Over the River" at the Globe Theatre this afternoon. John L. Golden and George V. Hobart, composer and librettist of the piece, will hold a reception in the lobby before the play begins, and several prominent members of the Lambs' Club will take part in the cabaret scene in the first act.

Charles Hawtrey, who is to sail from England Saturday to play a special engagement here in "Dear Old Charlie," will bring with him the company and production from the Prince of Wales Theatre. The company will include Eric Lewis, E. Holman Clark, Charles B. Vaughan, Arthur Grenville, Mabel Young, Mona Harrison, Enid Leslie, and Master Dunstone.

Lewis Waller announced yesterday that he had arranged to send out three companies in "A Butterfly on the Wheel" next season, all of them to be composed entirely of English actors. Ellie Norwood is now playing the role of the prosecuting attorney in the company at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre.

L. S. Sire will produce a new play, "The Law and the Lawless," by George Bronson Howard, at Poughkeepsie on Easter Monday, April 8. The leading role will be taken by Hassard Short.

Lillian Lorraine, who says she was married Monday to Frederick Gresheimer, has left the cast of "Over the River" at the Globe Theatre. She did not appear at either performance yesterday, and her role, that of Myrtle Mirabeau, was taken by Mae Busch, whose name is now on the programme.

Three hundred members of the Century Theatre Club attended the matinee performance of "The Bird of Paradise" at Maxine Elliott's Theatre yesterday. At the club's meeting next Tuesday several of the principal members of the company will be the guests of honor.

Everything for wardrobe or home dyed or cleaned.

Carpets Dyed.

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Draperies dyed to match wall paper or trim.

IN AID OF IMMIGRANTS.

Distribution League to Help Them Settle Away from Cities.

The newly formed American Immigration and Distribution League will hold its first convention on April 3 at the Hotel Manhattan. Former Congressman William S. Bennet will preside. There are now nearly 400 members, including United States Senators, Congressmen, nine Governors, and twenty Mayors. Oscar S. Straus explained the purpose of the convention yesterday:

"This convention, I believe, will mark a big step toward the ultimate solution of America's greatest problem, the welfare of the immigrant and his evolution into an American citizen," he said. "We desire to give the immigrant an opportunity to settle advantageously away from the big cities, where he will at once become a consumer of the products of the factories and shops of the cities instead of a competitor in their already overcrowded ranks. This will result in an increased demand for the products of the industries of the great cities, and, with less competition among wage earners, higher salaries will follow; while distribution of immigrants among States which are comparatively undeveloped will be of inestimable benefit."

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LINEN DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS	EACH,	$1.85, 2.25 & 2.85
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HEMSTITCHED LINEN PILLOW CASES	PER PAIR,	$1.15 & 1.30
HEMMED TURKISH BATH TOWELS	PER DOZEN,	$3.00 & 3.75

THE COMPLETE STOCKS OF PLAIN AND DECORATIVE LINENS, BLANKETS, COMFORTABLES, ETC. ARE READY FOR SPRING AND SUMMER USE. HOTELS, CLUBS AND YACHTS SUPPLIED.

NAMES AND CRESTS WOVEN TO ORDER.

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Extraordinary Values in
BOYS' CLOTHES

Boys' Norfolk and Double-Breasted Suits with Extra Knickerbockers. Newest Models, Fabrics and Colorings.
8 to 18 Years. Value 10.00
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6.75

Boys' Washable Russian and Sailor Blouse Suits in colors, trimmed in special designs
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Boys' Blouses, 7 to 16; value 75c. Special **45c**

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20	" "	" "	1000

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The radiators, paints, hardware; the stoves and refrigerators; the floorings, sheathings, roofings; the furniture, rugs and decorations; the piano and bookcases; the bedding, soap, toothbrushes and towels, were bought by the same reader who saw the plans.

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The quantity of the quality of The Ladies' Home Journal makes it incomparable.

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The Curtis Publishing Company

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Afternoons next April 1st & 2d at 2:30,

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CHURCHILL IN LIVELY TILT

Board of Education Postpones Action on Corporation Counsel's Opinion —Transfers and Appointments.

With only five of its forty-six members absent the Board of Education had a lively session yesterday afternoon, with the so-called progressive element in the body much in evidence. The longest and most animated discussion was over the reading of an opinion from Corporation Counsel Watson as to the standing of teachers holding License No. 1, Grade A, and License No. 2, Grade B. His opinion was to the effect that without further examination the holders of such licenses were entitled to teach in the seventh and eighth grades. Commissioner Thomas W. Churchill, on whose original motion the opinion of the Corporation Counsel was asked, moved that City Superintendent Maxwell be governed in the future by this opinion and that he should place all the teachers holding these licenses on the eligible list.

After Commissioner Abraham Stern asked what list Mr. Churchill referred to Commissioner Isidore M. Levy declared that as the matter was so important, it deserved fuller examination, and he moved that it be referred to the Committee on By-laws and Legislation.

Mr. Churchill protested and ex-Controller Herman A. Metz warmly supported him. Arthur S. Somers said that he knew by experience that the Corporation Counsel's opinion was not always good law. The members of the board, he said, did not understand the present opinion, and it was only right that they get a chance to read it carefully.

"There is no good reason for postponing action," said Mr. Churchill. "As a lawyer I protest against delay that would enable the city superintendent to demote those teachers in whose interests his opinion reads."

"I am certain," declared Mr. Levy in reply, "that after this discussion Mr. Maxwell would not take any such advantage of the delay."

Mr. Somers then announced that he didn't care about sending the matter to the Committee on By-laws and Legislation, but that he and other members wanted to read the opinion before voting on it. He asked that it go over until the next meeting of the board.

"Then I withdraw my resolution," said Mr. Churchill.

Action Postponed.

After further discussion the board voted to postpone action on the matter until its next meeting, the City Superintendent in the meantime being requested not to demote any teacher whose standing is affected by the Corporation Counsel's opinion.

Another important motion was made by Abraham Stern, calling for the appointment by President Winthrop of a special committee of eight, four from the Committee on Elementary Schools and four from the High Schools Committee, to investigate the oral and written examinations of candidates by the Board of Examiners, the methods pursued in the much discussed system of "superior merit" of high school teachers, and other questions, and to report their findings and views to the Board of Education. This motion was seconded by Mr. Churchill and was adopted. Dr. Maxwell is Chairman of the Board of Examiners.

A radical measure advocated by Richard B. Aldcrofft, Jr., to have the charter amended so as to organize a new Board of Education of fifteen instead of forty-six members was promptly tabled amid laughter, on motion of Gen. George W. Wingate.

The Committee on Special Schools reported in favor of Dr. Maxwell's recommendation in his thirteenth annual report that legislation be sought to enable the Board of Education to charge a small admission fee to evening schools, returnable to the student in case of regular attendance. Dr. Maxwell's recommendation that the enforcement of the compulsory education law be transferred from the Board of Superintendents to the Permanent Census Board was disapproved. Instead it was declared that the Permanent Census Board should be placed under the jurisdiction of the Board of Education.

Retirements Announced.

Agnes M. Dunne, Principal of Public School 165, Manhattan, who was appointed a teacher May, 1875, and who has served 37 years and 4 months, was retired. There were twenty-three other teachers retired, including one man, as follows, all of the retirements to take effect Sept. 1:

MANHATTAN.

School.	Yrs.		School.	Yrs.
E. Birdsall....	49	34	J. C. Miller... ..	22
Sarah Breese..	53	39	(Spl. Tr. Sew.)	
K. A. Byrne..	73	29	I. L. Orton.....171	31
Annie I. Fitzgimons 159		34	Emma Paul....71	41
J.B. Goetschius	28	31	E. C. Slowey.119	36
T. J. Gorenflo.	64	39	F.A.Tagliabue. 70	33

THE BRONX.

H. E. Davidson	23	32

BROOKLYN.

M.A.Balmanno	8	32	Mrs. A.E.Pine	8 34
L. A. Brainerd	36	37	M. A. Teevan.	11 46
K. D. Gilbert.	109	34	M. L.Tompkins	18 42
M.E.Holberton	12	45	A. M. Treacy.	146 41
S. V. Moran..	103	22	Mrs. I. A. Van	
V. H. Parrott.	36	37	Cauteren	59 31

Teachers Transferred.

The following transfers of teachers were made:

MANHATTAN.

	School.—From.	To.		School.—From.	To.
Grace Orton..	171	6	M. C. McGann	51	78
K. L. Bower..	30	86	M. M. Owens..	100	86
T. G. Keenan..	108	88	A. S. Browne.	100	86
M. B. Kinkeldey	147	124	R.M. McQuade.	100	86
L. H. Burns...	7	13	E. A. Mesrop..	100	89
Juliet Beppler.	7	62	M. A. Fitzpatrick	138	89
J. Plunkett...	7	62	R. Felber	35	66
M. A. Shields.	7	62	G. E. McGuire.	25	96
F. Cafferata..	7	62	L. W. Hoelz..	130	101
C. Fendrich...	192	23	M. L. Toy....	74	101
J. E. Hewitt..	7	62	L. M. Bayon..	35	100
H. Kenwit....	7	62	P. B. Boyden..	7	114
Mark Barth..	7	62	H. J. Wetherbee	62	137
George Levy..	1	67	A. Schumann..	62	137
A. Pollachek..	7	114	L. Housman..	62	137
Max Richter..	7	147	A. F. Kaplan.	62	137
B. Rose	118	20	M. Wolfskehl.	137	7
H. Brown	40	7	C Clark	137	7
C. A. Reilly..	137	7	F. Abramowitz	62	137
M. T. Driscoll.	137	7	E. R. Hochenberg	62	137
E. B. Taylor..	137	7	C. T. Green..	62	137
N. C. O'Brien.	137	7	M. McAdams..	62	137
H. O. Rosenberg	137	7	C. Kozlik.....	62	137
M. A. Sweeney.	137	7	A. A. Roe....	62	137
Ella E. Reilly.	137	7	L. McIlvaine..	62	137
M. A. Piquion.	137	7	A. L. Kupec..	62	137
C. F. Barnes..	137	7	Amy Marxsohn	48	141
J. R. Dutton..	137	7	M. M. Hillier.	85	150
Florence Levy.	75	13	B. G. Petrlo..	20	160
C. Ornstein...	105	23	V. O'Hanlon..	11	170
L. English	34	30	H. Lambert...	93	152
S. A. Wein.....	65	51	L. Werthelmer.	3	106

THE BRONX.

M. H. Gunn..	78	11	M. F. Corrado	74	40
I. M. Jennings	5	26	T. I. Masterson	30	32
J. Schulich....	37	27	M. S. Archer.	62	99
M. Standish...	14	30			

BROOKLYN.

I. M. McElhinney	4	13	M. Schradieck.	84	109
L. E. Stone...	8	69	M. Newton...	147	110
K. M. A. Keyes	24	95	M. M. Graham.	115	114
H. G. Henry..	84	133	J. M. Robbins.	84	119
C. V. Evers...	58	156	A. M. Loughran	75	123
M. Flaum	64	84	E. E. Flynn..	146	128
F. K. Zametkin	44	84	M. H. McCarren	15	134
M. C. Caton...	94	2	F. W. Cuningham ...	167	142
A. L. Campbell.	157	12	E. McHenry..	35	148
C. N. Unger..	80	13	S. E. Newman	66	165
E. G. Tonry..	16	43	A. D. Sullivan.	66	165
Ida Rothstein..	149	84	C. Fleischauer	82	167
A. A. Willets.	84	89	M. Zinman...	26	144
M. U. McGowan	137	94	H. L. Seelman.	126	8
A. T. Davern..	65	109			

QUEENS.

M. H. Mirick.	86	17	A. A. Seaman.	39	62
M. M. Connor.	34	59	R. C. Johnson.	6	85
M. Wilson....	49	87			

RICHMOND.

J. M. West...	46	16

The following transfers of Principals were made:

J. T. Griffin..	7	114	E. C. Haviland	60	121
M. J. Tibbits.	137	7	H. V. R. Field	62	137

Two Principals Appointed.

Two Principals were appointed:

	Dist. Schl.	Dist. Schl.		
E. F. McSorley	14	58	M. B. Lewis..	22 192

The names of Vivian A. C. Henmon, Thomas W. Clark, Dennis R. O'Brien, and W. Allen Messler were passed over, but each has waived in writing his right to be considered for the vacancy for which nomination was made.

The following were appointed teachers of special branches:

Bertha M. Bridge.....Physical training
Nora P. Hennessy.....Sewing
Mabel B. Palmer.....Sewing
George F. Weeks.....Shopwork
William J. Harvey.....Shopwork

In the nominations of teachers of sewing the names of Anna M. Fleming and Mary Gran were passed over. Both declined in writing to be considered. Fanny Cafferata of Public School 7 was restored from Schedule B 1 to Schedule B 2.

The following were appointed high school assistants:

Washington Irving—Amanda Langdon and E. F. O'Neill, commercial branches; W. M. Pratt, drawing; I. P. Coffin, English; B. A. Hayner, physics; B. R. Stone, stenography and typewriting.

De Witt Clinton—A. S. Taylor, T. P. Smith, C. W. Raubicheck, and F. J. Keller, English; J. B. Zacharie and M. A. Carpentier, French; Henry Davidson and M. S. Donlon, German; B. B. Kendrick, history; A. Yokel, (junior,) Latin; N. P. Decker and H. Levene, (junior,) mathematics.

School of Commerce—H. Cohen, (junior,) and J. E. Hewitt, commercial branches; S. Langer and L. B. Cohn, English; H. J. Skipp, German; Gamble Hall, history; E. E. Pope, library assistant.

Stuyvesant—H. H. Goldberger and J. P. Marston, English; J. G. Cramer and G. J. Drandau, German; W. G. Hubert, mathematics.

Wadleigh—M. G. Potter, physical training.

Morris—May Brunkhurst, clerical assistant; B. Lipschutz, (junior,) commercial branches; F. Ernst, English; Max Schonberg, German; R. G. Hardy, (junior,) history; T. R. Rosenthal, (junior,) and J. Theobald, (junior assistant,) mathematics.

Bushwick—E. B. Connor, clerical assistant; C. W. Townsend and E. C. Houley, commercial branches; M. P. McDonald and J. M. Whittemore, English; Tessie Barrows, (junior,) and L. E. Staelin, (junior,) German; Bertha Cohen, (junior,) mathematics; L. Horowitz, stenography and tpyewriting.

Bay Ridge—L. Bruckman, biological science; M. A. Weeks, (junior,) elocution; Lena Mandel, (junior,) German.

Erasmus Hall—A. M. Townsend, Latin; J. Shimberg, (junior,) mathematics.

Manual Training—J. E. O'Donnell, English; C. C. Germann, physics; C. W. Gilson, woodturning and patternmaking.

Eastern District—H. J. Monteser, (junior,) German; R. Krellcostein, physical training.

Commercial—W. S. Hannan, physics.

Newtown—C. H. Larsh and L. Berry, commercial branches.

Far Rockaway—C. M. Chilcott, French.

Edith I. Smith, junior teacher of physical training in the Eastern District High School, was transferred to the Washington Irving High School.

Elementary School Teachers.

The following were appointed teachers in the elementary schools:

Manhattan.

School.
C. G. Ronzone..... 47

MEN.

School.		School.	
J. H. Tully.....	11	J. F. Harigan.....	40
I. Mason.....	19	A. W. Cunnington..	67
J. Shapiro.....	30	J. Jacobs.....	75
S. N. Kaplowitz...	30	H. C. Henry.....	83
J. C. Woersching...	30	I. A. Shapiro.....	83
M. Axel.....	34	I. Kaufman	98
J. F. Harrigan.....	40	D. Axelrod	109
C. A. Daly.....	43	H. M. Phoenix.....	147
H. Rosenberg.....	64	J. W. Doyle.....	160
A. Schwamenfeld ..	64		

WOMEN.

E. E. Faron.....	5	L. C. Coleman.....	84
E. Rapp	9	E. R. Walness.....	85
I. Horowitz	8	C. Banov	92
M. Baker	13	M. J. Curley.....	93
V. A. Leuthy.....	14	M. B. Heidenis.....	101
P. N. Ullman.....	14	R. Lebowitz	109
L. B. Appleton.....	19	K. V. Donovan.....	116
I. F. Ward.....	19	M. A. Hallinan..	117
J. Kann	21	F. Klein	119
I. Abraham	30	L. A. Shire.....	122
R. Ross	34	M. C. Holahan.....	130
E. Merson	36	E. David	131
B. Bleicher	51	F. M. Gelberg.....	147
D. Davenport	52	E. Sechel	158
M. Stoloff	64	S. Skimberg	135
R. Christie	70	M. B. Van Houten..	100
M. Greenbaum	74	H. Staub	170
L. Gigusin	75	F. Rymar	172
M. Herman	75	S. Weinberg	172
E. Saxe	78	F. Bobrow	172
H. Neulis	79	B. Tomnkins	173
A. Fischer	83	D. V. Connolly.....	177
C. C. Magnier.....	83	E. I. Maguire.....	186

The Bronx.

MEN.

R. M. Stern.....	1	S. A. Simkowitz....	40
D. Marks	9	L. Blumenfeld	40
T. T. Welss.....	3	W. R. Straehler....	42
B. D. Saxe.....	10	G. S. Kurke.....	43
E. M. Stanley.....	11	J. Perlman	43
I. Bludinger	28		

WOMEN.

L. M. Koch.....	3	H. Schreiber	20
A. A. Kuhn.....	4	A. Kalisch	25
S. E. Aiken.....	4	J. E. Bursch.....	32
F. Herman	4	E. Pieczonka	40
E. M. Hannan.....	5	C. O'Connor	40
L. W. Ballance....	9	M. A. Maloney.....	40
M. M. Magnus.....	9	S. Schofield	40
M. E. Steel.....	9	A. E. Amolsky.....	40
A. Doigen	10	E. A. Ahles.....	40
L. Horwitz	14	E. Ludewig	42
R. Lichterman	15	L. Fulle	42
J. W. A. Grant....	19	E. L. McGrury.....	43
G. I. Drusie.....	19	M. F. McKenna.....	44

Brooklyn.

MEN.

E. Sakol	6	C. J. Hausman.....	84
L. Levy	30	M. Judelsohn	92
J. Hemley	37	M. Katz	118
A. Smith	43	G. B. Petty.....	139
J. M. Levinger.....	55	J. A. Bishop.....	139
J. H. May.....	58	J. M. Goldieg.....	145
H. Lipsky	72	H. A. Convissar...	165
J. M. Wood, Jr.....	73		

WOMEN.

J. Weitzman	2	B. G. Bischoff.....	94
E. E. Dommer.....	16	M. Sluiter	94
M. I. Kip.....	16	A. C. Arbia.....	100
E. F. McCarthy.....	19	M. A. MacLean.....	105
B. B. Baldwin.....	23	M. T. McGovern...	105
L. Canfield	31	E. Schroeder	109
L. P. Zweifel.....	33	M. M. O'Brien.....	115
S. H. Lifshitz.....	34	E. L. Green.....	116
D. J. Wernig.....	38	A. V. Walsh.....	122
J. Nathans	43	G. A. Schiel.....	123
C. B. Franklin.....	49	C. A. Helngartner.	130
F. J. Smith.....	52	E. Raiben	144
L. Rabinowitz	53	E. W. Sherman.....	144
I. A. Nearn.....	53	M. W. Rippler.....	146
C. I. Crane.....	54	L. Rogers	146
F. B. Osterhout...	55	O. B. Johnson.....	146
E. H. Christianson.	58	M. A. Serramoglia..	147
M. A. Keenan.....	59	E. C. Hand.....	149
F. Cocheu	61	A. M. Lyons.....	154
J. B. Frossard.....	65	M. E. Amos.....	156
B. G. Allain.....	71	J. P. De Lancy.....	156
C. Levine	72	F. E. Mannion.....	156
J. F. Beaumel.....	72	M. J. Ryan.....	157
I. M. Kennedy.....	78	F. V. Bernstein....	157
L. K. Shea.....	80	C. Rosenthal	158
A. Lamberty	82	A. A. McHugh.....	158
M. Kramer	84	L. Dubin	158
G. M. Donohue.....	86	G. C. Farrell.....	159
F. J. Bahn.....	89	G. F. Tyler.....	160
C. M. Byrne.....	92	T. L. McKenna.....	160
H. T. Simpson.....	94	J. I. Weiner.....	165
I. W. Solomons.....	94	H. D. Beckford.....	24

Queens.

MEN.

R. F. Pratt.....	16	R. MacK. Hartill..	71
G. W. Edwards.....	37	W. P. Conley.....	79
J. R. Stevenson.....	77	C. Leimbach	86

WOMEN.

E. E. Cole.....	3	V. A. Plumeau.....	53
F. Cummings	4	G. V. Dunn.....	56
E. C. McCarthy.....	9	B. Cohen	58
M. Stearns	9	E. Berwald	59
M. G. O'Connor....	15	M. A. McHenry....	62
R. Morrison	15	G. A. Stubberfield.	67
E. G. Drummond..	15	H. A. Carroll.....	74
A. R. Lauria.....	16	S. Krassner	75
C. I. Hagan.....	16	A. E. Johanson.....	75
B. Alexander	17	H. Wolff	75
M. E. Watts.....	20	R. C. Brummer.....	75
G. J. Helbling.....	34	M. G. Schaff.....	78
R. A. Dubocz.....	34	I. Cowan	78
M. Cracovean	34	E. McDermott	78
M. Utley	45	A. Schramm	80
M. D. Wright.....	45	R. E. Davis.....	80
A. L. Wood.....	45	M. M. Meyerhoff...	81
E. Conolly	45	F. W. Smith.....	86
H. L. Nichols.....	50	C. M. Clerke.....	86
E. M. Harrison.....	50	M. L. D. Kerwin...	71
M. A. McLaughlin..	50		

Richmond.

WOMEN.

M. P. Beyer.....	3	F. E. Pelletier.....	16
E. Jackson	13	E Lutz	12

John Muir Found Arawcaria Tree.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday on the Hamburg-American liner Kaiserin Auguste Victoria from Naples was John Muir, the discoverer of the famous glacier in Alaska which bears his name. Mr. Muir said that he had searched in vain through Europe for the arawcaria tree, which is of great value from a medical point of view, but had found it both in South America and South Africa.

Withdraw Charge Against Denzer.

Norman Denzer, a real estate operator of 600 West 163d Street, was discharged in the Harlem Police Court yesterday, when the janitor of the apartment house in which he lives retracted the charge made against Mr. Denzer on Tuesday that he had threatened him and other employes of the house with a revolver.

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When buying SILVER POLISH to see that the full name

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Sold by Grocers and Druggists.

COURT DECREE SAVES $6,000,000 FOR HIM

Hooper Gets the Verdict in the Long Contest Over the Encyclopaedia Britannica.

GREAT ARRAY OF LAWYERS

Justice Bischoff Invalidates a Stock Sale Contract Made Verbally and by Cable.

Supreme Court Justice Bischoff handed down his decision yesterday in the suit over the contract for a former edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica, which involved $6,000,000 and had enlisted a notable array of lawyers, among them ex-Ambassador Joseph H. Choate, Senator James A. O'Gorman, Joseph H. Choate, Jr., Louis Marshall, Samuel Untermyer, and Sherman L. Whipple. The case was tried in January.

The suit was brought by William M. Jackson against Horace E. Hooper for the fulfillment of an alleged contract, made partially by cables and in part verbally, whereby Jackson was to receive half the profits in the sale of the eleventh edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica.

Justice Bischoff decided that the contract was not valid since the "agreement of minds" was not clearly set forth in the conversations and cable messages which were sworn to. He therefore ordered the suit dismissed.

Mr. Untermyer and Mr. Marshall were the attorneys for the victorious side.

Jackson and Hooper together owned the two companies that controlled the Encyclopaedia Britannica here and abroad. Mr. Jackson contended that Mr. Hooper had offered in writing to sell him his interest in the companies for $750,000 and that he had accepted this offer. Mr. Hooper said that the offer had been sent to his attorneys here coupled with a condition that it was only to be delivered if accompanied by a letter stating that the offer would not be binding until followed by a contract containing the details of the sale.

The paper was delivered without such a letter, but the attorneys who delivered it said they had stated verbally to Mr. Jackson that the paper, although signed by Mr. Hooper, must be followed by a formal contract containing details before the transaction would be binding. This was denied by Mr. Jackson and his counsel.

Mr. Jackson accepted the offer in writing, but did not bring suit to compel the performance of the contract until more than a year later. Meantime the eleventh edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica was completed. A large sum of money was spent in advertising it, and it was issued and proved a great success, so that the interest of Mr. Hooper, which he had offered to sell for $750,000, became worth approximately $6,000,000. Then Mr. Jackson began suit, asserting that he was entitled to Hooper's share in the enterprise.

Justice Bischoff held that the offfer signed by Hooper was not binding for the reason that it clearly contemplated that it was to be followed by a more formal agreement containing many details that were omitted from the offfer as prepared by Mr. Hooper himself.

The offer, among other things, provided that 51 per cent. of the stock of both companies was to be put in the hands of a trustee for the benefit of the seller until the entire purchase price was paid. The court held that the contract was defective because of its indefiniteness.

SEEK LATER SMITH WILL.

Guardian for Daughter Who Was Disinherited Asks for Information.

Surrogate Ketchum of Kings County appointed Robert J. Mahon, a lawyer, yesterday to act as special guardian of Elsie Wickham Smith, 20 years old, a student in Wellesley, Mass. Following the appointment, the advertisement below appeared in the Brooklyn papers:

W. Wickham Smith.—Elsie W. Smith, eldest daughter of W. Wickham Smith, deceased, late of 1,152 Dean Street, Brooklyn, requests safe deposit companies or any person having any information concerning any will of said deceased made subsequent to Feb. 19, 1910, to communicate with the undersigned, as the will filed by her stepmother practically disinherits said eldest daughter. Robert J. Mahon, Attorney, Tribune Building, New York City.

W. Wickham Smith, who was a prominent resident of Brooklyn, made the will cited in the advertisement while aboard ship on a tour in search of health in company with his wife. His entire estate, amounting to about $500,000, was bequeathed to his second wife, while only an annuity of $1,500 was left to his only daughter by his first wife. He died at his home, 1,152 Dean Street, Brooklyn, on Feb. 27, in his fifty-third year. It is further stipulated in the will that the daughter in case of marriage is to receive $10,000, but that the annuity of $1,500 is to cease.

STEPHENSON KEEPS SEAT.

Senate Votes 40 to 34 in His Favor—Lorimer to Stay.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The Senate late this afternoon by a vote of 40 to 34 declared Isaac Stephenson entitled to his seat as Senator from Wisconsin. The resolution of exoneration set forth that the charges of corruption which date back to the primary election in Wisconsin in 1906, were unfounded, and that there was nothing to prove that his expenditure of $107,000 in the primaries was for purpose of fraud.

The vote to-day showed no changes from the vote of yesterday on a substitute resolution declaring Mr. Stephenson's seat vacant. Twenty-eight Republicans and 12 Democrats voted for his acquittal, and 15 Republicans and 19 Democrats voted for his expulsion.

Just before voting began Mr. Stephenson's colleague and bitter enemy, Senator La Follette, strode into the chamber. It was his first appearance on the floor since his collapse in Philadelphia and many Senators surrounded him with greetings. When the roll was called he voted against his colleague and Mr. Stephenson, who had evidently expected the vote, turned to Senator Bradley beside him and whispered something with a nervous laugh.

When Mr. Lorimer, of Illinois, who is himself under charges, cast his vote to exonerate the Senator from Wisconsin the galleries laughed out loud and Mr. Stephenson's flush took on a deeper hue.

An effort will be made in the committee investigating charges of corruption against Senator Lorimer to reach a vote to-morrow on his rights to his seat.

ALLENS NEAR CAPTURE.

Posses Draw Closer and Battle Is Expected To-day.

HILLSVILLE, Va., March 27.—Posses are moving upon the Allen outlaws from two sides to-night and a fight is expected within the next twenty-four hours. Fifty horsemen, who to-night slowly encircled the strongholds up in the Blue Ridge Mountains, where the remainder of the Allen gang is believed to be hiding, left their mounts in the thicket and worked single file to points of vantage from which they expect to charge upon the outlaws at daybreak.

Sheriff Haynes, of Surrey County, N. C., with a volunteer posse of fifty also is waiting to move from Mount Airy. The posses have taken equipment to remain in the mountains until they take the outlaws or are assured of their escape from this section.

The special Grand Jury impaneled to consider the court house assassinations to-day returned eight new indictments against members of the Allen clan, charging murder and conspiracy to kill. Those indicted were Sidna, Floyd, Victor, Claude and Friel Allen; Byrd Marion, Sidna Edwards and Wesley Edwards. Of these Floyd Allen, Sidna Edwards, Victor Allen and Byrd Marion are in custody.

MRS. VANDERBILT'S ESTATE.

Property of William H. Vanderbilt's Widow Is Appraised at $625,478.

Maria Louisa Vanderbilt, who died Nov. 6, 1896, left an estate valued at $625,478.81, all in personalty, according to an appraisal filed yesterday in the transfer office by Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser. This was a supplementary report on the fact that Clinton Brown Kissam, a grandnephew, who was to receive a legacy upon coming of age, died in childhood, and the taxable amount of his share is now appraised at $15,261.25.

The estate is divided between Mrs. Vanderbilt's eight children, George Vanderbilt, Cornelius Vanderbilt, William K. Vanderbilt, Margaret L. Shepard, Emily T. Sloane, Florence A. Twombly, Eliza O. Webb, and Frederick W. Vanderbilt. She left securities which include 1,000 shares of New York Central, 1,500 shares of Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg, and 220 West Shore Railroad bonds.

FATHER VAUGHAN'S LECTURE.

"Joan of Arc" Will Be His Theme—Marconi to be Chairman.

Guglielmo Marconi, the wireless inventor, will be the Chairman at Father Vaughan's lecture on "Joan of Arc," which will be given at the Waldorf Astoria on the evening of April 1. Mr. Marconi is interested in the Catholic charities for the benefit of which Father Vaughan will lecture.

Assisting Cardinal Farley, under whose auspices the lecture has been arranged, will be these patronesses: Mrs. Henry W. Taft, the Countess Leary, Mrs. Mason Renshaw Jones, Mrs. G. Stanton Floyd-Jones, Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien, Mrs. W. J. Sheehan, Mrs. Herbert Robbins, Mrs. Lewis B. Gawtry, Mrs. De Lancey Kane, Mrs. N. F. Brady, Mrs. Charles Welch, Mrs. James Wallace, Miss Elizabeth Marbury, Mrs. George B. Cortelyou and Mrs. M. J. Keogh.

Old and New Types of Nile Boats.

Four thousand years is the difference between the ages of two models of boats from the River Nile now attracting the attention of curious passersby in the windows of Cook's office, at Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street. One model, taken from a tomb in Upper Egypt, is at least 4,000 years old. The other is that of the new Arabia, one of the modern luxurious passenger steamers now used on the Nile in the Cook fleet.

MURPHY TO SUPPORT GAYNOR

Mayor Will Have Tammany's Backing at the National Convention.

Mayor Gaynor is to have the support of the Tammany delegation at the Democratic National Convention at Baltimore in June. An individual who has the confidence of Charles F. Murphy was told by Mr. Murphy yesterday that the Tammany delegation would vote for the Mayor on the first ballot and stick to him as long as it was possible.

Mr. Murphy, it was said, had made up his mind that the Democrats would have the best chance of winning with the Mayor as the Presidential candidate. If no other State will follow Murphy's lead he will throw the support of the New York delegation to Gov. Wilson.

The Mayor is said to have been informed of Mr. Murphy's intention some time ago and to have expressed himself as being in entire sympathy with it.

Richard F. Croker, formed leader of Tammany Hall, arrived in the city yesterday by boat from Florida and is at the Democratic Club.

SWINDLED, SHE ENDS LIFE.

Mrs. Kohnert Commits Suicide After Being Tricked Out of $4,500.

Mrs. Fannie Kohnert, who was swindled out of $4,500 by a man whom the police expect to arrest when the Steamship Rotterdam arrives in Europe on her present trip, leaped from a third-story window of a hotel in Hoboken early yesterday morning and died in St. Mary's Hospital in that city last night.

Despondency over the loss of her money and the fact that she had been deserted by the man is supposed to have unbalanced her mind. She had been staying at the Central Hotel in River Street, Hoboken.

Herman Kohnert, the woman's husband, kept a grocery store in Long Island City for some years. He sold out his business a year ago and they went to Germany for a visit. While there, Kohnert died. Heinrich Wartman became attentive to the widow and they came to this country, the young man agreeing to marry her on their arrival. When they landed in Hoboken a week ago last Sunday the young man had $4,500 belonging to her and she had only $25 in her possession. He disappeared, taking all the baggage.

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For Women

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Made from softest, most flexible leathers; medium and light soles, with regular heel, or Coward Extension Heel, which supports ankle and arch.

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Which Wins?

In the long run the walker wins. The more you walk the better for you—only, put on

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of New Live Rubber

—rubber with the spring in it, and walking will become a delight and a benefit.

Say "O'Sullivan's" to your shoemaker.

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Grape-Nuts
FOR THOSE WHO LIVE BY BRAIN WORK.

JOSH DEVORE DAY AT HIS HOME TOWN

Meridian, Miss., Folk Turn Out to See Its Greatest Citizen Play with Giants.

Special to The New York Times.

MERIDIAN, Miss., March 27.—Having beaten the local Cotton States Leaguers 8 to 1 in one game, the Giants, as a special favor to the fans, the management announced, hooked up with them in another, this one limited to five innings. The fans appreciated it all, but did not quite grasp the idea that actuated McGraw. It was one of the best baseball days the Giants have encountered this Spring, and McGraw put on the year's first double-header rather than lose the chance for good practice. Again to-day the little manager issued special orders. The team has run into a stretch of unexpectedly pleasant weather, and rather than lose an opportunity to make up for the time lost at Marlin, McGraw will make morning practice a regular feature of the trip. Yesterday he had the players at the ball yard from 10 in the morning until the noon whistles called a halt for luncheon.

Played in honor of Josh Devore, Meridian's most notable citizen, the game drew one of the best crowds of the trip. The little speed wonder was applauded generously every time he went to the plate, but was rather unfortunate. He made two hits in four times up, but was forced out at second after his first, and was left lingering on second base by the demise of L. Doyle after he had cracked out a double to right. He did not score a run or drive one in, and had only one chance to shine as an outfielder.

Arthur Wilson, forced into the fray by the incapacitation of Chief Meyers, carried off the hitting honors with a double and a home run over the left field fence.

The Indian caught his right thumb in a door jamb on the train last night, bruising the end of it and ripping off part of the nail. If the wound is not infected the red man will probably be fit for duty again by the time the club reaches Washington.

Ames pitched the first five innings and let Meridian down with four hits, one of which was a scratch. Wiltse finished the game and retired the side in order in the sixth, seventh, and eighth innings. In the ninth the second hitter singled to the left and stole second, but the next two fanned. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	MERIDIAN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Devore, lf.	5	0	2	1	0	Hett, lf.	4	0	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b.	3	2	1	2	0	K'nedy, cf.	2	0	0	4	0
Sn'dg's, cf.	2	1	2	1	0	Moore, 1b.	2	0	1	2	5
Murray, rf.	4	0	2	0	0	Dany, 2b.	4	1	1	9	2
Merkle, 1b.	4	1	1	9	1	Sorrell, 3b.	3	0	0	4	0
Herzog, 3b.	4	1	1	0	3	Coleman, rf.	3	0	2	0	0
Fletcher, ss.	2	1	2	2	1	Wright, ss.	3	0	0	3	1
Wiltse, p.	2	0	0	0	2	Mueller, c.	2	0	0	2	1
Wilson, c.	4	2	2	12	2	M'C'm'k, c.	3	0	0	0	1
Ames, p.	1	0	0	0	2	Hirsch, p.	2	0	0	0	5
Shafer, ss.	3	0	2	0	2	Sprinkle, p.	1	0	0	0	2
						*Ott	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	8	15	27	13	Total	30	1	5	24	17

*Batted for Hirsch in sixth inning.

Errors—Moore, Dany, Sorrell, Sprinkle.

New York	0	0	0	1	1	4	1	1	0	—8
Meridian	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

First base on errors—New York, 1. Two-base hits—Devore, Merkle, Herzog, Wilson, Coleman. Three-base hit—Fletcher. Home runs—Wilson. Sacrifice hit—Snodgrass. Stolen bases—Murray, Hett, Dany. Left on bases—New York, 6; Meridian, 2. Bases on balls—Off Hirsch, 2. Struck out—By Ames, 7; by Wiltse, 5. Passed ball—Mueller. Thrown out by catchers—By Wilson, 2; by Mueller, 2; by McCormick, 1. Hits—Off Ames, 4 in five innings; off Hirsch, 6 in five innings. Umpire—Mr. Mathewson. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Attendance, 1,200.

Colonels Pound Nap Rucker Hard.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 27.—Manager Dahlen's Superbas lost their first Spring exhibition game in over two years here to-day to the Colonels, with the mighty Rucker in the box, who was relieved by Cy Barger, the Kentuckian, in the eighth inning, after the game had been lost. The score was 10 to 7.

With a six-run lead in their portion of the fourth inning, the Superbas looked like Kentucky thoroughbreds to the 500 spectators, when, with two men gone, the Colonels developed a batting rally at the expense of Rucker and piled up six runs before they were retired. A Texas leaguer by Hooper, which scored two men, and Snyder's triple were mixed up in the batting bee. In the sixth inning Rucker was reached for four singles, which netted the Colonels three more runs. In the eighth Hooper hit to the flagpole for a triple, and scored on Schlei's sacrifice fly.

Brooklyn opened the first inning on Pitcher Slaughter like the proverbial house on fire by scoring three runs on a gift to Moran. Daubert's homer to the left field fence, Smith's single, and Daly's triple. In the third, Northen tripled, and scored on a low throw of the local shortstop of "Red" Smith's grounder. Hits by Erwin and Stark and the loose fielding of the Colonels gave the Superbas two more in the fourth. The seventh and final run was made in the eighth on a pass to Daly, an out, and Erwin's single.

Nothing definite has been heard from Indianapolis regarding the condition of the grounds there. To-morrow the Cubs open here with the Colonels. Owner Grayson of the latter team has extended the use of his grounds to Dahlen as long as his club remains for a daily work-out. The score:

										R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	3	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0—	7	9	4
Louisville	0	0	0	0	6	0	3	1	0 .. —10	11	3	

Batteries—Rucker, Barger, and Erwin; Slaughter, Snyder, and Schlei. Umpires—Messrs. Kane and Mulligan.

YANKEE SCRUBS BLANKED.

Regulars, with Four Stars Missing, Win at Atlanta, 6 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 27.—Four members of the Yankee regulars were missing from the contest with the second team this afternoon, yet the regulars won in hollow style. The score was 6 to 0. The missing were Cree, Williams, Daniels and Dolan. Cree and Williams have colds, Daniels hurt a finger yesterday and Dolan was spiked in the leg in the game with Atlanta. The others are likely to be back any day, but Dolan is on the shelf for a week or more.

Inasmuch as the Cincinnati games have been cancelled the crippled condition of the team is not as serious as it would be otherwise. Word was received by Wolverton to-night that the grounds in Cincinnati would not be fit for play and now Wolverton will try to cancel the other games in the West. In any event the Yankees will be here longer than first intended.

The battling teams to-day were as follows:

First team—Wolter, rf; Quinn, cf; Chase, 1b; Ford, lf; Hartzell, ss; Simmons, 3b; Gardner, 2b; Street, c; Warhop and McConnell, p.

Second team—Kauff, rf; Zinn, lf; Curry, 2b; Osborn, cf; Priest, 1b; Stump, ss; Erhard, 3b; Bergen, c; Vaughn and Hoff, p.

McConnell, who isn't a pitcher who gets in condition early, was effective, though wild. The second team could not make any headway against them. They made six hits, which fell to the lot of Kauff, Zinn, Curry, Erhard and Vaughn. Vaughn was hit hard by the regulars, but was handicapped by the poor catching of Bergen. Bergen and Vaughn both were unwilling contributors to base-stealing by the regulars, which was so easy it was farcical. Wolter stole two bases in one inning and Chase three in the same inning.

Much of the hitting of the regulars was done by Pitchers Quinn, Ford and McConnell, getting five hits among them. The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Second team....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	6	3	
Regulars .....0 0 0 2 0 4 0 0 ..—6	11	3	

Hits—Off Vaughn, 10 in seven innings; off Hoff, 1 in one inning; off Warhop, 3 in four innings; off McConnell, 3 in five innings.

Columbia Opens with Victory.

Columbia won its first baseball game of the season by defeating St. John's College of Brooklyn in a well-played contest on South Field yesterday afternoon, by a score of 6 to 2. Columbia showed up strong at the bat. The field was in excellent condition, and although neither nine had had more than a few days' outdoor practice few errors were made. The game was fast from the start. Although Harry Fisher, the Columbia coach, had practically all of last year's team to choose from, only two veterans were on the Blue and White line and two of the new players were freshmen. J. C. Lee, a first-year man and a brother of Murray Lee, who was Columbia's mainstay in the box for several seasons, was at second base, and seems to be a real find. He handled the ball perfectly and made a single in four times at the bat. Friedrichs, another freshman, who played third, put up a fast game. The score:

COLUMBIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. JOHNS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sand's, lf.	4	2	1	1	0	Finn, ss.	1	1	1	1	2
Shaw, ss.	3	0	1	5	1	Tracy, 1b.	4	1	1	9	3
F'd'chs, 3b.	4	0	1	1	2	Crenny, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Williams, c.	3	1	0	7	4	Burchill, 3b.	4	0	1	3	1
Kiendl, 1b.	4	1	1	9	0	McCree, cf.	4	0	1	3	1
F'g'son, cf.	3	1	1	1	0	Rossano, c.	3	0	1	2	1
Lommell, rf.	3	0	2	0	0	Jollon, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
Lee, 2b.	4	1	1	2	3	Costello, 2b.	3	0	1	2	3
Ulrich, p.	2	0	1	1	1	Carey, p.	3	0	0	0	5
Rothwell, p.	2	0	0	0	0						
Total	32	6	9	27	11	Total	29	2	6*	23	16

*Sanders out for running out of line.

Errors—Ulrich, Rothwell, (2,) Tracy, Burchill, (2,) Rossano, (2,) Carey, (2.)

St. Johns	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Columbia	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	..	—6

Two-base hits—Kiendl. Sacrifice hits—Williams, McCree. Stolen bases—Sanders, (3,) Friederichs, Lommell. Double play—Costello, Tracy and Burchill. Hits—Off Ulrich, 4 in 5 innings; off Rothwell, 2 in 4 innings. Bases on balls—Off Carey, 4; off Rothwell, 2; off Ulrich, 1. Struck out—By Ulrich, 3; by Rothwell, 4. Passed balls—Rossano, 2. First base on errors—Columbia, 3; St. John's, 1. Left on bases—Columbia, 5; St. John's, 2. Umpire—Mr. Kennedy. Time of game—One hour and twenty-five minutes.

Washington, 6; Georgetown, 1.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The Washington American League club in its first game on the home grounds to-day defeated Georgetown University, 6 to 1. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Washington 6	7	0	
Georgetown 1	4	4	

Batteries—Becker, Engle, Henry, and Williams; White, Meleany, Fiente, and Lynch.

Coach Coffey Leaves Fordham.

Coach John T. Coffey of the Fordham University baseball squad has resigned as coach, after having served for the past month. Coffey's contract with the Denver Club, champions of the Western League, calls for immediate practice with the team at Colorado Springs, and he has been unable to obtain a longer leave of absence from the management. Frank Egan, '10, formerly of the Cincinnati Reds, will be the coach the remainder of the season.

BASEBALL NEWS IN BRIEF.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., March 27.—The opening of Princeton's baseball season was postponed for the fourth time to-day owing to the soggy condition of Osborn Field. The game, which was to have been with New York University, may be scheduled for some date during the next three weeks. A number of ground keepers have been working on the Tiger diamond since Monday. The Rutgers game, postponed from Monday, will be played to-morrow, weather permitting.

ST. LOUIS, March 27.—President R. L. Hedges of the St. Louis American League baseball team began cutting down his squad to-day by sending Outfielder Bobby Riggs back to the Houston (Texas) Club. The local American League squad is expected here to-morrow from Montgomery, Ala.

CHICAGO, March 27.—Charles ("Chick") Fraser, formerly a Chicago National League pitcher, has signed a contract to manage the Decatur (Ill.) team in the Three I League for the coming season.

LEXINGTON, Va., March 27.—Washington and Lee University to-day defeated Colgate University at baseball, 7 to 2.

Giants Colts Shut Out Jackson.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSON, Miss., March 27.—The colts of the New York Nationals, under the management of Arthur Devlin, won their third straight shut-out game to-day, defeating the Jackson Cotton States League team, 6 to 0. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
New York.....0 0 0 0 2 2 2 0 0—6	14	1	
Jackson .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	6	3	

Batteries—Evans, Ferrell, and Hartley; Sorrells, McLain, and Warner.

North Carolina Defeats Swarthmore.

CHAPEL HILL, N. C., March 27.—The University of North Carolina baseball team to-day defeated the Swarthmore College team by the score of 3 to 0.

Massachusetts Aggies Champions.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Massachusetts Agricultural College, Amherst, Mass., for the second consecutive year has won the intercollegiate rifle shooting championship of the United States, having defeated all teams in the Eastern League and the State University of Iowa, winner of the Western League championship. The score of the championship match was 973 to 971.

The special prize for the college not having a military department was won by Princeton University. Officials of the National Rifle Association of America, under the auspices of which the intercollegiate matches have been held, declare rifle shooting rapidly is becoming one of the recognized sports in the colleges throughout the country, filling the interim between the close of the football and the opening of the baseball seasons.

Stuyvesant Shooters Win Match.

The rifle team of the Stuyvesant High School defeated the team of the High School of Commerce by the score of 291 to 283 in a dual shoot of the P. S. A. L. tournament. Romanson of the victorious team was the only gunner to turn in a perfect score of 50. The scores:

Stuyvesant—Romanson, 50; Curry, 49; Benson, 49; Rainey, 48; Petzel, 48; Michaelson, 47. Commerce—D. Shapiro, 49; Suffield, 49; Grieco, 48; Berhmon, 47; Camerti, 45; S. Shapiro, 45.

COLUMBIA CREWS ROW ON HUDSON

Coach Rice Sends Two 'Varsity and Two Freshmen Boats Out for Spins.

After waiting on the weather for three days the Columbia crews were boated on the Hudson at Edgewater yesterday for their first outdoor practice of the season. Jim Rice, the coach, got three varsity and two freshman combinations out and also boated an eight-oar of assorted varsity and freshman candidates. Weather conditions were ideal at the beginning of the work, but before the oarsmen had rowed more than a mile upstream the wind began to kick up a nasty sea and the crews had to take it easy on their way back to the boathouse. The first and second varsity eights were the only combinations to go out in shells, all the other crews using eight-oared barges.

Although more than two weeks behind the usual time of beginning outdoor work, the varsity boats seemed to be well advanced for so early in the season. Downing, Moore, and Bissell were the only men in the first boat who rowed at Poughkeepsie last June. Williams, Rothwell and Hadsel were in the victorious freshman crew and Ruprecht was in the 1913 freshman eight. Miller at No. 7 rowed in that seat in the 1909 and 1910 varsity boats and was not in the university last season.

First 'Varsity—Williams, bow; Ruprecht, 2; Rothwell, 3; Bissell, 4; Hadsel, 5; Moore, 6; Miller, 7; Downing, stroke; Brock, coxswain.

Second 'Varsity—Lucas, bow; Sinclair, 2; Peterson, 3; Robinson, 4; Miller, 5; Phillipson, 6; Herkert, 7; McCarthy, stroke; Bird, coxswain.

First Freshman—Richard, bow; Willis, 2; Bouvier, 3; Seedorf, 4; Beatty, 5; Lauber, 6; Kronenburg, 7; Sanborn, stroke; Moorehouse, coxswain.

Second Freshman—Frye, bow; Lane, 2; Ayrault, 3; Gilbert, 4; McKenna, 5; Orthey, 6; Claghorn, 7; Spalding, stroke; Wood, coxswain.

COURTNEY DROPS OLD CREW.

Veteran Oarsmen, Off Training Table List, Must Earn Places In Boat.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 27.—Coach Charles E. Courtney started the Cornell crew training table to-day without the old 'Varsity crew. Only the second 'Varsity combination was taken to the training table and it was obvious that the coach had determined to discipline his old oarsmen.

Within the last few days he has become convinced that the older men were not working hard enough and that the crew was below the form shown last year. Believing that the veterans felt too sure of their positions Mr. Courtney decided that a genuine shakeup was in order and without hesitation he picked the second combination as his 'Varsity crew. He sent out an ultimatum that if the regular men wanted to hold their positions they would have to show by their work that they were superior.

The 'Varsity crew taken to the training table was made up as follows:

Bow, Eddy; 2, Reeve; 3, Larrowe; 4, Hyland; 5, Johnston; 6, Spransy; 7, Chapman; Dole, stroke.

Pennsy Wins Opening Game.

PHILADELPHIA, March 27.—The college baseball season in Philadelphia was opened on Franklin Field to-day, the University of Pennsylvania defeating Franklin and Marshall College by the score of 6 to 5.

WOMEN NEAR GOLF FINAL.

Dorothy Campbell Picked as Probable Winner at Pinehurst.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 27.—Indications are that to-morrow's semi-final round in the women's event of the annual United North and South Golf championship will practically be the final. Miss Dorothy Campbell, the Canadian champion, and Miss Kate Van Ostrand, the American representative, meet in the lower half of the bracket. In the upper half Mrs. W. C. Fownes, Jr. of Oakmont and J. R. Price of the same club remain. Miss Campbell is expected to win handily.

Miss Campbell won to-day 2 up on the eighteenth green from Miss Sarah Fownes of Oakmont, and Miss Van Ostrand advanced on the default of Mrs. Raymond Farr of Georgetown, S. C.

In the consolation Miss Mary Fownes of Oakmont and Miss Myra Bradwell of Midlothian are the favorites. In other divisions play was keen, both matches in the third division of the overflow being carried beyond the home green.

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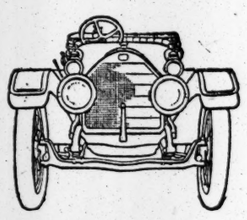

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All Cole owners speak of the fine luck they have had with their cars. It is not luck. It is simply the regular Cole service—the result of *quality* materials and *quality* construction.

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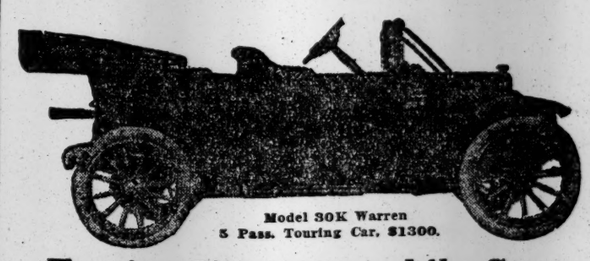

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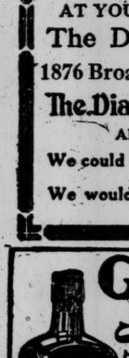

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BOXING COMMISSION PRAISES ITS WORK

Has Eliminated Public Betting and Fake Bouts, Says Report to Governor.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 27.—The State Athletic Commission, which was created by the Legislature last year and given jurisdiction over all boxing and sparring matches, filed its first annual report with Gov. Dix to-day. A bill for the repeal of the law creating the commission has passed the Assembly and is now pending in the Senate.

The receipts from the operation of the law up to Dec. 1, 1911, totaled $235,373.75, of which the State exacts a tax of 5 per cent.

Although Gov. Dix signed the law, he has since urged in special messages that it be repealed. "The law has been criticised, as also the commission," says the report. "It has, however, been that kind of criticism that should not affect the condition or the control of boxing in the State of New York. On all sides the Governor and the legislators have been applauded for the stand originally taken in turning over to the State the control of this fine form of exercise. The work of the State Athletic Commission has entirely eliminated the brutal features of the game of boxing, which was so prevalent before the commission was created. They likewise reduced to a small factor gambling. Public gambling is to-day unheard of where sanctioned bouts are held. The State through this commission has controlled a sport that was believed impossible to control, and there is not a State in the Union that has not watched with great interest the work of the New York State Athletic Commission. Letters from many States and sometimes from foreign countries are received by your commission in relation to the enforcement of the laws. Boxing, and plenty of it, was held throughout the State before the bill was passed, and some claimed these bouts were legally held. The bouts conducted under the present regulation are a credit to the State."

The commission recommends that amendments be made to the law to provide that no person under 18 years of age shall be permitted to participate in any contest or exhibition; that each glove must weigh at least five ounces, and no gloves shall be used except those handed to the contestants by the referee, and the gloves must not be twisted or in any way manipulated.

"As each month goes on," the report concludes, "the commission finds an improvement in its work, and knows that the clubs are more closely living up to its requirements; that no betting is allowed, and that fake bouts have disappeared, and in a short time the public will see boxing and sparring on its proper plane as a manly sport."

The State Athletic Commission heard a few complaints of a minor nature at its meeting yesterday. The National Sporting Club sent in a complaint against Billy Marchant, the English lightweight, for failure to engage in matches scheduled with Matty Baldwin and Joe Coster. Marchant's present whereabouts are unknown, but his manager, William Ames, is believed to be in Philadelphia. An effort will be made to bring Marchant before the commission at an early date.

Sailor Burke, accompanied by his manager and counsel, appeared before the commission to press the charge against the Long Acre A. A. for calling off a show at which Burke was to have fought Charley Victor of Hoboken. Burke had been guaranteed $300, and he now seeks to be reimbursed this amount. Billy Neumann, who made the match for the club, was unable to attend yesterday's meeting owing to illness. His brother, Mike Neumann, was present with counsel, but as he did not know all the details of the case it was postponed until next week, when Billy Neumann is expected to be present.

Fred Determan and Frank Croissant, who have been managing the American A. A. of Brooklyn, which is an incorporated body, announced to the commission yesterday that they had withdrawn from the club. Their successors will be named within a few days and boxing shows will be resumed. The case of Alex Lafferty against Croissant for withholding a forfeit of $25 after calling off a show has been settled, the money being returned to the boxer a few days ago.

DANCING AHEARN WINS.

Brooklyn Pugilist Outpoints Young Loughrey by Swift Boxing.

Young Ahearn of Brooklyn easily defeated Young Loughrey of Philadelphia in a ten round bout at the Royale A. C. in Brooklyn last night. Ahearn gave a fine exhibition of his ability to rush in with an effective jab and then waltz out of danger. His fast foot work, feints and ducking had Loughrey puzzled, and only in two rounds, the eighth and the ninth, was the Quaker boxer able to solve Ahearn's attack successfully.

Maybe Ahearn doesn't possess a heavily surcharged punch, but he surely can box fast and move about swiftly when an opponent has designs on punishing him. Ahearn began to pepper Loughrey with jabs in the second round. A stiff right cut the Philadelphian's left eye in that chapter, and a stout rap in the fourth round cut Loughrey's mouth. Up to the eighth round it was all Ahearn, Loughrey being unable to avoid the Brooklyn boxer's right arm and left leads, and was also unable to land effectively.

Loughrey woke up suddenly in the eighth and planted his right on Ahearn's face, and also mixed up the boxing so well that the round was even. In the ninth Loughrey bombarded Ahearn with rights and lefts, hitting him more in this session than in all the other rounds put together. Loughrey had an advantage in this round, and Ahearn was hanging on for a rest.

Ahearn finished the bout in businesslike fashion, beating a tattoo of jabs on Loughrey's face. The Quaker swung wildly, trying to land a hard punch, but Ahearn cleverly ducked and avoided all this premeditated trouble. Ahearn's dancing tactics were too much for Loughrey. The Brooklyn lad did not remain long enough in any one spot for Loughrey to hit him hard.

McFarland Accepts $16,000 Offer.

CHICAGO, March 27.—Packey McFarland last night announced his acceptance of the offer of a $16,000 purse made by the National Sporting Club of New York for a ten-round bout with Matty Wells, English lightweight champion. The only things, it is said, that stand in the way of the match are the questions of weight and division of the money. It is believed McFarland will insist on the long end of the purse.

Yacht Fixtures Adopted.

At the annual meeting of the Yacht Racing Association of Long Island Sound last night the racing fixtures printed in THE TIMES of Tuesday were adopted.

FEATHERWEIGHT TOURNEY.

Coster Houck and Dundee Win Bouts at Empire A. C.

Joe. Coster decisively defeated Eddie O'Keefe of Philadelphia, Tommy Houck gained the honors over Patsy Kline of Newark, and Johnny Dundee outpointed Young Wagner in the all-star featherweight elimination tournament at the Empire A. C. in the Manhattan Casino last night. The show was easily the best all-around entertainment staged at any boxing club here in many months, and the crowd was the largest that has attended any boxing show in New York since Madison Square Garden lost its license. Incidentally the crowd was treated to its first glimpse of Johnny Kilbane as a featherweight title-holder and heard a speech in which the Cleveland boy announced that after a month's rest he would be ready to take on the best boy that could be secured for him, Abe Attell or Eddie O'Keefe preferred. During the intermission between the first two bouts Jimmy Dunn, a former featherweight, who is threatened with total blindness, was introduced and a collection was taken up for him, netting $317.

The final bout of the evening between Joe Coster and Eddie O'Keefe started off slowly and finished up in a most sensational manner, Coster having his opponent on the verge of a knockout in the seventh round and "groggy" in the eighth. O'Keefe had the better of the first two rounds and started off as if he would have an easy time with the Brooklynite, but once Coster started there was no stopping him, and he breezed in with his victory. Coster held O'Keefe even in the third round, gained the fourth and fifth on his superior boxing, evened matters in the sixth, and easily gained the honors in the remaining four. O'Keefe was all but knocked out in the seventh, but saved himself by his covering up and holding on tactics. Coster weighed 123 pounds and O'Keefe 120½.

The opening bout brought together Johnny Dundee and Young Wagner, both of New York, and the contest sizzled with fast action from the bell that started them in the first round until the bell which ended the bout in the tenth. Round after round the two tore at each other like a pair of wildcats, and excitement ran high throughout. Dundee was entitled to the honors, as he outfought his opponent in the majority of the rounds, but he had a hard fight in every chapter. At no stage of the contest did he have his opponent in distress, but the slight advantage which he gained in eight of the ten chapters left him a fairly comfortable lead at the finish. The ringside weighing in showed Dundee at 125 pounds and Wagner 124 pounds. Dundee showed a straight left which caused Wagner trouble all through the bout, raising a cut under Wagner's right eye in the first round, and adding a few more bruises before the battle ended. Dundee was practically unmarked when he climbed from the ring. Neither scored a knockdown during the bout. In the ninth round Wagner went to the canvas, but it was the result of slipping rather than a hard punch.

The semi-final, with Tommy Houck and Patsy Kline, was even more exciting than the curtain raiser. Houck gained the verdict by his clean-cut work in the closing rounds, after making a most inauspicious start. The boys were even in weight, each tipping the beam at 123¾ pounds. Houck had the advantage in height and reach, while Kline was built on more rugged lines and had a harder punch. This pair drew the third place in the tournament, but went on second at the request of the management.

BOXING AT CRESCENT A. C.

Preliminaries In Five Amateur Classes Decided, with One Knockout.

The preliminary bouts in the five classes of the amateur boxing tournament at the Crescent Athletic Club of Brooklyn were decided last night with a total of twenty-eight entries in fourteen bouts. The occasion drew a large crowd to the clubhouse, and before the first contest was started only standing room was available.

Unlike the usual tournament, knockouts were few, as only one real one occurred during the competition. Several of the bouts were stopped by the referee, Eddie Forbes, when a contestant was knocked down, but they were not clean knockouts carrying with them the referee's decision.

Only one of the metropolitan champions—John Fitzhenry of the Avonia A. C.—entered the tournament, and he was kept from competing owing to illness, which left the entertainment entirely lacking of championship calibre. The majority of the bouts were cleanly contested, and in only one was there any blood spilled. This happened in the 135-pound class, when J. A. Doherty of the Arrow A. C. lost considerable blood in his three rounds with H. Wood, a clubmate.

One of the best bouts aside from cleverness was that between a pair of 105 pounders, Charles Waring, unattached, and George Lotz. The pair mixed at a furious clip, and when they retired received a great ovation.

The only knockout came in the first bout of the 125-pound class, when V. Mele of the National A. C. got over a right to the jaw of W. King of the Central Y. M. C. A. in the second chapter and ended the hostilities. The summaries:

105-Pound Class.—D. Mecca, Avonia A. C., defeated G. March, Trinity Club, one round. Marsh quit at end of round. C. Waring, unattached, defeated G. Lotz, unattached, four rounds, referee's decision. E. F. Duffy, National A. C., defeated E. Hart, St. Paul's Lyceum, three rounds; referee's decision.

115-Pound Class.—D. Broecke, Pennant A. C., defeated E. Luedke, West Harlem A. C., two rounds. Referee's decision. A. J. Coakley, St. Paul's Lyceum, defeated L. J. Gitto, Xavier A. C., two rounds. Referee's decision, bout stopped. R. W. Livingston, West Harlem A. C., defeated J. Bowman, unattached, one round. Referee's decision, bout stopped. A. Smith, Avonia A. C., defeated J. Healy, Trinity Club, three rounds. Judge's decision.

125-Pound Class.—V. Mele, National A. C., knocked out W. King, Central Y. M. C. A., two rounds; C. Clark, West Harlem A. C., defeated J. Bortt, St. Paul's Lyceum, four rounds, (judges' decision;) J. Garsh, Sheridan A. C., defeated G. McKnight, National A. C., two rounds, (referee's decision.)

135-Pound Class.—H. Wood, Arrow A. C., defeated J. A. Doherty, Arrow A. C., three rounds, (referee's decision;) T. Mulvaney, Glencoe A. C., defeated D. King, St. Paul's Lyceum, three rounds, (referee's decision.)

145-Pound Class.—M. Tauber, Pennant A. C., defeated J. Dewey, Trinity Club, three rounds, (referee's decision;) R. Williamson, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated A. Lachenman, Trinity Club, three rounds, (referee's decision.)

Speedway Parade May 5.

There was a large gathering of the members of the Road Drivers' Association last night at the headquarters at Durando's, and among other business transacted was the arrangement for the annual parade, which is schedpled for May 5 on the Speedway. The La Place Cups for speed driving were awarded to Theodore Young, Dr. Hunt, and Dr. Ferster, respectively. The session was presided over by Joseph H. Gibbons.

SCANDAL IN AMATEUR HOCKEY LEAGUE TEAM

Wanderers Disqualified for Demanding Money to Play Against Crescents.

The long expected storm in hockey circles broke last night at the St. Nicholas Rink when the Executive Committee of the Amateur Hockey League made known its action of disqualifying the whole team of the Wanderers Club, the runners-up in the recent game for the amateur championship. This decision was made necessary because of rumors to the effect that a money consideration was asked by members of the team before they would participate in the game played March 13 and won by the Crescent A. C., which gave them the $500 cup which had been in competition for six years.

The Executive Committee, comprised of Kenneth P. Gordon, William Russell, B. M. Rhodes, Jr., William Dobby, and M. W. Houck, announced their finding as follows:

"At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Amateur Hockey League, held March 26, the testimony of players summoned before that body in connection with the rumors that the Wanderers Hockey Club players would not participate in the game to decide the championship against the Crescent A. C. until certain moneys had been paid, which was said to be to cover expenses, clearly established the fact that J. W. McGrath and Ernest Garon were not only the moving spirits in connection with the demand, but that they had conducted themselves in a manner inimical to the best interests of the league.

"They have, therefore, been expelled from the Amateur Hockey League as provided for in the constitution, Article IV., Section 6.

"C. B. Kinsella, J. Bulger, George Harmon, Frank Ellison, and C. W. Mitchell have been disqualified, and until this disqualification has been removed by the league they are not permitted to participate in any exhibition, practice, or league game under the jurisdiction of the Amateur Hockey League.

"In justice to the officers of the Wanderers Club and the balance of its members it is only fair to state that said club as a body opposed the stand taken by the players."

CANADIANS SKATE FAST.

All New Yorks Outclassed In Hockey at Rink by Victorias.

Victoria, 9; All New York, 1. This score about tells the tale of the long-looked-for hockey game between the Canadian champion amateur seven and the pick of the players of the Crescent A. C., St. Nicholas Club, and Hockey Club forces last night in the St. Nicholas Rink, as the team from Winnipeg showed the locals more varied hockey than they had ever probably seen.

The visitors skated all around the New York combination, took the rubber from them almost at will, and poured an almost constant fusillade of shots at Mills, the goalkeeper, who most of the time looked like a pair of distended human shears through his efforts at preventing the score being run up into double figures.

The visitors proved themselves clever stick wielders and gathered the rubber by this style of work as against that of the locals, who invariably played the man instead of the puck, which warranted recourse to body checking, which was for the greater part of the time uncalled for. Clean work marked the efforts of the boys from over the border, and it was conceded that, although the home team formed the strongest aggregation available in this territory, they were completely outclassed.

Bawlf and G. H. Baker, the respective left and right wings of the Victorias, proved wizards at stealing the puck, and were all over the field in their speedy work to aid in the victory. B. G. Baker, goal for the visitors, had very little to do in the opening period, having only a few shots to stop, after he had been disciplined for falling to his knees early in the game in a frantic endeavor to keep the rubber from going through.

After this he was very much the right man for the job, for in the second half the local team developed rough tactics and managed to make many tries at him, all of which were unsuccessful except one by Liffiton, who tallied after about five minutes on a pass from Shirriff, and proved to be the only successful goal made by the New York team. For the winners G. H. Baker scored four goals, Bawlf two, and Moffat, Dion, and Fowler one apiece. The summary:

Victoria.	Positions.	All N. Y.
Baker, B. G.	Goal	Mills
Fowler	Point	Browne
Moffat	Cover Point	Bulger
Dion	Rover	Shirriff
Caldwell	Centre	Liffiton
Bawlf	Left Wing	Britton
Baker, G. H.	Right Wing	Lacken

Referee—William Russell, Hockey Club. Assistant Referee—Tom Howard. Goal Umpires—C. Belcher, Victoria; M. Tisne, Hockey Club. Timer—G. H. Stebbins, Crescent A. C. Penalty Timer—W. J. Croker. Time—20-minute halves.

Goals—First Period.—Bawlf, 0:41; G. H. Baker, 2:53; Moffat, 7:24; Dion, 8:12; G. H. Baker, 9:53; Bawlf, 18:37. Second Period.—Moffat, 1:33; Liffiton, 4:53; G. H. Baker, 9:13; Fowler, 18:12.

Penalties.—B. G. Baker, Bawlf, Britton, Caldwell.

Sharpe to Coach Two Cornell Teams.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 27.—The Cornell Minor Sports Council has engaged Dr. Albert H. Sharpe as coach of the basket ball team next year. Sharpe will succeed Paul Sternberg, who for two years has had charge of the basket ball team. Sharpe was engaged some time ago as coach of the football team. The council also ratified the lacrosse and golf schedules, as follows:

Lacrosse—April 5, Swarthmore at Swarthmore, Penn.; April 6, Johns Hopkins at Baltimore, Md.; April 8, Carlisle at Carlisle, Penn.; April 27, Crescent A. C. at Bay Ridge, New York; May 4, Hobart at Geneva, N. Y.; May 11, Rochester Lacrosse Club at Ithaca, N. Y.; May 18, Harvard at Cambridge, Mass., (league game;) May 25, Hobart at Ithaca, N. Y., (league game.)

Golf—May 4, Pennsylvania at Ithaca; May 11, Williams at Albany; May 17, Columbia at New York; May 18, Princeton at Princeton.

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POGGENBURG BEATEN AGAIN.

American Sustains Third Defeat In International Billiards.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 27.—J. Ferdinand Poggenburg, the American amateur champion billiardist, sustained his third defeat in the international world's title tournament when he played Artus, who tallied 400 to the American's 257 and now leads all others. The loser managed to get in as a high run, 74.

Poggenburg is off his game, and inclines to the belief that he has done too much work for the tourney. The change in his surroundings has militated against his best play, and he is far from being in the form he showed in his early play.

In the other games decided, Labouret beat Poensgen by 400 to 355, and Agassiz led de Dree by a score of 400 to 284.

STANDING OF THE PLAYERS.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Artus (Blanc)	5	1	.834
Mortier	4	1	.800
Darientiere	3	1	.750
Poensgen	3	2	.600
Maura	4	3	.571
Agassiz	4	4	.500
Poggenburg	2	3	.400
Roudil	2	3	.400
Labouret	2	5	.286
De Dree	1	7	.125

Maturo Defeats Weston at Pool.

PHILADELPHIA, March 27.—James Maturo of Denver defeated Charles Weston of Chicago by a score of 150 to 72 in the opening game of the second round of the National pocket billiard championship tournament here to-night. Maturo's highest run was 80, while that of his opponent was 27. Edward Ralph of Hightstown, N. J., won the final game of the preliminary round from Frank Sherman of Washington this afternoon by a score of 150 to 133.

HARVARD WEAK IN SOCCER.

Yale Scores Four Goals In First Half and Holds Game Safe Throughout.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 27.—In its first championship match in the Intercollegiate Association Football League, the Harvard soccer team was soundly beaten by Yale this afternoon, the score being 4 to 0, and Yale easily holding its own after all four of the goals had been scored soon after the middle of the first half. The match was played on a field not only deep with mud, but also scattered with huge puddles of water, some of which were seven or eight inches deep. Harvard would have postponed the match until such a time as the teams could be assured a dry field, but the Yale men, who had arrived at Cambridge early, were unwilling to make another trip to Soldiers' Field for the game.

Harvard will play Cornell at Cambridge April 3, the match having been arranged to-day. The teams were to have played here March 23, but the Cornell team was unable to come to Cambridge. The summary:

Harvard.	Position.	Yale.
Browne	Goal	Dickenson
McCall	Right full	Dickey
Rushmore	Left full	Shepard
Weston	Right half	Howard
Lowrey	Centre half	Worthington
Hallowell	Left half	Sumner
Locke	Right outside	Clarke
Murdoch	Right inside	D. Gay
Needham	Centre	A. Gay
Greene	Left inside	Hill
Byng	Left outside	Williams

Goals made—A. Gay, (2,) Williams, Hill. Substitutes, Yale—Carter for Clark, Gamble for Shepard; Harvard—Grant for Rushmore. Referee—Alexander Williams of Lynn. Linesmen—Charles Burgess for Harvard and C. R. Carter for Yale. Time—Forty-five-minute halves.

DURLAND POLO TEAM WINS.

Defeat Home Trio In Game Decided at Central Park Riding Academy.

Patrons of the Central Park Riding Academy witnessed the annual exhibition ride and benefit for the riding masters last night, which took the nature of a varied programme of equestrian stunts and the judging of saddle horses. The onlookers found much to enthuse over from the first number—a costume ride through to the contest for jumpers, which rang down the curtain on the series. Among those present were:

Justice and Mrs. J. W. Gerard, Mr. and Mrs. J. Oppenheim, Mr. and Mrs. G. Roehlig, Mr. and Mrs. C. Page, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Lederer, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Adler, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Stone, Mr. and Mrs. F. Bertuch, the Misses Selma Schwoerer, Ruth Wood, Rachel Mahoney, M. Setzer, A. Putz, M. D. Brooks, Messrs. Kingsley Swan, Emil Schwoerer, J. O. Erckens, G. F. Eisemann, Louis Lemp, H. R. Childs, C. J. Anderson, J. H. Sanford, H. Ellis, C. M. Bowes, J. E. McBowman, I. N. Seligman, Theodore Michel, M. Warshauer, C. Wagner, J. H. Mulcahy, P. C. Carnot, Mrs. J. B. McKay, and B. S. Castles.

The first real action was seen in the polo game, which attracted teams from Durland's and the home talent. Three men comprised the make-up of each outfit, with the visitors winning by a tally of 2 goals to 1.

Jimmy Swager rode H. G. McElwaine's My Fancy to victory in the saddle horse class, and gathered in the silver cup and ribbon. Dr. G. W. Lyle's Bewilder, S. W. Adler's Russie, and F. Bertuch's King caught the judge's eye in that order for the other places.

Miss A. Putz won the ladies' prize in the costume event, the gentleman's trophy going to M. Wilder. The tandem driving by members of the Tandem Club proved to be an attractive number, being participated in by the Misses E. T. August, E. Kupfrain, A. Le Court, and L. Goldman, Mme. R. M. Le Court, Mrs. J. Oppenheim, and Mrs. Coon.

Subsequent numbers were the rough riding by the members of the Saddle and Bridle Club, interna tional military drill, tandem race between Miss Bessie Baumann and Miss Bessie Nathan, troika riding, and the jumping contest, the last named engaging the attention of upward of a dozen contestants who competed over six jumps 4 feet 6 inches high.

Brooklyn Horse Show Judges.

The judges who will officiate at the twentieth annual Brooklyn Horse Show, April 18, 19, and 20 at the Riding and Driving Club of Brooklyn, are as follows: Harness—E. C. Leeds, Philadelphia, Penn., and J. W. Allison, Morrisburg, Ontario. Saddle—H. T. Peters, New York; L. E. Waring, New York, and Major Charles I. Debevoise, Brooklyn. Hunters and Jumpers—Henry L. Bell, Bayside, L. I., and Samuel Willets, Roslyn, L. I.

NEW Y. M. C. A. RECORD.

W. Anderson Runs 880 Yards In 2:03 2-5 at 23d Street Branch.

The annual Spring athletic meet of the Twenty-third Street Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, held in the clubhouse gymnasium last night, was attended by a large crowd and was productive of keen competition. The programme consisted of six events, five of which were handicap contests. The only novice event was the 20-yard dash which was won by P. Neu in 0:03.

The feature event was the 880-yard handicap race which was won by W. Anderson from the scratch mark in 2:03 2-5. This is a new Branch record, the best previous time being 2:04 3-5, made about two years ago by E. A. Kelly, a former Brown University runner.

After the six events were decided the spectators were treated to a basketball game between picked teams, and also a burlesque boxing bout in which the contestants fought with blackened gloves, going into the ring with perfectly white suits and eventually coming out of the squared circle all blackened. The participants in the bout were J. A. Weising and W. Linpert. The summaries:

20-Yard Dash, Novice.—Won by P. Neu; C. Mulvey, second; E. D. Lauth, third. Time—0:03.

220-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by H. L. Clayberger, (4 yards;) W. F. Block, (5 yards,) second; W. Bennke, (scratch,) third. Time—0:26 2-5.

Running High Jump, Handicap.—Won by A. Bloomfield, (3 inches,) with an actual jump of 5 feet 9 inches; W. J. Montgomery, (4 inches,) second, with an actual jump of 5 feet 7 inches; L. Murtha, (2 inches,) third, with an actual jump of 5 feet 8 inches.

440-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by G. J. Brown, (10 yards;) C. R. Bryant, (5 yards,) second; H. L. Clayberger, (5 yards,) third. Time—0:57 3-5.

12-Pound Shot-Put, Handicap.—Won by H. L. Clayberger, (5 feet,) with an actual put of 45 feet 8 inches; W. E. Day, (scratch,) 47 feet 1 inch, second; D. E. Kennedy, (4 feet,) 39 feet 3 inches, third.

880-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by W. Anderson, (scratch;) W. K. Meyerbohn, (25 yards,) second; H. W. Davis, (scratch,) third. Time—2:03 2-5.

Girl Fatally Hurt In Basketball.

ST. LOUIS, March 27.—A Coroner's jury last night found that Jeanette Nicholson, 16 years old, died from the injuries received in a basket ball game at the Winnebago Presbyterian Church on Friday. The girl slipped in a scrimmage and fell to the floor, but refused to leave the game. The Coroner's jury declared death was caused by acute meningitis, due to spinal injuries which resulted from the fall.

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Cricket Club Elects Officers.

The annual general meeting of the Cricket Club was held on March 25 at the clubrooms, 446 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn. A large and enthusiastic gathering present looked forward to a good season. The following were elected officers for 1912: President, W. P. Charles; Vice President, H. J. Kennidy; Secretary, W. A. Huggins; Treasurer, St. A. W. Brown; Captain, G. W. Bliss; Vice Captain, H. E. Clarke. Several new members were elected. A few vacant dates are open to clubs in this vicinity.

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STORAGE, $10 month and up; supplies reasonable. PAUL'S FIREPROOF GARAGE, 165th St. and Jerome Av. Telephone, 2948—Melrose.

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1912.

THE SUBWAY EMERGENCY.

Promptly following the hearing on the Subway bill which was to have made its passage "impossible" the Governor sent an emergency message in its favor, and yesterday it went through the Senate with a rush, almost four to one. The Governor acted with wisdom and sound judgment, and showed full appreciation of the fact that no other pending measure more intimately or deeply concerns a greater number of people. The proceedings of the hearing which was to have made its passage impossible disclosed the nature of the opposition.

On the one side were some of the chief officials of the city pleading for a business-like arrangement for producing the greatest results with the least burden to the city or its taxpayers. On the other side were those who want the most expensive construction and operation possible. Since that cannot be secured from private capital, their only hope for unlimited expenditure of tax money is through public construction and operation without intervention of private capital. In that way the prevailing rate of wages and the eight-hour day are secured, and, what is more important yet, the advantages of the efficiency of private administration are lost. Doubtless this quarter billion subway might be made to cost a half billion without bankrupting the city. But on the one hand there are those too impatient to wait for the construction of a subway in the manner of the Public Library, however much it could be made to cost, and on the other hand there are those made too wise by experience to wish to ride on a subway administered in the manner of the bridges.

The Governor and the Senate have done what they could to save the city from such calamities, and there can be no doubt that the Assembly will follow their example. In that case we can expect the letting of the balance of the quarter billion contracts within a week or two, and in a month or two the dirt will be flying on a plan which has fought its way to realization on its merits, and against the greatest opposition ever made to a city measure. It is a pleasure to agree now with almost all of our esteemed contemporaries.

SHOP MANAGEMENT.

There is a side to the modern systems of "scientific shop management" that does not always receive the attention it deserves. A report just submitted to the House of Representatives by a special committee brings it out very clearly and fairly. The Committee, of which W. B. WILSON is Chairman, includes Mr. WILLIAM C. REDFIELD of New York, whose signature is a guarantee of intelligence and a just spirit.

The Committee approves of the standardizing and systematizing of work, with the proviso that the cost shall not exceed the advantage. But on the matter of stimulation it advises caution.

The main points brought out are, first, that workmen may be induced to work harder than is really consistent with continuous health and efficiency; second, that they may not get a fair share of the fruits of their greater efficiency, and third, that intense stimulation to do uniform work with the greatest attainable rapidity may tend to make the workmen machine-like and wrongly to limit the range and spirit of their labor. The conclusion of the report is interesting:

> The management should put forth every effort to invite and induce full co-operation between the working force and themselves, and should, therefore, deal with the working force in the most open, frank, and candid way, affording the fullest opportunity for consultation and explanation in advance of proposed action affecting the interests of the workmen. Stop-watch time study should not be made of workmen without their consent or any conditions be imposed upon them by authority which imply any indignity; piece work may be introduced where the work to be performed is a continuous duplication, but with the express understanding that piece work rates shall not be cut unless the conditions of production are materially changed; in other cases the rate should be a straight day wage rate at the highest prevailing rate for a similar class of work in the neighborhood where the Government work is to be performed, except that by mutual consent bonus and premium work may be introduced, but only with scrupulous care that the workman shall have full opportunity for increasing his earnings without risk of overstrain, for collective bargaining if he should so desire, and for easy and direct appeal to the management in any cases where he may think his interests threatened.

This is the judgment, so far as concerns Mr. REDFIELD, of a practical and highly successful manufacturer. It will be noted that emphasis is laid on the spirit of the relations between employer and employed, upon "consultation in advance," and upon "easy and "direct appeal to the management in "any case where" the latter "may think their interests threatened." The defect in the report lies in the fact that it does not deal clearly with the question of how a really superior workman—a man of greater skill, intelligence, and fidelity—may get pay in proportion to what he is able and willing to earn, and not be forced to accept the standard of work and pay fixed by his inferior co-workers.

INSANE ALIENS.

THE TIMES is informed by Secretary MCGARR of the State Commission in Lunacy that, of the 31,432 insane patients under treatment in the fourteen State hospitals on Feb. 10 last, 13,163, or 41.9 per cent., were aliens. Foreign-born patients have increased since the Federal census of Dec. 31, 1903, by 1,552, or 13.4 per cent. In the two State hospitals for the criminal insane there were 1,230 patients on Feb. 10, of whom nearly 44.4 per cent. were of alien birth; the Federal census of 1910 showed a percentage of aliens to total population in this State of 29.9 per cent.

The prevalence of insanity among immigrants is evidently much greater than among the native born. Of the 5,700 patients admitted to the civil hospitals for the year ending Sept. 30, 1911, 2,737, or 48 per cent., were aliens, and 1,481, or 26 per cent., were of alien parentage, while only 1,224, less than 26 per cent., were of native stock. Of the whole number, the nativity of but 218, which is 3.8 per cent., was not ascertainable. Insanity among the foreign peoples of this city occurs in a still larger percentage of cases. Of the first admissions to the hospitals 2,006 out of 3,221 residents of the city were of foreign birth; that is 64.1 per cent., although the foreign-born population is but 40.4 per cent. of the whole.

The average alien patient stays 9.85 years under treatment, but this time is being lengthened. Secretary MCGARR finds that, with an annual expense of $250 a patient, the State spends yearly $3,290,750 for its foreign-born insane in the civil hospitals. But taking merely the patients admitted last year, and reckoning a hospital life of eleven years each, the total cost imposed for their support will be $7,526,750. These figures give point to the petition of the State Commission in Lunacy, suggesting that Gov. DIX investigate the whole matter, so that this State may present a report upon it to the Federal Government. The Federal laws governing the immigration and deportation of aliens are defective. They need amendment, and New York should be reimbursed for the enormous expenditures incurred in caring for persons who should have been excluded.

FIGHTING MAD.

Nobody can say how much deeper Col. ROOSEVELT would have been buried if there had been a seasonable delivery of ballots at all the primary voting places on Tuesday. The defeat of the men named for delegates by the Roosevelt forces was decisive, emphatic, and the indisposition of the Republicans of the city to sound that "overwhelming" call for the Colonel was so uniformly evinced throughout all the districts that there cannot be the slightest doubt that with a full ballot he would have been much worse beaten. Yet he has the exceeding bad grace to rail against the accident that tempered his humiliation. In many of the voting places the ballots were not delivered until very late, in some not at all; they were not delivered because the printer could not get them out in time; the printer could not get them out in time because of the litigation carried on by the Colonel's friends and in his behalf. If ever in our politics a beaten man had good cause to hold his tongue it was in this case. He gets not a delegate in the entire city of New York save one in Brooklyn, in a case where, chiefly for reasons of good nature, no opposition was made. In the entire State he will have at most seven out of the ninety delegates.

Yet the Colonel rages in his Western journeyings, and protests that the primary law, which is really in a way such a preference law as he has demanded, is a farce, and that in this city it is a criminal farce. His manager here importunes the Governor to urge legislative action for new primaries, as if that would do the Colonel any good. He and his friends might have prepared unofficial ballots in districts where the printed ballots were not delivered; Section 81 of the law makes provision for such cases. But evidence accumulates that triumph in the primaries and the election of Roosevelt delegates are, after all, not essential to the accomplishment of the purpose which lies nearest the Colonel's heart.

He now knows very well, and his friends must know, that the nomination is far beyond his reach. It is already plain that he will make a pitiful showing in the Convention. But he and they are protesting everything. He insists that he was cheated in Indiana, that, but for frauds, he would have controlled the Convention. There is not a particle of evidence to substantiate the statement—the testimony is quite to the contrary. He talks about frauds in Colorado, where the only irregularity seems to have been in the behavior of his own friends. All this is of a piece with his denunciation of the primaries in New York. If there is not a plain, a well-formed design, a studied purpose in all these protests, then why are they made?

The belief is growing that Mr. ROOSEVELT, so far from giving loyal support to the candidate of the Chicago Convention, is already laying his plans to organize a "bolt." His fury and his recklessness indicate that he would not hesitate at such a step, although his managers have proclaimed that he is out to lead the Republican Party to one of its old-time victories. If appearances do not belie him, it is defeat, not a victory, that he hopes for. To put it plainly, if he cannot himself get the nomination he is determined that Mr. TAFT shall not win a re-election. His hatred of the President has far outgrown the usual hostilities of politics. It more nearly approaches the ungovernable rage of primitive man, or of the beasts with which he strove. If his war cry really were "Anything to beat TAFT," his procedures would be just about what they are. The means he uses are well adapted to that end. The Stalwart-Half-breed division was a noble contest compared with Mr. ROOSEVELT'S assault upon the President and upon the principles of his party.

Men are in daily expectation of some mad outburst from the Colonel, of some act or utterance that will betray his total irresponsibility as a Republican and as a public man, and will deprive him of all that part of his following which would be much disinclined to give him support in a foray undertaken for private vengeance.

THE BRITISH WARNING TO AMERICAN LABOR.

The greatest strike England has ever experienced, possibly the greatest in the history of labor, is coming to an end with neither side satisfied. The Government has not pacified the appetite of its labor allies, which grew with every concession. The strikers have dragged the nation through the hardships of an alien invasion without advantage to any one. The losses are many millions, and fall mostly on innocent third parties, while the sums involved in the minimum wage are inconsiderable. The principle of the minimum has been enacted, but the enactment is an idle form so long as no minimum is named, and there is no compulsion either to pay or to accept it.

If the law had fixed penalties there would have been enacted a form of slavery for both capital and labor. If the minimum had been fixed it would have compelled the stopping of the working of the unprofitable mines, and would have prevented the employment of all labor unable to earn the minimum. Since all that would have lent force to the law has been omitted it is clear that both the Government's surrender to compulsion, and the miners' victory, are mere forms, and that the real battle is yet to be fought. Yesterday one of the miners' leaders declared for the acceptance of what they have gained for the present, and for a renewal of the demands upon Parliament when it shall appear that the law is ineffective in securing for the miners the figures which the Premier declared were reasonable in his opinion.

If in fact they are reasonable the legislation is adequate to secure them, and indeed they might have been secured without the legislation by most of the miners. The dispute was over forcing upon the majority of both miners and owners the demands of extremists in each class. It was thought that this uneconomic result might be secured by proof of the solidarity of labor, and of its power and willingness to abase the nation by still more brutal exhibitions of "syndicalism," or terrorism of the unorganized majority by the disciplined minority. The distress might have been increased indefinitely beyond even recent experience, but the result would have been equally disappointing.

The laborers of England will be disappointed if they shall seek their will by statute not expressive of economic laws which are unwritten, but which cannot be evaded. This is just as true now as when it was declared to be true in the last great British convulsion. JOHN RUSKIN, a thinker and a friend of labor rather than of capital, then delivered a warning worth attention at the moment on both sides the ocean:

> You need not think that even if you obtained a majority of representatives in the existing Parliament you could immediately compel any system of business broadly contrary to that now established by custom. If you could pass laws to-morrow wholly favorable to yourselves, as you might think, because unfavorable to your masters and the upper classes of society, the only result would be that the riches of the country would at once leave it, and you would perish in riot and famine.

REMOVALS FROM OFFICE.

There is a bill pending in the Legislature, known as the Griffin-Walker bill, changing the law of removal from the civil service, which is a very bad bill and should never get past the Judiciary Committee.

At present any person holding an appointment after competitive examination may be removed at discretion, provided that the reasons for removal are stated and he has an opportunity for explanation. The bill referred to provides:

> No regular clerk or head of a bureau or person holding a position in the classified civil service, subject to competitive examination, shall be removed except for incompetency or misconduct or insubordination shown after a hearing, at which witnesses shall be sworn and the testimony recorded, after reasonable notice of the charges has been served on the accused.

In other words no undesirable person can be got rid of except by a law suit. The bill changes removal from an administrative act, undertaken for the good of the service, an act of sound and necessary discipline, into a judicial act, subject to review and appeal up to the court of last resort. From the point of view of the public business and the public interest this is rank nonsense and as mischievous as it is silly. The Griffin-Walker bill rests on the theory that an employé of the State has some sort of vested right in his office; but he has not and ought not to have. It is best for the service that he should be reasonably secure in his place so long as he does his work well, and that he should be dismissed only for reasons that may be stated, and as to which he has a right to submit an explanation. But that is all he is, or should be, entitled to, and that he now has.

It is possible that the right of removal thus defined may be abused. It rarely is. There is very little temptation for abuse. The head of an office knows that if he discharges a man, he can replace him only through a competitive examination, and that is a bar to mere favoritism, personal or political. The law as it stands is practical, sensible, effective, protects all real rights of the employés of the State, and the rights of the public as well. It should not be changed in the way proposed.

LEST WE FORGET.

I may make a mistake once. That is excusable. But if it is called to my attention I never make it a second time.—THEODORE ROOSEVELT, March 25, 1912.

First mistake:

Under no circumstances will I be a candidate for or accept another nomination.—THEODORE ROOSEVELT, Nov. 8, 1904.

Second mistake:

I have not changed and shall not change that decision thus announced.—THEODORE ROOSEVELT, Dec. 11, 1907.

Proof:

I will accept the nomination for President if it is tendered to me.—THEODORE ROOSEVELT, Feb. 24, 1912.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Books About Heredity and Eugenics.

Instead of voicing old assumptions and prejudices, it would be well for the many people who are discussing what has suddenly come to be called "eugenic marriage" to read some of the books that deal with the subject in the light of recent scientific investigations and conclusions.

As a beginning, perhaps one could not go to a better source of information than DAVID STARR JORDAN'S "Heredity of Richard Roe," a volume small but sound, or at least as sound as can be a distinctly "popular" work, the author of which has laboriously avoided the use of the "technical terms" supposed to be so hard to understand, though as a matter of fact they are the only terms that combine lucidity with accuracy. President JORDAN, however, is an extremely able writer and, in spite of this voluntarily assumed handicap, he has made a book that is both interesting and instructive.

Another book of relevance and value is DAVENPORT'S "Heredity in Relation to Eugenics." It is not quite such "easy reading" as "The Heredity of Richard Roe," but it is still within the grasp of any fairly intelligent layman, and it will reveal to him the nature and the potentialities of the new genealogical studies which are so different from, and so vastly superior to, those which had for silly purpose the proving that somebody had a distinguished man or woman among his innumerable ancestors.

For a real understanding of heredity and eugenics, however, one must tackle Mendelism, and that means real brain work. Prof. DRINKWATER'S brief essay is a good Mendelian primer, while Prof PUNNET'S "Principles of Mendelism" goes deeper and further—probably as deep and as far as it is worth while for any except the specialists to go.

Having acquired the knowledge contained in these books, intelligent talk on "eugenic marriage" becomes possible; without it nobody has half a right, if as much, to express an opinion on what the Chicago clerygymen have done.

Experiences Like This Misleading.

Admirable as doubtless were the intentions that prompted the Governor of Arizona to share a cell for a night with a convict and for a meal or two to eat prison food, it is more than doubtful if in this way he did, or if anybody can, acquire any real knowledge of prison life and conditions. Gov. HUNT himself, in the account of his experience which we printed yesterday, claimed for it only that it had enabled him "in some small measure" to get the prisoner's standpoint, but, even with the word "small" made emphatic, the claim is probably an exaggeration.

The fact is that the prisoner's standpoint can be gained only by a prisoner, and the Governor, in spite of his sleeping behind a locked door, was only a visitor or official inspector. What he saw, felt, and learned was only what the jailers deemed it well for him to see, feel, and learn, and if there are any scandals or horrors in the Arizona Penitentiary there was not the slightest chance for him to discover them. The one convict with whom he talked at any length was, or might have been, carefully selected, not to give, but to withhold, information, and he could hardly have been a typical criminal, for the Governor says that he was much like anybody else. Now, normality and criminality do not go together, the real criminal being invariably a "defective" of one sort or another.

A man voluntarily in prison and able to get out when he chooses is only a play prisoner, and he has only play emotions and play sensations. He feels no humiliation, no resentment; the tedium of incarceration does not weigh upon him, growing heavier with every hour that passes.

Gov. HUNT made the same mistake as do those who think it necessary, in learning a business, to "begin at the bottom." That is always a waste of time, and it is justified only by necessity. With ability and ambition, such a beginning is not fatal, but it has been vastly overrated through the mistaken notion that there is something virtuous in hardship and drudgery.

A Novelty in Vote Regulation.

Philadelphia's Commissioners of Registration have made the curious and interesting decision that a married man's place of legal residence is that where his wife is domiciled and that he cannot register from any other. This pronouncement, it is said, will disfranchise something like 1,600 Philadelphians who for one reason or another have separated from their wives, and must register, if they register at all, as rovers from the domestic fireside.

There is, it must be admitted, a certain attractiveness about the theory of these Commissioners. They hold, apparently, that a man lives where he ought to live—that elsewhere he is only a pilgrim and a stranger, who can tarry, who can tarry for a night, or for several or many nights, but cannot acquire a residence, at least for voting purposes. But while it might be desirable, ethically and socially, that this contention should hold, one cannot help feeling that it is too much like "wild justice" to meet with approval in the courts. The latter are likely to hold, if anybody tests the question, that a man lives where he does live, rather than where he ought to live, and that to make the preservation of amicable marital relations a requisite for voting is to establish a test not contemplated in the drafting of our constitutions.

However, the action of the Commissioners, whether legally defensible or not, has this to be said in its favor—it marks an advance from the position, hitherto characteristic of Pennsylvanian suffrage, that anybody had a right to vote who "voted right." A moral issue has at last been raised in the very fortress of protection—and won't the poor thing think itself lost, strayed or stolen!

A Practice Most Dishonest.

An indignant correspondent, whose letter we printed yesterday, took exactly the right stand in regard to the practice of placing in newspapers, before delivery, of circulars and other advertising matter over which no supervision has been exercised except that of the newsdealer and the scamp who bribes him into committing a really serious breach of trust.

Our correspondent resented this imposition and wanted to know if it couldn't be stopped. Efforts to abolish the evil are now making through the courts, and so obvious is it that the thing is a form of theft, that the success of the efforts would seem to be assured. Meanwhile, the buyers of newspapers can make their opinions of the scurvy business clear to the newsdealers who serve them, and to the advertisers who get publicity by a subterfuge so contemptible. Both can be reformed in act, if not in character, by a refusal to patronize them.

The responsibility of a newspaper for everything its columns contain extends far beyond the moment when it is sold to the man who runs the newsstand, and it is therefore utterly wrong to add anything to it between the time it leaves the publication office and that of delivery to the reader.

THE TIMES'S EASTER NUMBER.

More Readers Expatiate Upon Its Varied Aspects.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Please accept my congratulations upon your wonderful reproductions of color in the pictures of the Holy Grail. I had the pleasure of seeing the original paintings upon their first exhibition in Guild Hall, London.

OLIVE L. CUSHMAN.

Sunnylands, Summit, N. J., March 25, 1912.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your clean and interesting paper has been daily delivered to me for the last eight years, but during that time no edition has impressed me as that of Sunday, March 24, because of the coloring and artistic effect of the Holy Grail panels. X.

Astoria, N. Y., March 24, 1912.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The reproductions of the Abbey pictures in THE TIMES'S Easter number are marvels of color printers' work. As I recall the original paintings, indeed, they appear to gain in refinement and delicacy of coloring by this process of reduction in size.

Contemporaneous with Henry E. Abbey in the early 70's I engraved a dozen or more of his drawings on wood for the magazines, and the pictures in last Sunday's paper brought back many pleasant memories. F. S. KING.

Cedar Grove, N. J., March 25, 1912.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I studied art many years ago in Boston's Museum of Art School and spent many an hour during the week at the library admiring the Grail paintings. It is the color effect that took my fancy, and you have brought it out in print just as well.

CLARA W. STEINMETZ.

New York, March 25, 1912.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is a matter of wonder and praise, when, opening a New York Sunday newspaper, one can find there such a feast of color, such a wonderland of dreams, such a realm of poetry and idealism, as that unfolded to us by the reproduction of Abbey's great pictures of the Search for the Grail. When added to this, in this same newspaper, one could find the most correct reports of all public events, domestic or foreign; the finest literary supplement published by any journal in the United States; university, magazine, social sections speaking the latest and choicest word in each great department, then one can, indeed, say with truth that THE TIMES of last Sunday was in itself a liberal education.

For myself, I believe it is more than that; more, even, than an event in the newspaperdom of the world. It is the shining omen of that great new journalism of which THE TIMES in its daily and Sunday edition is already the herald and the living, flourishing example.

Thank God, New York can boast such a newspaper! ELEANOR ROGERS COX.

New York, March 28, 1912.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As an historian I believe that I can state judiciously that the issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES on Sunday, March 24, when studied page by page, was of the highest standard that has been attained in American journalism.

FRANCIS TREVELYAN MILLER.

Hartford, Conn., March 25, 1912.

Couldn't Find Polling Booth.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I demand an explanation from somebody as to why it was impossible yesterday to find polling booths in the Bronx. I spent from 5 P. M. until 7:30; then from 8:15 until 9 o'clock looking for the correct place to cast my vote, and in each and every instance found the wrong place.

Furthermore, no information was forthcoming from the booths I did visit, and a dense state of ignorance seemed to prevail as to booth locations in the borough. Ballots were stringing in at all hours, and there seemed to be absolute lack of preparation, or, perhaps, willful negligence, throughout the whole affair.

WM. H. PUTNAM.

New York, March 27, 1912.

Higher Wages, Higher Prices.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You are perfectly right in the matter of that circle—higher wages, higher prices; again higher wages, again higher prices, and so on ad infinitum.

Of course, one might suggest that higher wages need not necessarily be followed by higher prices; but that would mean reduced dividends and smaller profits—which would never do! A. FITCH.

New York, March 26, 1912.

VERDICT AGAINST DENNETT'S.

But Court Sets It Aside and False Arrest Case Must Be Retried.

Oscar H. Sugarman, who was arrested last year in Dennett's restaurant at Nassau and Beekman Streets on the charge of having eaten 35 cents' worth of food and refusing to pay more than 20 cents, obtained a verdict of $250 yesterday for false arrest. The case was heard in Justice Marcus's part of the Supreme Court.

Sugarman told the jury that he had sat down at a table in the restaurant where each patron helps himself, and next to him was an old man who asked him to get a bowl of milk and some crackers for him. Sugarman got the food, but the cashier insisted that he had eaten it himself. Sugarman refused to pay the bill. Warren T. Smith, the Manager, snatched Sugarman's hat from his head and gave it to the cashier.

"When he pays the 20 cents give him his hat," he said, according to Sugarman, who called in a policeman before he could get his hat. Smith thereupon ordered the policeman to arrest Sugarman, but at the Oak Street Station the Manager decided to withdraw his charge.

Sugarman sued both Smith and the restaurant for damages. Last month he obtained a verdict of $500 against Smith. Sugarman's attorneys moved to have yesterday's verdict set aside as inadequate. The motion was granted and the case will have to be retried.

CONTESTS UNCLE'S WILL.

Nephew Declares Fausto Mora Was Not Competent to Sign It.

Contest of the will of Fausto Mora, a manufacturer, who died last December at Nice, France, leaving more than $2,000,000, will be filed to-day in the Surrogates' Court by Albert Mendosa, who was his bachelor uncle's favorite nephew, but who was not mentioned in the will.

Mr. Mora divided his fortune, by a will signed April 7, 1911, between his three half-sisters and the daughter of his brother. Mendosa, who is a civil engineer of the Panama Railway Company, is the son of Mr. Mora's only sister. Six years ago Mr. Mora went to France to live, and his nephew never saw him again. The three half-sisters live in Germany and it will be the contention of Mendosa's attorney that they brought undue influence to bear on their aged half-brother and that he was not competent to sign his will.

Mendosa is now in Panama and the half-sisters are abroad, so that the suit will be delayed until the various witnesses can be brought to New York.

CONTESTS A CHANGED WILL.

Rise in Value of Property at Lloyd's Neck Causes a Suit.

Surrogate Fowler reserved decision yesterday on the contest over the codicil of the will of Oscar Edgerton Schmidt, who was head of the importing house of O. E. Schmidt & Co. The codicil, which was made in 1908, gave $25,000 to a nephew, Oscar Stevens, the contestant, who in the will was the legatee of an estate at Lloyd's Neck, occupied by Mr. Schmidt as a country home.

This property was appraised at $25,000 in 1904 by the official Transfer Tax Appraiser, at the time of the death of Mrs. Schmidt. In substituting the $25,000 bequest, Mr. Schmidt recalled to those present at the execution of the codicil, it was declared, that $25,000 had been the value placed on the property. The Lloyd's Neck property is now worth several times that amount, about $90,000, according to the proponents of the codicil, and more than $100,000 according to the contesting nephew. It has a $60,000 mortgage on it.

The Surrogate gave the attorneys in the case time at their convenience to submit briefs.

JUSTICES DRAW LOTS.

Chambers in New Supreme Court Quarters Allotted by Chance.

The Justices of the Supreme Court of New York County, who accepted the invitation last week of Borough President McAneny to move from their cramped chambers in the old County Court House to better quarters in the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank Building in Chambers Street, talked over the details of moving at their monthly meeting yesterday.

For the selection of their new private chambers the Justices decided in favor of drawing lots. Numbered slips of paper were put into a large and judicial silk hat and then the Justices drew them forth. On a plan of the new chambers, the rooms had also been numbered so that each Justice knew his fate before he left the Court House last evening.

Mr. Walker and the Aqueduct Board.

In an item in THE TIMES of March 19, regarding the report that Harry Walker was on his way to Nebraska as an emissary of Mayor Gaynor, to urge upon Mr. Bryan the advisability of nominating the Mayor for the Presidency, a city official close to Mr. Gaynor was quoted as saying that Mr. Walker "was removed from the Secretaryship of the Aqueduct Board by the Mayor, when the latter abolished the board on the ground that Commissioners and Secretary were holding sinecures." This was an error. Mr. Walker was not removed when the board was abolished, but resigned his post with the thanks of the new Commissioners appointed by the Mayor to wind up the board's affairs, after having remained with them while they were familiarizing themselves with their task.

A WIRELESS TUNING STATION.

John Hays Hammond, Jr., Describes Towers Used In His Patents.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You were good enough recently to refer at some length to my experiments in the directing and control of torpedoes by wireless. In view of the general interest now being taken in this country in wireless telegraphy, largely as a result of the enterprise of THE NEW YORK TIMES through its admirable service of "Marconigrams," may I ask you further to stimulate public interest in the matter by reference to a new station which is being erected especially with the object of developing means of securing selectivity in wireless telegraphy and telephony? This station is being erected for me on the sea front at Gloucester, Mass., and will be one of the most complete wireless experimental stations in existence.

The aerial is to be supported by two towers 340 feet high set 350 feet apart. The power installation will comprise eight complete wireless telegraphic systems, and also a system for telegraphing and telephoning over a searchlight beam. There will be two specially constructed high-frequency alternators giving 100,000 alternations per second, and developing an output of two kilowatts. These machines will be used for experimental development in wireless telephony. There will also be two five-kilowatt motor generator sets, having a frequency of 1,000 cycles per second. These will be employed for experimental research in wireless telegraphy. There will be a one-half kilowatt 250-volt direct current generating set for use with arc telephony. Besides this there will be two sets of 120 cycles, one of three kilowatts, and one of one-quarter kilowatt; and a two-kilowatt sixty-volt direct current set for an induction coil set. Besides developing my patents for the attainment of selectivity, the station will be used for the control of wireless dirigible torpedoes.

JOHN HAYS HAMMOND, JR.

New York, March 27, 1912.

A Resentful Snake?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read the report on the peculiar effect produced by various colors on the large python in the Bronx Zoological Garden. Noting that the snake exhibited irritation at the brown, and anger at the green, when presented to its notice, it struck me as quite possible that these colors recalled to the creature its natural surroundings in ground, tree-trunks, and branches as well as foliage—to which it had grown accustomed when at liberty, and that its resentment would be aroused, quite naturally, by its consequent keen realization of the restraint in which it now finds itself, emphasized by these very colors more than by any others in the chromatic scale. Mrs. HENRY G. KOST.

New York, March 26, 1912.

SEGAL REFINERIES CALLED 'STRIKES'

John E. Parsons Testifies That Sugar Trust Heard Them Referred to as Such.

CHIPPER AFTER LONG ORDEAL

Case May Be Closed To-day, Summed Up To-morrow, and Given to the Jury on Saturday.

In the few minutes that John E. Parsons, the octogenarian ex-counsel and Director of the American Sugar Refining Company, was under cross-examination before Judge Hand in the Federal District Court yesterday afternoon, United States District Attorney Wise showed he had prepared a determined effort to break down the theory of the defense. All day Mr. Parsons had been led gently along by Mr. Nicoll to set forth his attitude toward the Segal loan as entirely correct and as that which any lawyer would have taken in order to protect the interests of the man who retained him.

The very first questions of Mr. Wise were directed to make it seem impossible to twelve reasonable men that the witness was ignorant that there was something else in the loan than the desire of H. O. Havemeyer to find a profitable investment for $1,250,000. From Mr. Parsons's own testimony in the suit of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company against the American Company, he tried to show that at the very time when the loan was negotiated he was perfectly aware that Segal already had succeeded in selling one "strike" factory at Camden to the American Company, and that the Philadelphia plant was considered as being under construction for the same purpose.

Mr. Wise began his cross-examination somewhat against his own wish. Mr. Nicoll finished his direct examination of Mr. Parsons at 3:35 o'clock, and the aged witness had then been on the stand for nearly four hours and a half answering questions with remarkable alacrity and decisiveness. Mr. Wise suggested that in the circumstances it would be better to adjourn, but Judge Hand thought it was a matter for the witness himself to decide.

"Oh, I'm perfectly willing and able to go on," Mr. Parsons answered, briskly, "unless, of course, the District Attorney—"

"Your vigor and strength certainly excite my admiration," said Mr. Nicoll.

Mr. Wise took up the beginning of the negotiations with Kissel, and began to inquire into what Mr. Parsons knew at that time about the sale of the Camden refinery by Segal to the American Company.

Segal Refineries Called "Strikes."

"Did you then know that the Camden affair was a 'strike?'" he asked.

"Not in quite that language. For some time before this I had known of that transaction," the witness replied.

"But when Kissel came to you, you knew that the Pennsylvania Company, or some one connected with that company, had started the Camden strike?"

"I did not recall at that time that the Camden affair had been called a strike. I have in my mind that Mr. Ball made such a statement about the Philadelphia refinery, but not about the Camden refinery."

Mr. Wise pressed Mr. Parsons, and he replied it was impossible for him to remember everything that took place so long ago. The District Attorney produced a copy of the testimony Mr. Parsons gave in the civil suit in 1907.

"All I can say is," the witness replied, "that what I testified to then I remembered then. I cannot now fasten a statement concerning the Camden refinery on any particular person."

At this point the court adjourned for the day.

In his direct examination, Mr. Nicoll directed his questions so as to bring out the lack of responsibility of Mr. Parsons for the granting of the Segal loan. He swore that he knew nothing of the Stetson letters, which the Government maintains show that the American Company had kept its eye on the Philadelphia refinery as it was being built. He handled none of the money, but merely the papers, and declared emphatically that he had never discussed the transaction with his co-defendants, Donner and Frazier.

Mr. Nicoll asked Mr. Parsons as to his knowledge of the Sherman law, and the witness declared that at this particular time he was especially familiar with it, as he had been working on the famous Knight case. Mr. Wise succeeded in preventing several questions as to Mr. Parsons's belief at this time that the Kissel loan did not violate it.

As the examination traversed the history of the loan, the witness emphasized the fact that he had carefully instructed Kissel that he must on no account refuse the repayment of the money, but must insist on the provision for the keeping of the Philadelphia refinery closed. In explanation of this policy and of the remarks in Mr. Parsons's letters, which are in evidence, about Segal trying to "squirm" out of his bargain and the necessity of "nursing the thing along," the witness thus set forth the way in which the American Company looked at the transaction:

Sought to Use Loan Against Trust.

"I had told Kissel that Segal had obtained $1,250,000 of the Sugar Company's money, and I said he had no right to use that in any way to harm us. Although this was before the Standard Oil and the Tobacco cases, it seemed to me most reasonable that the Sugar Company's own money should not be received in a way detrimental to the company."

Mr. Parsons testified that he had formed an unfavorable opinion of Segal and his dealings. In June, 1904, Harned, Segal's counsel, came to see him and told him Segal wished to take up some of his collateral. Mr. Parsons told Harned to submit any proposal in writing.

"I added that we had heard a lot about Segal and could not rely on any guarantee from him. He proposed to give such a guarantee to back up the clause in the loan that the refinery should not run till the loan had been repaid in full."

"What had you learned about Segal?" Judge Hand asked.

"I had learned that his word could not be relied on; that he was a promoter. I had heard a good deal of talk to the effect that Segal had built the Camden refinery to sell to the American Company, and was doing the same thing with its refinery in Philadelphia. It was obvious that my talk with Mr. Harned about repaying the loan was merely talk and that Segal would not repay it."

Mr. Nicoll then took up the events of 1905 after the loan had fallen due, and brought out the efforts made by the witness to get back the American Sugar Refining Company's $1,250,000. Two letters written by Segal in March and April, 1905, were put in, showing how he promised to take up the loan, and that he had sold part of the collateral, and then four weeks later made further excuses.

"He always wanted time—more time," remarked Mr. Parsons, who then denied all knowledge of Segal's allegation that he had offered the interest due on Jan. 1 half a dozen times to Kissel, and that Kissel had always refused it because Segal wanted the coupons on the bonds which had been put up.

In describing what happened after Samuel Untermyer came into the case as counsel for Segal in the Summer of 1905, Mr. Parsons explained that he had refused to consent to an arrangement for the opening the refinery by the borrowing of $500,000 unless the minority stockholders contributed, on the ground that such a loan would weaken the value of the American Company's security. He had also objected to Mr. Untermyer's proposal that the Philadelphia refinery should be allowed to open to the extent of manufacturing 1,000 barrels of sugar a day because that would be so small an amount as to run the Pennsylvania Company still deeper into the hole.

It is expected that the cross-examination of Mr. Parsons will occupy the entire session to-day, and that this will close the case for the defense. Counsel will sum up to the jury to-morrow, and on Saturday, according to present plans, the Court will deliver its charge and the jury will go out.

EDISON SHOWS THE HOME KINETOSCOPE

Tiny Machine Has Non-Inflammable Film and Throws a Picture 2 by 1½ Feet.

WOULD USE IT IN SCHOOLS

Geography Would Become Impressive, He Says, and Innumerable Stories Could Be Told.

Thomas A. Edison, the veteran inventor, sent over two of his young assistants to the Astor House yesterday morning to demonstrate for the instruction and edification of a group of experts and reporters the actual workings of his very latest—the Home Kinetoscope. This invention, which is the product of a great deal of labor and a great deal of money, is simply a miniature moving picture machine, a biograph that a child can handle, and that an ordinary living room can hold. Its chief difference from the ordinary commercial kinetoscope lies in the fact that it is very simple, very compact, and that its films are non-inflammable.

Parlor L in the old downtown hostelry was devoted to yesterday's demonstration, and the little machine, about as large as a talking machine, was set up about twenty feet from an aluminium screen, a film, not much larger than a narrow typewriter ribbon, was adjusted, the connection was made with the nearest chandelier socket, and off started the story on the screen.

The pictures shown vary in size, according to the strength of the lens used, the size of the machine and the distance from the screen. The ones produced yesterday were about two feet by a foot and a half. The machine will project a picture on your visiting card, held close. It will project on a screen sixty feet away. The best home results, however, are obtainable at a distance ranging from fifteen to twenty-five feet, but a perfectly distinct and satisfactory series can be run off with the machine and the screen only ten feet apart.

The films, both as to their size and their material, presented the most knotty problem Mr. Edison had to deal with. So far, all those prepared for demonstration, have been made by reducing from films already prepared for commercial use. Mr. Edison has a system of reversing the ordinary photographer's process of enlargement, and his result is a tiny, thin ribbon of film, eighty feet at the longest, which carries in infinitessimal proportions the material for moving pictures that take sixteen minutes to operate.

This reduction is brought about, both by a contraction of the actual pictures on the film and a tripling of the pictures on a given film length, for each film has three rows of pictures which are run off successively. A tiny white spot appearing on the picture, and therefore on the screen, is the warning to the operator that one row is nearly finished, and that it is time to reverse the course of the turning.

The three rows are run off without an objectionable break, and the space saving is considerable, for a single foot of the Home Kinetoscope film will contain 210 pictures, seventy in each row. The eighty feet of film corresponds to a thousand feet of commercial film. The reversing process needed for this space-saving enables the facetious operator to have a vast amount of amusement by reversing the film at the wrong time so that the reporters yesterday were diverted by the sight of whirling, agile people falling into, instead of out of, trolley cars, and particularly by the vision of Niagara Falls falling toward the sky.

According to Mr. Phillips and Mr. Gill, the two demonstrators who showed the invention yesterday, the films have withstood all tests of their non-inflammability and their non-explosiveness.

But Mr. Edison's great dream is one of education by moving pictures, and, according to Mr. Phillips, the children in Public School 155 are saving up to buy one of the new machines for their own education. A textbook publisher is already on the road looking into the possibilities, and he is arranging to have scenarios made from school books.

MISS OAKLEY'S ATTENDANTS.

Her Marriage to E. S. Perot, Jr., to be Held in St. Agnes's Church.

The date for the wedding of Miss Katharine Oakley and Edward S. Perot, Jr., a son of Mr. and Mrs. Perot of Yonkers, has been set for Tuesday, April 30, at 4:30 o'clock, in St. Agnes's Church, and will be followed by a small reception at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Ralph Oakley, 125 Riverside Drive.

Miss Oakley will have as maid of honor Miss Sarah Lee Perot, a sister of the bridegroom, and eight bridesmaids, the Misses Marjorie Smylie, Lucy Lawrence and Gladys Kane of New York; Orville Wooster and Helen Canfield of Yonkers; Eugenie Root and Adelaide Canfield of Detroit, and Esther Mohrland of Pittsburgh, all fellow-students of Miss Oakley at the Briarcliff School.

Mr. Perot's best man is to be Arthur Elliot, and the ushers selected are Robert McAlpin, Charles C. Lawrence, Gerard Jackson, Charles Reed and Edward M. Radway of New York, and James Howard and Stanley McCormick of Yonkers.

Ralph Lawrence Oakley will give his sister in marriage.

Sherman-Fisher Wedding.

The marriage of Miss Elizabeth Fisher and Frederick Taylor Sherman, Jr., of Brooklyn will take place on Tuesday, April 16, in the Monumental Church, Richmond Va. Mr. Sherman is the son of Frederick T. Sherman, who formerly lived at 265 Henry Street, Brooklyn, but who now spends the greater part of the year at his country place at Unadilla, N. Y.

Miss Schnakenberg to Wed April 17.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Schnakenberg of New Brighton, S. I., have sent out invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Kate Schnakenberg, to Edward Everett Bartlett, Jr., of this city, which is to take place at 4:30 on the afternoon of April 17 in the Church of the Heavenly Rest. A reception is to follow at the St. Regis.

Unz-Talbot Wedding on April 11.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles N. Talbot of 255 West 100th Street have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Charlotte C. Talbot, to Rodney O. Unz, which is to take place on Thursday evening, April 11, in St. Agnes's Chapel in West Ninety-second Street.

CHATFIELD—LATHROP.

The marriage took place yesterday of Miss Florence Lathrop, daughter of Mrs. Levi Chapman Lathrop, to Harry Strong Chatfield. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. William P. Merrill. Mrs. Lathrop and her daughter reside at Morristown, N. J., but have been staying at the Lorraine, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street.

Miss Lucille Stevens Engaged.

Mrs. John Rhinelander Stevens of 14 East Sixty-third Street announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Lucille Stevens, to Lieut. Edward E. Spafford, U. S. N. No date has been set for the wedding.

Sues for Royalties on "Judy Forgot."

Suit was brought in the Supreme Court yesterday against Daniel V. Arthur and Lee Shubert for $1,989 as part of the royalties claimed to be due Silvio Hein, author of "Judy Forgot," which was produced last season. The suit was brought by Robert C. Campbell, to whom Mr. Hein assigned the claim.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer are now on their way to Europe, having sailed on the Olympic on Saturday for a brief trip abroad. After spending a few days in Paris and Rome they plan to return here on April 26, and will go to their country home at Scarborough, N. Y.

Miss Lota Robinson is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John R. McLean in Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. William W. Ellsworth and their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Ellsworth, with Miss Margaret Hamilton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Hamilton, who have been spending the Winter in Europe, will sail for New York on March 30.

Frederick Townsend Martin is giving a luncheon at Sherry's on April 10 for the new Ambassador to France and Mrs. Herrick.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Littleton have returned from Bermuda, and will be at the Hotel Gotham for a while before moving into their home at 40 East Sixty-second Street.

Mrs. Franklin Farrell and Miss Farrell are at the Belmont for a few days.

Mrs. William E. Carleton of 44 East Seventy-ninth Street will open her cottage at Kennebunkport, Me., early in May. She has just returned with her son, Dudley Carleton, from Bermuda.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ives Cobb, Jr., have taken J. L. Breese's West Cottage at Southampton for the Summer. Mr. Breese and his family will occupy the Orchard.

Mrs. George A. Lung, (Miss de Peyster,) who, with her small son, has been occupying a cottage at Lakewood during the Winter, will return to New York about May 1. Dr. Lung is aboard the battleship Connecticut.

Mrs. Frederick A. Lamb will give a tea this afternoon from 4 to 6 at 130 West Fifty-seventh Street, when her new portrait by Louis Mark will be shown.

Mrs. Bayard Dominick will give a large bridge to-day at her residence.

HIS COURTSHIP WAS BRIEF.

Assistant District Attorney Embree Marries Miss Etta Parsons.

Assistant District Attorney William Dean Embree surprised District Attorney Whitman yesterday by calling him up on the telephone and asking that he be granted a leave of absence, stating that on Tuesday he had married Miss Etta Parsons of San Francisco, who is studying music in this city.

The marriage took place in the Broadway Tabernacle and was the end of a short courtship upon Mr. Embree's part. He met Mrs. Embree at a musicale given by one of his friends. Mrs. Embree will continue her musical studies upon her return from her honeymoon.

PHIPPS BUYS AT PALM BEACH.

New Yorker Will Build Three Villas There for His Family.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Flo., March 27.—When Mr. and Mrs. Henry Phipps left Monday night for New York after having spent the season here, one of their friends saying goodbye at the station, asked why they didn't use a private car, seeing them entering a compartment car.

"We can't afford to, my sons are the only members of the family who can afford private cars," said Mr. Phipps.

The Phipps friends here did't see the point until to-day when the New York papers arrived telling of Mr. Phipp's transfer to his sons of Pittsburgh property valued at $10,000,000. True to the fathers prophecy J. C. Phipps and his wife left for the North on a private car last night.

Henry Phipps just before his departure bought a tract of land north of the Florida Gun Club between that property and Reve D'ete, the estate of Mr. and Mrs. Charles I. Cragin, of Philadelphia. There is a thousand foot water frontage the strip running through from Lake Worth to the ocean. It is understood that the purchase price was $90,000 and that the intention is to build upon it before next season three handsome villas for Mr. and Mrs. Henry Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Phipps, and Mrs. Frederick Guest, of London, a daughter.

BARON'S NIECE A BRIDE.

Miss Violet von Lyncker Newbery Weds Herbert Irving Losee.

The wedding of Miss Violet von Lyncker Newbery to Herbert Irving Losee took place last evening in St. Bartholomew's Church, Brooklyn. The Rev. Dr. Frank M. Townley performed the ceremony, which was followed by a large reception at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John William Newbery, 875 St. Mark's Avenue. Miss Newbery is a granddaughter of the late Baron Lothar von Lyncker of Berlin and a niece of Baron Maximilian von Lyncker, present House Marshal to Emperor William.

Miss Estelle McCarroll was the maid of honor, and Mrs. Ernest B. Humpstone and the Misses Kate Putnam, Janet Weir, and Gertrude Field acted as bridesmaids. In the order named they were attired in frocks of yellow, blue, lavender, green, and pink charmeuse trimmed with shadow lace. With these costumes they wore little pearl caps, and showers of sweet-peas fell from large Leghorn hats suspended over their arms by pink ribbons. The bride's gown of white charmeuse was ornamented with embroidery in rose design and duchess and rose point lace. Her tulle veil was bordered with duchess lace, and she carried lilies of the valley and gardenias.

Mr. Losee, who is a son of Mrs. Alanson F. Losee of Hempstead, L. I., had Harold E. Gill as his best man. The ushers were Leonard Busby Cruden, Harry Meinken, Frederick Dalzell, and Lothar Newbery.

EASTER SALE OF IRISH LACE.

St. Sylvia's Industries Shown at Countess de Laugier-Villars's Home.

An exhibition and Easter sale of filet Irish lace and embroideries and Italian cut-work was held yesterday from 11 to 6 at the residence of the Countess de Laugier-Villars, 311 Fifth Avenue, under the auspices of the St. Sylvia's Cottage Industries of Tivoli, N. Y., where the Countess, who was Miss Carola Livingston, has her Summer residence, and where the Livingston family has lived from the time of Queen Anne.

The embroideries and laces were worked by American women in their own homes, which cause has been fostered by the St. Sylvia's Cottage Industries.

There were many who dropped in yesterday to admire and purchase the laces, and the sale was very satisfactory.

Princess Patricia's Pictures.

Princess Patricia of Connaught has had six pictures accepted for the twenty-ninth Spring art exhibition at Montreal. They include Norwegian and Swedish scenes and a view of Ottawa from Government House. During her visit here in January with her parents, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, the Princess was much interested in art, and made several purchases of pictures from New York artists.

Mrs. J. P. Morgan Visits Biltmore.

Special to The New York Times.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., March 27.—Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan and Mrs. Jay Gould, who are at Battery Park Hotel, were conducted through Biltmore estate this afternoon by Mr. Vanderbilt's representative. Ex-Senator W. A. Clark of Montana, with Baron Hammerstein of Vienna, arrived this afternoon.

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The finer grades only.
SOLITAIRE RINGS
$50.00 to $1800.00
Theodore A. Kohn & Son
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JOHN ARBUCKLE DIES; NOTED FOR CHARITIES

Coffee and Sugar Merchant Expires in His Brooklyn Home After Brief Illness.

SUCCESS FROM INVENTION

Spent $12,500,000 in Fight with the Havemeyers, and Built a Home Afloat for Workers.

John Arbuckle, the sugar and coffee merchant, whose enthusiastic philanthropies have brought him much before the public during the last twenty years, and whose firm repaid $695,573 to the United States Treasury Department for alleged customs frauds committed at the firm's Brooklyn docks, died early yesterday morning, after a brief illness at his home, 315 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn, from a general breakdown due to old age.

He continued to go to the offices of Arbuckle Brothers at the foot of Jay Street, Brooklyn, until last Saturday, when he was forced to take to his bed. In the front of one of his notebooks was found Carlyle's incisive maxim: "Only workers with hand and brain are worthy of respect; all else is chaff and rubbish."

Mr. Arbuckle's wife, to whose inspiration and memory he frequently ascribed his various philanthropies, died five years ago, and the couple had no children. The aged merchant's nearest surviving relatives are two sisters, Mrs. Robert Jamison and Miss Christina Arbuckle, both of Pittsburgh, Penn., the town in which Mr. Arbuckle himself was educated, married, and started his business career. There are two nieces and two nephews, one of whom is William A. Jamison, who during the last few years has been head of the Arbuckle firm.

Stretched on a bed in a little hotel in New Paltz, Ulster County, N. Y., last Summer, Mr. Arbuckle, who had been ill for several months, told representatives of the Congressional Sugar Trust Investigating Committee that he was "past 72 years old." Perhaps because he believed so strongly in the religion of work and activity he was always very reticent about his age. He was in his seventy-fourth year.

Beyond the fact that he died a millionaire many times over, estimates of the great independent sugar and coffee merchant's fortune were equally hard to obtain yesterday. The one legal fight which the Arbuckles carried on with the Havemeyers several years ago for the control of the sugar business of the country is said to have cost each side about $12,500,000. Mr. Arbuckle's charities—his boat trips for children, his luxurious farm vacations for tired wage earners, his boat-raising and life-saving schemes—have all ways been recognized as representing only a trifling part of his great fortune.

Mr. Arbuckle was born in Scotland. His parents were Scotch-Irish, and brought him to this country at an early age. He was educated in the public schools of Allegheny and Pittsburgh. He and Henry Phipps, the coke and steel head, are said to have occupied adjoining desks in one of these public schools, Andrew Carnegie being at that time in another grade of the same school. He had a strong bent for science and machinery, and although he chose the coffee instead of the steel business for his career, the basis of his success was an invention. He had started in the coffee roasting business with his brother Charles, who died about twenty years ago. Pittsburgh had grown too small for the two brothers, and they in 1870 had established the firm of Arbuckle Brothers here. Their business in those days was to sell coffee in packages. They would buy the coffee berries with a shrewd knowledge of the values and qualities of the different grades. They would roast them, grind them, and put them in packages for home use. It took fifty girls to wrap up all the packages of coffee the firm sold.

One day it occurred to John Arbuckle that all this human labor was very costly, so he set to work with a draftsman and a machinist and invented a machine which filled, weighed, sealed, and labeled coffee in paper packages as fast as it came from the hopper. One machine would do the work of 500 girls. This gave the Arbuckle Brothers the control of the package coffee trade of the world. They stuck to one brand in particular from the beginning, and it came to be used all over the country.

Mr. Arbuckle married Miss Mary Alice Kerr in Pittsburgh, Penn., in 1868. A few years ago he conceived the idea of establishing a low-priced home for working girls and men on an old full-rigged ship and a yacht. This he called his "Deep Sea Hotel." A magazine for children, called Sunshine, was another benevolent scheme of his.

Mr. Arbuckle's firm was implicated in certain customs frauds in 1909, when arrangements for underweighing and undervaluing cargoes of crude sugar with the connivance of the Customs Inspectors themselves, were discovered by the Government authorities on the Arbuckle firm's Brooklyn docks. Mr. Arbuckle and Mr. Jamison, heads of the Arbuckle firm, denied that they had had any knowledge of the arrangement, although great profit had accrued to their firm through it. They voluntarily paid $695,573 into the United States Treasury as representing the firm's last ten years shortage in the duties. The Sugar Trust itself had just paid the Government $2,000,000 in back duties. On the payment of these shortages the Government suits against the firms were dropped.

Mr. Arbuckle's funeral will take place at his residence this afternoon, and the interment will be in Pittsburgh on Friday.

MRS. A. J. DREXEL, JR., HOST.

Gives Costume Dinner and Dance at Her Fifth Avenue Home.

Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., gave a small costume dinner and dance last night at her residence, 1,015 Fifth Avenue. There were about thirty at the dinner, and a few additional guests were asked in for the dancing. As the hostess had asked her guests to come in costume, there were many striking and picturesque costumes worn.

This is the first entertainment that Mrs. Drexel, who was Miss Marjorie Gould, has given since returning from abroad, and the majority of her guests were young people. The house was decorated with palms and Southern smilax, the stairway which leads up to the ballroom being festooned with green.

The dinner guests sat at one table, which had a huge centrepiece of jonquils, forsythia, and smilax. Small opalescent glass baskets were also used for the table decorations.

Among the guests at dinner were Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould, Mr. and Mrs. Jay Gould, Kingdon Gould, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander D. B. Pratt, the Misses Beatrice Claflin, Angelica Brown, Gladys Robbins, Margery Noyes, Mary and Olga Wiborg, Hope Hamilton, Moncure Robinson, J. Henry Alexandre, Julius N. Noyes, T. Chesley Richardson, Buell Hollister, Percy R. Pyne, 2d, and James L. Breese, Jr.

Among the interesting costumes worn at dinner was that of Mrs. George Gould, who appeared in a Spanish costume of black with touches of red. Mrs. Pratt came as an Egyptian woman, and the Misses Wiborg were in pierrette costumes. The Misses Angelica Brown and Gladys Robbins wore Turkish costumes, and Mr. Breese was also in Oriental attire.

A colored quartet sang and played during dinner, and later in the evening they danced the Argentine Tango to the great amusement of the guests.

The guests for the dancing began arriving shortly after 10 o'clock, some of them coming from the opera. A buffet supper was served at midnight. The dance was an early one, the majority of guests leaving by 2 o'clock.

Gen. James G. Wilson Gives Reception.

Gen. James Grant Wilson gave a reception yesterday at the Plaza. It was in the apartment of the Princess Lwoff-Parlaghy, and portraits were shown of Gen. Wilson, Ambassador Reid, Seth Low, William H. Bliss, Baron Schlippenbach, Ogden Mills Reid, James Barnes, and Joseph H. Choate. A second reception will be held this afternoon from 4 to 7. Tea will be served at 5 o'clock.

THE BRAHMS FESTIVAL.

Third Symphony with Mme. Matzenauer and Mr. Bachaus Soloists.

There was a larger attendance, a greater interest, a more demonstrative enthusiasm at the second concert of the Brahms Festival series, which took place yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall, than even at the first. The hall was, in fact, almost completely filled with listeners. There was nothing new upon the programme except one of the two songs for contralto voices, with viola obligato, Op. 91, "Geistliches Wiegenlied," which was put down on the programme as given for the first time. The second piano concerto has seldom been played, but it is not a novelty to those who love Brahms's music.

The programme opened with the third symphony in F, of which the magnificent energy of the first and last movements was magnificently reproduced. Mr. Walter Damrosch has seldom obtained from the New York Symphony Orchestra a finer performance than this, or one that has more deeply stirred his listeners. It is music of supreme beauty, in which the poetical subtlety of the two middle movements is contrasted with the overflowing vitality of the other two, and in which the exuberance of musical idea is expressed in a marvelously plastic and perfect form, with endless details of rich and expressive orchestral coloring.

Mme. Margarete Matzenauer of the Metropolitan Opera Company was the soloist, and amazed and delighted the audience by the revelation of a new side of her powers, her mastery of the highest art of lieder singing. The beauty of her voice, the admirable style of her singing, her high, artistic intelligence, have been manifested in her numerous appearances in opera. It is not always that an operatic singer can make such qualities equally valid in the singing of songs. Her interpretations of the "Sapphische Ode," "Immer leiser wird mein Schlummer," the "Geistliches Wiegenlied," and "Von Ewiger Liebe" were real interpretations, charged with deep emotional feeling, delivered with superb breadth of phrase, and with beautiful richness and color of voice.

His "Cradle Song of the Virgin," called the "Geistliches Wiegenlied," is based on an old German Christmas hymn, composed by Calvisius; it has been sung several times by the Musical Art Society. This hymn is used as the obbligato for the viola, and the song is superposed upon it, with an effect of magical beauty. Mr. Damrosch played the accompaniments in a masterly fashion. Mme. Matzenauer was enthusiastically applauded, and returned to sing Brahms's "Vergebliches Ständchen."

Mr. Wilhelm Bachaus played Brahms's second concerto in B flat, a work that artists are shy of because of its length and difficulty, both technical and intellectual, its indifference to obvious effects, such as virtuosos expect of concertos. But Mr. Bachaus has sufficiently shown that he has not the limitations of a virtuoso, and in this concerto went further beyond them than in anything he has done this season in New York. Not before has he shown such a commanding sweep and power as he did in the impressive first movement: his reading of the andante had the warm glow of a Summer sunset. It was throughout a performance of deeply musical character, profoundly sympathetic and appreciative of the work and delightfully clear in its articulation of the symmetry of the structure.

OLGA NETHERSOLE SUES.

Claims $31,774 from Liebler & Co. on a Two Years' Contract.

Olga Nethersole, the actress, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday to collect $31,774 from Theodore W. Liebler and George C. Tyler, the principal members of the theatrical firm of Liebler & Co., which she claims is due her on contract for the seasons of 1910-11 and 1911-12.

Miss Nethersole states in her suit that she agreed to appear under the management of the defendants for two seasons of twenty-five weeks each, at a salary of $1,000 a week. During the first season, she says she received only a little more than $10,000.

The cost of transportation of herself, maid and baggage, and expenses entailed in printing and photographs, for which she asserts she was to have been reimbursed, have not been paid. Nothing has been paid her for this present season, she says, and she demands $25,000, according to the terms of the contract. She alleges that she has held herself in readiness to live up to the contract this season.

Waller in Actors' Fund Benefit.

As a special feature of the programme at the Actors' Fund benefit, to be held at the Century Theatre to-morrow afternoon, Lewis Waller and Madge Titherадge will appear in the courtship scene from "Henry V." The Reception Committee of actresses at the benefit will include Ina Claire, Fannie Marinoff, Alice John, Veda Steele, Grace Filkins, Muriel Starr, Pauline Whitson, Kathleen MacDonald, Norma Winslow, Mary Cecil, Elizabeth Ennis, and Bijou Fernandez. Refreshments will be served during the intermission.

Friars to Dine David Warfield.

The Friars' Club will give a dinner in honor of David Warfield at the Hotel Astor on Sunday evening, April 21. The committee in charge consists of Edward Everett Pidgeon, Charles E. Gilbert, Lew Fields, Charles Emerson Cook, Emmett Corrigan, Bert Feibleman, J. Fred Zimmerman, Jr., Joseph R. Grismer, Meyer W. Livingston, Jerome Siegel, Marc Klaw and Marcus Loew.

Corse Payton Stock at the West End.

Corse Payton and the Shuberts have entered into an agreement by which Mr. Payton is to have a dramatic stock company at the West End Theatre this season, under the management of Morris Schlesinger. Mr. Payton's season at the West End will begin on May 6, and he will present many of the plays in which his company has achieved success.

COL. WM. B. OVERTON DEAD.

Ex-Park Commissioner of Brooklyn a Victim of Dropsy.

Col. William B. Overton, formerly Park Commissioner of Brooklyn, during the administration of Mayor Chapin, and prominent in the military circles of Brooklyn, died yesterday at his residence, 112 East Seventy-ninth Street, after an illness of two months from dropsy. He was born in Bellport, L. I., 70 years ago. He was formerly proprietor of the old Belmont Hotel in Fulton Street during the civil war, but more recently had been associated in the flour business.

Col. Overton was originally a member of the Thirteenth Regiment of Brooklyn, and later served on the division staff of Gen. Jourdan, and the brigade staff of Gen. Christendon. He was a member of the original Volunteer Fire Department of New York City, serving with No. 36 Hose. Col. Overton leaves his wife, a son, and four daughters.

Ex-Minister to Bolivia Dead.

William B. Sorsby, former Minister to Bolivia, died at the New York Hospital Tuesday night of a complication of diseases resulting from a stroke of paralysis he suffered while at his post in La Paz in 1908. He then retired, after a long public service, as Consul to Kingston and other places and Minister to Bolivia. Mr. Sorsby returned and made his home in this city. He was born in Mississippi and was 60 years of age. He was a Republican and owed his advancement to the late Senator Quay of Pennsylvania. Mr. Sorsby is survived by a wife, who was a Miss Rossiter of Washington, and a daughter 10 years old.

Bryan H. Smith.

Bryan H. Smith, who was one of the oldest residents of Brooklyn, died yesterday at his home, 79 Pierrepont Street, aged 88 years. He was born in Brooklyn on Jan. 29, 1829. His father, Cyrus Porter Smith, was the fourth Mayor of the old City of Brooklyn. Mr. Smith engaged in the wool commission business, from which he retired in 1891 after a successful career. He was at one time President of the Brooklyn Savings Bank. He was also a Trustee of the Packer Collegiate Institute, the Brooklyn Hospital, the First Presbyterian Church, and was for a long time a Director of the Union Ferry Company. His wife and five children survive him.

Easter Novelties
AN ATTRACTIVE, SUITABLE ASSORTMENT.
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Obituary Notes.

JOHN ELBERT WHITE, proprietor of "Ye Greenwich Shop," died suddenly in Greenwich, Conn., Tuesday night, aged 55 years. A few days before he was operated upon at the Greenwich Hospital for gall stones, and was improving when pneumonia set in. He was a native of Stamford.

THOMAS GREEN, aged 45, chief engineer of the Soo Line and regarded as one of the foremost civil engineers in America, died at a hotel in Minneapolis, Minn., yesterday, after several months' illness.

EUGENE ALLAN CROSBIE, a member of the firm of Hussa & Co., custom house brokers, of 21 State Street, died at his home at Arlington, N. J., Tuesday night. He was 62 years old and a bachelor. Mr. Crosbie had been ill nearly a year with tuberculosis of the throat.

WALTER OSGOOD WHITCOMB, well known in business circles throughout New England, died at his home in New Haven Tuesday night. He was born fifty-seven years ago at Worcester, Mass., and traced his ancestry back to Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, the poet, and to Joseph Wadsworth of Charter Oak Farm. His wife was Anna R. Washburn, daughter of Gov. and United States Senator William B. Washburn of Massachusetts. Mr. Whitcomb was President of a metallic bedstead company at Shelton, Conn.

EDWARD FRENCH MORRIS, a retired business man, who had held the office of Assessor and other public offices in Stamford, Conn., died there last night of pneumonia. He is survived by his wife. Mr. Morris was born in Bridgeport, Conn., sixty-nine years ago.

AUGUSTUS H. WALSH, at one time confidential secretary for ex-Mayor Grace of this city, is dead in Albany, aged 82 years. Mr. Walsh was a member of one of the older families in New York State, his grandfather having served during the Revolution under Washington. Mr. Walsh was prominent in numerous patriotic societies. He was born in Newburg, but spent most of his life in this city and in Washington, where he held various Government positions.

LOUIS SCHLESINGER, a retired merchant tailor, died late Tuesday night at the Hotel Normandie from an attack of asthma. He was 70 years of age and was well known in the tailoring trade. Three daughters and a sister survive him.

CHARLES METTETAL, 22 years old, died early yesterday morning in Jamaica Hospital following an operation for appendicitis. Mr. Mettetal was well known in A. U. circles and was President of the Ozone Park Baseball Association. Besides his parents, a brother and three sisters survive him.

Mrs. SARAH J. CRESHULL, a prominent church worker of Brooklyn, died late Monday night at the home of her son, 163 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, aged 75 years.

WILLIAM H. H. HEWITT, for many years a prominent figure in the Democratic Party councils of Connecticut, died in New Haven Tuesday night as the result of a stroke of apoplexy. Mr. Hewitt was 70 years old. One son survives him.

WILLIAM B. PHELPS, a former drug merchant and for several years a member of the Board of Assessors, died at his home in Winsted, Conn., yesterday, aged 67 years. His wife and one daughter survive him.

Mrs. ANNA POTTER, once a candidate for Mayor of Kansas City, Kan., died at her home there Tuesday, aged 65 years. Mrs. Potter was a pioneer in the woman suffrage movement in Kansas, and her campaign for Mayor in 1895 attracted Mrs. Mesdames Ellen Lease and other noted women to assist her.

Mrs. MARY ANN MEGARGEE, widow of Irwin N. Megargee, a paper manufacturer, is dead at the home of her son-in-law in Overbrook, Penn. Mrs. Megargee was prominent in Philadelphia social life and in charity work.

THEODORE DOHT, the oldest court attendant in the Queens County Supreme Court, died Tuesday evening at St. James's Hospital, Jamaica, from the effects of an operation for cancer of the stomach. He was a brother of former Sheriff Henry Doht and was appointed an attendant by his brother. He was 57 years of age and is survived by his wife.

Dr. JOSEPH JOHNSTONE, British Consul in Bluefields, Nicaragua, is dead there, aged 63 years. Dr. Johnstone was born in Scotland and was educated at Edinburgh. He was appointed Consul at Bluefields in 1911.

Capt. GEORGE R. HODGEDON, well known as a manager of hotels in Connecticut, died at his home in New Haven late Tuesday night, aged 63.

WILLIAM LUDLOW SHEPPARD, a Confederate veteran and an illustrator and sculptor, died yesterday at Richmond, Va. His best known works are the Soldiers and Sailors' Monument, the statue of Gen. A. P. Hill, and the Howitzer Memorial Hall in Richmond.

MARIE DECLAUZAS, who was long a conspicuous figure in the theatrical life of Paris, has just died at Nougent-sur-Marne at the age of 72. She was born at Paris in 1840 and was barely 14 when she entered the Conservatoire to study dramatic art. She was one of the most popular actresses of her day. She retired from the stage two years ago.

CHARLES WESLEY BROWN, a manufacturer, well known in financial circles, died Monday at his home in Jersey City, aged 87 years. He was born in Caldwell, N. J., and was a close friend and admirer of the late ex-President Grover Cleveland. Mr. Brown's son-in-law, the Rev. Dr. Joshua E. Wills of New York, will officiate at the funeral services. Mr. Brown is survived by three daughters and one son.

HARRIET M. COFFIN, who was Principal of Public School 14 at Concord and Navy Street in Brooklyn for forty-five years, died Tuesday at her home, 104 Johnson Street. She was born at Nantucket, Mass., seventy-five years ago and was educated in the public and normal schools of Brooklyn. She became a teacher immediately upon her graduation. For twelve years she was manager of the Home for Aged Colored People.

Miss LYDIA C. BARKER of Fredonia died suddenly Tuesday night at the home of her cousin, Walter C. Barker, in Buffalo, at a dinner given in honor of her seventy-fourth birthday. She was a member of a number of patriotic societies and was a great-granddaughter of Judge Cushing, the first County Judge of Chautauqua County.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

CHATFIELD—LATHROP.—On Wednesday, March 27, 1912, at the Brick Church, 5th Av. and 37th St., by the Rev. Dr. William Pierson Merrill, Florence, daughter of Mrs. Levi Chatman Lathrop, to Harvey Strong Chatfield.

Brooklyn.

ARMSTRONG—LORETZ.—March 26, Lily Loretz to Francis J. Armstrong.
CULLIMORE—VAN ALST.—March 25, Edith Van Alst to Allen R. Cullimore.
THEOBOLD—METZGER.—March 26, Harriet Metzger to Harold D. Theobold.

New Jersey.

HIRRSCHOFF—WINTERS.—March 25, Newark, Clara Winters to Frank W. Hirschoff.
STARK—HOPKIRK.—March 26, Englewood, Elizabeth Hopkirk to William H. Stark.
STEVER—SCHOLL.—March 24, Bloomfield, Margaret Scholl to Lewis F. Stever.
WILLIS—KING.—March 23, Wharton, Mabel King to Aaron Willis.

New York State.

HYATT—STEVENS.—March 23, Grace M. Stevens to Clarence B. Hyatt.

Died.

ACKERMAN.—On Monday, March 25, 1912, at her residence, New Haven, Conn., Ina Ackerman, wife of P. C. Ackerman. Funeral services at the First Presbyterian Church, Montclair, N. J., on Thursday afternoon at 2:45 on arrival of D., L. & W. train leaving Hoboken, N. J., at 1:38 P. M.

ARBUCKLE.—On Wednesday, March 27, at his residence, 315 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, John Arbuckle, in the seventy-fourth year of his age. Funeral services Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment Pittsburgh, Penn., Friday. Kindly omit flowers.

ARBUCKLE.—In the death of John Arbuckle we, the residents of the Deep Sea Hotel, lament the loss of our beloved benefactor, one who was ever ready to proffer the hand of aid and the voice of sympathy to the needy and distressed, whose utmost endeavors were exerted for our welfare; a friend who was dear to us all, and we herein tender our sincere condolence to the bereaved members of his family.
THE RESIDENTS OF ARBUCKLE'S DEEP SEA HOTEL.

AYRES.—March 26, Mary Doe Ayres, aged 31. At her late residence, Spuyten Duyvil, New York. Funeral and interment Rollinsford, N. H.

BABCOCK.—On Wednesday, March 27, at her home, in Nyack, N. Y., Sarah Grosvenor Babcock, eldest daughter of Edwin S. Babcock and the late Sarah McLa Babcock. Funeral Friday at 3 from her late residence.

BONNER.—On Wednesday morning, March 27, Celestine, only daughter of Paul E. and Theodora W. Bonner, aged 20 years. Funeral services at the Church of the Incarnation, Gates Avenue, between Franklin and Classon Avs., Brooklyn, on Friday, March 29, at 11 A. M. Interment private.

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Loans to any amount on
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We have a large assortment of Diamond Rings, Diamond Pins, &c., at prices which will satisfy careful purchasers.

Died.

DRUKKER.—Wednesday, March 27, at 11:10 P. M., Lilly, (nee Pollock,) wife of Joseph S. Drukker and mother of Roy and Paul Drukker, at Hotel Majestic. Notice of funeral later. Kansas City and St. Louis papers please copy.

CONNOLLY.—On Wednesday, March 27, 1912, Alice M. Harrison, wife of Edward J. Connolly. Services at late residence, 1,805 Clinton Av., Bronx, Friday, March 29, 8 P. M. Interment private. Troy and Albany papers please copy.

COURSEN.—Brookline, Mass., on March 27, 1912, George H. Coursen, son of the late G. H. Coursen of New York. Baltimore (Md.) papers please copy.

DEL MAR.—On March 27, 1912, Emily, wife of Alexander Del Mar, aged 68 years. Funeral from her late residence, 311 West 70th St., Friday, at 10 A. M. Interment private. London and San Francisco papers please copy.

DEMING.—At Summit, New Jersey, March 26, Louise Neely, wife of William B. Deming. Funeral services private.

FOYE.—March 24, Miami, Fla., V. Annette, beloved wife of Andrew E. Services at her late residence, 247 5th Av., Thursday evening, March 28, 8 o'clock. Interment private.

GALLIN.—John W. Gallin, suddenly, at his residence, 95 South 1st, Brooklyn, on Tuesday morning. Funeral from his residence on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, thence to St. Peter and Paul R. C. Church. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

HART.—On March 27, 1912, Margarete Hart, (nee Doorley,) beloved wife of Ferdinand Hart. Funeral on Saturday at 9:30 A. M. from her late residence, 525 West 151st St.; thence to St. Catharine's Church. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery.

HITCHCOCK.—On March 27, Esther J., beloved wife of Randall Creighton Hitchcock, aged 59 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services at her late residence, 416 St. Nicholas Av., on Friday at 9 P. M. Interment on Saturday at convenience of family.

HOBBY.—On Tuesday, March 26, at 409 West 145th St., New York City, Marion Leona, infant daughter of Dr. Willard and Maude Johnson Hobby. Interment Stamford, Conn.

HOEFER.—March 27, Henry F. Hoefer, aged 50. Services Stephen Merritt's new chapel, 8th Av., near 21st St., Saturday, 1 P. M.

HOGAN.—On March 27, Mary G., beloved daughter of Michael and the late Ellen Hogan, at her residence, 341 East 51st St. Funeral Saturday, March 30, at 10 A. M., to St. Patrick's Cathedral. Requiem mass at 10:30.

HUME.—At Poughkeepsie

FIGHT WAR CLAUSE IN BILLS OF LADING

Shippers Fear It Will Affect Their Acceptance as Security by the Banks.

STEAMSHIP MEN DEFEND IT

Say It Confers No New Rights and Is Made Necessary by the English Coal Strike.

Steamship men yesterday defended the new clause inserted in bills of lading for eastbound transatlantic freight, which puts the responsibility on the shipper for delays in deliveries due to the strike situation abroad. It is practically a "war clause," and is the direct result of the coal strike in England. Shippers of grain have been aroused by it chiefly because of fear that such a qualification will affect the acceptance of their bills by the banks, and the Produce Exchange authorities have cabled to similar organizations in England and on the Continent with the idea of starting concerted action against the steamship companies.

Shipping interests contend that the new clause does not change in any essential the existing rights of the steamship companies under the terms of the bills of lading, but simply applies concretely to the labor situation in Europe the rights which the carriers already have and which were stated in broad terms in bill of lading forms that shippers have been signing without question for years.

"We learned the possibilities of trouble in a big strike when the dock men, stevedores, carters, and other classes of labor at the ports in England went out last year," the freight manager of one of the largest transatlantic interests said yesterday. "Then it was not uncommon for a steamer to be forced to return without unloading a pound of cargo. It was impossible to get the freight out of the holds, and nothing was to be gained by holding the ships in dock. We had to take care of passengers who had booked for the western voyage, and there was nothing to do but carry the untouched cargoes back with the ships.

"There was very little rush in the transatlantic freight trade then, but we had trouble enough adjusting the complaints of shippers. The steamship companies have the broad right to unload cargo at a different port than the destination called for, or to warehouse it. This is to provide for circumstances which might arise from the wrecking or injury of the vessels. The new clause is simply to make it plain that the same principle applies to the strike situation." The new clause reads:

If discharge of the goods or any part is or is likely to be prevented or delayed beyond the usual time therefor by war, civil commotion, insurrection, blockade, or other hostilities, or by strikes, labor disturbances, or stoppage of labor, of carrier's employes or others, or lockout by the carrier or others, the carrier shall have liberty at the risk of the owner of the goods either to return the goods on board to port of shipment, there to be placed in warehouse, or to discharge them at any other port to be warehoused there or forwarded to destination, subject always during exercise of this privilege to this and all other terms contained in steamer's bill of lading.

In either event the carrier's responsibility as carrier shall end without notice as soon as the goods leave steamship's tackles, and all responsibility whatever as carrier otherwise shall terminate without notice as soon as the goods are warehoused or delivered to forwarding carrier; but the carrier shall be entitled to and have a lien upon the goods for freight and charges and extra compensation for any services performed in the exercise of the privilege hereby granted.

The spokesman for the shipping interests went on to explain that the insertion of the new clause simply meant that the steamship companies did not intend to be put in a position where they might be mulcted for something beyond their control by any one who chose to take advantage of possible strike troubles to claim damages.

"The strike already has cost the Atlantic companies a pretty penny," he said. "There is now the greatest demand for cargo capacity that the steamship companies have known for a generation. It has come after a period of lean years, and the companies have felt that they were at last coming into a long-delayed prosperity. Now, with all available cargo space in demand at prices in many cases 100 per cent. higher than last year, the coal strike forces us to carry coal enough for the return voyage. There is not room for this extra coal in the bunkers, it has to go in the hold, and consequently crowds out just so much paying freight."

President E. R. Carhart of the Produce Exchange has cabled to the London Corn Trade Association, the Liverpool Corn Trade Association, the Hamburg, Berlin, Copenhagen and Antwerp Grain Exchanges, the Netherlands Grain Association of Rotterdam and the Corn Trade Association of Bristol, asking their co-operation in opposing the steamship companies in their insistence on the new clause. The Produce Exchange will take no action until it has heard from its foreign associates in the grain trade.

PACKERS NOT TO DISSOLVE.

So Says Counsel, but It Is Believed They Eventually Will.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 27.—"The National Packing Company will not be dissolved. There is no reason for a dissolution, and the rumor that the corporation is expected to end its existence is without foundation," said Ralph Crews, counsel for the National Company, to-day, when asked about such a report following the acquittal of the ten Chicago packers.

Despite this denial, attaches of the District Attorney's office believe that within a few months an announcement will be made of the dissolution of the National Company.

John S. Miller, attorney for the packers, makes this significant statement regarding the trial:

"Yesterday's verdict means an end to the tradition of secrecy in the conduct of those businesses which are conducted on a vast scale.

"Business men have had a natural reluctance to having their affairs paraded in the public prints. In the case of very large business enterprises, however, this may be a necessity, and the business men will have to come to it."

Prosecutor Garven of Hudson County, N. J., announced yesterday that he would immediately make application to Gov. Wilson to ask for the extradition of the Chicago packers who were indicted by the Hudson County Grand Jury two years ago, and against whom action was temporarily dropped because Gov. Fort refused to ask for their extradition.

Assistant Prosecutor McCarthy, Mr. Garven said, was already on his way to Chicago to confer with United States District Attorney Wilkerson, who conducted the recent prosecution of the ten packers in Chicago.

Six corporations and twenty-one individuals were indicted on Feb. 25, 1910, on charges of conspiring and creating a monopoly, of raising the price of meat and poultry by unlawful means, and of deliberately creating a shortage in the supply of articles necessary for the food of the people. The corporations are the National Packing Company, Morris & Co., Swift & Co., Armour & Co., the Hammond Packing Company, and the G. H. Hammond Company.

The individuals indicted were J. Ogden Armour, Arthur Meeker, Edward Morris, Louis F. Swift, Edward F. Swift, Edward Tilden, Thomas H. Connors, F. A. Fowler, Charles H. Swift, L. H. Heyman, A. Watson Armour, L. A. Carton, Thomas E. Wilson, James E. Bathgate, Jr., George H. Edwards, F. V. Cooper, D. E. Hartwell, Ira N. Morris, Henry P. Darlington, Lemuel B. Patterson, and A. A. Fuller.

Cooper, Patterson, and Bathgate pleaded not guilty, and were released on bail. Only one of these, Patterson, was from Chicago. Mr. Garven made it clear that he was not anxious to prosecute them, but that he wanted the "big men" in Chicago. He tried hard to bring them into his jurisdiction. The Chicago men contended that they could not be extradited. A bill was introduced in the New Jersey Legislature to compel extradition, but it was not passed. Then Garven appealed to Gov. Fort for the extradition of J. Ogden Armour, who had passed through New Jersey on his way to Chicago. But Gov. Fort held that Mr. Armour was not a fugitive from justice and refused to act.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

ROAD MUST LOWER RATES.

Big Four Line Guilty of Unlawful Discrimination in Indiana.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Refusal of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway, the "Big Four" road, to accord through routes and transit privileges at Chicago on grain shipped by certain dealers from elevators in Indiana and Illinois, was held by the Inter-State Commerce Commission to be an unlawful discrimination, because those privileges are granted to other shippers in the same territory.

If the railway does not cease the discrimination within thirty days it will be required to do so by an order of the commission.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Elastics and Webbings at Lower Duty—Other Decisions.

Edwin Horrax was partly successful yesterday before the Board of United States General Appraisers in an action to recover alleged excessive duties exacted by Collector Loeb on importations of elastic cords and webbings. They were returned for duty by the Collector as being composed in chief value of silk and were assessed under the provision for manufactures of silk with a tax of 50 per cent. on the value.

The importer set up the contention that the goods are in chief value of rubber, and as such dutiable at 35 per cent. ad valorem under the rubber schedule of the present law. Judge Howell finds that some of the merchandise is dutiable as claimed, while the remainder must stand the classification imposed by the Collector. The Judge says that a part of the articles should have been assessed at 60 per cent., but as this classification was not imposed, the Government cannot collect the higher duty.

The board denied a contention made by B. Altman & Co. regarding the classification of women's hand bags with brass frames, glass beads being the component material of chief value in the articles. Duty was taken at 60 per cent. under the provision for the "bead" act of 1909. The importers' claim for duty at 45 per cent. as "manufactures of metal" is overruled, and the Collector affirmed.

TEA IMPORTERS COMPLAIN.

Will Demand Uniform Inspection at All Ports of Entry.

Considerable difference of opinion is expressed in the wholesale tea market regarding the ultimate results of the rulings of the Treasury Department in the colored tea controversy. As announced in THE TIMES on Tuesday, the department has ruled that the exclusion of colored tea will be effective only on teas artificially colored for purposes of deception, and this decision is expected by some members of the trade to cause considerable trouble.

According to one of the largest importers it will be very difficult for Inspectors to determine how and why the tea is colored, and for this reason it is believed that large quantities of tea will be admitted into the country that should be excluded under the present regulations. The Read test for determining the presence of artificial coloring, as adopted by the department, is looked upon by some members of the trade as inadequate. It is generally admitted, however, that the test is as good as can be had. It is said that action recommending the uniform inspection of tea at all ports of entry will shortly be taken by representative importers as a result of the complaint that inspection at some of the Western ports is not as strict as in New York.

Foreign Credit Board Recommended.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The Senate Finance Committee to-day agreed to recommend favorably the Gronna resolution for the appointment of a commission to investigate the operations of co-operative land mortgage banks and co-operative rural credit unions of other countries. A limit of one year was placed on the life of the commission, which will be limited to three members.

Poor Market for Dried Fruits.

The New York market for California dried fruits is in a chaotic condition at present, according to a statement made yesterday by a prominent packer's representative. There is a liberal supply of spot stocks of all kinds, and buyers are ordering in small quantities. Considerable pressure to sell has been put upon agents, and consequently prices are all in favor of the buyer. Concessions granted, however, have so far failed to tempt buyers to place substantial orders.

Active Trading in Hides.

Increased activity of buyers marked the trading in the New York hide market yesterday. Receipts were not heavy and offered stocks were limited, consequently prices advanced under the demand. Primary markets were reported strong, and this information gave the local market added strength. Branded stock was offered in small lots and moved freely.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Strength and Activity Prevail Through Entire List.

Wheat active, with strong foreign markets, and in sympathy with corn. Weather conditions were more favorable. Corn strong and active, with light receipts and strong interior cash markets. Oats higher on the delay in Spring work and late Spring. Provisions advanced with a higher hog market and small receipts. Cotton advanced slowly following hesitancy at the start. More hopeful cables on the foreign labor situation and predictions of a recurrence of moisture in parts of the belt, together with a fair speculative demand were influential in the better undertone.

WHEAT.

Trading in wheat was of good volume, prices showing strength early, followed by a rather sharp reaction about midday, the market closing, howcevr, at a general net gain for the session. The cables were again strong, with Liverpool futures closing at an advance; Liverpool cash was also higher. The Continental markets showed further gains, and the Buenos Aires market was firm. Bidding for cash wheat was in some evidence, although the amount of business put through in American wheat was small, only 8,000 bushels. Sales of Manitoba wheat were 160,000 bushels. The reaction from the early advance semed to be due to a general profit taking of speculative holdings, more favorable weather conditions, and some reports of an indifferent interior demand for cash wheat. The snow map for Monday night showed the southern line of snow covering extending south to Central Kentucky, all over the Ohio Valley States, and all through the Mississippi and Missouri Valleys to the southern line of Kansas. In Kansas and Missouri the covering was from three to twelve inches deep, and over a very large part of the Central West and Ohio Valley three to six inches. Reports from the Southwest were favorable. Reports from other sections are mixed, but owing to the snow covering very little is known as to conditions. The cash markets were firm, with a fair milling demand in the West. The output of flour in the Northwest the last week was 333,000 barrels, against 347,000 barrels the previous week and 332,000 barrels last year.

Cash quotations: No. 2 red, $1.08¾; free on board; No. 1 Northern Spring, opening of navigation, $1.19⅝; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.13⅝, and No. 1 Manitoba, $1.18¼.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—Trading was liberal, the market showing a strong tone, closing at the best prices of the day, at about ⅝ of a cent gain on the near positions. Cables were strong, with good bidding for cash corn reported abroad. Western receipts were comparatively small, interior shipments liberal, and interior cash markets ½c to 1c higher. The official estimate of the Argentine crop is 7,500,000 tons, equal to about 300,000,000 bushels, on the basis of 40 bushels per ton, with 5,000,000 tons estimated for export, or about 200,000,000 bushels. This is a record crop, and will furnish an abundant supply for Europe within a few months. Cash corn was strong, with No. 2 mixed at 16¾c f. o. b. No. 2, 75½c in elevator, export, and steamer, 75c.

OATS.—Prices were very firm, although the net advance for the day was unimportant. The weather was somewhat milder West, but the progress of Spring work has been greatly delayed, and the snow bulletin report for Monday stated that in some sections the crop had been eliminated owing to inability to seed. Very favorable conditions will be needed in the great oats States to get a normal crop in. Cash oats were firm, with standards and No. 3 white 60½c in elevator; No. 2 white, 60¾c.

PROVISIONS.

Trading was active, with prices strong. The market advanced to the highest figures of the movement, closing at some reaction. Moderate receipts of hogs—only 92,000—a further advance in live-hog prices, and speculative buying on the decision in the packers' case seemed to be the factors.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
May	1.09	1.08⅝	1.08⅞	1.08⅝
July	1.04⅝	1.04⅝	1.04½	1.04¼
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	9.85@10.00	9.70
March	..	..	9.85@10.00	9.70
May	..	..	10.00@10.15	9.87
July	..	..	10.20@10.35	10.07

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
May	1.04	1.03⅜	1.03⅜	1.03⅛
July	99	98⅝	98⅞	98⅝
September	.96⅝	96⅛	96½	96⅜
Corn—				
May	73½	72⅝	73⅜	72⅜
July	73¾	73	73⅝	73⅛
September	73¼	72⅝	73⅛	72⅝
Oats—				
May	54¼	53⅞	54⅛	54
July	50½	50⅛	50½	50⅛
September	43	42¾	43	42⅝
Lard—				
May	9.95	9.77½	9.85	9.75
July	10.12½	9.97½	10.02½	9.95
September	10.30	10.15	10.25	10.12½
Ribs—				
May	9.67½	9.55	9.57½	9.52½
July	9.90	9.75	9.82½	9.70
September	10.07½	9.90	10.02½	9.87½
Pork—				
May	17.12½	16.85	16.95	16.85
July	17.45	17.17½	17.35	17.12
September	17.77½	17.52½	17.67½	17.47½

COTTONSEED OIL.

Advances to near the season's high prices were recorded during the day. The high levels scored by the lard market at the West had considerable influence. Buying by brokers credited with acting for prominent refining interests was again in evidence, and it is still stated that part of this inquiry is against sales made abroad. Crude was firm on the basis of 35c per gallon in nearly all sections, and the absorption around those levels will be awaited, as on the last rise to those prices offerings by Southern holders were liberal. Shorts were fair buyers of futures yesterday, with some inquiry from the West, and although offerings were free at the close from other refining concerns, sentiment seemed bullish in the main.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	..	5.68
March	5.80	5.77	5.73	5.66
April	5.75	5.69	5.73	5.65
May	5.81	5.79	5.80	5.75
June	5.87	5.86	5.84	5.79
July	5.92	5.88	5.89	5.85
August	5.98	5.97	5.95	5.92
September	6.00	5.97	5.98	5.95
October	5.95	5.95	5.93	5.91

COTTON.

The market was again quiet and firm. Declines of from 2 to 4 points occurred at the outset, due to the failure of important precipitation to occur over night and in response to disappointing Liverpool advices, but as on Tuesday there was little suggesting weakness in the action of the market. Fair support developed with claims that uptown bull interests were again active on the buying side, while a moderate volume of buying was credited to spot concerns. These interests are still believed to be selling quietly on the bulges, but in some quarters it is claimed that this results in a firm technical tone, which is not a bearish feature, inasmuch as buying from the same source develops when weakness is observed. The list slowly rallied after the opening yesterday, and closed at about the best prices of the session.

Short covering was induced by rumors that the foreign coal strike had been ended, but until the close confirmation of these reports was lacking. It was cabled, however, that mine owners had accepted the minimum wage law, and foreign authorities on the whole again seemed optimistic on the outlook, notwithstanding the fact that in the past their sanguine opinions have been premature. Meanwhile spot business at Liverpool is only fair, with sales yesterday amounting to 7,000 bales, and the cable from Manchester stating that both yarns and cloths were quiet, although firm.

Generally cloudy conditions were noted in many parts of the belt yesterday, and as the official forecasts were for unsettled weather and rains in several sections bear aggressiveness on climatic conditions was not great. There was some selling, however, on the belief that there was little indication of general precipitation over the belt, while the apprehension as to the probabilities of rivers overflowing was not so pronounced, despite the further rising of the streams.

A slight improvement in demand for spot cotton was reported in Memphis. The New Orleans market showed relative firmness again at times, with the South generally conceded to have bought in the local market on balance. Most authorities on the spot situation maintain that the betterment in the inquiry is not general, but there is little pressure shown, and the demand appears sufficient to absorb surplus offerings. Official spot quotations from the South were unchanged to ⅛c advance. New York spot cotton was strong at .25c advance, with middling quoted at 10.85c.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	10.50	10.38	13.49@13.50	10.42
April	10.35	10.35	10.45@10.47	10.38
May	10.56	10.44	10.55@10.56	10.48
June	10.60	10.60	10.60@10.62	10.53
July	10.67	10.55	10.66@10.67	10.59
August	10.65	10.56	10.65@10.66	10.59
September	10.57	10.57	10.65@10.67	10.60
October	10.74	10.64	10.72@10.73	10.67
November	..	..	10.74@10.76	10.69
December	10.80	10.71	10.78@10.79	10.72
January	10.75	10.64	10.74@10.75	10.67
February	..	..	10.72@10.75	10.66

COFFEE.

Coffee declined 4 to 7 points at the opening, owing to an easier feeling abroad, but later ruled steady, closing at a net decline of 2 to 6 points. Total sales were 71,500 bags. Havre was ¼ franc lower to ¼ higher, while Hamburg was unchanged. Rio and Santos were unchanged, but firm, and cost and freight offers were in most cases above a working basis.

Spot coffee steady; 14¾c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	13.70	13.69	13.69@13.70	13.73
April	..	..	13.71@13.73	13.73
May	13.81	13.76	13.81@13.82	13.84
June	..	..	13.86@13.88	13.89
July	13.92	13.89	13.91@13.93	13.94
August	..	..	14.00@14.02	14.02
September	14.10	14.06	14.09@14.10	14.11
October	..	..	14.04@14.05	14.07
November	13.99	13.99	13.99@14.00	14.05
December	14.02	13.97	14.01@14.02	14.04
January	..	..	13.98@14.00	14.01
February	13.93	13.93	13.95@13.97	13.99

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, specials, pound, 32c.; prime firsts, 31½c.; firsts, 30½@31c.; seconds, 29@30c.; thirds, 26@28c.; State dairy, tubs, finest, 30@31c.; good to prime, 27@29c.; common to fair, 24@26c.; process, specials, 27@27½c.; extras, 26½c.; firsts, 25@25½c.; seconds, 24@24½c.; factory, current make, firsts, 25@25½c.; seconds, 23½@24c.; thirds, 22@22½c.; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 22½@23c.; No. 3, 20½@21½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, held, white, specials, pound, 19c; colored, 19c; white, average fancy, 18⅛@18¾c; colored, 18½@18¾c; undergrades, 17@18c; current make, white, average fancy, 17¾@18c; colored, 17¼@18c; undergrades, 16@17½c; Daisies, Fall and earlier, best, 19¼c; State, skims, current make, colored, specials, 15c; white, 15c; choice, 14@14½c; fair, 12¼@13c; undergrades, 7½@12c; full skims, 4@5c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 24@25c; firsts, 22¾@23½c; seconds, 22¼@22½c; dirties, 21@22c; checks, 20@21c; duck eggs, Baltimore, 37@38c; Western, 35@36c; Kentucky and Tennessee, 32@36c.; far Southern, 28@33c.; goose eggs, 90c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 26@27c.; selected whites, fair to good, 24@25c.; Western, gathered whites, 24@25c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 24@24½c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 23@23½c.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

LOUIS N. COHEN.—A petition has been filed against Louis N. Cohen, manufacturer of men's clothing, at 716 Broadway, by these creditors: Solomon Goldman, $400; Michael Cohen, $200, and Henry Wiener, $725. Judge Holt appointed Frank J. Waldeyer receiver on application of Archibald Palmer, and authorized him to continue business ten days. It is said that the liabilities will not exceed $15,000 and the assets are probably $8,000 to $10,000.

CHARLES H. A. PLATTEN, an assistant cook, residing at 762 East 163d Street, filed a petition yesterday with liabilities of $786 to twenty-two creditors and no assets.

MORITZ BARIN, liquor dealer, of 16 West Twenty-seventh Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $5,582 and assets of $64. The largest creditor is the Moerlein Brewing Company of Cincinnati, $4,300.

BURNS' RESTAURANT AND HOTEL COMPANY.—Schedules of Burns' Restaurant and Hotel Company, Sixth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, show liabilities of $44,677 and nominal assets of $21,483. Among the creditors are Minnie F. Burns, $8,174; Anne E. de Camp, $4,466; Susie E. Fitcheth Highland Falls, N. Y., $14,756. Frederick R. Fitchett, $3,360, and Blandy, Rooney & Shipman, $5,122.

JOSEF ABRAMOWITZ.—Schedules of Josef Abramowitz, dealer in dress goods at 158 Ridge Street, show liabilities of $10,036 and assets of $5,000. Among the creditors are A. Abramowitz, $2,000; Sam Abramowitz, $1,374, and Benjamin Paul, $650.

A. MAGGIO & SON.—Schedules of A. Maggio & Son, wholesale dealers in flour, at 246 Lafayette Street, show liabilities of $37,800 and nominal assets of $27,738. They also turned over $1,950 cash to F. O. Seaver pending a composition agreement. Among the creditors are the German Exchange Bank, $4,250; Broadway Trust Company, $2,605; Hecker, Jones, Jewell & Co., $7,353; Dawson & Seaver, $4,473, and A. F. Roberts & Co., $3,710.

THE NEW HARLEM CASINO, which has a cafe and restaurant at 105 West 116th Street and 127 Lenox Avenue, has made an assignment to Max Younger. Samuel Rich is President and Ezra Champion Secretary.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 27.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed to-day by F. B. Lee, of Lee, Mass., foreman of construction, who places his liabilities at $38,325, with no assets. The creditors are mostly of Augusta, Me., and their claims are for loans and merchandise.

James A. Houston, formerly proprietor of a Boston department store, was a petitioner in bankruptcy in the United States District Court to-day. His liabilities are given as $179,895.31 and his assets as $5,227.33.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Adler, Sigmund, Inc.—Tompkins-Kiel Marble Co., $712.

Bowman, Charles E.—A. P. W. Seaman et al., $160.

Same—B. Hoffman, $160.

Same—A. D. Lind, $173.

Same—J. J. Dozell, $160.

Bausch, Frank—S. S. Steiner et al., $1,127.

Crystal, Israel—B. Silverman, $169.

Carlson, Francis A.—J. Finck, $931.

Ciccone, Giovanni—George Ringler & Co., $302.

Davis, Ralph W.—L. Leshinsky, $112.

Durkin, Patrick, and Robert J. Ryan—A. Blau, $249.

Disbrow, Charles—R. A. Albee, $121.

Durant, Janet L.—M. McCann, $249.

Deser, John—A. Droll, $167.

Evers, Frederic W.—Reaser Furniture Co., $106.

Same—W. H. Stansfield et al., $302.

Same—S. P. Porter et al., $441.

Same—Conswange Furniture Co., $255.

Same—Metropolitan Chair Co., $286.

Same—Wilson-Bennett-Porter Co., $133.

Same—C. F. Roller, $332.

Ellingwood, Grace M.—D. C. Goodman, $596.

Elder, Robert H.—I. Unterberg, costs, $166.

Foy, Frank—T. C. A. Ledwith, $241.

Friedman, Samuel—J. Johansen, $159.

Frendenhelmer, Joseph—F. Wennemer, $990.

Flaherty, Thomas F.—J. Kent, costs, $108.

Greenan, John J.—Nason Mfg. Co., $132.

Grahan, Lea—S. & H. Mfg. Co., $129.

Gladman, George J.—Tammany Times, $274.

Hume, John F.—P. Arpino, $119.

Halley, Benjamin R. and Rose—R. R. Eaton, $650.

Hertz, Sadle K.—Samstag & Hilder Bros., $232.

Koller, Samuel—Shinold Co., $441.

Kilbourne, Mary T.—J. Blau, $153.

Kennedy, Anne and Arthur—Postal Telegraph Cable Co., $1,419.

Ledbetter, Walter A., receiver—K. Mandel, costs, $214.

Lury, Isaac—J. Abrahams, $109.

Lefkowitz, Moses and Morris—H. Fischer, $402.

Ledrer, Max—J. Tauber, $185.

Levine, Barnet—I. Gordon, $356.

Levine Morris—Baldinger-Kupperman Mfg. Co., $300.

Magee, Alonzo, and William Kerby—R. A. Belfour et al., $472.

Murphy, James and Ellen—A. Blau, $335.

Mills, George W.—Sonn Bros. Co., $163.

Monday, Charles—E. G. Selchow, $136.

Newman, Samuel—Klauber Bros. & Co., $319.

O'Neil, Charles—I. Clute, $133.

O'Connell, James, and James J. Cashman—National Casket Co., $230.

O'Rourke, Elizabeth—A. Spencer, $388.

Orten, William C.—G. W. Warren, $245.

Polanski, Charles—R. Herschman et al., $186.

Paleologue, Jean—Price Fireproofing Co., $142.

Reda, Santo—H. D. Muller, $1,347.

Robby, Sophia D.—L. Laude, $181.

Ritzheimer, Henry C.—Wholesale Typewriter Co., $122.

Swenson, Orloff—City of New York, $224.

Solomon, Bernard—German Exchange Bank, $635.

Smith, Charles E. W.—W. J. Bartnett, 5,140.

Tiedemann, Frederick—E. Goodman et al., $149.

Whitall, Daniel—G. A. Zabriskie et al., $131.

Ward, George M.—158 West 58th St. Co., $179.

Watnik, Joseph—M. Malbin, $713.

Wilson, Max S.—Canton Steel Ceiling Co., $270.

Doctors and Druggists' Co.—Hydrox Chemical Co., $172.

Morris Improvement Co., William T. Hookey, Inc., (not summoned,) and Max Henry—Hotchkiss Bros. Co., $484.

Sanitary Engineering Co.—City of N. Y., $217.

Clark & Shell, Inc.—J. Warnberg & Co., $117.

Welch Motor Car Co. of New York—First National Bank of Pontiac, costs, $214.

Minsker Progressive Young Men's and Ladies' Association—L. Harris, $264.

Central Park Taxi Car Co.—M. H. Resnick, $4,500.

Harrford Fire Ins. Co.—J. Talcott, costs, $232.

Abelowitz Phonograph Co.—Columbia Phonograph Co. General, $722.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Benjamin, Abraham—J. Benjamin, March 22, 1911, $165.

Bossak, David, William Bossack, and Marcus S. Rochinger—W. Davis, Feb. 9, 1912, $510.

Dill, Charles E.—American Newspaper Publishers' Association, Nov. 2, 1911, $141.

Costa, Frank, and Antonio Barone—J. Rinaldi et al., Nov. 13, 1911, $273.

Dunsmore, Malcolm—S. B. Greenstein, Feb. 28, 1912, $112.

Ehret, George—R. Kraus, Feb. 23, 1912, $1,248.

Joline, Adrian H., and Douglas Robinson—K. Wiener, March 25, 1912, $11,000.

Motor Car Exchange, Inc.—J. Thompson, March 19, 1912, $942.

Manhattan Screw-Stamping Works—T. A. Painter, March 8, 1911, $57,017.

Same—F. L. Leland, March 8, 1911, $60,017.

Same—F. L. Leland, March 8, 1911, $90,017.

Sterner, Frederick J.—Arthur H. Christ Co., Feb. 20, 1911, $107.

Wolf, Isidore D.—Reich & Reinhardt Co., Feb. 26, 1912, $146.

Mulligan, Kate, and Amanda Gustafson—J. A. Fellows et al., March 8, 1912, (canceled,) $391.

Same—Same, March 8, 1912, (canceled,) $391.

Sacks, Harris—Jackson, McGlad & Co., May 25, 1907, (canceled,) $450.

Same—H. Delansky, Dec. 11, 1906, (canceled,) $258.

Same—R. Rothschild, March 23, 1908, (canceled,) $3,146.

Ostrow, Bernard B.—D. Florin, March 20, 1912, (canceled,)) $101.

Middleman, Isaac L.—B. Silverman, Oct. 18, 1907, (released,) $388.

HOME TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Further information regarding the following home trade opportunities may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

539. CONSTRUCTION OF GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Supervising Architect, Treasury Department, Washington, for the construction complete, including plumbing, gas piping, heating appartus, electric conduits, and wiring and lighting fixtures of the following buildings: (1.) Until April 22 for Post Office at Mexico, Mo. The building has a ground area of approximately 5,000 square feet, is of one story with basement, mezzanine, and unfinished attic; fireproof construction, brick and stone facing, and tin roof. (2.) Until April 17, for Post Office at McKinney, Texas. (3.) Until April 20, for Post Office, court house, and custom house at Miami, Fla. Building will be three stories, with basement and unfinished attic, and has a ground area of approximately 7,200 square feet; fireproof construction throughout, stone facing, tile and copper roof. (4.) Until April 19, for Post Office at Abbeville, S. C. The building is two stories in height, of approximately 3,850 square feet ground area, bricked faced with stone trim, tin roof and non-fireproof construction with the exception of the first floor. (5.) Until April 23, for Post Office at Riverside, Cal. The building is to be two stories and basement, of approximately 6,200 square feet ground area, stucco faced, with tile roof, and of fireproof construction throughout. (6.) Until April 24, for Post Office at Corinth Miss. The building is two stories and basement, with a ground area of approximately 4,900 square feet; first floor is fireproof, stone and brick facing; tin roof. Drawings and specifications for these various buildings may be obtained from the custodians of sites at the various points, or at office of the Supervising Architect, Washington, D. C.

540. DREDGING.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Pawcatuck River, Rhode Island and Connecticut, will be received at U. S. Engineer Office, New London, Conn., until April 12. Information of A. E. Waldron, Capt., Engineers.

541. PANAMA CANAL SUPPLIES.—Sealed proposals will be received at office of General Purchasing Officer, Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, until May 8, for purchasing the following supplies: Purchase of steel back, side, and culvert frames, offered for sale by the commission, as they are no longer needed.

542. DREDGING CHANNEL.—Sealed proposals for dredging a channnel across the flats in San Pablo Bay to the mouth of Petaluma Creek, Cal., will be received at U. S. Engineer Office, 401 Custom House, San Francisco, until April 11. Information on application to Thomas H. Rees, Lieut. Col. Engineers.

543. SUBMARINE TENDER.—Proposals for constructing by contract one submarine tender will be received at Navy Department until April 30 instead of March 20, as previously announced. Further particulars by addressing the Secretary of the Navy.

GUIDE FOR BUYERS.

TURKISH TOWELING & COTTO-RATINE. S. Anable, 347 Leonard Street.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

McKelvey, G. M., & Co., Youngstown, Ohio; C. E. Johnston, house furn. goods; 320 Church; Navarre.
Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; H. E. Kline, house furn. goods; 55 White.
King, H., Co., Washington, D. C.; H. King, general mdse.; Cumberland.
Rindskopf & Loeb, Schenectady, N. Y.; J. C. Rindskopf, dry goods; Cadillac.
Dey Brothers & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; W. L. Lyke, boys' clothing and furn. goods; 220 5th Av.
Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Miss F. M. Brice, dresses; 214 Church.
Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; G. B. Pierce, linings; 55 White.
Hill, J. W., Co., Manchester, N. H.; H. W. Flack, ladies' garments; Murray Hill.
Lowenstein, B., & Bros., Memphis, Tenn.; A. C. Herzberg, ladies' tailored suits; 22 E. 17.
Edson, Moore & Co., Detroit, Mich.; J. H. Clements, notions; 51 Leonard; Wolcott.
Fair, The, Chicago, Ill.; L. H. Webb, dress goods, silks; 225 4th Av.
Taylor, William, Son & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; W. S. Berry, silks, dress goods; 51 Leonard.
Broadway Department Store, Los Angeles, Cal.; A. C. Pool, ready-to-wear; 41 Union Square.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; H. Barschkies, silks, velvets; E. C. Gatchell, men's furnishing goods; 334 4th Av.
Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney Dry Goods Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Miss A. W. Nacke, costumes; 214 Church.
Rosenstock, H. S., Baltimore, Md.; human hair goods and toilet articles; 43 West 27th; Union Square Hotel.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. Goldberger, wash goods; B'way and 32d.
Salzenstein & Co., Sheboygan, Wis.; L. Feinger, waists and dresses; 15 E. 26th.
Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; A. Levy, cloaks and suits, (basement); 15 E. 22d.
Jordan-Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; M. A. Walker, men's clothing; 31 Union Square.
White, R. H., Co., Boston; R. M. Dean, notions; 41 Union Square.
Kann, S., Sons, & Co., Washington, D. C.; J. G. Boyce, wash goods; 215 4th Av.
Blumenfeld, Locher & Brown Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; T. Seelig, hats; 640 Broadway.
Pittsburgh Dry Goods Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; W. F. Dalzell, dress goods, ginghams, and prints; 43 Leonard.
Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; W. Gibson, dry goods; 2 Walker.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. S. Dalgleish, millinery; 214 Church.
Hengerer, William, & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; W. C. Roberts, linens and white goods; 214 Church.
Sage, Allen & Co., Hartford, Conn.; Miss Z. O'Donnell, muslin underwear, aprons; 75 Spring; Prince George.
Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; J. R. Bernstein, linens, ribbons, and white goods; 75 Spring.
Brown, Thomson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; Mr. Cauthy, dry goods; 2 Walker.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; L. J. Harvey, books; W. M. Worcester, notions and jewelry; 2 Walker.
Baltimore Bargain House,

STEEL TRUST SELLS $30,500,000 IN BONDS

Will Add $17,000,000 to Working Capital and Use the Balance for Extensions.

SUBSIDIARIES ARE SECURITY.

The Entire Issue Is Purchased by J. P. Morgan & Co. on a Basis to Return 5.1 Per Cent. Interest.

As a direct result of the small profits earned last year, which prevented any appropriations from net income for additional property and construction and left a final surplus for 1911 of only $4,665,494, the United States Steel Corporation is selling $30,500,000 of subsidiary company bonds to supply funds needed for continuing improvements and to increase the working capital. The new bond issues, which have been sold to J. P. Morgan & Co., had been previously authorized, and their sale to the banking house which always has been the Steel Corporation's fiscal agent, was authorized at Tuesday's monthly meeting of the Directors. The Morgan partners who are members of the Steel Corporation's board did not participate in the vote.

It was stated officially yesterday that the price at which the bonds were sold puts them on the basis of a 5.1 per cent. rate of interest. The total of $30,500,000 is made up of $15,000,000 secured on the Indiana Steel Company plant at Gary, Ind.; $10,000,000 on the Lorain Steel plant at Lorain, Ohio, and $5,500,000 debentures of the Illinois Steel Company. The purpose of the issue is thus explained in a memorandum issued by the Corporation:

As there must be expended during the year about $20,000,000 for extensions heretofore authorized, of properties generally, and as about $17,000,000 additional working capital is needed in consequence of the increased business of the companies, particularly in the ore department, it has been thought advisable to obtain the sum named by the sale of bonds in order to keep the amount of cash on hand up to the sum shown at the beginning of the calendar year.

In view of the fact that very large sums heretofore have been appropriated from net earnings for capital expenditures, it has been decided to finance some of the capital expenditures as above stated.

This is the third time in the Corporation's ten years of existence that appropriations such as the present bond issues are designed to cover have not been made out of surplus earnings. The amounts paid out of surplus income for additional property and construction and capital obligations from April 1, 1901, to the close of last year, totaled $163,694,423. An additional $41,704,017 has been expended for these purposes out of sinking, depreciation and replacement funds.

Total payments for additional property and construction since the organization of the corporation have been $410,465,265 of which a total of only $99,537,304 has been financed by the sale of securities. This latter total, moreover, has been reduced, through retirements, by $6,610,582. Last year the Corporation issued $17,712,000 of subsidiary company bonds in payment for the Pittsburgh-Monongahela coal property.

BLAMES THE STEEL TARIFF.

Julian Kennedy Tells Stanley Committee It Causes Price Upsets.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Julian Kennedy of Pittsburgh, steel plant builder of world-wide experience, declared to-day before the Stanley Steel Trust Investigating Committee that such concerns as the United States Steel Corporation gained a great advantage over competitors by controlling railroads.

"By owning railroads in the Lake Superior ore region and the Pittsburgh district," said Mr. Kennedy, "the steel corporation can produce a ton of pig iron $1.60 a ton cheaper than its competitors, the figures being based on the calculation that it requires two tons of ore to make a ton of pig iron.

"For an industrial concern to own a common carrier is to have an advantage over others, and also to have the advantage in getting more than due proportion of freight rates."

Mr. Kennedy blamed the tariff for the upsetting of prices in the steel trade and argued in favor of lower duties.

Mr. Kennedy told the committee that he believed the property of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company, including its ore and coal holdings, acquired by the United States Steel Corporation in 1907, had a valuation of at least $100,000,000.

Chairman Stanley, placing the Tennessee Company's ore holdings at 700,000,000 tons, and coal holdings at 1,000,000,000 tons, asked Mr. Kennedy for an estimate of the value of the property. The Chairman quoted a statement from Frank Munsey to the effect that the ore was worth $105,000,000 and the coal $100,000,000 and that the Tennessee Company was put into the United States Steel Corporation on a valuation of $50,000,000.

The witness was asked about the taking over of the Union-Sharon Steel Company, formerly controlled by H. C. Frick, A. W. Mellon, and others, and the agreement made whereby the men controlling these works would not re-engage in the steel business in competition with the Steel Corporation for ten years. Mr. Kennedy said that a handsome profit was paid for these plants.

In 1890, Mr. Kennedy said, he was employed by J. P. Morgan to appraise all the tube plants of the country.

"Did you give an opinion of the value at that time?" asked the Chairman.

"Yes, but I would rather not give the figures," said Mr. Kennedy. "Mr. Morgan would give you that."

"Yes," said Mr. Stanley, "but Mr. Morgan stays in Egypt or some other inaccessible place."

The witness described the organization of the National Tube Company brought about by Mr. Morgan. The effect of this organization on prices was to raise them, he said.

"What per cent. of the tube business was included in the National Company?"

"Nearly all of it. I should say 90 per cent."

"Mr. Carnegie said that steel was either a prince or a pauper," said Chairman Stanley, "according to the fluctuation of prices based on the demand. It has been asserted that it was necessary to have agreements to make prices stable. Do you know of any other way of fixing prices except by such contract agreements."

"Some years ago the extreme fluctuations were caused by too high tariff on some articles," said Mr. Kennedy. "On steel tubing some years ago every one was greatly discouraged and got together to steady the market and prevent overproduction. The trouble, in my opinion, was caused by too high tariff, $40 a ton."

"How would a lower tariff equalize prices?"

"A lower duty now would allow material to come in from abroad and steady prices," Mr. Kennedy argued.

CUT IN IRON ORE PRICES.

Higher Cost of Coke Will Equalize Its Effect on Price of Steel.

Reductions in prices of Lake Superior ores and the open market that is now prevailing in this raw material are regarded as of highest importance by the leading trade journals this week, although it is not considered likely that the lower levels will have much effect on iron and steel prices. The Iron Age says:

Whatever may have been the motives or influences which caused the slashing of Lake Superior iron ore prices, the result is wholesome. That the ore market is wide open is demonstrated beyond dispute. Prevailing prices at Lake Erie ports show a reduction on last season's quotations of 75 cents a ton on Bessemer and 85 cents on non-Bessemer ores. This means $3.60 for Mesaba Bessemer and $2.85 for Mesaba non-Bessemer, Old Range ores selling at 20 to 25 cents above these figures. It is understood that on a few sales the cut was still deeper, an apparent effort being made by some interests to make prices so low that competitors would have no disposition to offer further inducements. Some sales of Lake Superior ore have been made to Eastern consumers, and other business of this character is expected to follow.

It is not expected that the reducton in ore will have much effect on prices of pig iron or finished iron and steel. Pig iron prices have for some considerable time discounted lower costs of ore, while on the other hand coke is so much dearer as to offset considerably the reduction in ore. When prices were cut on steel products in November and December no attention was then given to the relation between the cost of ore and the selling price of steel products.

The steel companies in the Pittsburgh district are running at close to capacity, and specifications against contracts have been heavy recently, partly because of the higher prices asked by the manufacturers and because of their insistence that contracts at the low levels shall terminate on the specified dates of maturity, refusing to allow unfilled balances to carry over at the old prices. The Iron Age says:

The rate of operation among Pittsburgh steel mills and other manufacturing plants is steadily becoming higher. The Carnegie Steel Company is now operating 94 per cent. of its blast furnace capacity, and practically 100 per cent. of its steel-making capacity. The production of all kinds of iron and steel this month will undoubtedly break records.

The Iron Trade Review says:

Important and far-reaching results are expected to follow the events of the past few days, the reduction in quotations of Lake Superior ores, and the ending of the rebate cases growing out of the handling of ore at lower lake docks. Lower prices on ore will be a factor tending to influence the market to recede to lower levels for deliveries after July 1, but if genuine prosperity should come this year that would be a far greater factor and would completely overcome the influence of low prices on ore. Steel makers are exerting more determined efforts to get prices for finished products up to higher levels, and more of them are putting their schedules to the basis of 1.20 cents Pittsburgh for plates and shapes and to 1.15 cents Pittsburgh for steel bars. The hardening tendency of prices is distinct, but many companies are pursuing wholly independent policies, causing price variances, so that the advances asked are not yet to be regarded as the firm market.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ANN ARBOR—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
2d week March..	$47,134	$38,142	$8,991
July 1-March 14.	1,629,534	1,448,180	141,353
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—			
3d week March..	680,232	564,735	115,497
July 1-March 21.	24,387,288	23,844,161	543,127
COLORADO & SOUTHERN—			
3d week March..	233,008	257,460	*24,452
July 1-March 21.	10,657,071	12,239,466	*1,582,395
DETROIT & MACKINAC—			
3d week March..	23,574	23,629	*54
July 1-March 21.	872,376	886,889	*14,313
LONDON UNDERGROUND (London General Bus)—			
3d week March..	£30,271	£32,583	£6,688
Jan. 1-March 23.	465,330	367,999	97,331
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—			
3d week March..	$1,124,695	$1,117,925	$6,770
July 1-March 21.	40,810,649	39,818,996	991,653
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—			
3d week March..	221,126	230,755	*9,629
July 1-March 21.	8,984,684	9,133,407	*148,723
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—			
3d week March..	1,142,230	1,195,655	*53,425
July 1-March 21.	45,899,002	44,421,435	1,477,567
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—			
3d week March..	23,169	21,693	1,476
July 1-March 21.	930,281	950,963	*11,682

*Decrease.

COLORADO & SOUTHERN lines for February—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Mileage	1,793	1,951	
Gross	1,054,538	1,001,559	1,293,325
Net after tax...	257,970	194,770	420,716
Other income...	76,947	33,819	*14,649
Total income...	304,917	228,590	406,067
Sur. after chgs..	27,794	*7,111	185,205
8 mos. gross....	9,943,532	11,461,453	11,345,160
Net after tax....	3,064,754	3,716,916	4,060,202
Other income....	324,305	6,544	142,402
Total income...	3,389,059	3,723,460	4,202,605
Sur. after chgs..	1,486,199	1,870,801	2,438,351

*Deficit.

Earnings and mileage of Colorado Springs & Cripple Creek District Railway Company included in last fiscal year, but not included in current fiscal year after Nov. 1, 1911.

DETROIT & MACKINAC for February—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Gross	92,018	87,056	93,579
Net after tax....	17,546	6,307	15,597
8 mos. gross....	794,741	777,345	784,883
Net after tax....	135,887	191,503	160,562

KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Mileage	827.16	827.38	*.22
Freight rev	584,959	542,526	42,433
Passenger rev...	113,445	115,230	*1,785
Other tran. rev..	60,790	60,881	*3,090
Non-tran. rev..	12,907	12,208	698
Total op. rev...	778,103	739,846	38,256
Mt. of way & str	83,902	70,328	13,663
Maint. of equip.	87,936	113,334	*25,397
General exp	33,595	34,592	*997
Traffic exp.....	20,898	17,959	*190
Tran. exp	286,457	268,924	17,532
Total op. exp...	518,879	514,239	4,639
Total net rev...	259,223	225,607	33,616
Taxes	30,160	27,398	2,761
Op. income	229,063	198,208	30,855
July 1 to Feb. 29:			
Freight rev	4,510,496	5,051,658	*532,162
Passenger rev ..	1,086,610	1,128,246	*41,636
Other tran. rev.	611,144	615,842	*4,698
Non-tran. rev...	79,971	78,844	1,127
Total op. rev...	6,297,222	6,874,591	*577,369
Mt. way & str..	648,607	690,123	*41,516
Maint. of equip.	898,066	896,715	1,291
Traffic exp.....	214,509	214,104	404
Tran. exp	2,205,280	2,320,359	*115,072
General exp	244,506	243,211	1,295
Total op. exp...	4,210,916	4,364,514	*153,597
Total net rev...	2,086,305	2,510,077	*423,772
Taxes	268,754	230,641	38,113
Op. income	1,817,551	2,279,436	*461,885

LEHIGH VALLEY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Mileage	1,449.93	1,432.95	16.98
Freight rev	2,024,438	2,274,786	349,652
Passenger rev ..	257,954	259,859	*1,904
Other tran. rev.	71,421	71,515	*93
Non-tran. rev ..	15,139	20,202	*5,063
Total op. rev...	2,068,054	2,626,363	342,501
Mt. of way & str.	254,713	264,378	90,334
Maint. of equip..	560,606	611,466	49,140
Traffic exp	71,556	75,941	*4,385
Tran. exp	1,070,104	940,724	129,379
General exp	65,257	61,221	4,036
Total op. exp...	2,122,238	1,853,734	268,504
Net op. rev.....	846,716	772,629	74,086
Out. op. (debit).	25,003	27,713	*2,709
Total net rev..	821,712	744,915	76,796
Taxes	131,000	101,300	29,700
Op. income	690,712	643,615	47,096
July 1 to Feb. 29:			
Freight rev	21,575,590	20,316,465	1,259,125
Passenger rev..	3,232,494	3,077,170	155,324
Other tran. rev.	687,961	665,089	22,872
Non-tran. rev..	171,209	188,404	*17,195
Total op. rev...	25,667,256	24,247,129	1,420,126
Mt. of way & str.	2,923,009	2,478,441	444,567
Maint. of equip.	4,461,673	4,135,408	326,265
Traffic exp	642,122	660,747	*18,624
Tran. exp	8,678,293	7,971,464	706,829
General exp	847,763	831,735	16,028
Total op. exp...	17,248,882	15,763,000	1,485,881
Net op. rev.....	8,418,374	8,484,129	*65,754
Out. op. (debit).	200,240	218,295	*18,055
Total net rev....	8,218,133	8,265,833	*47,699
Taxes	932,700	763,000	169,700
Op. income	7,285,433	7,502,833	*217,399

*Decrease.

READING COMPANY—Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company and the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company for February—

Railway Company:	1912.	1911.
Receipts	3,682,813	3,223,079
Exp., inc. renewals, &c..	2,408,122	2,146,948
Net earnings.....	1,274,690	1,086,130
Coal and Iron Company:		
Receipts	4,031,462	2,306,915
Expenses	3,682,218	2,331,913
Net earnings.....	349,243	*24,997
Reading Company:		
Net income.....	168,933	131,030
Net earnings of all companies	1,792,867	1,192,163
Proportion of annual fixed charges and taxes of all companies (estimated)..	868,250	888,660
Surplus	924,617	303,502
From July 1—		
Railway Company:	1911.	1910.
Receipts	30,728,091	29,996,448
Exp., inc. renewals, &c...	19,823,144	19,281,793
Net earnings.....	10,904,947	10,714,655
Coal and Iron Company:		
Receipts	26,097,656	22,489,665
Expenses	25,083,446	22,202,796
Net earnings.....	1,014,209	286,869
Reading Company:		
Net income.....	1,315,313	1,162,312
Net earnings of all companies	13,234,471	12,163,837
Proportion of annual fixed charges and taxes of all companies (estimated)..	6,946,000	7,109,284
Surplus	6,288,471	5,054,553

*Deficit.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY for February—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Av. mileage.....	7,088	7,039	7,050
Gross	5,167,036	4,793,155	4,417,369
Net, after taxes.	1,232,067	1,168,517	1,139,325
Gross, 8 mos....	42,366,649	40,814,745	38,181,851
Net, after taxes.	12,037,539	11,850,820	11,392,372

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY for February—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross	616,535	576,935	536,955
Net	275,786	271,450	255,337
Sur. aft. chgs., tax., & pf. divs	132,707	131,371	115,107
Gross, 2 mos....	1,252,044	1,195,874	1,120,917
Net, 2 mos.....	546,361	553,595	536,667
Sur. aft. chgs., tax., & pf. divs	263,203	273,437	256,209

Miscellaneous Earnings.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Telephone rev...	39,189,996	36,353,899	2,836,097
Exp. and taxes.	29,013,188	25,734,733	3,278,455
Net. tel. earn....	10,176,777	10,019,165	*142,388
Divs. and inter..	5,043,707	3,840,604	1,203,103
Misc. earnings...	2,536	36,944	*34,408
Total net earn..	15,223,020	14,496,714	726,306
Int. charges.....	2,395,826	2,150,714	245,112
Balance	12,827,194	12,346,000	481,194
Dividends	10,000,000	8,712,488	1,287,512
Surplus	2,827,194	3,633,512	*806,138

*Decrease.

THE OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Brisk Trading and Irregular Price Movements on Curb.

Trading was in substantial volume yesterday, but price movements were narrow and irregular. In the mining list Giroux advanced from 5 to 5⅜ and closed at 5⅛ after sales of 4,500. Inspiration advanced from 19¾ to 20⅛, closing at 19⅞, and Greene-Cananea closed ⅛ above the opening after selling ¼ up. British Columbia, Kerr Lake, and Nipissing each declined ⅛ from the opening levels.

Transaction reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
1,000..	*Allied Sec. Co..	85	85	83	84
225..	Am. Coal Prod. pf.	110¼	110½	110¼	110½
1,000..	Anglo-Am. Oil...	12⅝	14	12	13
7,000..	Brit.-Am. Tobac.	21⅜	21½	21	21⅜
3,000..	Canad'n Marconi	7⅞	8½	7⅞	8
300..	Con. Rubber Tire	9	9⅛	9	9⅛
15..	English Marconi.	28	28	28	28
200..	Int. Rub. Trust certificates ...	18¼	18½	18½	18½
150..	J. I. Case pf....	100⅝	100⅝	100½	100½
100..	Kayser pf.	107	107	107	107
100..	Kolb Bakery pf.	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
750..	Lehigh Val. Coal Sales Co.	235	240	235	237
2,000..	Manhattan Tran.	1⅞	2 1 13-16	1 15-16	
350..	Marconi of Am..	37	40	37	40
40..	†National Tran..	36	36	35	35
100..	N. Y. Transpor.	5½	5½	5½	5½
495..	†M. Rumley Co.	99¾	†100	99¾	99¾
91..	Standard Oil of California. ...	185	185	178	180
130..	Standard Oil of New Jersey....	356	356	355	355
35..	Standard Oil sub.	470	470	470	470
225..	Studebaker Co...	40⅞	41	†39½	39½
200..	Sulberger pf.	100	100	100	100
35..	Un. Cigar Mfg..	56¼	56¼	56	56
102..	Un. Cigar Stores.	192	193	†190	191

RAILROAD.

30..	Am. Lt. & Trac.	302	304	302	304

MINING STOCKS.

500..	Am. Porcu. Gold	33	33	33	33
2,400..	*Beaver Con. ...	49	49	49	49
2,400..	Big Four	53	53	50	53
1,700..	Braden Copper..	5¼	5⅝	5¼	5¼
145..	Brit. Col. Copper	5¼	†5¼	5⅛	5⅛
2,500..	*C. O. D. Con..	12	13	12	13
2,800..	Con. Arl. Smelt.	9-16	⅝	9-16	9-16
200..	Davis-Daly Cop.	1⅜	1⅜	1¼	1¼
7,000..	Dia. Black Butte	11	12	11	12
2,100..	Dia. Field Daisy	12	13	12	13
5,000..	*El Paso Con...	73	74	73	74
110..	First National...	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
4,500..	Giroux Mining..	5	5⅜	5	5⅛
2,200..	Gold Hill.....	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
2,000..	Greene-Cananea	9⅛	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛
280..	Guggen, Explor..	211	214	210½	210½
4,000..	Inspir. C., w. i.	19¾	20⅛	19¾	19⅞
250..	Kerr Lake	2⅞	2⅞	2¾	2¾
100..	La Rose Consol..	4	4	4	4
600..	Mason Valley ..	13	13⅛	13	13⅛
200..	Nip. Mines Co..	8⅛	8⅛	8⅜	8⅜
5,000..	Ohio Copper....	2⅛	2 3-16	1⅞	1⅞
200..	Pacific Smelters	5-16	5-16	9-16 5	9-16
300..	Porcupine Cent..	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
1,300..	Porcupine Nor..	1 9-16	1 9-16	1 9-16	1 9-16
500..	Porcupine South.	2	2	2	2
100..	Preston East D.	11	11	11	11
1,000..	Ray Central...	2 5-16	2 5-16	2 5-16	2 5-16
400..	Silver King C.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
6,600..	S. Utah M. & S.	13-16	1	13-16	15-16
200..	Tonopah Mining	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
3,700..	Tonopah Ext....	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
1,200..	Tularosa	⅞	1⅛	⅞	1
4,000..	*Wettlauf, S. M.	69	71	69	71
2,800..	Yukon Gold M..	3 9-16	3⅝	3½	3 9-16

BONDS.

$50,000..	Insp. C. C. 6s.	104½	104½	104¼	104¼
10,000..	Miss. Pas. 5s.	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞
5,000..	New York City 4½s.	101 15-16	101 15-16	101 15-16	101 15-16
15,000..	West. Pac. 5s.	88½	88½	88	88¼

*Odd lots. †Cents per share. ‡Ex-dividend.

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	March 27.		March 26.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
A., G. & W. I.....	8	7	8	8
A., G. & W. I. pf.....	15	17	15	17
Am. Light & Trac....300	305	297	302	
Am. Light & Trac. pf..106	109	106	109	
Borden's Cond. Milk...123	125	122	124	
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.108⅜	109½	108½	109¼	
Braden Copper	5⅛	5⅝	5¼	5½
British Col. Copper....	5	5⅛	5	5¼
Con. Rubber Tire.....	9¼	10	9	10
Con. Rubber Tire pf....	41	50	37	46
F. W. Woolworth.....	77½	78½	77½	78½
F. W. Woolworth pf..110	110½	110	110½	
First National Copper..	2⅜	2⅞	2⅜	2⅞
Giroux Mining	5⅛	5⅜	5	5⅛
Greene-Cananea	9⅛	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛
Guggenheim Explor ...210	212	210	215	
Inter. Rubber ctfs.....	18	19	18	19
J. Kayser	64	67	64	67
J. Kayser pf.....106	108	106	108	
Kerr Lake	2¾	2⅞	2⅞	3
Lehigh Val. S. Co., w. i.236	238	234	235	
M. Rumely Co.....	99¾	100	99¾	100
Mason Valley	12¾	13	12¾	13
Nipissing	8⅛	8⅜	8⅛	8¼
Ray Central 2 5-16	2⅜	2⅜	2 5-16	
Studebaker Co	39	41	39½	40½
Studebaker Co. pf.....	97½	98	97½	98
Tonopah Mining	7⅞	8⅛	7⅞	8
United Cigar Mfrs.....	56½	56½	55½	57
United Cigar Stores....	191	192	190	191
U. S. L. & H., new....	12	13½	12	13⅛
U. S. L. & H., new, pf.	80	85	80	85
West. Pacific 5s.....	88	88⅜	88⅛	88⅝
Yukon Gold Mines.....	3½	3⅝	3 7-16	3½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

Capital.	Company.	Bid.	Asked.
$5,000,000..	Anglo-American Oil	12¾	13¼
5,000,000..	Atlantic Refining	405	415
200,000..	Borne & Scrymser	225	275
10,000,000..	Buckeye Pipe Line.....	130	135
500,000..	Chesebrough Mfg	680	705
250,000..	Colonial Oil	125	150
300,000..	Continental Oil	825	900
8,000,000..	Crescent Pipe Line.....	60	70
1,000,000..	Cumberland Pipe Line..	95	105
5,000,000..	Eureka Pipe Line.....	300	310
8,000,000..	Galena Signal Oil.....	200	210
2,000,000..	Galena Signal Oil pf...	132	138
5,000,000..	Indiana Pipe Line.....	115	125
12,727,575..	National Transit.....	35	38
5,000,000..	New York Transit.....	310	320
4,000,000..	Northern Pipe Line....	125	135
15,000,000..	Ohio Oil	91	94
18,000,000..	Prairie Oil & Gas.....	290	295
500,000..	Solar Refining	610	630
10,000,000..	Southern Pipe Line.....	180	190
2,000,000..	South Penn. Oil.....	600	623
3,500,000..	S. W. Penn. Pipe Line..	175	185
25,000,000..	Standard Oil (Cal.).....	180	185
1,000,000..	Standard Oil (Ind.),...6,700		7,000
30,000,000..	Standard Oil (Kan.)....	228	233
1,000,000..	Standard Oil (Kan.)....	250	275
1,000,000..	Standard Oil (Ky.).....	550	575
600,000..	*Standard Oil (Neb.)....	225	260
98,855,000..	Standard Oil (N. J.)....	354	359
..	Standard Oil subsid....	450	470
15,000,000..	Standard Oil (N. Y.).....	320	340
3,500,000..	Standard Oil (Ohio).....	180	185
100,000..	Swan & Finch.....	800	1,000
12,500,000..	Union Tank Line.....	60	68
15,000,000..	Vacuum Oil ex rights..	140	150
..	Vacuum Oil warrants...	32	40
..	Vacuum Oil, w. i.....	140	155
110,000..	Washington Oil	20	30
400,000..	Waters-Pierce	2,000	2,500

*Ex dividend.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	March 27.		March 26.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
British-American	21	21¼	21¼	21⅝
Conley Foil.....	280	290	280	290
Johnson Tinfoil and Met	165	170	165	170
J. S. Young.....	172	176	172	176
MacAndrews & Forbes.	180	190	185	190
Porto Rico-American..	240	250	240	245
R. J. Reynolds.....	210	215	210	215
United Cigar Stores....	188	192	190	192

NO RISE IN MEAT PRICES.

Market Men Say Reports of It Are Without Foundation.

Market men with stalls in Washington Market denied yesterday reports that meat prices had advanced on account of the decision in favor of the packers in Chicago. They declared that the stock market flurries had not affected them, and that they were selling beef, mutton and pork at the same rates that prevailed before the packers were acquitted.

Wholesale dealers, they said, were charging them the identical prices charged before the jury brought in its verdict, and so far there was no evidence of a plan to push prices upward.

"If there is any advance it will be a matter of news to us which we may learn in the course of our trading in the next few days," said Louis Koelsch, who has a Washington Market stall.

The view of practically every market man there was that if any butcher had advanced meat prices to consumers on the ground that wholesale prices have been raised he was playing a fraudulent trick on his customers.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of PHELPS DODGE MERCANTILE COMPANY for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 99 John St., New York City, on Monday, April 1, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon.

GEORGE NOTMAN, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ANnual meeting of the stockholders of ALEXANDER KING & COMPANY, INC., will be held at the office of the corporation, 200 West Broadway, New York City, on Thursday, the 11th day of April, 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly come before the meeting. LOVELL UPSHUR, Secretary.

GLOBE & RUTGERS FIRE INSURANCE CO., 111 William Street, New York, March 27, 1912. The annual election for Directors of this Company will be held at this office Tuesday, April 9, 1912. Polls open from 12 o'clock noon until 1 P. M.

W. H. PAULISON, Secretary.

A WESTINGHOUSE DIVIDEND.

Directors Vote 1 Per Cent. for the Common Stock, First Since 1907.

The Directors of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company declared yesterday a dividend of 1 per cent. on the common stock, which is the first payment on this class of stock since the company went into the hands of receivers in 1907. Prior to that, for seven years, the stock had been receiving 10 per cent. annually. The dividend declared yesterday is out of last year's earnings and is not to be taken as starting the stock again on any fixed annual basis, as explained in this statement issued by the Directors.

The question of the next dividend will not be considered for six months. The rate will then be decided upon after a full consideration of the earnings of the company during that period, and the prospects for the future. Having in view the uncertainty now surrounding business generally and the necessity of the company preparing to meet maturing obligations, together with the necessary demands for increases in its business and the conservation of its facilities, the Directors feel that this is quite in line with the conservative management of this great property.

The receivers appointed during the panic of 1907 were discharged on Dec. 5, 1908, but the dividends on the preferred stock, which had been suspended at the same time as those on the common, were not resumed until October, 1909. At this time last year the last of the back dividends which had accumulated on the preferred stock during the period of non-payment, were paid up. Former President Westinghouse undertook last year to force a dividend on the common stock, but his campaign was not successful.

Telephone Net Earnings Decrease.

The New York Telephone Company reports a decrease in its net earnings for 1911 in spite of a considerable increase in revenues. Total earnings were $39,189,000, an increase of $2,836,000, but operating expenses increased $3,278,000. The balance available for dividends was $12,827,000, a gain of $481,000 over the previous year, as a result of larger income from investments. This surplus was equivalent to 10.25 per cent. on the stock. President Bethell reports that at the close of the year there were 888,335 stations directly operated, an increase of 100,771 over 1910.

ERB FINDS TRADE BETTER.

He Will Take Up Hawley Project for a Line from Canada to the Gulf.

Newman Erb, the recently elected Chairman of the Père Marquette, returned yesterday from another trip over that line with encouraging reports of improvement in the company's business and in trade generally. He says that earnings of both the Marquette and the Ann Arbor for the first three weeks of March have made good advances.

The project for a line from the Canadian border to the Gulf, to be made by linking the Minneapolis & St. Louis and Iowa Central with the Missouri, Kansas & Texas on the south, and with a new road to be constructed on the north, delayed by the death of Edwin Hawley, will be taken up again at an early date and its financing arranged.

Allis-Chalmers Assessments.

The underwriting of the $5,192,000 in assessments on the common and preferred stocks of the Allis-Chalmers Company has been undertaken by a syndicate formed by James N. Wallace, president

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks React and Show Net Declines After Reaching New High Level.

BETTER RAILWAY EARNINGS.

The Steel Corporation's Bond Sale—Westinghouse Electric Resumes Dividend Payments.

Announcement shortly after noon yesterday of the sale of $30,500,000 bonds by the United States Steel Corporation was seized upon as the pretext for a selling movement which gained sufficient headway before the close to wipe out the advance which had been made soon after the opening, and to bring net losses in a considerable number of issues including most of those which had been particularly conspicuous in the previous forward movement. It had already appeared that the advance in prices had gone about as far as it could without meeting some setback and it mattered little from the strict market point of view that the Steel Corporation bond sale was regarded on the Stock Exchange in a light which the facts do not seem to warrant.

The political news of the day was chiefly interesting as bearing out previously formed beliefs, but in some other directions the information which came to hand helped to confirm earlier indications of improving business. The northwestern railroads, among them the Great Northern and St. Paul, are understood to be showing increased gross earnings this month and the Union Pacific lines are also said to be receiving a large amount of traffic although weather conditions have somewhat interfered with its movement. The February statement of the Harriman lines is expected to reveal improvement in the expense account which in recent months has reflected the abnormal influence of the strike of shopmen. These expectations are in line with the excellent report for February which the Atchison made on Tuesday. The resumption of dividends by the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company announced after the close of the market was one of the additions which the day contributed to the signs of improving earnings. No change for the better has taken place in the labor outlook here but abroad events seem to be moving rapidly toward resumption of work in the British coal mines.

From one point of view the sale of $30,500,000 of bonds by the Steel Corporation represents a reduction in the amount of uncapitalized expenditures provided for in the past out of net earnings, and it was upon this feature of the incident that the Stock Exchange seized yesterday. This bond sale, however, cannot be accepted as an indication of any change in the Corporation's policy in respect to liberal appropriations from earnings in years when profits offer the opportunity for such appropriations, and it is true further that in selling bonds, as it now has done, the Steel Corporation is merely following a programme well understood in advance. The very fact that bond issues had been authorized on these subsidiary properties presupposed an intention to issue them when the Directors felt that their sale was desirable, and that is what has now been done. The amount of the issue appears small by any comparison with the amount previously expended out of earnings. The sale of these bonds will have the effect of largely increasing the cash balances of the corporation thus holding to the strong cash position which it has been accustomed to maintain. It can, of course, be argued that the same result might have been brought about by limiting dividends to smaller sums but, quite apart from the view which the stockholders might reasonably take of such an argument, the fact remains that dividends must be judged in the light of earnings and not in the light of the capitalization of expenditures which admittedly many times exceed the amount of bonds now being issued.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.
National Biscuit Co. for dividend on common.
National Lead Co. for annual meeting.
Plaza Operating Co. for dividend on preferred.
Puget Sound Traction, light and Power Co. for dividend on common and preferred.

ANNUAL MEETING.
American Ice Securities Corporation.

SPECIAL MEETING.
American Agricultural Chemical Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2⅜@2¾ per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2½ per cent.

Time money rate, 3@3¼ per cent. for thirty days, 3½ per cent. for sixty days, 3¾ per cent. for ninety days, 3¾@4 per cent. for four, five, and six months, and 4¼ per cent. for ten to twelve months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¾@4¼ per cent. for prime four to six months' maturity.

Private discount rate abroad: London, 3⅝ per cent., unchanged; Paris, 3½ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4⅞ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $354,195,272; balances, $16,593,372; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $214,488.

The local banks have lost $6,674,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

	Cable	Sight
London	4.87 5/16	4.87 11/16
Paris	5.17½	5.16¾
Berlin	95⅝	95⅞
Switzerland	5.19⅝	5.19⅜
Holland	4.02	4.02
Belgium	5.20⅝	5.20⅜

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8410; 90 days, $4.8280.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.83⅞; 90 days, $4.82⅝.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.21¼; 90 days, 5.22½, minus 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.21¼, minus 1-16; 90 days, 5.22½, minus 1-16.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94¼; 90 days, 94½.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94 5-16; 90 days, 94, plus 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, 20c discount; Chicago, 10c premium; St. Louis, 15c premium; St. Paul, 35c premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted 1-16d lower in London, at 26¾d per ounce, and ½c lower in New York, at 58½c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 47c.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s.May, 1957, old.	107¼	107⅝	107¼	107⅝
4½s.Nov., 1957, new.	107¼	107⅝	107¼	107⅝
4½s.May, 1917, old.	102	102⅜	102	102⅜
4½s.Nov., 1917, new.	102	102⅜	102	...
4½s.Mar., 1930-60, old	102¼	102⅜	102	102⅜
4½s.Sept., 1960, new.	101¼	102	101⅞	102
4s...May, 1959, t'chg.	100	100¼	99⅝	100¼
4s...Nov., 1958 t'chg.	99½	100	99⅝	100¼
4s...May, 1957, t'chg.	99⅞	100¼	99⅞	100¼
4s...Nov., 1955-6, reg	99¼	99½	99¼	99⅝
4s...May, 1919, t'chg.	99¼	100¼	99¼	100¼
3½s.Nov., 1956, t'chg.	86¼	87¼	86¼	87¼
3½s.May, 1954, coup.	86¾	87¼	86¾	87¼
3½s.May, 1954, reg..	86¼	87	86¼	87
3½s.Nov., 1941, reg..	85¾	86½	85	89

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

February Rail Earnings.

The improvement reported throughout the Eastern manufacturing sections was borne out by the Reading's transportation receipts for February. Gross earnings were $3,682,000, an increase of $449,000, while net earnings amounted to $1,274,000, an increase of $188,000. For the current fiscal year to date the Reading has done a gross business of $30,728,000, with net earning of $10,905,000. That is just $190,000 more than the net for the corresponding eight months of last year, the total up to the end of January having run behind 1911. However, a reduction in fixed charges and the increased earnings of the coal business left the Reading with a surplus for the stock of $6,288,000 at the end of February, an increase of $1,234,000. This may have been responsible for the strength in the company's shares yesterday. At 162 they made a new high record for the year.

***

Reading's Coal Profit.

Last February the Reading Coal and Iron Company realized $4,031,000 from the sale of anthracite, while in February, 1911, its sales amounted to only $2,300,000. This big increase was probably due in part to the threatened strike, and the resulting anxiety of dealers lest they be caught with empty sheds, but more to the difference in the weather in the two seasons. The company has not been receiving any higher prices this year, although many of the retailers have been getting an advance of $1 a ton, but with the larger output the Reading has evidently been able to reduce its cost of mining per ton. Last year the February operations resulted in a deficit of $25,000, but this year's sales showed a profit of $287,000. Total sales for the eight months of this year have amounted to $26,097,000, as compared with $22,490,000 in the corresponding part of last year. The net earnings this year have been $1,014,000, as against $287,000 last year.

***

Adams Express at 200.

Adams Express sold yesterday at 200 for 440 shares. Except for odd lots this is the first transaction in the stock since June 13 last, when the price was 245. Since then there have been a number of small lot transactions at declining prices, the quotation going as low as 191 on March 12 for a few shares. The lowest on record price for the stock is 111, made in January, 1906. In the year and a half following it had a phenomenal rise, going to 315 in June, 1907, before the 200 per cent. dividend in 4 per cent. collateral trust bonds came off the price.

***

Interest Disbursements Enlarged.

April interest and dividend disbursements by railroad, industrial, and traction corporations will amount to $150,486,600, according to the estimates made by the Journal of Commerce. This is an increase of $8,767,605 over the figures of 1911, of which $4,900,000 is to be credited to interest disbursements and $3,867,605 to dividends. The increase in dividends is to some extent due to larger disbursements and increases to the dividend paying list, but the larger volume of bond interest payments is the direct result of the new issues of notes and bonds which have come into the market since this time last year. The total of interest payments will be $66,100,000, while the dividend disbursements will amount to $84,386,600. In the matter of dividend payments, industrials lead with $38,815,771 against $35,734,114 at this time last year, and the street railway disbursements show an increase from $7,518,995 to $8,709,017. Railroads actually have fallen behind last year in the total due to be paid out to stockholders in May, the aggregate declining from $37,404,838 to $36,861,822.

***

Stock Market Averages.

The twenty-five leading railroad stocks and twenty-five industrials in yesterday's trading again swung to new high records, although closing prices were lower than on any day this week. The averages follow:

1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Monday, March 25	94.04	93.65	93.84	93.53
Tuesday, March 26	93.95	93.26	93.60	93.71
Wednesday, March 27	94.22	93.24	93.73	93.41

INDUSTRIALS.

Monday, March 25	69.18	68.36	68.77	68.66
Tuesday, March 26	69.13	68.09	68.61	68.76
Wednesday, March 27	69.26	68.15	68.70	68.41

1911.

RAILROADS.

Monday, March 27	94.43	93.92	94.17	94.38
Tuesday, March 28	94.92	94.40	94.66	94.81
Wednesday, March 29	94.92	94.24	94.58	94.38

INDUSTRIALS.

Monday, March 27	66.13	65.89	66.01	66.09
Tuesday, March 28	66.53	66.25	66.39	66.36
Wednesday, March 29	66.51	66.07	66.29	66.12

YEAR'S RANGE TO DATE.

	Open	High.	Low.
Railroads	91.43 Jan. 2	94.22 Mar. 27	88.74 Feb. 1
Industrials	64.00 Jan. 2	69.26 Mar. 27	61.47 Feb. 1*

*Also on Feb. 27.

1911.

Railroads	91.79 Jan. 3	97.40 Feb. 6	91.79 Jan. 3	
Industrials	62.95 Jan. 3	67.17 Feb. 6	62.95 Jan. 3	

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

On the Metal Exchange yesterday renewed activity and strength was displayed, especially in copper, which showed a further improvement of about ¼c.

Twenty-five tons of April sold at 15¼, 25 of May at 15.27½, 25 of June at 15.30 and 25 at 15.32½. Tin was strong, at an improvement of ⅝c. in the bid and ½c. in the asking price, 5 tons of April selling at 42.80. Lead unchanged. Spelter was up 10 points in the bid, 100,000 lbs. of St. Louis, April delivery, selling at 6.50 and 50,000 lbs. at 6.47½.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Stand. copper: Spot	15.20	15.37½	14.95	15.12½
March	15.22½	15.37½	14.95	15.20
April	15.25	15.37½	14.95	15.20
May	15.30	15.50	14.95	15.25
Lead	4.30	4.30	4.30	4.50
Spelter	6.60	6.90	6.50	6.90
Tin	43.37½	43.75	42.75	43.28

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday, the following table of prices obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These final figures compare with Tuesday's closing quotations:

	Wednesday. £ s. d.	£ s. d.	Tuesday. £ s. d.	£ s. d.
Copper, spot	68 15 0	68 5 0		
Copper, futures	69 12 6	69 1 3		
Pig tin, spot	196 0 0	196 0 0		
Pig tin, futures	191 5 0	191 5 0		

The market finished steady. Spanish pig lead was down 1s. 3d. at £16 2s. 6d. Spelter was up 5s. at £25 5s. Cleveland warrants were up 3d. at 51s. 10½d.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Stanley M. Moran has been reinstated in membership on the Consolidated Stock Exchange.

J. Thomas Reinhardt has opened an office in London at 9 Old Broad Street, opposite the London Stock Exchange.

Charles H. Alexander was elected a Director of the Windsor Trust Company yesterday.

James N. Wallace, President of the Central Trust Company, has been added to the St. Louis & San Francisco Board as the thirteenth member. The board is now complete.

Goldman, Sachs & Co. have shipped another $250,000 of gold coin to Buenos Aires.

The Chicago & Northwestern has received permission from the Railway Commissions of Nebraska and Wisconsin to issue $10,000,000 of equipment notes.

Braid Companies in a Merger.

A report from Boston yesterday said that a merger of two Massachusetts and two Rhode Island braid companies has been effected under the name of the International Braid Company. The names of the four companies included in the combination were not reported, but the capitalization of the new company was given as $2,000,000.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Active Trading Continues in Many Industries with Afternoon Reactions in Some Issues.

PRICES GENERALLY STEADY.

Better Feeling at Philadelphia Emphasized by Advance in Stock Exchange Seats.

Active interest in the industrial list continued yesterday in the out-of-town markets, reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Continued active trading in Seaboard Air Line shares was again the feature at Baltimore, and though the prices were firm, they showed little change at the close.

The copper shares continued their advance with the opening of the Boston market. Trading was active and during the first half hour was confined largely to a half dozen stocks of which Lake and North Butte were the features.

The market broadened as the session advanced, Hancock, Granby, Franklin, and several of the lower priced coppers sharing in the activity and strength of the list. Lake sold at 45, Hancock at 34½, Granby at 40, and Copper Range at 62. Trading was on a scale even larger than that of Tuesday.

Swift touched 109 in the first hour, but reacted to 107 on a few sales. Other industrials and railroad shares were firm in tone. Zinc sold at 27.

Chicago Pneumatic Tool shares continued firm at Chicago. Elsewhere also prices ruled generally firm, with fractional gains in Sears-Roebuck common, Booth Fisheries, and Commonwealth Edison. McCrum-Howell preferred added 1½ points to its previous closing price.

Holders of Swift & Co. shares manifested a disposition to sell and the stock weakened, sales ranging from 107½, off to 100½.

Interest continued to centre about United States Steel and Reading on the Philadelphia Exchange, and the trading in these two issues far overshadowed everything else. Lake Superior income bonds were about the only other feature of interest. These were bid up to 73½. The stock failed to share in the advance, in fact, selling off a fraction.

The recent quiet inquiry for Cambria Steel was again in evidence and the price was advanced to 43 on light buying. On the other hand, United Gas Improvement, Philadelphia Electric, and Union Traction reacted.

The more optimistic feeling prevailing is demonstrated in a concrete manner by the gradual advance in Philadelphia Stock Exchange seats. Awhile ago they could be obtained for about $5,000. Last week the price advanced to $5,700, and to-day inquiry around the financial district only disclosed one for sale, and the sum demanded was $7,500.

Westinghouse Electric common was the predominating feature of the Pittsburgh Exchange. The opening was at 39¾ and on active trading there was a steady advance to 40¾. This was equivalent to 81½, Wall Street basis. Subsequently the stock more than lost the advance. Manufacturers Light and Heat had discontinued dividend declaration and rose ⅝ to 32¼ or even with the year's high point, but reacted to 31¾.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
85	A. C. L. of Conn.	270	270	270
100	Balt. Elec. pf.	45¾	45¾	45¾
40	Cons. Coal	105½	105	105
40	Cons. Power pf.	110	110	110
150	Houston Oil com. t.	10¼	10¼	10¼
25	Houston Oil pf. t. c.	63¼	63¼	63¼
90	Maryland & Penn.	35	35	35
80	Maryland Casualty	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜
35	Mercantile Trust	152	152	152
15	Northern Central	128½	128½	128½
1,185	S. A. L.	25¼	25	25
1,500	S. A. L. pf.	49¼	49	49
100	United Rys.	20	20	20

BONDS.

$2,000	A. C. L. of Conn. 5-20s	92	92	92
11,000	Balt. Trac. 5s	107½	107½	107½
2,000	Balt. Elec. 5s	98¾	98⅝	98⅝
5,000	Cons. Gas 4½s	98¼	98¼	98¼
1,000	Cotton Duck 5s	76	76	76
2,000	Cons. Power 4½s	90¼	90¼	90¼
2,000	Charleston Con. El. 5s	96	96	96
3,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	42	42	42
1,000	Met. 5s, (Wash.)	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝
2,000	Md. Elec. 5s	99½	99½	99½
10,000	Md. 3½s, 1927	95½	95½	95½
4,000	Milwaukee rfg. 4½s	95	95	95
1,000	Norf. Ry. & Light 5s	100	100	100
3,000	Rich. & Dan. deb. 5s	105¼	105¼	105¼
6,000	United Rys. inc.	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝
2,000	United Rys. 4s	85½	85½	85½

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Atchison pf.	103	103	103
56	Boston & Albany	222¼	222	222
104	Boston Elevated	134	134	134
28	Boston & Maine	100½	100¼	100½
2	Boston & Maine pf.	143	143	143
22	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	118¼	118¼	118¼
32	Fitchburg pf.	127½	127	127
800	Mass. Electric	22¼	22	22¼
10	Mass. Electric pf.	82¾	82¾	82¾
335	Mass. Elec. frac. war.	20	19½	19½
388	N. Y., N. H. & H.	140¼	139⅞	139⅞
2	Northern N. H.	140½	140½	140½
155	Union Pacific	172⅝	172	172
149	West End	86½	86	86¼
25	West End pf.	103	103	103

TELEPHONES.

2,291	American	149	148¼	148⅝
100	Mexican	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝

MISCELLANEOUS.

20	Am. Agr. Chem.	62¼	62	62
187	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	103¼	102½	102½
31	Amoskeag	80¾	80¾	80¾
12	Amoskeag pf.	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
50	American Pneu.	3¾	3½	3½
40	American Pneu. pf.	14	14	14
505	American Sugar	129¼	127½	128
159	American Sugar pf.	122	121½	121½
10	American Woolen	29¼	29¼	29¼
88	American Wool pf.	92¼	91⅝	92
15	B. R. T.	83⅝	83⅜	83⅝
885	East Boston Land	15	14½	14⅝
61	Edison	300	298	299
233	Ga. Ry. & Electric	175	174½	174½
25	Ga. Ry. & Electric pf.	87	87	87
26	General Electric	168	166	168
45	Mackay	70¼	70¼	70¼
157	Mass. Gas	93	92¾	93
96	Mass. Gas pf.	98½	98¼	98¼
15	McElwain pf.	103½	103½	103½
15	Mergenthaler	221	221	221
10	N. E. Cotton Yarn	102	102	102
98	Pullman	160¼	160	160
20	Reece Buttonhole	17	17	17
1,362	Swift	109	106½	107
128	United Fruit	135½	185	135¼
55	United Shoe	51	50¾	50¾
90	United Shoe pf.	29	29	29
4,233	U. S. Steel	69⅝	67½	68
133	U. S. Steel pf.	113	112⅞	112⅞

MINING.

110	Adventure	6¼	6	6
6,735	Algomah	7¼	6¼	6⅞
4,605	Amal. Copper	81	79⅞	80½
990	American Zinc	27¼	26⅝	27¼
280	Anaconda	41¼	41	41
1,030	Arizona Com'l	4¾	4⅝	4⅝
1,055	Boston & Corbin	8½	7⅜	8⅛
50	Butte & Bal.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
535	Butte & Superior	28¼	28	28
3,079	Cal. & Arizona	74	72⅝	72⅝
91	Calumet & Hecla	476	470	470
1,185	Chino	29½	27¾	28½
2,270	Copper Range	65	61	62
1,110	Daly-West	7¼	7	7⅛
3,090	East Butte	14¼	13⅝	13¾
3,988	Franklin	15¼	14⅜	14¾
6,415	Giroux	5⅝	5⅛	5 7-16
3,658	Granby	41⅜	39¼	40
1,945	Greene-Cananea	9 5-16	9¼	9¼
6,145	Hancock	34¼	31¼	33¼
225	Helvetia	1⅜	1	1⅜
3,870	Indiana	17⅞	17	17¼
2,445	Inspiration	20	19⅝	20
275	Island Creek	42	41	42
220	Island Creek pf.	85¼	85¼	85¼
100	Isle Royale	28	27½	27½
230	Kerr Lake	2¾	2⅝	2⅞
225	Keweenaw	1½	1⅜	1⅜
1,102	Lake Copper	46¾	44	45
200	La Salle	5½	5¼	5¼
1,185	Mason Valley	13½	12⅞	13
160	Mass Con.	8¼	8¼	8¼
3,205	Mayflower	11	10¼	10⅝
215	Miami	26	25⅞	26
100	Michigan	3	2⅞	2⅞
575	Mohawk	63	61¼	62
980	Nevada Cons.	20⅜	20¼	20⅜
300	New Arcadian	4½	4¼	4⅜
495	Nipissing	8½	8¼	8⅜
10,728	North Butte	34½	33⅛	33⅝
2,945	North Lake	8	7⅜	7⅜
685	Ojibway	6	5½	5⅞
1,805	Old Colony	6¾	6	6¼
2,985	Old Dominion	54	51	53½
2	Osceola	116	116	116
765	Pond Creek	15½	15	15
71	Quincy	84	83½	83½
735	Ray Con.	18¾	18½	18⅝
3,190	Shannon	14¾	14¼	14½
355	Shattuck	10⅝	10½	10½
2,385	South Utah	93c	75c	90c
225	St. Mary's	53	52	53
240	Superior & Boston	3½	3¼	3½
510	Superior	30¼	29	29
165	Tamarack	30¼	30	30
47	Trinity	6½	6	6
510	Tuolumne	4 5-16	4	4
100	Union Land Copper	2	2	2
1,088	U. S. Smelters	39½	39¼	39½
510	U. S. Smelters pf.	49¾	48⅝	48⅝
350	Utah Apex	3 1-16	3	3
4,088	Utah Cons.	20	19¼	19¼
245	Utah Copper	62	60⅝	61
155	Victoria	4⅜	4¼	4¼
130	Winona	7	6¾	6¾
86	Wolverine	115	115	115
935	Wyandotte	2⅛	2 9-16	2 9-16

BONDS.

$1,000	Atchison gen. 4s	99½	99½	99⅛
67,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	90⅞	90⅝	90⅞
1,000	Atchison adj. 4s	91	91	91
5,000	A. G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	67	67	67
3,000	Burlington & Mo. 6s	103¼	103¼	103⅛
2,000	C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
8,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96½	96½	96½
2,000	Central Ver. 1st 4s	91½	91½	91½
1,000	C. J. R. & S. Y. 4s, 1915	101	101	101
1,000	C. J. R. & S. Y. 4s, 1940	89	89	89
1,000	K. C. M. & B. gen. 5s	102½	102½	102½
7,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	96⅝	96½	96⅝
3,000	West End St. R. R. 4s, 1915	99½	99¼	99¼
5,000	Western Tel. & Tel.	100½	100⅛	100⅛

CHICAGO.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
470	American Can	22¼	21⅜	22¼
70	American Can pf.	105	104	104
50	Booth Fisheries	47⅝	47½	47½
70	Booth Fisheries pf.	84½	84	84
900	Chicago Pneu. Tool	51	49⅝	50
20	Chicago Tile & Trust	193½	193½	193½
70	Comw. Edison	146½	146	146½
100	Corn Prod. Ref.	16	15¼	15⅞
61	Diamond Match	110	110	110
10	Hart S. & M. pf.	101	101	101
160	Illinois Brick	62½	62½	62½
190	McCrum Howell	3⅝	3	3¼
110	McCrum Howell pf.	19½	19	19½
55	People's Gas	108	107⅝	107⅝
10	Quaker Oats	275	275	275
27	Quaker Oats pf.	108½	108½	108½
1,795	Sears-Roebuck	155⅜	154½	155¼
50	Sears-Roebuck pf.	123¼	123¼	124¼
70	Streets Car	6¾	6½	6½
25	Streets Car pf.	36	36	36
1,505	Swift & Co.	107⅜	106½	106⅞
100	United Boxboard	⅞	⅞	⅞
300	U. S. Steel	69½	68⅝	68½

BONDS.

$1,000	Comw. Edison 5s	103¾	103¾	103⅜
1,000	Ogden Gas 5s	96	96	96
10,000	Peo. Gas ref. 5s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
24,000	Peo. Gas Inc. 4s	55	55	55

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	Am. Copper	81	80⅝	81
10	Amer. Beet Sugar	62¼	62¼	62¼
100	Amn. Can.	22¾	22¾	22¾
800	Amer. Milling	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
1,662	Cambria Steel	43¼	42¾	43¼
41	Col. Fuel & Iron	30	30	30
7	Amer. Railways	44½	44¾	44¾
189	Elec. Storage Bat.	55	54½	54½
400	Erie	37	36½	36½
76	Gen. Asphalt pfd.	62¾	62¾	62¾
590	Interborough com.	21	20¾	21
60	Lake Superior	29¾	29¾	29¾
73	Lehigh Nav. Stock	89	88½	88½
130	Lehigh Nav. ctfs.	89¼	89	89¼
200	Lehigh Valley	82¾	82	82
100	Lehigh Val. Trans.	11⅞	11¾	11¾
25	Lehigh Valley pfd.	29	29	29
184	Pennsylvania	62 3-16	61 3-16	62
10	Pennsylvania Salt	124	124	124
100	Phila. Co. pf.	44	44	44
1,757	Phila. Electric	18	18	18
280	Phila. R. T. ctfs.	23	23	23
40	Phila. R. T. stock	23	23	23
6	Phila. Traction	83¼	83¼	83¼
6,085	Reading	81	80¼	80 7-16
10	Rock Island	27½	27½	27½
20	Southern Railway	30¼	30¼	30¼
503	Tonopah Mining	8⅛	8	8⅛
2,245	Tonopah Belmont	10	9⅞	9 15-16
75	Union Traction	50½	50⅜	50⅜
94	United Gas Improv.	88⅜	88¼	88⅜
200	United Railway pfd.	62	62	62
12,050	U. S. Steel	68⅜	67⅝	67⅞
50	Warwick Iron & Steel	10½	10½	10½
62	Welsbach	39⅞	39¾	39⅞

BONDS.

$7,000	Am. Gas & Elec. 5s	87½	86¼	86½
2,500	City Services 1941	101	101	101
2,000	Con. Traction N. J. 5s	104¾	104¾	104¾
3,000	Elec. & Peo. 4s	88	88	88
2,000	Equitable Illum. 5s	106	106	106
1,300	Inter State Ry. 4s	64	63	64
1,000	Gen. Asphalt deb. 5s	95	95	95
12,500	Lake Supr. inc. 5s	75½	75	75½
6,000	Lehigh Valley con 6s	115½	115½	115½
1,000	Phila. Company

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

100 American Piano Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 American Coal Products Com. Stock
50 American Brass Stock
25 American Meter Stock
100 Atlas Portland Cement Com. Stock
100 Atlantic Fruit & S. S. Stock
100 Autosales Gum & Chocolate Stock
20 Childs (Restaurant) Com. Stock
50 Consolidated Dry Goods Pfd. Stock
125 Computing-Tabulating-Record. Stock
70 Dome Mines Co., Ltd., Stock
100 Federal Sugar Com. Stock
100 Geo. W. Helme Pfd. Stock
100 Gray National Telautograph Stock
100 International & Great Northern Stock
500 International Cigar Machinery Stock
50 International Motor Com. Stock
50 Knox Hat Com. & Pfd. Stock
20 Mahoning Investment Stock
25 Manning, Maxwell & Moore Stock
100 Nat. Light, H. & P. Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 Safety Car Heating & Lighting Stock
50 Sallsbury Iron & Steel Stock
100 Sen Sen Chiclet Stock
100 Sealshipt Oyster Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 Single Service Package Stock
100 U. S. Motor Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 Union Typewriter Com. Stock
20 Victor Talking Machine Com. Stock
100 Virginian Railway Stock
100 Western Power Pfd. Stock
25 Woman's Hotel Stock

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

100 Adams Express Stock
50 American Coal Products Com. Stock
100 American Express Stock
100 Albany Southern Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 American Lithographic Com. Stock
50 American Speaking Telephone Stock
50 Atlas Portland Cement Com. Stock
25 Bank of New York Stock
50 Buffalo, Rochester & Pitts. Com. Stock
100 Borden's Milk Com. Stock
25 Cook & Bernheimer Com. Stock
25 Cook & Bernheimer Pfd. Stock
200 General Manifold & Printing Stock
50 General Baking Pfd. Stock
50 H. W. Johns-Manville Com. Stock
50 International & Great Northern Stock
50 International Motor Pfd. Stock
100 J. G. White Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 James Butler Pfd. Stock
100 Kings Co. Electric Light & Pow. Stock
50 National Transit Stock
100 Ohio Oil Stock
50 Phelps, Dodge & Co. Stock
100 Pocahontas Cons. Collieries Pfd. Stock
100 Pocahontas Cons. Collieries Com. Stock
50 Royal Baking Powder Pfd. Stock
25 Standard Gas Light Pfd. Stock
30 Safety Car Heating & Lighting Stock
50 Thompson-Starrett Com. Stock
25 Union Typewriter 1st & 2d Pfd. Stock
100 United States Express Stock
100 Western Pacific Railway Stock

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday, March 27, 1912.

Total sales March 27, 1912 960,821
From Jan. 1, 1912 30,784,290
Same period last year 26,977,835

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
197	202	492	Adams Express	200	200	200	200	—42
⅝	¾	800	Allis-Chalmers	½	⅝	½	⅝	+ ⅛
3⅞	4	600	Allis-Chalmers pf	3⅞	4	4	4	+ ⅛
80⅝	80½	79,700	Amalgamated Copper	80½	81⅛	79⅞	80⅝	+ ⅞
62	62½	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	62½	62½	62½	62½	+ ⅞
102	103	100	Am. Agricul. Chem. pf	102½	102½	102½	102½	+ ⅞
60⅜	60¼	22,500	Am. Beet Sugar	62⅝	62⅝	60	60⅜	— ⅞
21⅝	21⅞	16,250	Am. Can	21⅝	22⅜	21⅜	21⅜	— ⅛
103⅝	104	2,510	Am. Can pf	105	105	103½	103⅞	— ⅛
36⅞	37	2,000	Am. Car & Foundry	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	— ⅛
116⅞	118	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf	117	117	116⅞	116⅞	— ⅛
52¾	53½	700	Am. Cotton Oil	56⅞	57¼	56⅞	56⅞	— ⅝
96	104	100	Am. Coton Oil pf	54	54	53	53	— 1
216	222	100	Am. Express	99	99	99	99	+ ¾
4⅛	4½	200	Am. Hide & Leather	216	216	216	216	+ 4
23½	24	200	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	...
22½	22⅝	50	Am. Ice Securities	23¾	24	23¾	24	+ ⅛
11¾	12	300	Am. Linseed	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	...
80	89½	1,500	Am. Locomotive	12	12	12	12	...
56¼	56⅞	200	Am. Malt pf	89⅝	89⅝	89	89	— ½
85⅞	86	37,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref	56⅝	56⅞	56⅛	56⅞	— ⅛
107	107½	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	86⅞	88	85¼	86	— 1½
126	128	100	Am. Snuff	107½	107½	107½	107½	+ ½
31	32	200	Am. Steel Foundries	126	126	126	126	— 2½
128	128¼	4,600	Am. Sugar Refining	32	32	31	31	— 1
148¼	148⅞	8,131	Am. Tel. & Tel	128¼	129½	127	128½	— ⅜
259⅝	264	600	Am. Tobacco	148⅝	148⅞	148⅝	148⅝	— ⅛
104⅝	106	100	Am. Tobacco pf	260	260	259	259	...
102½	103¼	400	Am. Tobacco pf. new	105	105	105	105	...
39	40⅝	6,600	Am. Woolen	103	103	102¾	102⅞	— ⅜
111½	113	400	Anaconda Copper Co	29½	29½	29½	29½	— ⅜
108⅜	102½	15,200	Assets Realization	40⅞	41⅝	40⅝	40⅝	— ⅜
103⅜	103⅝	110	Atch., Top. & S. F	112½	113	112½	113	+ ¾
138⅞	139¼	500	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	108⅞	109	108¾	108⅝	+ ½
103¼	106½	400	Atlantic Coast Line	139¼	139½	139	139	+ ⅛
105⅞	106¼	4,610	Baldwin Locomo. pf	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	...
...	...	10	Baltimore & Ohio	106⅞	106⅞	106	106	— ¼
1½	1¾	500	Bank of Commerce	206	206	206	206	— ½
33⅝	33¾	2,300	Batopilas Mining	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝	...
61	61¾	1,400	Bethlehem Steel	24⅝	34⅞	33½	33¾	+ ⅛
83¼	88⅞	7,210	Bethlehem Steel pf	63	63	61⅞	61⅝	— ⅞
140¼	143	400	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	83½	84⅛	83¼	83¼	— 1¼
30	30½	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	141	142	141	142	— ⅛
234½	234½	2,500	Butterick Co	30½	30½	30⅛	30⅛	+1
25½	25⅝	6,500	Canadian Pacific	234½	234⅞	234⅛	234⅛	+ ⅛
88½	90	800	Central Leather Co	25⅜	24½	23⅞	24¼	+ ⅛
77½	77¾	3,650	Cent. Leather Co. pf	89	89⅜	89	89⅛	+ ⅛
18⅞	19	600	Chesapeake & Ohio	77⅜	78⅜	77⅜	77⅜	+1
57	37½	500	Chicago Gt. Western	19¼	19¼	19	19	— ⅛
109¼	109¾	3,960	Chi. Gt. Western pf	37½	37½	37	37	— ½
145	145¼	210	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	109⅜	110⅛	109	109¼	— ½
142	145	400	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	145¼	145¼	145	145	— ¼
25½	28⅜	10,200	Chi. & Northwestern	142¾	142¾	142½	142½	+ ⅛
54	58	100	Chino Copper	28⅝	29½	27¾	28½	+ ⅛
97¼	100	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L	56	56	56	56	+ ⅛
54	55	100	C., C., C. & St. L. pf	97½	97½	97½	97½	+ ⅛
44	45	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	30	31¼	30	30	— ⅛
144¾	145½	19,350	Colorado & Southern	44	44	44	44	...
15⅝	15½	6,300	Consolidated Gas	144½	145¾	144¼	145	+ ⅛
85½	84½	1,000	Corn Products Ref	16½	16⅝	15⅝	15½	— ⅝
169	170	640	Corn Products Ref. pf	84	81	83⅝	83⅝	— ⅜
23¼	24	250	Delaware & Hudson	170½	170¼	169½	169½	— 1
43¼	44	1,700	Denver & Rio Grande	23⅞	24	23⅞	24	+ ⅜
32½	32¾	400	Den. & Rio Grande pf	43⅜	44½	43⅜	43½	+ ½
36⅜	36½	17,000	Distillers' Securities	35	33	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅝
55⅛	55¾	1,050	Erie	37	37	36½	36⅝	— ¾
166⅜	167	4,700	Erie 1st pf	55⅛	56	55⅛	55⅛	— ⅝
30⅞	30⅞	200	General Electric	166	168½	166	166½	+ 1¼
75¾	77½	100	General Motors	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	...
4⅞	5	1,325	General Motors pf	76	76	76	76	— ⅛
133⅛	133¼	3,300	Goldfield Consol	4⅞	5	4⅞	5	— ⅛
42⅜	43	17,400	Great Northern pf	133¼	133⅞	133¼	133⅛	+ ⅛
131½	132	500	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	41½	43⅞	41½	43	— ⅛
20½	20⅝	22,100	Illinois Central	132	132⅜	131⅞	131⅞	— ⅛
60⅜	60⅝	20,100	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	20⅞	21⅛	20½	20⅝	— ⅛
114⅛	115	2,000	Inter.-Met. pf	62	62	60¼	60⅝	— ⅝
12½	13	1,000	Int. Harvester	115½	116	115⅝	115½	— ⅛
54⅞	54⅞	800	Int. Paper	13¾	13⅞	13	13	— ⅛
80¼	81	600	Int. Paper pf	57	57	54½	54⅝	— ⅛
78¼	81	100	Int. Steam Pump	30¾	31⅝	30½	30½	— ⅛
27¼	27⅜	900	Kan. C., Ft. S. & M. pf	80	80	80	80	— ⅛
106¾	107¼	1,300	Kansas City South	28⅝	28¾	27¾	27¾	— ⅛
15	16	600	Laclede Gas	106	107½	106	107¼	+ ⅛
35	37	100	Lake Erie & Western	14⅞	15	14⅞	15	+ ⅛
164	164½	13,150	Lake Erie & West. pf	36	36	36	36	— ⅛
177	178½	100	Lehigh Valley	165⅝	166¼	163¼	164½	— ⅝
110	110	100	Liggett & Myers	177¼	177½	177½	177½	+ ½
156⅜	156¾	1,800	Liggett & Myers pf	106⅞	109⅞	109½	109½	+ ⅛
70	71¼	100	Louisville & Nash	157⅜	157⅝	156¼	156¼	— ⅛
109½	110⅜	100	May Dept. Stores	71	71	71	71	...
5½	5⅝	3,100	May Dept. Stores pf	110	110	110	110	...
23	24	1,400	Mercantile Marine	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	...
25⅞	26	9,000	Mercantile Marine pf	24½	25	24	24	— ⅛
22	23	200	Miami Copper	25⅝	26¼	25⅝	26	+ ⅛
40	49	100	Minn. & St. Louis	23	23	23	23	...
136⅛	136½	825	Minn. & St. Louis pf	45	45	45	45	...
30	30¼	1,000	M., St. P. & S. S. M	137	137	137	137	...
46⅝	46⅞	23,100	Mo., Kansas & Texas	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	...
149⅛	151	100	Missouri Pacific	47	47⅜	46⅜	46⅜	— ⅛
127	129	20	Nat. Biscuit Co	140⅞	140⅞	140⅞	140⅞	...
17	17½	700	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	129	129	129	129	...
91	94	400	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	17¼	17¾	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
57¾	58	800	Nat. Enam. & St. pf	93	94	93	94	— ⅛
30¾	31	300	Nat. Lead Co	58	58	57½	57½	— ⅛
20¼	20¾	4,000	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	30	30⅜	30	30⅛	— ⅛
55	55½	200	Nevada Con. Copper	20¼	20⅜	20¼	20⅜	— ⅛
112	112½	1,550	N. Y. Air Brake	56	56	55¾	55¾	— ⅛
20	22	100	N. Y. Central x d	112⅝	112⅝	112	112	— ⅛
130½	140	200	N. Y. Dock	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	— ⅛
38⅛	38⅝	800	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	139¾	139¾	139¾	139¾	— ⅛
110	110½	2,200	N. Y., Ont. & West	39½	39½	39½	39½	— ⅛
79¼	79½	700	Norfolk & Western	110¾	110⅞	110¾	110⅞	+ ⅛
122	122¼	11,440	North American	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	— ⅛
34	34½	5,200	Northern Pacific	122½	123⅜	122½	123⅜	+ ⅛
123⅜	124	3,737	Pacific Mail	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	...
107⅝	107¾	300	Pennsylvania R. R	124⅜	124⅝	123⅞	123⅞	— ⅛
170	185	100	People's Gas, Chicago	107⅞	107⅞	107⅜	107⅜	— ⅛
108½	109½	400	P. Lorillard	178½	178½	178½	178½	— ⅛
105½	106	2,500	Philadelphia Co	109½	109½	108¾	108¾	— ⅛
19¾	20	1,300	Pitts., C., C. & St. L	105	106½	105	106	— ⅛
81	82	100	Pittsburgh Coal	20⅛	20⅜	20⅛	20⅜	+ ⅛
160	161	100	Pittsburgh Coal pf	81½	82	81½	82	— ⅛
4	4¾	100	Pullman Co	160	160	160	160	— ⅛
183¾	187⅜	11,900	Quicksilver pf	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	...
160⅞	161	179,050	Ray Con. Copper	183⅞	187⅜	183½	183⅜	— ⅛
22⅜	23	1,400	Reading	161¾	162	160⅝	160⅞	— ⅛
72⅜	73½	1,100	Republic Iron & Steel	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	— ⅛
27	27⅜	6,500	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	73⅜	73⅜	73	73	— ⅛
53⅞	54	3,000	Rock Island Co	27⅜	27⅜	27	27	— ⅛
41½	41⅝	750	Rock Island Co. pf	54½	55	53½	53⅝	— ⅛
32¾	33	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	42½	42⅝	41⅝	41⅝	— ⅛
74	74¼	200	St. Louis Southwest	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	— ⅛
155	155½	200	St. Louis Southw. pf	74½	74½	74	74	— ⅛
112¾	115	19,600	Sears, Roebuck & Co	155½	155½	155	155	— ⅛
29⅝	29⅞	7,300	Southern Pacific	112¾	113⅛	112⅛	112⅜	— ⅛
76	76½	2,400	Southern R'way ext	30	30½	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
60	62	200	South. R'way pf. ext	76	76	76	76	— ⅛
39½	39⅝	1,100	Standard Milling pf	60¾	61⅛	60¾	61¼	— ⅛
24½	24⅝	1,300	Tennessee Copper	40	40	39½	39½	— ⅛
42¾	42½	300	Texas & Pacific	24½	24⅝	24½	24⅝	— ⅛
15½	16	350	Third Avenue new	42¾	42¾	42	42	— ⅛
33⅞	34¼	650	Toledo, St. L. & W	16⅜	16⅜	15¾	15¾	— ⅛
100	101	50	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	34½	34½	34	34⅛	— ⅛
7⅞	7¼	300	Underwood Typewrit	101	101	101	101	— ⅛
170	170⅝	52,650	Union Bag & Paper	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
91⅝	92⅜	100	Union Pacific	170¾	172	169⅞	170¾	+ ⅛
104⅜	105	275	Union Pacific pf	92	92	92	92	...
61¾	62	100	United Dry Goods pf	104⅝	104⅝	104⅜	104⅜	— ⅛
95	98	239	United Rys. Invest. pf	62¼	62¾	62	62¾	— ⅛
77	77⅛	1,500	U. S. Express	96	96	96	96	...
101½	102	110	U. S. Realty & Imp	76	77	76	77	...
54⅞	55	7,000	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf	101⅜	101⅝	101⅜	101⅜	— ⅛
114½	115	400	U. S. Rubber	55	56	54½	54⅝	— ⅛
78⅜	79½	500	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	114⅜	— ⅛
67⅞	68	140,000	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	79	79½	79	79	— ⅛
112¼	112¾	1,100	U. S. Steel	87⅜	89⅜	87⅜	89⅛	+ ⅛
60⅜	61	13,650	U. S. Steel pf	111¾	112¼	111¾	112	— ⅛
53¾	54¼	200	Utah Copper	61¼	61¼	61¼	61¼	— ⅛
121½	122½	700	Va.-Carolina Chem	54½	54½	54½	54½	— ⅛
47	47½	800	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	122⅝	122	120¾	120¾	— ⅛
23	26	50	Va. R'way & Power	47⅜	48	47½	47½	— ⅛
6¾	7	1,300	Vultan Detinning	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
19⅜	19¼	4,900	Wabash	6⅜	7¼	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
144	147	100	Wabash pf	18⅝	20¼	18⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
62½	63½	2,817	Wells Fargo Express	158	161	158	161	— ⅛
83½	84	400	Western Maryland	146½	146½	146½	146½	— ⅛
78¼	78¾	26,300	Western Union Tel	64	64½	63	63	— ⅛
119	121¾	200	Westinghouse E. & M	83⅜	84	83⅜	83⅜	— ⅛
180	193	100	Westinghouse 1st pf	80	81⅞	79⅞	79⅞	— ⅛
8	8½	150	Weyman Bruton	121⅞	121⅞	121⅞	121⅞	— ⅛
21	21½	700	Wheel. & Lake Erie	190	190	190	190	— ⅛
			Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	22	22	21	21⅞	— ⅛

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales March 27, 1912 ..... $3,232,000
From Jan. 1, 1912 224,153,500
Same period last year 221,715,000

U S 2s, registered	102½	Lou & N col 4s	94⅝
Va 6s, def., Brown Bros & Co ctfs	49½	B & O prior ln 3½s	92
N Y City 4s, 1956, registered	99½	registered	91¼
4s, 1957	100	gold 4s	98
4s, 1958	100⅛	S W Div 3½s	91¼
4s, 1959	100	Bethlehem Steel 5s	97⅞
N Y City 4½s	102¼	B R T gold 5s	104½
new	102⅛	ref conv 4s	87⅝
4½s, 1957	102¾	5s	87⅝
new	107⅛	10s	87⅝
Adams Express 4s	87	25s	87⅝
Allis-Chalmers 5s	63¼	50s	87⅝
Am Ag Ch conv 5s	102⅝	100s	87⅝
Am Smelt Secur 5s	102¼	100,000s	87⅝
Am T & T col 4s	90⅞	Bklyn Un El 1st 5s	102⅜
conv 4s	90⅞	C of Ga R con 5s	102¼
2,000	90⅝	Cent Leather 5s	100½
17,000	90¾	Cent Pac gtd 4s	95¼
conv 4s	90⅞	Cent Vermont 4s	96½
2,000	116	Ches & O con 5s	91½
5,000s10f	116⅛	gen 4½s	110⅞
10,000	116⅛	Big Sandy 4s	100
Am Tobacco 6s	120½	Joint 4s	93
Am Tobacco 4s	95⅞	5,000	87⅛
Armour & Co 4½s	95¼	6,000	96⅝
13,000	92	1,000 3	96½
A, T & S F gen 4s	99⅝	2,000	96½
1,000	99⅝	4,000	96⅜
3,000	99⅝	2,000	96½
1,000	99⅝	deb 5s	101
conv 4s, 1960	103⅞	7,000	101
19,000	103⅞	Ill Div 4s	95⅝
18,000	103⅝	2,000	100½
10,000	103⅞	1,000	103⅝
25,000	103⅝	1st 5s	103⅝
41,000	103⅞	1,000	103⅝
11,000	103⅞	Chi, Mil & St P gen 3½s, Ser B	86¼
16,000	103⅞	5,000	86¼
conv 5s	103⅜	C & P Wo 5s	106½
39,000	103½	1,000	106½
Atl Coast Line 4s	95¼		
2,000	95¼		

Chi Gt Westn 4s	81⅝	Gt Northn ref 4½s	101
1,000	81½	3,000	102½
6,000	107⅞	Hock Val 1st 4½s	102½
Chi & N W con 7s	97⅞	1,000	102½
gen 4s	97⅞	Ill Cent ref 4s	95¾
2,000	97⅞	3,000	83⅝
20,000	97⅞	Inter-Met 4½s	83⅝
5,000	97⅞	10,000	83⅝
gen 3½s	86	65,000	83⅝
3,000	91¾	4,000	83⅝
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s	89⅝	40,000	83⅝
4,000	72½	65,000	83⅝
C, R I & P R R 4s	123½	22,000	83⅞
9,000	123⅞	178,000	83⅝
Chino Copper 6s	121	75,000	83⅝
1,000	103½	24,000	83⅝
5,000	44	Interboro R T 5s	104⅛
1,000	43	23,000	104¼
6,000	42	8,000	104¼
C, C & I con 7s	97	Internatnl Nav 5s	80½
2,000	96¾	6,000	104⅛
Clev, C, C & St L	98¼	Inter Paper 6s	104⅛
Cin, W & M 4s	91	2,000	104⅛
1,000	44	K C, Ft S & M 4s	80½
Col Midland 1st 4s	43	10,000	80½
6,000	42	L E & Wn 2d 5s	104⅛
1,000	97	L S & M So 3½s	86¼
Col & So 1st 4s	96¾	10,000	86¼
5,000	98¼	4s, 1928	93⅝
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934	98⅝	5,000	93⅝
2,000	98¼	6,000	93⅝
Del & H conv 4s	97⅝	2,000s15f	93⅝
8,000	98¼	1,000	93⅝
1st & ref 4s	97⅝	3,000s15f	93⅝
10,000	97⅝	4s, 1931	93¾
Den & Rio Grande 1st & ref 5s	85¾	6,000	93⅜
15,000	85¾	8,000	93¾
Det Edison 5s	101⅜	Lex Av & P F 1st 5s	102⅜
1,000	101⅜	2,000	102⅜
Det Riv Tun 4½s	99⅞	Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds	120¾
15,000	99⅞	1,000	120¾
Dist Secur Corp 5s	75¼	2,000	120¾
5,000	75¼	5s, temp bonds	94⅜
Du P de N Pow 4½s	90¼	29,000	94⅜
4,000	90¼	Long Dock 6s	124
3,000	90¼	1,000	124
5,000	90⅜	Long Island ref 4s	96¼
5,000	90⅝	1,000	96¼
Erie 1st gen 4s	75⅜	Lou & N unifd 4s	99
4,000	75¼	2,000	99
conv 4s, Ser B	75¼	Atl, K & Cin 4s	92¾
10,000	75¼	1,000	92¾
1,000	75¼	N F & S 1st 5s	100⅝
2,000	75¼	1,000	100⅝
11,000	75¼	Mer Mar cel tr 4½s	69¾
Ft Wh & D C 1st 6s	111⅝	50,000	69¼ and 69¾
10,000	111⅝	10,000	69¾
Green Bay & Wn deb Ctfs B	12⅝	4,000	69¾
2,000	12⅝	5,000	69¾
10,000	12⅝	25,000	69¼
		82,000	69¼
		12,000	69¼
		10,000	68¾
		5,000	68⅝
		15,000	68⅝

Met St Ry ref 4s, Tr Co ctfs, stpd	59¾	St L S W 1st 4s	91⅝
15,000	59¾	4,000	91⅝
Mich State Tel 5s	100⅜	con 4s	81½
5,000	100⅜	20,000	81½
500	100¼	S A L gold 4s, stp	87⅝
Mo Pac conv 5s	88	2,000	87⅝
26,000	88⅜	adjustment 5s	79¼
5,000	88⅛	500	79¼
5,000	88⅜	So Pac col 4s	91½
3,000	88¾	conv 4s	96¼
13,000	89	68,000	96¼
Mo Pacific 4s	73	1st ref 4s	93
2,000	74⅞	1,000	95⅛
6,000	90	6,000	95
Morris & Essex 1st & ref 3½s	87	Southn Ry 1st 5s	107⅜
1,000	90	6,000	107⅜
N Y Cent gen 3½s	87	1,000	107⅝
21,000	87	gen 4s	79¼
N Y G, El L, H & P col trust 5s	104	45,000	87
2,000	88⅜	M & O col 4s	87
pur money 4s	88⅛	10,000	94¼
2,000	88⅛	St L Div 4s	104
1,000	131¼	1,000	95
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s	94½	Tenn Coal, Iron & R, Tenn Div 6s	104
20,000	131¼	1,000

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Fifth Avenue Plot Sold by Theodore B. Starr for $600,000 —Investors Buy Two Lexington Avenue Corners— Frank W. Woolworth Increases His Holdings on Washington Heights—An Active Suburban Market.

The feature of yesterday's realty market, which gave evidence of decided strength from both a speculative and investment standpoint, was the sale of a valuable Fifth Avenue plot facing Madison Square, just north of the Worth monument, by Theodore B. Starr.

The property consists of a four-story commercial structure known as 206 Fifth Avenue, running through to 1,126 Broadway, which was occupied by Theodore B. Starr, Incorporated, for some years prior to the firm's removal to Fifth Avenue and Forty-seventh Street last September.

It has a frontage of 28 feet 2 inches on both Fifth Avenue and Broadway, and an extreme depth of about 112 feet. Mr. Starr purchased it in 1905 for $485,000, and it figures in yesterday's transaction at about $600,000.

The syndicate headed by George F. Johnson, Jr., which purchased the Café Martin property at the north end of the block several weeks ago was reported to be the buyer. This, however, was denied by John A. Osborne, who represented Mr. Starr in the transaction.

Two Lexington Av. Corners Sold.

Two investment deals in Lexington Avenue, which has shown marked activity during the past couple of weeks, were reported yesterday. Pease & Elliman sold to an investor for Dr. B. Farquhar Curtis the southeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Seventy-second Street. The property consists of a four-story high-stoop brownstone dwelling on a lot 24 by 74.4, which will be altered for business by the buyer.

In the Grand Central Station zone the Lillian Realty Company sold to an investor the northeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Forty-sixth Street. The parcel, which has a frontage of 100 feet on the avenue and 46 feet on the street, is covered by a six-story elevator apartment house. James Kyle & Sons negotiated the transaction.

New Owners for 5th Avenue Corner.

A syndicate known as the Medford Realty Company, headed by Aleck Kahn, is the new owner of the old Hoyt residence property on the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street, just sold by C. Grayson Martin, who is said to have paid close to $1,000,000 when the parcel was purchased a month ago, Michael Dreicer being associated with Mr. Martin in the transaction. The Hoyt house has a Fifth Avenue frontage of 31 feet, and 125 feet on Thirty-sixth Street. Some Bronx property was given in part payment by the Medford Realty Company. George R. Read & Co. were the brokers.

Upper West Side Active.

The upper west side continued active. In the Washington Heights section Frank W. Woolworth has enlarged his extensive holdings on the west side of St. Nicholas Avenue, between 162d and 163d Streets, by recently acquiring the three dwellings at 519, 521, and 523 West 162d Street, between St. Nicholas Avenue and Broadway. The respective owners of record were Kate H. Jones, Maria Coakley, and Hubert T. Parson. The combined frontage on the street is sixty feet and 100 feet deep. The property adjoins Mr. Woolworth's holdings on St. Nicholas Avenue, including the entire block front between 162d and 163d Streets, 253 feet on the avenue, and 158 feet on 163d Street. Mrs. Rose H. Feely acted as the broker in the transaction. Mr. Woolworth has no plans for improvement, but buys to enlarge his investment in that section.

In the same neighborhood, at 1,946 Amsterdam Avenue, north of 156th Street, a six-story apartment house was sold by Warren & Skillin for Martha W. Well to an investor. The plot is 47 by 125 feet.

On the same thoroughfare, a few blocks to the north, Lowenfeld & Prager purchased a five-story apartment at 2,145 Amsterdam Avenue, north of 166th Street. It occupies a plot 37.6 by 100. Thomas Mulligan is the owner of record. Lowenfeld & Prager gave in part payment a vacant block front in the Bronx on Prospect Avenue, between 169th and 170th Streets.

Investors Buying Tenements.

Tenement property continues to be in good demand among small investors. Among yesterday's sales of this class of realty were the two four-story tenements 331 and 333 West Fifty-third Street, on a plot 34.10 by 42 by irregular, sold by Mrs. David Scott to a client of A. J. Robertson.

In East Harlem Sigmund Gothesman sold to an investor 345 East 121st Street, a five-story tenement, with stores, on a lot 25 by 100.11.

On Washington Heights A. Frank has sold for a client 2,145 Amsterdam Avenue, a five-story new law house with stores, on plot 37.6 by 100, between 166th and 167th Streets.

The Private Dwelling Market.

Wahlig & Sonsin have sold to a client of Harry White the three-story private dwelling on the northeast corner of 185th Street and Wadsworth Avenue, on a lot 19.6 by 59.

R. Emory Warfield, President of the Hanover Fire Insurance Company, has purchased from L. K. Weiss of Baltimore, Md., 125 East Eighty-first Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 17 by 65 by 102. T. Scott & Son negotiated the transaction.

Deal on Washington Street.

Mrs. S. S. Stafford has purchased from Charles Lane an interior lot at the rear of 609 Washington Street. The buyer controls a plot 93 by 90. It is understood that the parcel will be improved with a six story and basement mercantile building. Cross & Brown negotiated the transaction.

Bronx.

Two good sales in the Hunts Point section of the Bronx which will result in immediate improvements have been made by the Henry Morgenthau Company. To the Church of St. Athanasius has been sold a plot 37.6 by 100.5 on the easterly side of Fox Street, 125 feet north of Tiffany Street. The plot adjoins the property of the church, and on it will be erected a building for school purposes.

The second sale by the same company was a lot 50 by 100.10, purchased by the Steinmetz Construction Company. The plot is on the easterly side of Tiffany Street, 375 feet south of East 163d Street. It adjoins the plot purchased a few weeks ago by the same company, and both parcels will be improved with five-story flats.

W. E. & W. I. Brown, Incorporated, sold for Henry Goeltz 3,477 Third Avenue, a three-story brick building on a plot 25 by 125, occupied as stores, dwelling and lodge rooms.

Brooklyn.

Burrill Brothers have sold the three story and basement brick and stone private house 497 Fourth Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, on a lot 21 feet wide and 95 feet deep, for Mrs. Fannie E. Christian, to a buyer for occupancy.

$22,500 Purchase at Kensington, L. I.

The Rickert-Finlay Realty Company has sold to James C. Crane the New England Colonial house on the southeast corner of Beverly Road and East Drive, Kensington, Great Neck, L. I., for $22,500. The house was designed by Aymar Embury, 2d, and is one of those selected by the Hanging Committee for the Architectural League Exhibition.

Long Island.

Albert G. Dimmerling has sold to I. B. Kleinert Rubber Company of Manhattan a parcel of 50 feet on the east side of Seventeenth Street, College Point.

Calvin W. Weddle has sold to the Corina Investing Company of Brooklyn a parcel having a frontage of 100 feet on the west side of Seventh Street and 50 feet on the south side of First Avenue, Flushing.

New Jersey.

Henry D. Winans & May have sold the George C. Smith property at Bernardsville, N. J., comprising twenty-five acres with improvements, consisting of two cottages, each having garage and outbuildings. This is the remainder of a large tract originally owned by Mr. Smith, the major portion of which together with the mansion was sold by the same brokers about two years ago to Mr. William Bonbright.

Buys $23,000 Residence at Yonkers.

The three-story stucco dwelling, 99 Fanshaw Avenue, Van Cortlandt Terrace, Yonkers, on a plot 50 by 102 by 56 by 105, has been sold for occupancy. The structure, which is one of six built and owned by the George Edgar Company was held at $23,000.

Recent Buyers.

The purchaser of premises 143 and 145 West Broadway, reported sold by Leon S. Altmayer, is the Baird-Daniels Company, which has been the tenant of this six-story building for some years.

J. Sugarman is the buyer of 554 West 132d Street, sold recently by Mark Jalonack.

Mrs. Frederick Bronson is the purchaser of the three-story dwelling, 1,144 Park Avenue, sold recently by Frederick Dannemann. The house adjoins the site 84.3 by 77, at the northwest corner of Park Avenue and Ninety-first Street, acquired last June by Mrs. Bronson, on which two private residences have been erected, and one of which is to be occupied by Mrs. Bronson.

Four Harlem Flats in Trade.

A good-sized transaction on 116th Street between Madison and Park Avenues involved the sale by A. B. Gilson of the four five-story flats at 58, 60, 62 and 64 East 116th Street, covering a plot 80 by 100.11 feet. The buyer is Randell Hoyt Sterns, who gave in part payment a residence on Brook Lane, Palisades, N. J. Edward W. Browning and Porter & Co. negotiated the deed.

Leases Hotel in Times Square Section.

The University apartment hotel at 106 and 108 West Forty-seventh Street, near Sixth Avenue, has been leased by Walter S. Salomon, who controls valuable leaseholds on Forty-second Street, for a term of 21 years at a rental of $11,500 a year. It is an eight-story structure on a plot 44 by 131 feet and is owned by Charles F. Hoffman and other interests.

Country Dwellings Leased.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Mrs. Charles E. Sherman her country seat known as The Brae, at Cedarhurst, Long Island, to Osborn W. Bright.

DeBlois & Eldridge have leased for the Lyman estate their cottage on the northerly side of LeRoy Avenue, Newport, R. I., known as the Poplars, to Daniel Von Halmhausen, Councilor for the German Embassy, for the coming season.

West Side Taxpayers to Meet.

A regular meeting of the West Side Taxpayers' Association will be held at 267 West Thirty-fourth Street, this evening at 8 o'clock. Matters of importance to property owners will be discussed and reports received from the Law and Legislation and Rapid Transit Committees. Louis Schrag, Chairman of Special Committee opposing Dock Commissioner Tomkins's plan for the removal of Gansevoort Market, will make a report.

A Dutch Street Improvement.

Plans have been filed with Building Superintendent Miller for the construction of a three-story fireproof office building on the east side of Dutch Street, 86.9 feet north of John Street. It will have a frontage of 47.4 feet and a depth of 80.4 feet.

The Ministers, Elders and Deacons of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of the City of New York is the owner of the land, which has been leased to the Four and Ten Dutch Street Company, which is erecting the building. Willis S. Purdy, the architect, has estimated the cost at $71,000.

East Side Theatre to Cost $100,000.

Plans have been filed for building a four-story theatre on the southwest corner of Avenue B and Fifth Street by the Matoma Amusement Company, of which Marcus Loew is the President. It will be a fireproof structure, having a Turkish bath in the basement, a stage 48 feet wide, and a seating capacity of about 1,700, and will be known as the Avenue B Theatre. Thomas W. Lamb, the architect, has estimated the cost at $100,000.

Queens Borough Building Boom.

So great has been the rush of applications for building permits at the Queens Borough Building Bureau for the last week that Supt. Moore has been compelled to assign special clerks and examiners to the work of receiving them. Every section of the borough is represented in the applications, and the feature is the number of individual homes that are being planned. There are none of these that are of less value than $5,000, and many of them run to $8,000 and $10,000.

Organize New Realty Company.

The Inter-City Land and Securities Company, capitalized at $50,000, has been incorporated at Albany. The incorporators are J. Newton Osorio, Louis Stern, Charles J. Enderlily, Louis Swarts and John B. Faunce. The company will deal in investment properties, and will have a temporary office at 5 Beekman street. There will be an election of officers next week.

Leases.

N. Brigham Hall & Wm. D. Bloodgood, Incorporated, have leased for the Thirty-first Madison Company the street portion of the second loft at Nos. 137-141 Madison Avenue to Charles E. Ruchstuhl for a term of years; also for the same owners the entire fourth and fifth lofts at 29 East Thirty-first Street to Max M. Schwarcz & Company for a similar period; also for Mrs. Katharine A. Kingsland the northerly store at 897 Eighth Avenue; also in the same property the southerly store to Thomas Dragna.

Pease and Elliman have leased to "Carey" for the Estate of D. H. Haight for a term of years the store 158 Broadway.

Cross & Brown Company has leased for Gustav Schock, 13,000 sq. ft. on the second and third floors of the new concrete loft building at 518-22 West Fifty-seventh Street, to the Sterling Top & Equipment Company for a long term of years.

Frank A. Archambault has purchased the lease of the Hotel Belleclaire at Broadway and Seventy-seventh street. He will redecorate and partly remodel the hotel at an expenditure of about $50,000. Mr. Archambault was the lessee of the hotel a few years ago.

H. C. Senior & Co. have leased, for the Estate of John Sarre the three-story and basement dwelling, 31 West Ninety-first Street, to Dr. Frederic A. Lucas, Director of the American Museum of Natural History, for a term of years.

Notes.

Harry C. Jackson has placed for the Dwyer & Carey Construction Company $37,000 as a building loan for a five-story apartment to be erected on Southern Boulevard, 100 feet south of 176th Street.

Nast & Springsteen have prepared plans for a very high class elevator apartment house being erected at the southeast corner of 172d Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, to be known as the Alta Vista, for M. Paterno & Son, owners. The size of plot is 95 by 125.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company has loaned on first mortgage $72,500 to Alice Bochmann Simmons on the seven-story brick and stone store and apartment building located at 31 West Fifty-eighth Street; also on first mortgage $525,000 to Frank Bradley on the apartment and business buildings located on the west side of Amsterdam Avenue and south side of Seventy-fifth Street. The mortgage is for three years at 5 per cent.

N. Serracino, architect, has been commissioned to prepare plans for an addition to St. Ann's Academy, 155-157 East Seventy-sixth Street. The structure will be a five-story fireproof school building 50 by 75, with a tile roof, and will have hot water heating, electrical installation, and all modern improvements.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

10th St., 57 West, n s, 166.2 ft e of 6th Av, 21.11x94.10, seven-story hotel; foreclosure, readvertised for April 3.

By Joseph P. Day.

88th St, 44 West, s s, 302 ft e of Columbus Av, 22x100.8, four-story dwelling; also Charles St, 50, s s, 161.7 ft e of 4th Av, 20x95, three-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, W. A. Nash, $8,881.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

116th St, 324 East, s s, 325 ft w of 1st Av, 20x100.10, three-story dwelling; foreclosure, adjourned to April 10.

AT 3,156 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Washington Av, 1,432, s e corner of St. Paul's Place, 40.2x140.8x irregular, 2 six-story tenements; foreclosure, adjourned to April 3.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Dutch St, 4 and 6, for a three-story office building, 47.4x80.4x irregular; Four and Ten Dutch Street Co., lessee, 55 John St; William S. Purdy, 320 5th Av, architect; cost, $71,000.

27th St, s s, 100 ft e of 7th Av, for a twelve-story store and lofts, 88x81.9; Marmac Construction Co., 316 West 30th St, owner; Browne & Almiroty, 220 5th Av, architects; cost, $325,000.

Avenue B, s w corner of 5th St, for a four-story theatre, 143.10x84.2; Matoma Amusement Co., 200 West 42d St, owner; T. W. Lamb, 501 5th Av, architect; cost, $100,000.

Tremont Av, n e corner of Lafontaine Av, for a one-story brick store, 69.9½x42.8½; L. Napoleon Levy, 27 Pine St, owner; Koppe & Daube, 830 Westchester Av, architects; cost, $12,000.

Boston Road, w s, 61.24 ft n of 180th St, for a two-story brick loft, 71.48x100; Taxpayers' Realty Co., 1,203 Franklin Av, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $25,000.

Castle Hill Av, w s, 137.205 ft n of Parker St, for a two-story frame dwelling, 20x58; Joseph Darmiano, 401 East 109th St, owner; Michael D. Cancio, 2,015 1st Av, architect; cost, $3,700.

167th St, n s, 100 ft w of Sedgwick Av, for a frame stone crusher; Pittsburgh Construction Co., 3,785 Broadway, owner and architect; cost, $3,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

44th St, 111 to 121 West, to a five and six story theatre and office; Stuyvesant Theatre Co., owner, premises; G. Keister, 12 West 31st St, architect; cost, $8,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,946, w s, 46.11x125; Martha W. Well to Audubon Impt Co, 974 St. Nicholas Av, B. & S., all liens, March 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Audubon Impt Co to Hy. R. C. Watson, at Brandon, Vt., (mtg $65,000 and all liens;) attorney, same.....$100

BLEECKER ST, 289, e s, 28.8x75; Henry R. C. Watson to James Hopkins, 156 West 72d St, March 25, (mtg $17,000;) attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $100

CANNON ST, 135, w s, 25.2x60.2; Benjamin Weiss and others, heirs, &c, of Elias Weiss, to Esther Weiss, 1,135 Cannon St, all title, quitclaim, March 23; attorney, Max Steindler, 122 Columbia St.....$1

CHERRY ST, n s, 163.5 ft w of Montgomery St, 24.11x88.4; Kusiel Epstein to Sarah R. Epstein and another, 451 Grand St, March 26, (mtg $16,000;) attorney, A. A. Mayper, 115 Broadway $1

COLUMBIA ST, w s, 175 ft n of Delancey St, 25x100; Ida Sleyer to Benjamin J. Weil, 21 East 82d St, (mtg $30,750 and all liens,) March 23; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St.....$100

EDGECOMBE AV, 64, e s, 18x68; Ernestine Jacobowsky, executrix of Isidor Lazarus, to Amalia Raphael and Taube Hirschson, 64 Edgecombe Av, March 22; attorneys, Parker, D., W. & W., 34 Nassau St.....$1

LAFAYETTE ST, e s, 287.8 ft n of 4th St, 28.4x150; Sarah R. Samuel to Hattie Despres, 545 West 111th St, (mtg $35,000 and all liens,) March 26; attorney, Marcus Kaufman, 2 Rector St.....$1

MANGIN ST, 29, w s, 25x100; George Ricard to Realty Realization Corporation, 1,400 5th Av, mtg $17,500, March 22.....$1,000

MONTGOMERY ST, 69 and 71, n e corner of Cherry St, 554, —x—; Franconia Realty Co. to Realty Realization Corporation, 1,400 5th Av, March 22, mtg $40,000.....$1,000

MOTT ST, 196 and 198, e s, 50x94; Michael Brigante Co. to Celestino De Marco, 3a Rutherford Place, March 27, (mtg $74,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

VAN CORLEAR PLACE, s s, 239.1 ft w of Kingsbridge Av, 39.11x64.11x36.6x48.11; Jos. Sinsheimer to Grace J. Daggett, 156 West 65th St, March 25; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $100

WEST END AV, n s, 107.2 ft s of 84th St, 15.4x100; Herald Square Holding Co. to Pincus Lowenfeld, 106 East 64th St, and William Prager, 129 East 74th St, (mtg $14,000,) B. & S., March 24; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 135 Broadway $100

1ST AV, 1,109, w s, 25x91; Charles Ringelstein to Betsey Carlisle, at Jersey City, N. J., mtg $23,100, March 1; attorney, H. J. Bauer, 2,805 3d Av.....$1

5TH ST, 222 East, s s, 20.9x92.4, (foreclosure March 26;) David C. Hirsch, referee, to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East, March 26; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William St.....$15,500

107TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 23x irregular; Benjamin F. Elgar and others to Mary A. Ferris, 159 West 87th St, March 26; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway $16,500

22D ST, s s, 75 ft w of Lexington Av, 20x98.9; Alex. P. W. Kinnan to Russell Sage Foundation, a corporation, 105 East 22d St, (mtg $16,000,) March 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

28TH ST, 236-240 East, s s, 75x98.8; Louis J. Goldstein and others to the B. G. Realty Co., 160 East 34th St, (mtg $108,000,) March 22; attorney, Benjamin Jackson, 302 Broadway.....$100

49TH ST, 131 to 135 West, n s, 44x100.4; John J. Boyle to Theo. Fischer, 45 West 24th St, (mtg $60,000,) March 27; attorneys, Saxe & P., 51 Chambers St.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Theo. Fischer to Domenick Marsullo, 45 West 24th St, (mtg $75,000,) March 27; same attorneys $100

53D ST, 133 West, 25x100.5; 53d St, 137 West, 18.9x100; Margaret H. Drummond to Fannie R. Smith, 53 West 52d St, March 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

70TH ST, 326 East, s s, 25x100.4, (foreclosure March 26;) Bernard Budd, referee, to Virginia Danziger, 11 East 79th St, and Moses J. Snendana, 601 West 137th St, executors of Max Danziger, March 27; attorneys, Gross & Snendana, 309 Broadway.....$15,000

90TH ST, 38 West, s s, 20x100.8; Bernard F. Martin to Anna L. Martin, 38 West 90th St, (mtg $14,000,) Dec. 6, 1911; attorneys, Cardeshian, Martin & Co., 55 Liberty St.....$100

93D ST, n s, 130.6 ft w of 3d Av, 90x100.8; Rosanna Rosenfeld to Pauline Cohen, 51 East 98th St, (mtg $71,000, ½ part, all title, March 20; attorney, Julius Cohen, 220 Broadway..$1

94TH ST, 203 and 205 West, 52x100.8; Thomas J. McLaughlin to T. J. McLaughlin's Sons, 845 Amsterdam Av, March 11, (mtg $75,000;) address, 345 Amsterdam Av.....$100

98TH ST, 289-91 East, n s, 59x100.11, (foreclosure March 26;) David C. Hirsch, referee, to Zerlina Weingreen, 264 Riverside Drive, (mtg $40,000,) March 26; attorney, Max Altmayer, 290 Broadway.....$9,000

101ST ST, n s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 54x100.11; (mtg $96,525;) 93d St, n s, 130.6 ft w of 3d Av, 90x100.8, (mtg $71,000;) also property in Brooklyn; Pauline Cohen to Clara Berrick, 127 East 72d St, as trustee, ¼ part, all title, B. & S., March 23; attorney, Solen Berrick, Hall of Records $1

103D ST, 162 East, s s, 27x100.11; Babette Erdman to Rocksand Realty Co., 35 Nassau St, (mtg $20,150.) Nov. 18, 1911; Albert Erdman, 35 Nassau St.....$100

113TH ST, 19 East, n s, 25x100.10; Harry Sheinbaum to Sarah Hyman Sheinbaum, 57 East 100th St, March 27.....$100

117TH ST, 212-214 East, s s, 40x100.10; Fischel Realty Company to Eliza J. Williams, 288 Alexander Av, mtg $40,000, March 23.....$1

torney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway $1

126TH ST, s s, 430 ft w of 5th Av, 20x99.11; Alfred G. Compton to Alfred D. Compton, 2 St. Nicholas Terrace; Mabel G. Woodruff, 152 West 75th St, and Madeline Compton, 40 West 126th St, Feb. 14; attorney, Hugo S. Mack, 7 Beekman St.....$1

149TH ST, 540 and 548 West, s s, 33.4x99.11; Henry R. C. Watson to Audubon Improvement Co., 974 St. Nicholas Av, March 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Audubon Improvement Co. to Martha W. Weill, 8 Van Nest Place, (mtg $18,000,) March 25; same attorney.....$100

162D ST, 519 West, n s, 20x99.11; Kate H., wife of Wm. G. Jones, to Frank W. Woolworth, 990 5th Av, (mtg $7,000,) March 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

162D ST, 521 West, n s, 19x99.11; Maria Coakley to Frank W. Woolworth, 990 5th Av, (mtg $9,000,) March 27; same attorney.....$100

Bronx.

AVENUE A, s s, Lot 32, map of new village of Jerome, 25x100; City Real Estate Co. to Nicholas Bruno, 3,326 3d Av, Sept. 29, 1911; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

BOSTON ROAD, s e s, 142.7 ft s w of 169th St, 40x124; Bernard F. Martin, executor, to Anna L. Martin, 38 West 90th St, (mtg $5,000,) Dec. 6, 1911; attorney, Cardashian, M., & Co., 55 Liberty St.....$11,500

BROOK AV, 206-208, s s, 40x100; Albert Birdman to Rocksand Realty Company, 35 Nassau St, Nov. 23, 1911, (mtg. $34,500;) address, 35 Nassau St $100

ELLIOTT AV, w s, 200 ft s of Elizabeth St, 50x125; Thomas D. O'Connor to Helen L. Becker, 461 Edgecombe Av, (mtg $3,000,) March 26; same attorney.....$1

ELLIOTT AV, w s, 150 ft s of Elizabeth St, 50x125; Louis W. Holste to Helen L. Becker, 461 Edgecombe Av, March 26; attorney, A. R. Lesinsky, 220 Broadway.....$1

HALL PLACE, w s, Lot 52, and parts 19, 20, and 51, map part Fox estate, 31x irregular; Alfred Benson and another to Elfrida Benson, 1,053 Hall Place, (mtg $4,500,) March 26..$1

KINGSBRIDGE TERRACE, w s, at land of T. N. Reed, runs w 123.8x n 36.1x e 122.8x s 39.9; Marcus M. Nye to Joseph Sinsheimer, 562 West 144th St, March 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, Broadway $100

LOTS 138 and 139, map of Seton Homestead; Harriet Niner to Sarah R. Niner, 813 St. Nicholas Av, (mtg $1,700,) Aug. 29, 1910; attorney, Isidor Niner, 2 Rector St.....$100

LOT 238, map of Van Nest Park; Edward Brown to Seton Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, March 18, (mtg $5,763;) attorney, M. J. Sullivan, 509 Willis Av.....$100

MAPLE AV, e s, Lots 94 and 95, map of William S. Duncan, 50x100; Giuseppe Bonura and others to Antonio Guzetta, 2,028 2d Av, May, 1911; attorney, C. Lo Curto & Co., 241 East 108th St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Carmelina Gagliano to same, March 1, 1911, (mtg $1,800;) attorney same.....$100

MULINER AV, w s, 250 ft n of Lydig Av, 50x ½ block; Fidelity Development Co. to Mary A. Greaves, at Albany, N. Y., March 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

3D AV, 3,021, w s, 25.9x60; George F. Moody to J. Clarence Davies, 14 East 51st St, March 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway $100

137TH ST, 636 East, 37.6x100; Emil Harris to Ernestine Harris, 846 Hewitt Place, May 11, 1910, (mtg. $34,500;) address, 846 Hewitt Place $100

140TH STt, 501 East, n s, 37.6x100; Aurora Investing Co. to Fleischmann Bros. Co., 507 5th Av, (mtg $28,000,) March 16; attorney, Stroock & S., 30 Broad St.....$100

207TH ST, s s, 25.4 ft e of Decatur Av, 25.4x 94.10; Sarah A. Cawley to William and William D. Baldwin, 949 Woodycrest Av, (mtg $6,000,) March 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

213TH ST, s s, 105.2 ft e of White Plains Road, 125x100; Ellen Smyth and others to Cecilia M. Sheil, 3,300 Ollnville Av, March 20, (mtg $2,500;) attorney, J. D. Tobias, 99 Nassau St. $500

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 75th St, 100x199.9; Frank Bradley to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; address, 176 Broadway $325,000

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of Manhattan St, 112.8x21.9; Morris Weinstein to Public Bank, 89 Delancey St, prior mtg $55,000, Dec. 30, demand, 6 p. c.; address, 89 Delancey St $16,000

CANNON ST, 59, w s, 25x100; William Frankel and another to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, March 25, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $19,000

LENOX AV, 414, e s, 25x85; Carolina Linder to Central Brewing Co., 533 East 68th St., March 25, prior mtg $17,000, 1 year; attorneys, A. Hupfel's Sons, 842 St. Ann's Av.....$2,500

MANGIN ST, 29, w s, 25x100; Realty Realization Corporation to State Bank, 378 Grand St, March 22, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address, 378 Grand St $12,000

MONTGOMERY ST, n e corner of Cherry St, —x—; Montgomery St, 69, 20x61; Realty Realization Corporation to State Bank, 378 Grand St, March 22, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address, 378 Grand St $12,000

PLEASANT AV, w s, 50.7 ft s of 116th St, 25x80; Bernhardina Neus, Jr., to Henry Burfeind, 2,283 2d Av, March 23, 3 years, 6 p. c.; address, 2,283 2d Av.....$2,000

WADSWORTH AV, n w s, 450 ft n e of 190th St if extended, 98x138.1x98x113.2; John Robertson and another to Mollie S. Laflin, 57 West 58th St, March 26, 5 years; attorneys, Pressinger & N., 60 Wall St.....$135,000

8TH AV, 291 to 299, w s, 96.10x—; Irving M. Shaw and others to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, 5 years, 4½ p. c., March 27; address, 160 Broadway $45,000

SAME PROPERTY; Irving M. Shaw to William W. Shaw, 6 East 63d St, March 27, prior mtg $45,000, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $30,000

9TH AV, 856, e s, 25.9x70; Abrahim Nelson to Samuel Green, 1,075 Kelly St, prior mtg $20,000, March 26, 2 years, 8 p. c.; address party first part, 27 Liberty St.....$2,500

14TH ST, n s, 340.8 ft w of 2d Av, 16x103.3; Ruford Franklin to Kate B. Belloni, 14 East 66th St, March 20, 3 years; attorneys, Reeves & T., 165 Broadway.....$15,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Urban Securities Co., 163 Broadway, March 20, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, same $2,000

16TH ST, 261 West, n s, 25x irregular; Mary A. Ferris to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, March 22, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $10,000

30TH ST, 220-231 West, n s, 43x98.9; Investors and Traders Realty Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$40,000

49TH ST, 131 to 135 West, 44x100.4; Theodore Fischer to John J. Boyle, 119 West 77th St, March 27, prior mtg $60,000, due May 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,000

53D ST, 133 to 137 West, 43.9x100.5; Fannie R. Smith to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, March 27, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $23,000

93D ST, n s, 130.6 ft w of 3d Av, 80x100.8; Adolph Cohen, executor, to Philip Finkelstein, 311 East 54th St, March 20, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Julius Cohen, 220 Broadway...$4,000

101ST ST, n s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 54.9x 100; Pauline Cohen to Sadie H. Cohen, 51 East 96th St, July 5, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Julius Cohen, 220 Broadway.....$2,525

101ST ST, n s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 54.9x 100; Pauline Cohen to Max Jacobs, 230 West 142d St, Nov. 3, 1910, 6 months, 6 p. c.; attorney, Julius Cohen, 220 Broadway...$4,850

101ST ST, n s, 342.6 ft w of 1st Av, 28.6x 100.11; William Cuff to Minnie Cohn, 1,250 2d Av, March 25, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $18,000

149TH ST, 540 and 548 West, 33.4x99.11; Audubon Improvement Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, March 25, (2 mtgs, each $9,000,) 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway... $18,000

Bronx.

ANDREWS AV, n e corner of 183d St, 50x 100; Sophie E. Moss to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, March 27, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway.....$8,000

EDSON AV, w s, 150 ft s of Edenwald Av, 25x100; Julia Mezey to Albert Mezey, 779 Westchester Av, March 23, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Harris Koppelman, 144 Rivington St. $3,000

FALE ST, 623 and 625, w s, 50x100; Hunts Point Estate, a corporation, to William A. Spencer and another, trustees, Eastern Boulevard, Throgs Neck, 3 years, March 21; attorneys, Miller, K. L. & T., 80 Broadway.$11,500

HALL PL, w s, Lot 52 and part of Lots 19, 20, and 51, map part of Fox estate; Alfred Benson to Henrietta Shottery, 258 East 138th St, March 26, instalments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Isaac Levison, 258 East 138th St.....$500

HUGHES AV, e s, 100 ft s of William St. 50x irregular; European Construction Co. to Sarah Spencer, 2,950 Bel Air, March 26, due as per bond, 6 p. c.; attorney, N. Grossman, 2,750 3d Av $5,000

MACOMB'S ROAD, w s, at s s of farm of Lewis G. Morris, runs w 365x s w 116x n w 2,340 to Harlem River x n e 515x s e 1,980, containing 22 575-1,000 acres; 5th Av, s w corner of 26th St, 50.5x134.1; Preston J. Gibson to Robert McGill, Hoboken, N. J., March 25, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, James, S. & E., 170 Broadway.....$35,000

MONROE AV, e s, 150 ft s of 174th St, 25x 100; Emma M. Mellert to Fanny Braun, 30 East 130th St, and others, executors, March 21, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000

MORRIS AV, w s, 64.2 ft s of Belmont Av, 25x75; William Lemler to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,808 3d Av, March 27, due June 1, 1915; attorneys, Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St.....$1,500

MORRIS AV, w s, 250 ft s of 184th St, 75x 204.5x75x204.9; Mary A. Foody to Isidor Stein, 226 East 79th St. (prior mtg $12,000,) March 1, due Sept. 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Godwick & W., 31 Nassau St.....$2,500

OGDEN AV, 1,047, w s, 25x95; Abram Slaff to A. Hupfel's Sons, 842 St. Ann's Av, March 26, due as per bond; address, 842 St. Ann's Av.....$1,500

PARK AV, 2,516 and 2,524, e s, 101x117.3; Olin J. Stephens to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, March 25, 5 years; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St.....$24,000

136TH ST, 716 East, 25x100; Harry Friedenthal to Charlotte Geissler, 337 East 58th St, March 21, due Sept. 21, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, Leo Schafran, 51 Chambers St.....$3,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 506, s store and basement; Lionel Jaeger to Sigmund Glatzer, on premises, 5 years, from June 1, 1912; attorney, A. H. Schwarz, 130 Fulton St.....$1,200

AMSTERDAM AV, 2,500, all; Anna Wischusen to Christopher H. Davidsmeyer, 2,500 Amsterdam Av, 10 1-12 years, from April 1, 1912; attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway.. $2,300

ALLEN ST, 48, n store floor; Jona Lattner to Samuel Waxman, 3 years from May 1, 1909; attorney, Reit & Kaminsky, 309 Broadway.. $540

BOWERY, 239, hotel, &c.; Michael Mintz to William Peter Brewing Co. at Union Hill, N. J., 5 years, from May 1, 1912; attorney, George A. Blauvelt, 147 Nassau St.....$2,200

COLUMBUS AV, 471, store; Caroline Latz to Henry D. Fajen, 471 Columbus Av, 5 years, from May 1, 1912; address, 471 Columbus Av. $2,000

FULTON ST, 141, first loft; Barnet Paulson et al. to Leo Fox, 37 Bridge St, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, Nicholas Alemkoff

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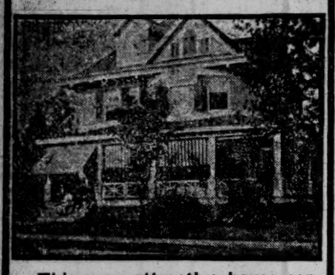
THIS FINE MODERN HOME
MUCH BELOW VALUE



This very attractive house contains 14 rooms, bath and lavatories, hardwood floors, modern in every respect, on plat 80x125; garage, grounds artistically laid out, shade trees, grapevines, and shrubbery.

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At Queens, L. I., main line express station Penn.-Long Island electric system. New moderate-priced suburban cottages and semi-bungalows for sale. Every city improvement. Restricted property. Easy monthly payments. Write for Spring list or 'phone 3876 Cortlandt.
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32 DOUGLAS MANOR LOTS

In plots of 4 and 5 lots. Located between Centre Drive and Shore Road. Will sell for cash or terms to suit. Address Owner, 602 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

Nice water front cottage, half hour from New York City; restricted neighborhood; streets, sidewalks, gas and electricity, water and sewerage; no assessments for improvements; fine bathing beach and anchorage. Shore Front, 146 East 34th St.

Ready to Move In.—Five and six room suites; new two-family house; steam heat; all improvements; facing Park; in Elmhurst; $22 upward. F. G. Randall, 366 5th Av.

Bargain at $7,250.—New stucco house, 8 rooms and bath; steam heat; all improvements; near cars; best section of Elmhurst; terms easy. F. G. Randall, 366 5th Av.

Floral Park, 32 minutes out; seven-room house; 3 lots; hedge fence; chicken house, Summer house, fruit trees; $4,200; terms easy; no agents. C. H., 164 East 53d St.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

BARGAINS in Staten Island Real Estate. B. William. Real Estate, Tottenville, N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

SPUYTEN-DUYVIL-ON-HUDSON
SOMETHING DIFFERENT

Has every convenience to be had in New York City, in addition to country life and surroundings at their best. From the wonderful new Grand Central Station take a train to this glorious Hudson region and in 24 minutes you will be in the open country with its refined, attractive homes, such as you would like to live in, returning any time by B'way Subway Express from 231st Street.

HEALTHFUL, BEAUTIFUL, ACCESSIBLE.

A select residential park in New York City, restricted to the better class of country homes.

Houses For Sale or Rent to approved persons on attractive terms. Full particulars on request.

ALONG THE HUDSON CO.
34 William St., N. Y. City. Phone 4178 John.

Yearly Rental, $2,500

Nowhere else near New York will you see such magnificent River scenery up and down the Hudson for miles as from this beautiful home we now offer for rent. House has large airy rooms throughout and so arranged as to get full advantage of the wonderful views. Twice as much rent in New York City will not equal the modern accommodation of this beautiful new home with its many open fireplaces, baths, billiard room, buffet and lounging room, etc. This is REAL living with every city convenience and YOU SAVE MONEY. Location—PHILIPSE MANOR—Tarrytown; but 25 miles from Grand Central.
PHILIPSE MANOR COMPANY,
331 Madison Avenue,
Cor. 43rd Street.

"AUBYN MANOR"

Modern and all conveniences. Short distance from Bronxville and Mount Vernon Depots. Largest and best plots for the least money anywhere in the lower part of Westchester Co. Satisfy yourself. Then you will build among the fine residences here. One well-built Colonial house for sale. Apply to Chas. A. Tier, owner, Aubyn Manor, Granatan Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

JUST READY.

Our house, No. 21, at PHILIPSE MANOR, Tarrytown; a very pleasing design; 4 piazzas first and second floors, two of them covered; house of shingle and rough stone work; Child's architecture; 10 rooms, 2 baths; hot water heat; shade trees, nice lawn, river view, and near station; will sell at absolute cost of house plus lot value; let us show you photograph. Philipse Manor Company, 331 Madison Av., corner 43d St. Phone 4430 Murray Hill.

NEIGHBORHOOD GOOD?

Yes—most of the other houses near by are about twice the price of this beautifully designed cottage which we want you to see at once. It's new, substantial, well wooded plot, and still a nice little water view. Only 9 rooms and bath, but every bit of it attractive, including the price and terms. 25 miles from Grand Central Station.
EDWARD M. WEST, Inc., 331 Madison Av., Corner 43d Street. 'Phone 4430 Murray Hill.

AT DOBBS FERRY ON HUDSON.

26 and 12 room and bath dwellings, unfurnished; five minutes from depot; $450 to $600 a year.
P. J. CONNOLLY, SUPT., 'Phone, 17 Dobbs Ferry, or Broadway REMCO 98th Street

THROUGHOUT WESTCHESTER COUNTY
COUNTRY HOMES ACREAGE APPRAISALS
EDWARD M. WEST, Inc.
331 Madison Ave. Phones Depot Square
Murray Hill 4430 413 White Plains

Overlooking Hudson, at Dobbs Ferry, beautiful 12-room house; all improvements; fine location; near station; bargain. Freitag & Maier, Owners, Livingston Inn.

DAY GREENWICH, FURNISHED HOUSES
WM. F. DAY, 42d St. & 5th. Av., N.Y.

ANGELL High-class homes for rent throughout the county. 16 East 42d St. Scarsdale office open afternoons.

My residence of 11 rooms, 3 baths, in choice location; 2 acres, good shade. I will rent furnished or unfurnished. S., Box 81, Scarsdale.

Hastings and vicinity, lots, plots for sale and to let. Devine, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.

Hastings-on-Hudson—Plot, 62x100; sell on easy terms. Drennan, 309 West 141st St.

Mount Vernon.

AT A SACRIFICE
GENTLEMAN'S COUNTRY SEAT
Very Convenient to either
MOUNT VERNON OR BRONXVILLE
Stone mansion; over 20 rooms, 4 bathrooms, music room, sun parlor, stone garage accommodating 4 cars; rooms for chauffeur; every thinkable convenience; hot water heat, Pergolas, summer houses, tennis court, sunken gardens; 2 acres of land, every inch improved.
The price would surprise interested party.
Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.
Sole Agents for Owner.

New Rochelle.

LIVING ROOM TYPE
STUCCO COTTAGE.
10 rooms, 2 baths; everything modern.
RENT $75....PRICE $10,000
Comfortable 9-room house;
Sound view; convenient location.
RENT $50....PRICE $7,000
H. B. DOWNEY 232 Huguenot St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Furnished Apartment
Fifth Ave. and 45th St.
2 ROOMS AND BATH
To Oct. 1st. Very low rent
FRASE & ELLIMAN,
[illegible] Ave. Tel. 4300 Bryant.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

The Children's Paradise

SALTAIRE

Actual Ocean Front Actual Bay Front

A Pleasure Investment. A Profit Investment.

ALWAYS COOL ON FIRE ISLAND BEACH.

AN IDEAL COMMUNITY OF REFINED, OUT-DOOR-LOVING PEOPLE. ALL SALT WATER SPORTS, BOATING, BATHING, FISHING, DUCK AND SNIPE SHOOTING. DOCK FOR MOTOR AND SAIL BOATS.

Large Plots and Artistic Cottages

Cost of Bungalow $1,200.00
Cost of Plot 600.00
Total (On Easy Terms).....$1,800.00

BUT MODERATE IN PRICE, FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS. WATER, GAS AND SEWERS.

BE OUR GUEST FOR A DAY AT SALTAIRE. OUR TRAINS LEAVE PENNSYLVANIA STATION AND FLATBUSH AVE. AT 10:30 A. M., WEEK DAYS AND SUNDAYS.
WRITE OR CALL FOR TICKETS, PARTICULARS AND PHOTOGRAPHS.

Fire Island Beach Development Co.
Marbridge Bldg., B'way & 34th St., New York. Telephone Greeley 1697.

HEMPSTEAD

HOUSES HOUSES

7 Room House on Valuable Corner Plot, $4,800.
ALL CITY IMPROVEMENTS.

$250 Cash, Balance Easy Terms or Same as Rent

ATTRACTIVE HOUSES IN CHOICEST LOCATIONS $2,250 AND UP. TERMS TO SUIT.
Hempstead is 38 minutes from Herald Square now, with through electric express service from Pennsylvania Terminal, 33d Street and 7th Avenue, as well as from Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn.

Villa Plots, Equal to 5 City Lots
At Low Prices and on Easy Terms
Call or write for full details of Houses, Plots and Small Farms.
O. L. SCHWENCKE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
302 & 304 FULTON AVE., HEMPSTEAD, N. Y.

Neponsit's Superb Ocean View
is unequalled in New York City.

It is healthful and inspiring to live in sight of the ocean and within the influence of its life-giving ozone, to say nothing of being where you can bathe in its glorious surf without leaving sight of your own home.
But the view is not everything at NEPONSIT. It is conveniently located, has the best improvements and restrictions, and dwellers there are of a refined, cultured, and congenial type. It is essentially a home place, not a public recreation resort.
You owe it to yourself and your family to see NEPONSIT now. Get in touch with us for full information, booklets, maps, timetables, free tickets, etc. DO IT NOW!

Neponsit Realty Company,
Brooklyn Office: Realty Associates, 176 Remsen Street. Telephone 6480 Main.
1 West 34th Street N. Y.
Telephone 2741 Greeley.

TO LEASE.
Seton Hall, Belle Terre, L. I.
Highest type of English cottage, furnished or unfurnished, private golf links, tennis, bathing, boating and other sports. Photos and floor plans on application to
JAMES E. MEIGHAN,
111 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Telephone 3195 Rector.

Bungalows for Rent
With golf, tennis, bathing and boating at your door.
DEAN ALVORD COMPANY,
111 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Telephone 3195 Rector.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS OF

The lands called Shoreham, the most picturesque spot within 500 miles of New York City in any direction for your country home, with the FINEST SEA BATHING BEACH IN THE WORLD. Call upon or address me for photographic views of the lands, floor plans, and photographs of houses upon "Estates" that I have for sale at Shoreham and elsewhere.
Fitch H. Medbury, 11 Wall St.
Phone 4135 Rector.

HEMPSTEAD HOME
FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.
Attractive 7-room dwelling, bath and all city improvements, on beautiful CORNER; excellent location; handsome shade trees. Will take $250 CASH, balance on very easy terms. Same as rent, total price $4,800. Write for full details, OWNER, Room 302, 277 Broadway, New York.

S. OSGOOD PELL & CO
Tel. Bryant 5610. 542 Fifth Av.
COUNTRY HOUSES

A Quick Sale at a Sacrifice—One of the finest gentleman's country seats; large Colonial house, wide verandas, 25 acres, shore front, on the beautiful north shore of Long Island, overlooking Northport Harbor and Long Island Sound. Address owner, C. W. Dumont, 60 Wall St., New York City, who will send half-tone cut of the property.

North Shore of Long Island,
Thirty minutes out, bungalow site, bargain, $1,500.
C. ROSER, 547 Sanford Ave., Broadway, Flushing, Long Island.

125 Acres For Sale

½ mile frontage, Montauk Division, Penn-Long Island Railroad, location, shape, surrounding and conditions ripe for high grade development. Title Guaranteed. Address Owner, 342 Sumner Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Beautifully furnished cottage, Alexander Av., Arverne, L. I., near ocean; reception, parlor, billiard, dining rooms, 8 bedrooms, 4 baths; no objection to two families. J. Matz, 315 West 98th St.

Charming country houses, large and small, for sale at attractive prices; choice residential sections. Personal and prompt attention. Miss Morrison, 884 5th Av. Tel. 6900—Madison Square.

A—A—If you are interested in a home or land on Long Island, send at once for my Long Island magazine, giving reliable information; it is free. President, Room 202, 347 5th Av.

BUNGALOW OR CAMPING SITE.
Beautiful seashore location; boating, bathing, fishing; price low; terms easy. Wilbur, 334 5th Av.

BAY VIEW, FREEPORT.
Fine people; choice section; low prices; 70 cottages; large plots. Onslow-Moore Company, Freeport.

BABYLON.—Cottages, furnished, unfurnished for season; $300 up; near shore. Bernard H. Wood, Jr.

North Shore of Long Island.
English Country Estate
Beautiful 16-room mansion, modern in every respect, all conveniences. Five acres of high, rolling, wooded land. Superb bathing beach. Only half mile from express station. Convenient to New York. Exclusive neighborhood.
Price $20,000. Easy terms to quick buyer. Address ATTORNEY, P. O. Box 744, N. Y. City.

NORTH SHORE LONG ISLAND.
Three very attractive furnished houses; all improvements; 2 to 4 baths; rentals $1,000, $1,500, $2,500.
L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co.,
7170 Mad. Sq. 18 E. 34th St., N. Y.

HOUSE BARGAIN
$6,300 BUYS A $7,900 HOUSE.
A beautiful new suburban house, built by day's work, on a large plot, in a restricted private residence park, refined surroundings; 27 minutes from Manhattan, one block from depot and trolley; first class hardwood trim, excellent heating, gas, electricity, beamed ceilings, parquet floors, panelled dining room; sell or rent with privilege of buying; easy terms. Call, phone or write. POST, Room 804, 150 Nassau St. 'Phone 4070 Beekman.

A Home with Character.
On the hills of Long Island in the geographical centre of the City of New York, an all the year round country home in the city, for a family of wealth and refinement; solid stone and frame sound proof house; twelve large rooms, three baths; all modern requirements; view of bay and ocean; beautiful grounds, rare trees and shrubs, garden, fruit, garage and stable; 15 minutes from Pennsylvania Station, Manhattan; price $55,000.
ORCUTT, WRIGHT & CO., 220 Broadway.

SEASHORE BUNGALOWS TO RENT.
Surf and still-water bathing; boating, fishing; rent, $150 season. Ocean, 334 5th Av.

80 N. Y. City lots, $12,000;
Ocean Av., Jamaica; near station.
G. W. Smith, 393 B'way, N. Y. City.

COUNTRY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SEND TO COUNTRY DEPT. FOR BOOKLET LOUIS SCHLESINGER, INC. FARMS COUNTRY HOMES ANY WHERE ANY PRICE NEWARK, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Plot 50x100 in best residential part of Newark; restricted neighborhood; all modern street improvements; 20 minutes out from New York. Address R. N., 704 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Large plot for chicken farms at Fanwood, N. J. Also beautiful home sites sold on very easy payments. Send for particulars and free railroad tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Montclair.—Bargain; house, almost new; 9 rooms, bath; all modern improvements; fine garage; plot 100x100; 5 minutes Lackawanna station; no agents. Sheaf, A 251 Times Downtown.

Will sacrifice new home; all improvements; near school and express station; 40 minutes out, New Jersey; tunnel connections; $4,250. Johnson, 801 Singer Building.

Summer cottage, Schooley's Mountains, New Jersey; completely furnished, all improvements; $1,500 cash, balance mortgage. Address Owner, Box 744, New York City.

For Sale—Factory, East Rutherford, 50x100; plot 100x150; heavy brick construction. Address W. H. S., Room 1,001, 108 Fulton St., New York City.

For Sale—¼ acre, with 14-room house and 5-stall barn; on corner, ½ block from ocean, at Allenhurst, N. J. M. H., 58 Gold St., N. Y.

River front acres, hour out; over 6 acres, $2,200. Chance to retail bungalow sites at big profit. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

River front acres, hour out; over 6 acres, $2,200. Chance to retail bungalow sites at big profit. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

MORSEMERE

GRANTWOOD

On Palisades
Opposite Grant Tomb
For Sale
$4,500 to $11,000
Small amount of cash, balance as rent. All conveniences. Cars to and from city every few minutes day and night.
Send for Photo Booklet
Columbia Real Estate Co.
12th Floor, Times Bldg.

MODERN UP-TO-DATE HOUSE

In the mountains of New Jersey; has 7 rooms and bath; steam heat, electric light, hardwood finish; parquet floors; large plot; within easy commuting distance of New York City. Price $5,000. Must sell quickly. Good terms to immediate purchaser.
Address BARGAIN,
P. O. Box 744, N. Y. City.

45 ACRES in CRANFORD

In the best part of Cranford; ten minutes from station. Can be bought right and on easy terms. Ripe for immediate development. For full details address Attorney, Box T 86 Times.

YEAR-AROUND HOMES.
Before buying send for beautiful photographic booklet, entitled "Homes on the Pailsades, Grantwood and Morsemere, N. J." Columbia Real Estate Co., Room 1207 Times Building.

Gentleman's Stock Farm
Country place, 110 acres, in the Hills of Sussex, almost adjoining one of the finest estates in the East; near several R. R. stations and pretty lakes; high altitude, no mosquitoes; fine residence of 11 rooms, porcelain bath, steam heat; extensive, up-to-date barns; price $15,000. Details mailed on request.
E. E. SLOCUM, 141 B'way.

100 ACRES
Terraced Groves.
2,500 feet elevation; mountain springs; 10 minutes to Pullmans and Hotels.
Beyond mosquitoes, hay fever, rheumatism.
Grand location, vista, environment.
ASA F. SMITH, 44 Court St., B'klyn, N. Y.

AMONG THE HILLS
AT BALDWIN PARK,
South Orange Heights, N. J.
40 Minutes from Broadway, N. Y.
Bungalows and artistic homes.
Little cash required. Write or 'phone.
C. A. BALDWIN, 156 BROADWAY.

595 APPLE, PEACH TREES.
Over six acres fine fruit Land, $600 an acre; bare land opposite already held at $1,000 an acre; one-third mile station; hour out; safe, profitable investment for a commuter. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 B'way.

ACRES on the LACKAWANNA
Several parcels fertile farm land, 2½ to 5 acres each, $250 to $300 per acre; ½ mile to station; hour out; home community; loan made for building. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

SUBURBAN FARM HOUSE, 8 rooms; nearly two acres; lawn, garden, fruit, barn, poultry house; big shade trees; high elevation; fine views; near station; one hour out, Lackawanna; $500 cash, $50 monthly. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

For Sale—Modern house, Rochelle Park, N. J.; high ground; ½ mile from station; 7 rooms, improvements; cemented cellar; Thatcher furnace; plot 100x200; fruit; stable, poultry house; $3,800. H., Box 55, Rochelle Park, N. J.

Bungalows and semi-bungalows among the hills and beautiful trees at Fanwood, N. J. New designs in well-built year-round homes. Sold on monthly payments. Send for free plans. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—THE EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, Plaintiff, against JACOB GOLDFLAM and others, Defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 5th day of March, 1912, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of March, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by James L. Wells, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All that certain lot of land situate in the Borough of Manhattan, in the County, City and State of New York and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Avenue A distant fifty-four feet four inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Avenue A with the northerly side of Seventy-first Street and running thence northerly along the westerly side of Avenue A, twenty-five feet, thence westerly parallel with Seventy-first Street one hundred feet, thence southerly parallel with Avenue A twenty-five feet, and thence easterly and parallel with Seventy-first Street one hundred feet to the point of beginning, being the same premises conveyed to Jacob Goldflam by Peter Stastny and wife, by deed bearing date the 4th day of February, 1901, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, on the 21st day of February, 1901, in conveyances, Section 5, Liber 71, Page 486, and also being further known as No. 1,337 Avenue A.
Dated, New York, March 6th, 1912.
TEN EYCK R. BEARDSLEY, Referee.
JOHN C. GULICK, Attorney for Plaintiff, 132 Nassau Street, Manhattan, New York, N. Y.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is No. 1,337 Avenue A.

East 71st Street.
The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is Forty-nine hundred and twenty-nine 88-100 ($4,929.88) dollars with interest thereon from the 28th day of February, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to Two hundred and seventy-eight 80-100 dollars with interest from March 5th, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is Three hundred and thirteen 23-100 dollars and interest.
Dated, New York, March 6th, 1912.
TEN EYCK R. BEARDSLEY, Referee.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREment notice is hereby given that an act, Assembly Bill No. 1,090, Int. No. 598, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

to amend the Greater New York Charter, in relation to salaries of Chairman of Committee on Finance and Vice Chairman of the Board of Aldermen.
Further notice is hereby given that a public hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's office in the City Hall in the City of New York on Friday, March 29, 1912, at 10 o'clock A. M.
Dated City Hall, New York, March 26, 1912.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREment notice is hereby given that an act, Assembly Bill No. 985, Int. No. 595, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

to amend the Greater New York Charter in relation to the suspension of officers and employes upon charges.
Further notice is hereby given that a public hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's office in the City Hall in the City of New York on Friday, March 29, 1912, at 10 o'clock A. M.
Dated City Hall, New York, March 26, 1912.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

For Rent

The building known as

Aeolian Hall

362 Fifth Avenue
Near 34th Street

On or about September 1st, The Aeolian Company will remove to their new 17 story building on 42nd Street, opposite Bryant Park.
Their present building, 362 and 364 Fifth Avenue, will be leased in whole or in part for a term of years.
This building is 50 ft. front, 95 ft. deep, and 12 stories in height. It is handsomely decorated and in perfect condition throughout.
The exceptional location and reasonable rental render this a most unusual opportunity.
Apply to the Agents:

PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Avenue, near 43rd Street
Telephone 6200 Bryant

STOCK QUOTATION TELEGRAPH BUILDING
26-28 Beaver Street
Bet. Broadway & Broad St., 18 stories.
Every modern improvement.
CHOICE FLOORS TO LET
Light on four sides.
Absolutely fireproof.
WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents
174 Fulton St. or on premises

MODEL LOFT BUILDING,
329 EAST 29TH ST.
Built for rapid handling of merchandise. Two large freight elevators and passenger elevator. Trucks deliver and receive loads inside building, under shelter, on loading platform at elevators—no need for cases to stand in slush, wind or rain. Fireproof construction; floors 113x85 feet; sprinklers. Only high-class tenants accepted. Some space for immediate possession.
Apply to your broker or owners,
BUSH TERMINAL COMPANY,
100 Broad St., New York.

Stores and Offices
Bridge and Pearl Sts.,
Immediately West of Broad St.
Singly or en suite; janitor and elevator service; steam heat; excellent light.
Part of Bush Terminal office building, near Custom House and Produce, Maritime and Consolidated Exchanges.
Apply to your broker or owners,
BUSH TERMINAL COMPANY,
100 Broad St., New York.

TO SUBLET
By the Hungarian-American Bank, large
GROUND FLOOR OFFICE & BASEMENT
At 32 Broadway, and
Store & Basement
at 147 Fifth Avenue, corner 21st St.
Unusual Concessions
to effect quick liquidation.
Apply to A. SOMLYO,
8 East 34th Street.

LOFT
7,500 SQUARE FEET,
251 West 19th St.
Fine light on all sides.
In exceptionally well conducted building.
SUITABLE FOR ANY BUSINESS
Very low insurance rate.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

41 Park Row &
147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce & Nassau Sts., Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET, Bldg. 16 stories high. 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building. Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

BEEKMAN BUILDING,
Southwest Corner of Beekman and Pearl.
Offices to Let both Large and Small.
Also space for light manufacturing.
Splendid light.
Apply to Superintendent, on premises, or
MOORE & WYCKOFF,
546 5th Avenue, cor. 45th St.
Telephone 1263 Bryant.

FIFTH AVE.
STORE FOR RENT,
Near 46th St.
Lease $8,000 per annum.
For full particulars see Mr. Landay, 27 West 34th St.

TO LEASE.
Lofts, 46x95; very reasonable; 19th St. and Avenue B; also adjoining 4 vacant lots; also stable; 25-foot front. Apply John U. Brookman, owner, 88 Wall St.

NO. 141 WEST 20TH ST.
LOFTS 25x92, steam heat; elevator service; low rents, also storefloor, 135-7-9 West 20th St. Inquire Spacesaving Appliance Company, No. 135 West 20th St., New York City.

LOFTS 50x100, 50 W. 21st St.; light 4 sides; special inducements.
DUROSS CO., 155 W. 14TH ST.

For Rent—Large selling and display space, "Concourse," Hudson Terminal Building. Abbott-Detroit Motor Company. 'Phone "Ritchey," Columbus 7100.

31 East 27th.—Large, light offices; modern building; freight, passenger elevators; electric light; also rear store and large basement. Apply Superintendent.

$15 Up Month. Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in Modern Fireproof Bldg. 109 Broad St.

To Let—Lofts 60x80, fireproof building, corner Lafayette and Walker Sts., Manhattan. COLWELL LEAD COMPANY.

Four very light lofts, $25 to $30; light manufacturing; size 24x42. 258 West St.

Attractive well-lighted private office or desk room at 542 5th Av. Room 99.

Brooklyn.

To Lease.—Two factories; each three-story and basement, 70x75; location and shipping facilities the best; can be equipped to order; 167 to 173 North 9th St., 172 to 176 North 10th St. Apply by mail, W. D. Chase, 120 Clymer St., Brooklyn. Tel. 1833—W Williamsburg.

VERY DESIRABLE FRONT OFFICES and large office or store on street; Janitor service; light; heat; half block from Subway and City Hall. Your own broker or John Thiers, 180 Montague St., Brooklyn.

771-3 Murray Street
New 12-story fireproof building.
Finest of its type in the city; size 50x100. Insurance rate 8 1-3c. per year.
TO LET—Store and Basement. 1st and 2d Lofts only.
Full commission to brokers.
WM. H. WHITING & CO., 41 Park Row

BUILDINGS, STORES, LOFTS
AND OFFICES TO LET
ANYWHERE DOWNTOWN AND ON ALL THOROUGHFARES
WM. H. WHITING & CO.
41 PARK ROW TEL 5900 CORT.

HAMBURG - AMER. BLDG.
45 Broadway.
A few choice Offices and Suites, $264 UP.
Apply on premises or
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

BROADWAY BLDG. TO LEASE
Five-story and basement, 25x110; centre of new wholesale lace district steam heat, electric lights, elevator; rent low.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

OFFICES TO RENT
for light manufacturing purposes; elevator service, light, heat and janitor service. 82 Duane St., one door east of Broadway. Apply on premises; rent moderate.

Broadway & 39th St. Bldg.
SMALL AND LARGE LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
HARRIS & VAUGHAN, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

Big Concessions.
94TH ST.
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
High Class Elevator Apartments with All Improvements.
315 FRONT APT., 6 ROOMS & BATH, $46-$52.50. REAR APT., 5 ROOMS & BATH, $42.50. 8 ROOM APT., 2 LAVATORIES; $70.
321 4 ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LARGE FOYER, $45 TO $50.
314 7 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LAVATORY, $1,000.

WESTEND HALL
840 West End Avenue,
Northeast corner 101st Street.
Superior high-class elevator apartments.
Available one 8 and one 9 rooms, 2 baths. $1,500 to $2,000 PER ANNUM.
Seasonable concessions. Inspection invited.
CHAS. S. KOHLER, AGENT,
901 COLUMBUS AVE., CORNER 104TH ST.

The Clearfield
Riverside Drive & 103d St.
9 ROOMS 3 BATHS
large foyers
Rents $2,500
LIBERAL CONCESSIONS WILL BE MADE.
GIBBS & KIRBY, Agents,
BROADWAY AND 103D ST.

BACHELORS
THE OAKDALE
36-38 West 35th St.,
NEAR 5TH AV.
Suites of 2 and 3 rooms and bath. Furnished and Unfurnished and Hotel Service.
Rents $600 to $1,250.
Superintendent on premises.

302 WEST 79TH STREET
Between West End Ave. & Riverside Drive.
Fireproof elevator apartment house. All modern improvements. Large, bright rooms. Fashionable neighborhood.
ONE SEVEN ROOM APARTMENT, $100
ONE FIVE ROOM APARTMENT, $65
Will rent to desirable tenants at greatly reduced prices. Superintendent on premises.

308 WEST 15TH ST.
ATTRACTIVE BACHELOR APARTMENTS
2 rooms and bath $32
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 EAST 42D ST.

Washington and Jefferson,
318-328 WEST 51ST STREET.
Attractive apartments, six and eight large, light rooms; bath, elevator, and all modern improvements. Premises, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

65 Cetnral Park West
An ideal 8-room apartment, fronting Central Park; light, airy rooms; high-class service; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

84th St., 21 West.—Choice single apartment; seven large rooms, bath; improvements; near Park; $50.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

STAMFORD-ARLINGTON
502-8 WEST 113TH ST.
Modern elevator apartments, all improvements.
5-6 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS AND BATH.
$600 TO $720 PER ANNUM.
CHAS. S. KOHLER, 901 Columbus Av., cor. 104th.

83d St., 71 West.
Beautiful single apartment, eight large, light rooms; suitable for doctor or dentist. Janitor, or ALEXANDER WILSON, 489 5th Av.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

LOFT CORNER, 80X100.
Steam heat, freight elevator, light all around; power if desired; will divide to suit.
STAR IRON WORKS, 4077 Park Av., 175th.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

East Side.

THE BERKSHIRE,
500 Madison Av., Cor. 52d Street
ELEGANT APARTMENT OF ELEVEN (11) ROOMS AND TWO (2) MASTER'S BATHROOMS; ALSO A VERY ATTRACTIVE CORNER APARTMENT OF EIGHT (8) ROOMS.
J. H. MORAN. TELEPHONE, 1026—PLAZA.

TO SUBLET.
7-room Apartment to October 1; regular rent $80. Immediate possession, $65. Every improvement. First-class elevator apartment house. Fashionable neighborhood.
2,041 5TH AVE., Cor. 126th St.

120 EAST 31st ST.
High-class, eight-room, fireproof, elevator apartment; all light rooms; rent $1,500.
Hibson Co., Lexington Av., cor. 34th St.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

Kingston—129 East 76th St.
Handsome apartment, seven large, light rooms, $35.

BROOKLYN.

Park Slope Duplex Houses
Separate entrances to each apartment. Seven large, all light rooms, and bath. Every improvement, handsomely decorated. All comfort and privacy of a one-family dwelling, with conveniences of an up-to-date apartment. Rents $65. Superior to anything in Manhattan at twice that rental.
20 minutes from Park Row. Elevated, Trolley, or Subway.
WALTER L. JOHNSON,
886 9th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs., Brooklyn.

MASTER'S SALE.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—GEORGE P. HUDSON, Complainant, against NEW YORK & ALBANY TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, Defendant; EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee, Intervenor, against GEORGE P. HUDSON, Complainant; NEW YORK & ALBANY TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, Joseph H. Choate, Jr., as Receiver of New York & Albany Transportation Company; Richard B. Rock, Morse Dry Dock & Repair Company, and Alexander E. Sheldon, individually and as sole surviving partner and doing business under the copartnership name of Van Houten & Sheldon, Defendants; EDWARD C. BURNS, Purchaser; MANHATTAN NAVIGATION COMPANY, Assignee of Purchaser.—In Equity.
Sirs: Please take notice that pursuant to a decree made and entered in the above-entitled suits on the 15th day of March, 1912, Joseph H. Choate, Junior, as Receiver of New York & Albany Transportation Company, has filed with the undersigned, as Special Master appointed therein by decree made and entered in said suits December 12, 1910, his accounts as such Receiver from the date of his appointment, together with the vouchers in support thereof; and that in accordance with the further directions contained in said decree, all persons having objections to said accounts or claims against said New York & Albany Transportation Company or claims against the said Receiver or against the fund in his possession are required to file such objections or claims with the undersigned as such Special Master at his office, No. 59 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of May, 1912, or be forever barred from asserting such objections and claims against said New York & Albany Transportation Company or against said Receiver or against said fund in his possession; and
Further notice is hereby given that a hearing upon said accounts, and upon such objections thereto and such claims against the said New York & Albany Transportation Company or the said Receiver or the said fund in his possession as may be filed with the undersigned as such Special Master pursuant to this notice, will be held at the said office of the undersigned, Special Master at No. 59 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 9th day of May, 1912, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon of that day.
Dated New York, March 26, 1912.
EDWARDS H. CHILDS,
Special Master,
No. 59 Wall Street, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—In the matter of the application of SNOW'S U. S. SAMPLE EXPRESS COMPANY, LIMITED, for authority to change its corporate name to SNOW'S U. S. EXPRESS CO., LTD.
Notice is hereby given that Snow's U. S. Sample Express Company, Limited, a domestic stock corporation, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, County of New York, City of New York, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, in and for the County of New York, at a Special Term, Part I, thereof, to be held at the County Court House of said County, in the Borough of Manhattan, County of New York, City of New York, and State of New York, on the 5th day of April, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to Snow's U. S. Express Co., Ltd.
Dated City of New York, March 13th, 1912.
[Corporate SNOW'S U. S. SAMPLE EXSeal.] PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED,
By FRANK H. SAWYER, President.
ROBERT M. BOYD, Jr., Attorney for Petitioner, Office and Post Office Address, No. 203 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Southern District of New York.—A. C. McLOON, Complainant, versus ROBERT P. MURPHY HOTEL COMPANY, Defendant.
To all persons having claims against Robert P. Murphy Hotel Company:
Notice is hereby given that an order was filed in the United States District Court on the 5th day of March, 1912, directing all persons having claims against Robert P. Murphy Hotel Company to file the same, properly authenticated and verified, with the undersigned Receiver, or his attorneys, at their respective offices on or before the 4th day of April, 1912, and providing that all persons failing to file such claims within the said time shall be thereafter forever barred from the assertion thereof. By the said order the method by which the validity of all claims shall be determined is also fixed, and said order, or a copy thereof, may be examined by any creditor at the office of the Cl

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J. Jury calendar. 96—Lewis v. Frankenstein. 103—Glass v. Cent R R of N J. 123—Montolaro v. Dempsey. 108—Hansen v. Penn R R. 97—Vermule v. Reilly. 156—Kmetz v. N Y, N H & H R R. 61—Munroe v. Trenton Oil-cloth Co. 117—Dietz v. Beveridge. 48—Rosoff v. Breakwater. 118—Niles v. Ludlow Valve Mfg Co. 132—McKinnon v. Heinze. 133—Connolly F Co v. Thurston Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Hough, J. Equity calendar. 40—J H Sager & Co v. Emil Grosspan Co.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Bijur, J. Litigated motions. 1—Weisenbach v. Weil. 2—Mitchell v. Catskill Traction Co. 3—Berg v. Bates. 4—Cromwell v. Stearns. 5—Matter of Shepard, (Galandak.) 6—Matter of Peerless Cork and Seal Co. 7—Schoenmann v. Lausser Realty Co. 8—Dallinger v. N Y Evening Journal. 9—Russell v. Delaware & Hudson Co. 10—Begen v. Pettus. 11—Hart v. Barrett. 12—Witherbee v. Bowles. 13—Witherbee v. Bowles. (Schwab.) 14—Witherbee v. Bowles. (Mitchell.) 15—People v. Rogers. 16—Meyer v. Frame Realty Co. 17—Waldron-Holmes Realty Co v. Hauf. 18—Monti v. Monti. 19—Finkelbrand v. Finkelbrand. 20—Matter of City of N Y. (West 151st St.) 21—Margulies v. Stein. 22—Matter of City of N Y. (Man Bridge.) 23—Doyle v. Hanley. 24—Fahey v. Liberman. 25—Babad v. Colton Dental Assn. 26—Babad v. same. 27—Sergwick v. Seward Dev Co. 28—Columbia Trust Co v. Le Roy Const. 29—Churchill v. Duneen. 30—Peckham v. Irvin. 31—Maemfel v. Weir. 32—Same v. same. 33—Same v. same. 34—Same v. same. 35—McGowan v. Farmers Loan and Trust Co. 36—Ball v. Ensign. 37—Brady, Adler & Koch Co v. Hochstadter. 38—Same v. same. 39—Essayan v. Essayan. 40—Matter of Bilhoefer. 41—Rich v. Conkling. 42—Hudson Iron Co v. Mershon. 43—Fordon v. Fordon. 44—Matter of Rogers. 45—People v. Miller. 46—Canfield v. Int R T. 47—Water Wks Equip Co v. Water Equip Co. 48—Pauker v. Pauker. 49—Bartelstone v. Miller. 50—City of N Y v. Wyler Const Co. 51—McSavegan v. Berglas Co. 52—Schneider v. Heinze. 53—Am Woolen Co v. Cohen. 54—Meyers v. Markel. 55—Ward v. Ward. 56—Chapman v. Chapman. 57—Kram v. Susskind. 58—Cunningham v. Glauber Co. 59—Wade v. McLoughlin. 60—Healy v. Linch. 61—Lockwood v. Gt Western Ins Co. 62—Brett v. Aronson. 63—Mickelman v. Grand Iron Works. 64—People v. Cohen. 65—People v. Vitusky. 66—Kuhneman v. Hoffman-Degerberg Const Co. 67—Doherty v. Am Gas and Elec Co. 68—Solomon v. N Y Fleischman Stores. 69—Babad v. Colton Dental Assn. 70—Same v. same. 71—Kell v. La Cagrina. 72—Moses v. Solomon. 73—Solomon v. N Y Fleischman Stores. 74—Olson v. Fogel. 75—Realty Oper Co v. 40-46 East 62d St Co. 76—Cont Curtain Co v. Lyric Vaudeville Co. 77—Orphan Asylum Socy v. Peck. 78—Ritter v. Engle. 79—Shapiro v. Metzler.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Gavegan, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Page, J. Motions. Preferred cause. 5139—Farley v. Whalen. General calendar called at 10:15 A. M. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VII., clear; Part VIII., case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Criminal Term—Seabury, J. 1—Willis V. Cole. 2—Isaac Harkavy. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Newburger, J. 6036—Sudbury v. Merritt. 6006—M. J. Kraus & Co v. Mayer. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Goff, J. 881—Healy v. Linch. 887—Idelwitz v. L I R R. 906—Gerhert v. Whitridge. 907—Le Moyne v. N Y C & H R R R. 945—Kane v. N Y C & H R R R. 956—Steren v. Mayer. 959—Trahey v. City of N Y. 979—Furey v. Whitridge. 690—Moore v. Cent Park, &c, R R. 571—Glonnisi v. Erie R R. 37—Weissner v. Cent Park, &c, R R. 786—Gerstung v. Int R T Co. 808—Drucke v. same. 850—Grube v. Joline. 851—Grafsky v. Whitridge. 789—Perry v. Hudson & Man R R Co. 852—Traylor v. Nassau Elec R R. 854 to 855—Mazursky v. Nassau Elec R R. 873—Mulligan v. Int R T. 960, 961—Kibrick v. Int R T. 656—Katz v. Bklyn, Queens Co, &c, R R. 700—Rosenberg v. Bklyn Heights R R. 753—Bly v. Int R T. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—McCall, J. 3384—Wasserman v. Elterman R Co. 3238—Stuchiner v. City of N Y. 4205—Feline v. Ziot. 7027—Hatcher v. Smith Cont Co. 91—Post v. Sharkey. 3947—M Daub v. City of N Y. 3970—F Daub v. same. 4121—Ehrlich v. Altman. 4205—Fellin v. Ziot. 2762—Fiebner v. N Y Transp Co. 3962—Briggs v. J F Blanchard Co. 3435—Lallemint v. Craig. 1958—Speiser v. Roos. 4089—W Thomas v. F V Smith Cont Co. 4090—W Thomas v. same. 4091—P Stevenson v. same. 4092—C Stevenson v. same. 4191—Goglas v. City of New York. 3520—Stern v. same. 3135—Mulhall v. Johnson. 4030—MacDonald v. Goldsmith. 3220—J Yosselowitz v. Halvey. 3229—R Yosselowitz v. same. 3227—Brown v. Abrams. 3696—Coffey v. Woolley. 3102—Rose v. Drey. 4907—Drummond v. A E Norton Co. 3193—Shapiro v. same. 3880—Williams v. Day. 975—Dougherty v. same. 3598—Bederson v. Kinnear Hod Elev Co. 3637—Collier v. Cont Asphalt Pav Co. 3658—Maggio v. Hill. 4204—Coyne v. Ogden. 3512—Maher v. Mandl. 4228—O'Gorman v. Bailey. 2952—Holland v. City of N Y. 3556—Milligan v. McDermott Dairy Co. 3493—G Fenno v. Ams. 3493½—G Fenno v. same. 3971—Eisinger v. Renault Taxi Service. 4021—Kanefsky v. Columbia Typewriter Co. 4063—Lange v. Adrian. 3208—Gleiss v. City of N Y. 3209—Binney v. City of N Y. 3277—Potts v. Larrabee. 3201—Smith v. Bayne. 3390—Savitsky v. Johnson, Hayword & Piper Co. 4053—Shubert v. Morning Tel Co. 4267—Barton v. Springer. 4268—Same v. same. 3025—Case v. City of N Y. 4151—Schultz v. Homer. 3330—Hannigan v. F C Linde Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV., case on; Part VI., case on; Part VII., case on; Part IX., case on; Part X., case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Greenbaum, J. Inquest 4529—Parkes Realty Co v. N Y House, &c, Co. Inquest 4537—Murray v. Bimberg. 4473—Hastings Land Imp Co v. Zinser. 4518—Fossume v. Regna. 4524—Nassau Bank v. Burne. 4586—Peck, Mohlman & Co v. Baar. 4539—Veclenden Bros v. Talcott. 8531—Brown v. Berdoll. 4441—Imperial Auto Co v. Malone. 4550—Schmerner v. Moschero. 4300—Schnei v. Weil. 4333—Bishop v. Whitcomb. 4443—Kelsey v. Law, Union & Rock Ins Co. 4444—Same v. People's Nat Fire Ins Co. 3707—Ellis v. Miller. 4005—Macker v. Davis. 4520—Clapp v. Schaus. 4469—Cascade Hotel Co v. Orleans R E Co. 6129—City of N Y v. Imperial Theatre Co. 2061—Same v. United Toilet Goods Co. 4456—Vogel v. Phelan. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII., case on; Part XV., case on; Part XVI., clear; Part XVII., case on.

SURROGATES' COURT — Chambers — Fowler, S. Estates: Sarah R. Townsend, William A. Halstead; Catherine C. Halsted. Wills for probate: Helen J. C. Griffin, Phillipine Kitzingers, William C. Hanna, Jr., Melissa J. Bellinger, Francis M. H. Day, Edwin H. Popper, John L. Valentine, Max Mandelbaum, Fanny Sender, Mary E. Haskell, Henry F. Boniekman, Baruch Wolff.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Donnelly, J.; Part III., Schmuck, J.; Part IV., O'Dwyer, C. J.; Part V., Lynch, J.; Part VI., Delehanty, J.; Part VII., McAvoy, J.; Part VIII., Green, J. Trial Calendar, called in Trial Term, Part I. Room, at 9:45 A. M. 5886½—Guinane v. Brokman. 5306—Schmidt v. Kiernan. 3622—Angelotti v. Russano. 4162—Valanto v. Rodgers & Hagerty. 7835—Fleisig v. Rapaport. 6575—Scully v. James Butler, Inc. 6578—Polak v. Joline. 6579—Silverstein v. Birnzweig. 5984—Fraser v. U S Metal &c, Co. 6598—Narzisenfeld v. Kimber. 6604—Gerson v. Blanck. 6625—Moffett v. O'Keefe. 6626—Asgiel v. Joline. 6630—Crawford v. Melson. 6647—Duffy v. Int R T Co. 6664—Fogarty v. Handel. 6666—Sklarkowitz v. Rubin. 6671—West Side Foundry Co v. Klein. 6687—Di Carlo v. Joline. 6688—Asnis v. Schreiber. 6694, 6695—Davis v. Applegate. 6601—Amistes v. Knick Ice Co. 6631—Lee v. Joline. 6663—Zarek v. Lippmann. 6682—Laubheim v. Riverside Collateral Co. 6689—Bennewertz v. Weiss. 4164—Byrne v. Chace Trucking Co. 6239—Du Bois v. Pescia. 6536—Schusterman v. Joline. 6543—Rothfeld v. State Bank. 5904—Goldberger v. Int R T Co. 6563—Cohen v. Eisenstein. 6565—Applebaum v. same. 5299—Insell v. Parma. 6699—Polaty v. Rothenberg. 6700—Kaufman v. Pye. 6703—Feinberg v. Miller. 6704—Ochs v. Baer. 6705—Rubin v. Graff Haviand Co. 6707—Cent Silk Finishing Co v. Equitable Bond, &c, Co. 6709—Rogell v. McEntee. 6710—Marcus v. Elsenberg. 6713—Rosenblatt v. Bogler. 6714—Amsterdam Broom Co v. Frizworsky. 6715—Mertits v. Whitridge. 6716—Hertig v. same. 6718—Natanson v. Co-Op Bldg, &c. 6719—Kirk v. Gabler Const Co. 6721—Brand v. Beer. 6723—Fumeri v. Linch. 6724—Garcia v. Int R T Co. 6727—Colwell Worsted Mills v. Epstein. 6728—Braham v. Merk. 6732½—Guinar v. Bklyn Union El R R. 6734—Kellogg v. Whitridge. 6736—Aronson v. N Y Life Ins Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II., case on; Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VI., case on; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II., Smith, J. 4108—Cohen v. Brass. 4191—Kavdouh v. Macksound. 4187—Karsch v. Banks. 4215—Levene Cut Glass Co v. Hinsberger. 4130—Cobert v. Rosengarten. 4171—A Pardi Tile Co v. Sun Const Co. 3857—Surplus Assets Co v. Barrett Co. 4011—Solomon v. I O S J. 4204—Gari v. Roscelli. 4174—Marcuse v. Cronze. 4144—Davis v. Gaites Theatrical Co. 4162, 4163—Schreiber v. Solomon. 4110—Schwartz v. Bartlett. 4195—Fitch v. De Velasco. 4186—Carding v. Black. 4203—Guiffra v. Person. 4222—Schoeder v. Galowitz. 4141—Auerback v. Mittenthal. 4198—Riverside Drive Apartments v. Allison. 4212—Pastene v. Sclafani. 4218, 4219—Fairfax v. R E Home, &c., Co.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. Vinisky v. Louda—Frederick C. Hunter. Henschel v. Zingales Realty Co—Edward J. Dunphy.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J. Italian Sav Bank v. Columbus & Dorfman Con Co—R. D. Tompkins. Harriet S. Sames v. Thodore Liebler—Richard L. Murphy.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part I., Jaycox, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Aspinall, J.; Part IV., Benedict, J.; Part V., Crane, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J. 6749—Glennon v. City of New York and others. 3849—Votta v. B H R R R. 3852—Joel v. Abraham and others. 3853—Bayer v. Heela Iron Works. 3856—Kennedy v. Robbins Co. 3857—Rubinsky v. Beakey and others. 3860—Tocparro v. Peterborough R T Co. 3471—Smith v. Cent I & B R R. 76—Utz v. Taylor. 1428—Cutler v. N Y, Susq & W R R. 2529—Aronson v. Pescia and others. 3862—Barowick v. Edison El Ill Co. 3864—Michaels v. B H R R. 3868-3874—Deutsch v. Nassau R R. 3869—Wicke v. Brooklyn El R R. 3872—Doane v. Associated Operating Co. 3877—Pastennak v. B H R R. 3878—Grop v. Sandblow Iron Works. 3882—Siegel v. Martin. 3883—McDonough v. Nassau R R. 3884—Koster v. City of New York. 3885—Fortwengler v. B H R R. 3799—Fing v. Meyers. 2941—Cucksey v. City of New York. 1200—McLoughlin v. B H R R. 1228-1229—Smith Jr., v. Wilkie. 3890-3891—Shea & Baldwin v. City of New York. 3893—Ballumut v. Joline and others. 3895—Esler v. B H R R. 3896—Hogan v. Nassau R R. 3901—Morley v. B H R R. 3902—Gough v. Grossberg. 3903—Sparacio v. Obermeyer & Liebman. 3904—Gibb and others v. McLaughlin. 3906—Teranova v. City of New York. 2442—Neiman v. Miller. 3582—Fay v. Safino. 3016—Lyons v. U S T G & Ins Co and others. 3906—Ryan v. Bethune. 3910—Degnan v. Williamson. 3911—Stratton v. Coney I & B R R. 3912—O'Connell v. City House Moving Co. 3913—Kelly v. Nassau R R.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 3914—Kelly v. Friedman. 3915—Page v. B H R R. 3916—Yung v. Brooklyn El R R. 3917—Burck v. Nassau R R. 1641—Di Vito v. Standard Oil Co. 3919—Potente v. Geier et al. 3920—Forsell v. Terwilliger. 3926—Cohen v. Haberman. 3928—Holowezak v. Senfek. 3929—McCarthy v. Turner et al. 3930—Dolan v. Brooklyn Union Gas Co. 3931—Manguimeli v. Barber & Co. 3932—Gelona v. Transit Development Co. 3933—Reged v. Coney I & B R R. 3934—Foley v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 3936—Bannon v. Brooklyn Taxicab Co. 3937—Smith v. Arbuckle et al. 3939—Davidson v. Brooklyn El R R. 3940—Stokes v. Nassau R R. 3947—Meissner-Fangemann v. Nassau R R. 3949—Brown v. Brooklyn Union Pub Co. 3950—Feinberg v. Johnson. 3953—Lorentz v. Brooklyn Taxicab Co. 3954—Smith v. Braunworth & Co. 3955—Dumalty v. Higginson. 3956—Gorman v. City of New York. 3957—Ward v. City of New York. 3959—Bannon v. Shelley. 3961—Tillman v. Burns. 3689—Johnston v. Voorhees. 1499—Andrews v. Gurski. 118, 120—Van Dine v. N Y & N J Tel Co et al. 3962—Wahl v. Gorman Co. 3963—Gardiner v. Hoe & Co. 3964—Doyle v. Coney I & B R R. 3965—Garoroli v. Whitridge et al. 3966—Salit v. Trompeter et al. 3967, 3968—Lona v. Hoffman Brewing Co. 3971—Lindberg v. Scofield. 3973—Vogel et al v. Reid & Sons Mfg Co. 3974—Boyle v. Nassau R R. 3976—Fallon v. Nassau R R. 3981—Faust v. N Y Telephone Co et al. 3982—Bauer v. Montague Mailing Co. 3983—Berry v. B H R R. Highest number reached on regular call, 3983.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J. 1984—Wilson v. Penner. 1987—O'Maley v. Montauk Garage Co. 2003—Schwimmer v. Walbroche. 1922—Grogan v. Title Guar & Trust Co. Highest number reached on the regular call, 2007.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Motions—Blackmar, J. 1—Matter of C I & Gravesend Ry Co (West 8th St.) 2—Matter of 61st St (F H 18.) 3—Allison v. Allison. 4—Patton v. Gilson and ano. 5—People v. Grout. 6—People v. Ashley. 7—Sutton v. Zaffe. 8—Schidlofsky v. Pshybylowitz. 9—Matter of Welsinger (Volcher.) 10—Matter of Birnkrant. 11—Sprung v. Cojlan and ano. 12—Langan v N Y & Q Co Ry. 13—Murphy v. same. 14—Gruber v. same. 15—Hohfeller v. N Y & Q Co Ry and ano. 16—Beldo v. Epps et al. 17—Rosler v. Rosler. 18—Di Benedetto v. Alpha Portland Cement Co. 19—Borland v. Sherman et al. 20—Matter of Avenue K (No 1.) 21—Matter of Avenue K (No 2.) 22—Robetaille v. Teale and ano. 23—Schwartzbarth v. Schwartzbarth. 24—Scott v. Scott. 25—Murphy v. Prudential Ins Co et al. 26—People ex rel Ringe v. Connolly. 27—Kendall v. McLaughlin et al. 28—Rothschild v. Loop Roller Coaster Co. 29—Kurth v. Frank. 30—Anderson v. Berkshire Const Co. 31—Westhelmer v. Collins et al. 32—Ritter v. Ritter. 33—Sobin v. Kalcher et al. 34—Parker v. Rosenshine. 35—Matter of Brewers' Collectors' Mutual Benefit and Aid Soc of L I. 36—Bechdol v. Bechdol. 37—Sigman v. Borden's Cond Milk Co. 38—Horowitz v. Horowitz. 39—Ryan v. Norris. 40—Jarvis v. Bristol-Meyer Co. 41—Gurian v. McNamara. 42—Lotterle v. Lotterle.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term—Humphrey, J. 17—Keegan v. B H R R Co. 25—Di Muro v. Brooklyn-Queens Co & Subway Ry Co. 108-109—Baty v. Brooklyn-Queens Co & Subway Ry Co. 26—Gotard v. Gotard. 28—Corbin Lock Co v. Jamaica P O Building Co. 70—Millerick v. Augustine. 72—Mongelluzzo v. E H R R Co. 73—Czepowicz v. Dunning and another. 96—Rucchio v. Walling. 21—Menz v. Jamaica Slate & Supply Co. 22—Adams v. Queens Co Savings Bank. 27—Wohlleber v. Brooklyn-Queens Co & Subway Ry Co. 102—McCabe v. McCabe.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Maddox, J. Part II., Marean, J. 629—Ferry v. City of New York. 622-623—Lechtman v. Barnard. Highest number reached on the General Calendar, 662.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. 341—Ackerly v. Kirkham. 361—Bartons v. Guglialmo. 311—Marturano v. Portchester Benevolent Society. 346—Fehrenachild v. Cutbill. 294—Goldowsky v. Turse. 303—Angelo v. Pitrello. 304—Angelo v. Pitrello. There will be no civil calendar called until April 8.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

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SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—GEORGE P. CROKER, Plaintiff, against SMITH WILLIAMSON, as sole Executor and Trustee of and under the Last Will and Testament of FRANCIS C. TAYLOR, deceased; Jennie Taylor, Harry Taylor, and Thomas Taylor, and Woodlawn Cemetery, Defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated December 18th, 1911.

DAVID M. NEUBERGER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Office and Post Office address No. 302 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Harry Taylor and Thomas Taylor, Defendants:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. James W. Gerard, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 15th day of February, 1912, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of February, 1912. The original summons and duly verified complaint were filed in said office on the 3d day of February, 1912.

Dated New York, February 16th, 1912.

DAVID M. NEUBERGER, Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office address, 302 Broadway, (Manhattan,) New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—ALBERT BRAUER, Plaintiff, against GARRISON B. ADAMS and UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee under the last will and testament of Thomas Adams, deceased, Defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above-entitled action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, January 4th, 1912.

ROBERT LAWRENCE, Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office address, 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To the above-named defendant, Garrison B. Adams:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Hon. Edward J. Gavegan, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 23d day of March, 1912, and filed with the complaint here in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.

Dated New York, March 27th, 1912.

ROBERT LAWRENCE, Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office address, 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

HEREDITE:

L'OFFICE DE PAIX DU CERCLE DE COSSONAY, Vaud, Suisse, donne avis, que par testament homologue, a Cossonay, le 15 fevrier 1912, FRANCOIS FILS DE FEU ALBERT FAVRE, boulanger au dit lieu, a institue pour heritiers de ses biens, par parts egales entre eux, ses neveux et nieces.

Cet avis tient lieu de la sommation prevue a l'art. 558 C. C. S. Cossonay, le 13 mars 1912.

Le Juge de Paix: Ch. Eperon.

Le Greffier: E. Badan. H 21991 L.

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London-Paris-Hamburg

KAIS'IN AUG. VIC. Mar. 30, 9 AM

BATAVIA..... Mar. 30, 12 noon

PRES. GRANT..... April 6, 9 AM

AMERIKA..... April 11, 2 PM

MEDITERRANEAN

Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa

S. S. Hamburg..April 4, 12 Noon

S. S. Moltke...April 18, 10 A. M.

¶S. S. Hamburg. May 15, 9 A. M.

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CAMPANIA May 15, 1 A. M. June 26; June 5, 1 A. M. July 17

CARMANIA May 18, 10 A.M. July 13; June 15, 10 A.M. Aug. 10

The "Lusitania," "Mauretania," and "Campania" will sail from New York at 1 A. M. Wednesdays, subject to the discretion of the Commander. Passengers served cold buffet supper between 9 P. M. and midnight Tuesday.

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SAXONIA April 25 June 12

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NEARBY SAILINGS

Celtic..... Mar. 28, 12:00 Noon

Kroonland... Mar. 30, 10:00 A. M.

Laurentic.... Mar. 30, 12:00 Noon

Minnetonka.. April 3, 9:00 A. M.

AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

St. Paul..... May 4—St. Louis..... May 11

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT

New York—London Direct, Pier 58, N.R.

Minnetonka....Apr. 3, 9 AM | Minnewaska. Apr. 13

Minnehaha. Apr. 6, 10:30 AM | Minnetonka. May 4

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Kroonland.....Mar. 30 | Vaderland.....Apr. 13

*Finland.....Apr. 6 | Lapland.....Apr. 20

*Will call at Plymouth in place of Dover.

WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

Olympic (new) Ap. 13, 3 PM | Oceanic (new)..Apr. 27

Titanic (new). Ap. 20, n'n | Olympic (new)..May 4

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool

Celtic....Mar. 28, noon | Adriatic.....Apr. 4

Laurentic. Mar. 30, noon | Baltic.....Apr. 11

FROM BOSTON To The MEDITERRANEAN

CRETIC. Ap. 8, 3 PM. CANOPIC. Ap. 27, 5 PM

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, 9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

NORTH Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse Tues. Apr. 2

Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm.....Thur. April 11

Kronprinz Wilhelm.....Tues. April 16.

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THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Low pressure prevails to-night, except in the Atlantic and Pacific States, with marked depressions over Eastern Texas and the British Northwest. The latter storm is dry as yet, but the Texas one is attended by rains that extend through the Ohio Valley and into the Rocky Mountain region and Arizona.

Over the remainder of the country the weather is fair.

It is colder in the Southwest, but generally warmer elsewhere, with temperatures well above seasonal in the Northwest and the East and the South.

The Southwestern disturbances will move northeastward attended by general rains, reaching the Atlantic Coast Thursday night, and continuing Friday east of the Mississippi River.

In the Northwest the weather will be generally fair.

There are no present prospects of any decided temperature changes during the next two days.

Winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate, variable; South Atlantic Coast, moderate southeast and east, probably increasing by Friday morning.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have moderate variable winds, with increasing cloudiness, to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair in north, rain in south Thursday or Thursday night; Friday rain; moderate variable winds, mostly south.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain Thursday and probably Friday; moderate variable winds, mostly south.

Southern New England—Increasing cloudiness Thursday; Friday rain; moderate south winds.

Northern New England—Fair Thursday; rain Friday or Friday night; moderate variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	45	40	4 P. M. 53	52
6 A. M.	45	41	6 P. M. 53	47
9 A. M.	49	44	9 P. M. 48	44
12 M.	51	49	12 M. 47	43

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 48; for the corresponding date last year it was 50; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 41.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 42; at 8 P. M. it was 45. Maximum temperature, 56 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 40 degrees at 12:01 A. M. Humidity, 67 per cent. at 8 A. M., 57 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
12:01—2,028 2d Av.; D. Levy.....$100
12:55—190-196 Mercer St. and 625-9 Broadway; Utter Bros. and others..Unknown
1:05—634 E. 5th St.; Samuel Glick....Slight
10:20—514 W. 114th St.; Teterno Bros....None
10:50—30 Pike St.; James Rubin.....Trifling
P. M.
2:10—520 E. 136th St.; F. Bushilsky...Trifling
2:15—16 E. 13th St.; Steinmelsky & Newman .....Trifling
3:45—238 E. 117th St.; unknown.....Trifling
5:00—2,705 8th Av.; Mary O'Shay.....Trifling
7:45—1,750 Washington Av.; Isadore Brooks.....$200
8:55—155 Forsyth St.; J. Abrahamson..Trifling
9:00—133 3d Av.; Mrs. C. Millen.....Trifling
9:15—140th St. and Riverside Drive; Richard Carbel .....Trifling
9:20—203 West 66th St.; unknown.....Trifling
9:30—447 West 27th St.; Joseph Levy... Trifling
9:55—203 Stanton St.; H. Syalinski...$1,000
10:45—143 West 20th St.; H. B. Levin..Trifling

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

ALONZO STRYKER, (died Feb. 29;) left $100 realty and $15,000 personalty to Mary W. Stryker, wife.

CHARLES L. HENNE, (died March 12;) left $4,000 personalty to Mary Henne, wife.

CATHERINE WALSH, (died Jan. 12;) left $10,000 personalty; to Ellen O'Leary, niece, $1,000; Mary Kilfoyle, niece, $1,000; John O'Leary, nephew, $500; Mary Bolger, niece, $1,000; Florence Walsh, niece, $500; Charles Kilfoyle, nephew, $500; Thomas Walsh, nephew, $1,000; Catherine Lyman, niece, $1,000; Caroline Walsh, niece, $1,000; the Society of the Propagation of the Faith, $500; to Cardinal Farley, residuary estate.

FRANK FLOOD, (died March 15;) left $400 personalty to Mary L. Flood, wife.

CATHERINE FLYNN, (died March 20;) left $7,500 personalty to James F. Flynn, son.

EDWIN H. BENJAMIN, (died March 6;) left $4,000 personalty to Helen A. Benjamin, wife.

ELISE VALENTINE, (died March 15;) left $5,000 realty to Henry Valentine, husband.

THERESA E. WAGNER, (died March 17;) left $25,000 realty and $25,000 personalty; to the Rev. Matthew A. Taylor, $5,000; George F. Trageser, nephew; Hortense L. Morfit, niece; Edmund H. Chattilon, nephew; Marie C. Chattilon, niece; George D. Wagner, nephew; Mary C. Wagner, niece; Eugene M. Wagner, nephew, and Walter E. Wagner, nephew, equal shares in estate.

JENNIE M. ROSENBERG, (died March 18;) left more than $10,000 realty and $9,000 personalty to Peretz Rosenberg, husband.

MICHAELIS H. ZIEGEL, (died March 22;) left $10,000 personalty to Emma Ziegel, wife.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to Anthony Garrett, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court:

Estate of ELLEN P. PECK, (died March 21, 1911;) net personalty, $745, including 10¼ shares Western Union Telegraph Company, $745.

Estate of ELIZABETH O'NEILL, (died April 2, 1910;) net personalty, $1,320.33.

Estate of LOUISA BECKER, (died Feb. 18, 1911;) realty, one-half interest 507 East Seventy-sixth Street, $24,000 less mortgage of $15,000; personalty, 14 bonds St. Louis & San Francisco, $12,250; 10 shares Germania Bank, $5,500; 10 shares United States Steel Corporation, $797.50; 15 shares Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis Railway, $1,125.

Estate of EDWARD S. MAYO, (died April 2, 1910;) net personalty, $6,639.55.

Estate of WILLIAM H. BOYLE, (died May 24, 1911;) net personalty, $6,253.10.

Estate of SARAH A. BOYDEN, (died Feb. 16, 1908;) net personalty, $10,895.45.

Estate of JOSEPHINE SCHWARZ, (died Aug. 25, 1911;) realty, 647 Melrose Avenue, $17,000; premises at Wakefield, the Bronx, on the northwest corner of Prospect Terrace and 229th Street, $4,900; net realty and personalty, $21,129.37.

Estate of EMERET S. RISLEY, (died April 8, 1911;) net personalty, $771.50.

Estate of CHARLES C. HANDY, (died Jan. 11, 1911;) net personalty, $1,332.

Estate of LYDIA H. BARNSLEY, (died July 8, 1910;) net personalty, $579.50; including 10 shares Western Union Telegraph Company, $610.

Estate of MARIA LOUISA VANDERBILT, (died Nov. 6, 1896;) value of the remainder after the life estate for the benefit of Clinton Brown Kissam in ¼ of the testator's residuary estate pursuant of the last will and testament, $15,261.25. Entire estate was formerly appraised at $625,478.81; including 1,000 shares New York Central & Hudson River Railroad, $92,000; 1,500 shares R., W. & O. Railroad, $135,000; 220 West Shore Railroad bonds, $220,000.

CHANGES OF NAME.

FRED TURKENITCH, a shipping clerk, employed by the Eagle Pencil Company and living at 702 East 176th Street, to FRED TOURIN; expects to take out naturalization papers under the name of Tourin and desires to assume that name, since the other is difficult to pronounce. Supreme Court, Justice Gavegan.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Dr. C. Ward Crampton, Director of Physical Training in the Department of Education, departed last evening for Boston to attend the sixth congress of the American School Hygiene Association, which will be held in the Harvard Medical School to-day and Friday. He will deliver an address before that body this morning on "The Effect of the Doctrine of Physiological Age Upon School Administration." Among the papers to be read are "Medical Inspection and the Practice of the Physician and the Dentist," by Prof. Thomas A. Storey of the Department of Physical Instruction and Hygiene, College of the City of New York; "The School Nurse as a Link in the Chain of Preventive Medicine," by Margaret E. Carley of Boston; "Health Problems Encountered in Home Visits to School Children," by Alfred E. Shipley, formerly Supervisor of the Division of Child Hygiene Department of Health, New York; "The Mentally Defective Child: a Social Menace," by Isabelle Thompson Smart, medical examiner of mentally defective children, Department of Education, New York; "School Lighting," by V. R. Lansingh, President of the Illuminating Engineering Society, New York; "Trachoma: Its Etiology," by Anna W. Williams, assistant director, division of laboratories, Department of Health, New York; "Trachoma: Its Prevalence and Treatment With Special Reference to New York City School Children," by Anna T. Von Sholly, bacteriologist division of laboratories, Department of Health, New York; "A report of the work of the committee on health problems in education under the National Council of Education," by Thomas D. Wood, professor of physical education, Columbia University; "The Need of Affiliation of the Medical and the Pedagogical Department of Modern Universities," by David S. Hill of Tulane University; "Application of Hygiene to a Boys' Preparatory School," by Elias G. Brown of Allaton, N. Y. While in Boston Dr. Crampton will inspect the school activities related to hygiene.

The closing session of the evening high schools for this season will be held on May 14.

The board yesterday appointed Paul A. E. Erbrecht, Jr., of 1,571 Forty-fourth Street, Brooklyn, as attendance officer at a salary of $800 a year.

The Trustees of the Normal College yesterday appointed Daisy J. Conklin as Assistant Professor of Physical Science and R. Loyalty Cru as Assistant Professor of French. These appointments are to be without any increase of salary. The following appointments were also made: Bessie Cooper and A. E. Burlingame, instructors in history at $1,500 a year; Mark M. Kennerly, instructor in natural history at $1,700 a year; May J. Morris, assistant instructor in natural history at $1,100 a year; M. L. Latham, instructor in mathematics at $1,500 a year, and Alice M. Meyer, clerical assistant at $760 a year.

The Board of Education yesterday fined James J. Egan, janitor of Public School 1, Brooklyn, ten days' pay for misconduct.

By a vote of 37 to 1 the board yesterday dismissed Patrick Brady, licensed fireman in Public School 1, Queens Borough, from the service of the Department of Education.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Pensions, on Surgeons' Certificates—Sergt. Morris Cohen, 80th Precinct, at $875 per annum, (appointed Aug. 18, 1888;) Sergt. James Gibbins, 165th Precinct, $875, Feb. 18, 1891; Patrolmen—Charles E. Garrison, 15th Precinct, $700, May 2, 1887; Thomas E. Boyle, 31st Precinct, $700, April 6, 1889; Patrick Hurley, 35th Precinct, $700, Oct. 22, 1890; Thomas Kenny, 35th Precinct, $700, Feb. 4, 1891; Charles Baptist, 35th Precinct, $700, Jan. 3, 1891; Thomas A. Howard, 36th Precinct, $700, Dec. 23, 1884; William H. Lonergan, 43d Precinct, $700, June 10, 1891; Sylvester S. Vilet, 60th Precinct, $560, April 11, 1896; Timothy E. Jones, 156th Precinct, $350, Feb. 28, 1902.

Appointment as Probationary Patrolman—George O. Burneau.

Transfer—Patrolman William F. Coulter, 2d to 146th Precinct.

Fire Department.

Appointment—Joseph O'Malley as Inspector, Bureau of Prevention.

Sentence of Dismissal Mitigated to Fine of Ten Days' Pay—Fireman James Shaw, Hook and Ladder 33. Charge, disobedience of orders; tried May 4, 1911; now assigned to Engine 9.

Pension—Assistant Foreman Frederic Smith, Engine 202, after more than twenty years' service, on his own application, at $1,050 per annum from April 16.

Resignation—Probationary Fireman George C. Burpeau, Engine 14.

Detail—Fireman Henry Krantz, Engine 49, to Engine 77, for watch duty while on sick report.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has adopted the recommendation of Assistant Chief Examiner Murray that as a clerical error was made in rating the efficiency record of Dr. William Swan, veterinarian in the Department of Street Cleaning, for the third quarter of the year 1910, the request of the Commissioner of Street Cleaning that the record be corrected to grade D on average general efficiency and C on punctuality be granted.

The commission recently received several communications from the Board of Water Supply indicating the divisions of the department in which candidates in the examination for promotion to transitman, held on March 13, and to assistant engineer, grades C and D, held on March 15, were serving on these dates, and requesting that the promotion lists be arranged accordingly. The commission has ordered that the lists be sent to the Compiling Bureau so that the request may be complied with.

The Board of Water Supply recently requested that the increase in salary of David B. Oviatt, assistant engineer, to $1,800 a year be approved. Assistant Chief Examiner Murray has reported that Mr. Oviatt qualified in an examination ungraded as to salary, and that he has served for a year in the sub-division of the department in which the promotion is to be made, and that therefore he is eligible for promotion provided that the commission continues the inspection division as a separate sub-division of the department, but that he is not eligible if the inspection division is considered a part of the headquarters division.

An investigation was made of the statement in the experience papers of the sixth group of candidates whose names stand on the eligible list for inspector in the Board of Water Supply, and it is alleged it was found that William H. Fay was dismissed from the position of laborer in the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity in August, 1910, but did not mention such dismissal in his application for inspector in the Board of Water Supply. He is now employed as a rodman in the Board of Water Supply. The Municipal Civil Service Commission has ordered a hearing of the man.

The commission has granted the request of the Superintendent of Buildings, Borough of Manhattan, for approval of the additional leave of absence of six months to Daniel V. Mahoney, inspector of plumbing, on account of illness. The request was accompanied by a doctor's certificate. William J. Duane is filling the position in the absence of Mr. Mahoney.

United States.

The regular Spring examinations, which will be held by the United States Civil Service Commission at the New York Custom House on April 10 and 11, will include the following subjects for positions in the Department of Agriculture:

AGRONOMY.—In this subject general questions will be asked on field crops, with reference to their classification, distribution, comparative importance, &c.; also practical questions on cultural and harvesting methods, rotations, and other related subjects. Several appointments are made each year from the register in agronomy. Qualified persons are urged to enter this examination, as the commission has experienced considerable difficulty in obtaining a sufficient number of properly qualified eligibles to meet the demands of the service. The usual entrance salary is from $1,200 to $1,400 a year.

DAIRYING.—This subject includes general questions on the breeding, feeding, and care of dairy live stock and on dairy products. Some of the commercial problems related to dairying are also considered. The object of this examination is to obtain persons who have had a general fundamental training in dairying. The usual entrance salary is from $1,000 to $1,400 a year.

ENTOMOLOGY, GENERAL AND ECONOMIC.—This subject includes questions on insect classification, biology, and behavior; also practical questions on the remedies for combating the principal injurious insects. The usual entrance salary is from $1,000 to $1,200 a year.

FARM MANAGEMENT.—This comprises questions on general farm problems, including the methods of crop rotation and cropping systems, as these apply to the various types of farming; the distribution of the various types of farming, and the reason therefor, the cost of farm operations, the amount and cost of farm equipment, the duty of machinery, and the making of working plans for farms. The usual entrance salary is from $1,200 to $1,400 a year.

FORAGE CROPS.—Formerly given as agrostology, but now changed to its present title. It consists chiefly of questions regarding the cultivation and utilization of the principal forage crops, including temporary and permanent pasture crops. The usual entrance salary is from $1,200 to $1,400 a year.

HORTICULTURE.—This subject comprises vegetable gardening, both market gardening and truck farming, the botany of vegetables, the breeding of vegetable plants, and the methods of cultivation, harvesting, packing, and shipment of truck, as well as market garden crops; also general questions concerning insect pests and fungus diseases of these crops. The usual entrance salary is $1,200 a year.

LIBRARY SCIENCE.—This subject consists of questions on library economy, including cataloguing, classification, book ordering, loan systems, reference work, and bibliography, especially the bibliographies of the sciences that pertain to agriculture. The usual entrance salary is from $840 to $1,000 a year.

PHYSIOLOGY AND NUTRITION OF MAN.—This subject includes questions on human physiology, the physiology of digestion, physiological chemistry, and human nutrition work. The usual entrance salary is $1,200 a year.

PLANT BREEDING.—This comprises question on general plant breeding, including variation, hybridization, and the general evolutionary study of plants, especially those used in agriculture. The usual entrance salary is $1,200 to $1,400 a year.

PLANT PATHOLOGY.—This comprises questions on plant pathology, control of plant diseases, special cultural methods for fungi and bacteria, and bibliography of plant diseases; also elementary questions in mycology, microtechnique, bacteriology, general and photographic technique. The usual entrance salary is from $1,000 to $1,400.

POMOLOGY.—This subject includes questions on pomological botany, varieties of fruits, control of insect and fungus diseases, the production of fruits, methods of packing, shipping, marketing, &c. The usual entrance salary is $1,200 a year.

SEED TESTING.—This comprises questions on general botany, including systematic, morphological and physiological botany with special reference to testing seeds for purity and germination. The usual entrance salary is from $840 to $1,020 a year.

SOIL BACTERIOLOGY.—This consists of questions on soil bacteriology and bacteriological technique, including questions on botanical and chemical subjects related to soil bacteriology. The usual entrance salary is from $1,400 to $1,600 a year.

SOIL SURVEYING.—This comprises questions on the making of simple base maps, the identification and classification of soils and the relation of soils to agriculture. The usual entrance salary is from $900 to $1,200 a year.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Col. E. A. Millar, Field Artillery, and Major William S. McNair, Sixth Field Artillery, will proceed to Fort Sill, Okla.

Lieut. Col. W. Stephenson, Medical Corps, will report to the Commandant Eastern Division for duty.

Major K. Morton, Ordnance, will make three visits per month during April, May and June, to the works of the Mills Woven Cartridge Belt Company, Worcester, Mass., on official business.

Leave for four months granted Capt. F. W. Clark, Coast Artillery.

Capt. G. C. Smith, Fourteenth Cavalry, placed on the list of detached officers.

Capt. H. P. Wilbur, Coast Artillery, transferred from the 159th Company to the Sixtieth Company.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander V. A. Kimberly, detached Navy Yard, New York, to Asiatic Station.

Lieut. Commander W. Smith, commissioned a Lieutenant Commander from Feb. 10, 1912.

Lieut. P. L. Wilson commissioned a Lieutenant from Aug. 3, 1911.

Lieut. A. M. Cohen commissioned a Lieutenant (junior grade) from Feb. 12, 1912.

Lieuts. G. M. Ravenscroft, G. McCourtis, J. S. Barleon, W. T. Smith, J. L. Hydrick, L. F. Thibault, H. R. Keller, C. McC. Gill, G. H. Laird, H. V. McKittrick, H. G. Shonerd, C. T. Blackburn, G. T. Swayzey, Jr., T. A. Symington, and R. C. Giffen, (junior grade,) commissioned Lieutenants (junior grade) from Feb. 12, 1912.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived: Washington at Puerto Cabello, North Dakota and Birmingham at Hampton Roads, Castine at Norfolk.

Sailed: Caesar, from Carlaco Gulf, Venezuela, for Guantanamo; Washington, from Puerto Cabello for Santo Domingo City; Castine, Severn, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, Tonopah, D-1, D-2, D-3, and E-2, from Norfolk for cruise in Chesapeake Bay; Saratoga, from Olongapo for Shanghai; Ajax, from Guantanamo for Hampton Roads; New Hampshire, from Hampton Roads for Southern drill grounds; Castine, from Hampton Roads for Norfolk; Florida, from trial course for Hampton Roads.

The New York Times offers a reward of $100 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money through the insertion of a fraudulent or misleading advertisement in its columns.

Business Opportunities

FOR SALE—ROAD HOUSE AND GARAGE—NEW.

Built on one-and-one-half-acre plot; 22 rooms; hardwood trim; parquet floors in living and dining rooms; garage will accommodate 12 machines; 20 stalls; cement floor; rooms over garage; on main turnpike, between Newark and Lake Hopatcong; at entrance to largest development near New York; 500 autos pass daily. For further particulars address GEORGE R. PEARE, 170 Broadway, Room 1,001. Tel 1521 Cort.

Responsible, high-class man seeks permanent connection and will make reasonable investment in established solvent business; has attractive personality, exceptional selling ability, active, reliable, progressive, and good organizer and manager; principals only. F 39 Times.

Exceptional opportunity for reliable man to join me in purchasing light manufacturing business; $3,500 cash necessary; I will invest same amount; will net $300 monthly each; no special training necessary. J. L., F 18 Times.

Butcher Market.—A first-class man with moderate capital can secure the largest business, best trade and location, in town of 10,000, near city; this is exceptional. Inquire A 236 Times Downtown.

Just returned from Mexico, have mines, one 68%, other 15% copper; want $2,000 to complete denouncement; will give half interest to reliable party. H 71 Times.

Will sell part or all of shares in a good mercantile business; one who would be active in business preferred. Lock Box 43, Hoboken.

A special partner wanted, with securities of $2,000, for a newly established, growing staple business; no agents. Address X 131 Times.

Partner with $7,000 wanted in established elevator manufacturing. Meagher, 103 Walker St.

$500 invested in profitable business buys equal ownership. Apartment 21, 2,085 Lexington Av.

Lost

LOST—A receipt issued by the U. S. Assay Office, No. 6667, dated March 5, 1912, for 10 and 27-100 ounces gold bullion, payable to Berkowitz & Shapiro or order, has been lost. The public are cautioned not to receive or negotiate the same, as its payment has been stopped at the Assay Office.
BERKOWITZ & SHAPIRO.

LOST—About 7 o'clock on Monday evening, March 25, between 310 West 97th St. and 230 Riverside Drive, a gunmetal mesh bag with key, small change, and blank unsigned check. Finder please return for reward to Mrs. W. S. Porter, 310 West 97th St.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of jewelry, consisting of one ring, two opals surrounded by diamonds, smaller diamond ring, and trinkets; no questions asked. Communicate with Box H 39 Times.

LOST—March 14, West 87th St. to Madison Av. and 86th St., string of pearls with diamond neck clasp; large and ample reward. M. Lichtenauer, 20 Broad St., 11-12 A. M., 1:30 to 2:30 P. M.

LOST.—Tuesday afternoon, between Garden City, Far Rockaway, Jamaica, and New York, a black lizard skin hand satchel. Finder will be suitably rewarded by notifying R. A. P., H 66 Times.

LOST—Louisville & Nashville 10-share stock certificate, N. Y.-X3074, dated Dec. 19, 1911, in name of ALBERT G. BORDEN. Address, 165 Broadway.

LOST—March 26, between 30th and 59th Sts., (Subway or street,) open-faced silver watch; "M. J. S."; reward. Spencer, 230 W. 59th St.

LOST—Diamond buckle, from West End Av., between 72d and 92d Sts. Liberal reward if returned to P. D., 266 West End Av.

LOST.—Black purse containing bills and railroad ticket; reward. Return to Martha Washington Hotel.

LOST—97th to East 61st St., 10th Av., 59th St. cars; gold watch; initials "S. E. M"; reward. 757 West End Av.

LOST—Watch and chain, knife, &c.; liberal reward and no questions. H. H. H., 782 Waldorf-Astoria.

LOST—March 27, a diamond and pink topaz pendant; liberal reward. Mrs. A., 202 Riverside Drive.

LOST—March 23, plain gold, round, diamond centre, locket; suitable reward. G. F., 424 West 22d.

LOST—Sapphire and diamond brooch pin, oval shaped; liberal reward. Briggs, 257 West 100th St.

LOST—Harlem Savings Bank book No. 225,353. Please return to Robert Murray, Huguenot, S. I.

LOST—Earring, amethysts, pearls; pendant. Reward return to Hotel Majestic, West 72d St.

LOST—Gold open-faced watch, Tiffany make; $50 reward. Reeve Merritt, 80 Broadway.

LOST—Lady's gold watch; initials "L. R. T."; reward. Rosenthal. Tel. Spring 3915.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST.—On West 65th St., about noon Monday, March 25, a pure white English Bull Terrier, (male,) with long scar on lower jaw; no collar; name Spot. Reward for return to Jack Fischer, 8 West 65th St.

LOST.—Boston Bull Terrier; brindle, with white blaze and chest; answers name "Bumps"; collar marked "Bumps, Avon by the Sea, N. J." Return Robertson, 170 West 73d. Reward, no questions asked.

$25 REWARD for return of curly white fox terrier, lost Saturday, 23d. 18 East 68th St.

Found

FOUND—Gold watch, with initials, south of 42d St., on Saturday, March 23. H 41 Times.

FOUND, March 27.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply 240 Centre St.: Lady's boa, crate containing twine and garden shears, lady's boa, coil of rope.

FOUND, March 27.—2D AV. ELEVATED. Apply 9 Morris St.: Knife, cap, trousers, music stands, umbrella, eyeglasses, 2 bags, pocketbook, 4 purses, beads, books, circulars, keys, cards, dressgoods, waist, shirts, portfolio, cloth, shoes, overalls, pills, pipe, duster, 9 baskets, gloves, medicine, stockings, bow, embroidery. SUBWAY: Pan, medicine, rifle, 4 purses, eyeglasses, 2 bags, money, cigars, gloves, music roll, music, paper, 4 books, umbrella, pin, correspondence, clippings, slippers, rubbers, 3 boxes shoes, 2 odd gloves, case, veil, trousers.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Large, medium-sized rooms; gentlemen; couple; table guests accommodated; references.

16TH ST., 20-22-33 WEST.—Large rooms, second floor; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

29TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; running water; exceptionally good board; refined surroundings; telephone.

44TH ST., 280 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms; including board; $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 790—Bryant.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.
Large and small rooms; private bath; exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Single room; running water; house and table strictly first class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large and single rooms; private baths; telephone; table first class; moderate.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; first-class references; table guests.

57TH ST., 411 WEST, (La Granga.)—Select accommodations, unequaled table; board (two,) $15; single, $7; Southerners.

58TH ST., 15 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, private baths; electricity; references; board optional.

139 WEST 69TH ST.
Attractive suite, private baths; telephone; excellent table.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-story room; dressing room; hot water supply; room, telephone; references.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Fourth floor, front room; bath; hot water; references.

269 WEST 70TH ST.
Attractive rooms; 'phone; Sub.; board optional.

71ST ST., 130 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; every convenience; excellent table; Subway, "L," trolley.

72D ST., 152 WEST.—Board, rooms, piano, for girls studying music, art; highly recommended; moderate.

73D, 176 WEST.—Medium, suitable for two, and small room; quiet, refined surroundings; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Desirable rooms, near elevated and Subway; references; telephone 1336 Columbus.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Rooms, double, single; private bath; refined surroundings; board optional; references; telephone.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—17th year; two medium rooms, near bath; references.

76TH, 110 WEST.—Unusually attractive accommodations; private bath; modern improvements; excellent table; table guests.

76TH ST., 237-239 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; private bath; high-class house; excellent table.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Lovely rooms; improvements; excellent table; central location; private family; board optional.

80th ST., 108 WEST.—Elegant large room; single room; superior accommodations and table; references.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private surroundings; exceptionally good table; very reasonable.

81ST ST., 265 WEST.—Handsomely furnished sunny rooms; excellent table; references; table board. V. & R.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.
Attractive rooms for attractive people. Schuyler 8397.

83D, 11 WEST.—Handsome large room; Southern exposure; small room; excellent board; table guests.

84TH ST., 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; suitable two gentlemen, couple; excellent home cooking; Jewish family.

87TH ST., 135 WEST.—Refined American lady having beautiful, select home, offers superior board to married couple or two gentlemen; reasonable; references.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room, all conveniences; also single room; good board; references.

93D ST., 128-130 WEST, (Holland House.)—Rooms; superior cuisine and service; references; table guests.

93D ST., 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single rooms; table a specialty.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Comfortable hall room, with excellent board, for gentleman; Jewish family; telephone.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; convenient "L." Telephone 7442 Riverside.

103D, (West End Av., 879.)—Large, bright rooms, bath; Subway; excellent cuisine; rates moderate.

104TH, 61 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; all conveniences; private bath; single or en suite; parlor dining room; house cooking; references exchanged; $14 for one, upward; table guests accommodated.

104TH ST., 140 WEST.—Private family offers good home young business man or woman; elevator apartment; terms reasonable. Telephone 6305—River.

113TH ST., 544 WEST.—Large room, single or en suite; parlor dining; table guests; home cooking.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Large front rooms; southern exposure; excellent board. 'Phone Morningside 8136.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

121ST., 148 WEST.—Select house, beautiful large and small rooms; excellent table; 'phone; moderate.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

129TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large front alcove room; excellent board; home comforts; moderate; phone; references.

130TH ST., 250 WEST, (near "L" station.)—Large and hall room, with board.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

137TH ST., 602 WEST.—Broadway Subway; near Riverside; high-class accommodation in refined private family; excellent German home cooking. Elevator Apt. 43.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable rooms; bath adjoining; high-class, private house; references; table guests.

512 WEST 142D ST.
ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large rooms, overlooking Hudson; running water; closets; good board; telephone; references.

148TH ST., 517 WEST.—Beautiful large, small; select house; electricity; near Broadway Subway, Riverside; reasonable.

149TH ST., 540 TO 546 WEST.—Near Broadway and Riverside; most beautiful, healthiest section; The Audubon; select, private family hotel; pleasant large rooms, $14 to $18 weekly for two; medium-sized rooms, $8 up; every comfort; a real home. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

157 SUBWAY, Broadway.—Pleasant outside room; excellent table; elevator apartment. 'Phone 203 Audubon.

In private house in 50's, between 5th and 6th Avs., two rooms, bath, en suite or separately. H 60 Times.

LA FORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel, elegant rooms, single, en suite; newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, The Park.—Large sunny room; private bath; single room; excellent table.

East Side.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

MADISON AV., 69.—Hotel appointments and service, homelike environments; table choice, abundant; attractive prices.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large, small rooms, with board; references exchanged.

Board Wanted

Gentleman desires room and board in refined private family, west side; state terms. H 68 Times.

Country Board

New York State.

EDGEHILL INN, Spuyten Duyvil on Hudson.—Summer and Winter accommodations of the best; single rooms and en suite; convenient to Subway and Central. Address Miss M. Huntington.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor, Inc. Delightful, convenient residence for Spring and Summer. Telephone Flushing 290.

New Jersey.

YOU WILL GO ONLY 35 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY ! ! !
$18 PER WEEK AND UP FOR TWO PEOPLE INCLUDES ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ELECTRIC-LIGHTED ROOM, WITH PRIVATE TILED BATHROOM AND SUPERB HOTEL MEALS AT THE ELMWOOD, 43 SOUTH WALNUT ST., EAST ORANGE, N. J.
Special rates to families.
Southern exposure, billiard room, palm room, smoking room, vacuum cleaned; electric candles on dining room tables give fairyland effect; four minutes from station. Not a country hotel, but a first-class metropolitan house. Why continue to pay same rates in a boarding house with one bath to fifteen people?
Take the wonderful McAdoo tube, either from your office door at Broadway and Cortlandt St., or the centre of the theatre shopping district at Broadway and 33d St. No crowded Subway. Warm cars. No ferries. Charmingly located in metropolitan zone.

Country Board Wanted

Man, wife, and child desire comfortable accommodations in country hotel or boarding house, where there is opportunity for wholesome outdoor life; proximity to mountains, woods, or lake desired. Address Y 99 Times.

A family of five, three adults, invites correspondence relative to board in the country from April 15 to Sept. 15; seeks clean, homelike atmosphere, good fresh country food, and outdoor amusements, such as tennis, golf, or boating. C 113 Times.

Couple wish board in country, beginning May 1, within easy commuting distance of city; prefer location near seashore; surroundings must be refined; references exchanged. Address X 40 Times.

For Sale

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, neostyles, addressographs, wardrobes. Nathan, West Broadway, corner White.

For Sale.—Machinery, fixtures, raw and made up material of misses' and juniors' dresses; going out of business. William Heisar, 141 West 20th St., New York City.

For sale, to settle estate, only drug business at Milton, N. Y.; established 50 years. Inquire of J. R. Thompson, Jr., Adm'r, 64 2d St., Newburg, N. Y.

Coal for sale; have 1,000 tons steam sizes on track for immediate delivery. Address Anthracite, A 245 Times Downtown.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

5TH AV., 25, (9th.)—Refined surroundings; nice small, large rooms; running water; bath; breakfast.

8TH ST., 8 WEST.—Two rooms and bath; nicely furnished; board optional.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, elegant, sunny front room; private bath; telephone; also single room.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, exceptionally bright rooms; private bath; telephone.

13TH, 104, west of 6th Av.—Back parlor; also hall room; adjoining baths; gentlemen.

22D, 426 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, sunny back parlor and dressing room; running water; telephone.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; running water, bath; gentlemen; $8, $5.

42D, 322 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, cheerful rooms; private house; bath; $2 upward; gentlemen. Hughes.

43D, 46 WEST.—Large, elegant rooms; private bath; running water; other room; references; gentlemen.

45TH STREET, 54 WEST.
Furnished room, gentleman; heat, electric light; reasonable.

47TH ST., 56 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with bath, electricity, steam heat; under new management.

54TH ST., 201 WEST.—THREE FINE, SUNNY ROOMS; conveniently located; reference. Telephone 6688—Columbus. McGregor.

57TH, 424 WEST.—Large, small rooms; all improvements; housekeeping; $2 up. Gallagher.

59TH ST., 208 WEST.—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; $4 up; facing Central Park; suitable for studio.

61ST ST., 121 WEST.—Large front parlor, desirable for doctor or business man; steam heated; electric and telephone.

60TH, 22 WEST, New York.—$25-$60 monthly; $1-$5 daily. Tel. 5891 Col. Elegantly kept; private baths; independent residence; meals.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only.

70TH ST., 267 WEST.—Desirable, attractive rooms, absolutely clean; electricity and telephone; board optional. t

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; high-class house; references.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Attractive single rooms, $4 up; suites; private bath; gentlemen. 2317 Columbus.

71ST ST, 70 WEST.—Well furnished room for gentleman; private house; reference.

71ST ST., 73 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny rooms, private bath, hot water, $6-$8 weekly.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Large room, suitable couple; two gentlemen; single room; telephone; references.

73D, 166 WEST.—Attractive rooms, with every convenience; southern exposure; near Subway express.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—Two attractive rooms; private bath; southern exposure; telephone; references; Southerners accommodated.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Large, front room; private bath; electricity; parquet floor; near Subway; references.

77TH ST., 301 WEST, (corner of West End Av.)—

High-Class Men and Women Seeking High-Class Situations.

The New York Times offers a reward of $100 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money through the insertion of a fraudulent or misleading advertisement in its columns.

Situations Wanted, Male

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper. $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 512, 621 Broadway. 'Phone 0626 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, writes up books, $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems, reasonable. Mitchel, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1807 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, H 51 Times.

A MAN, useful, middle-aged, German; situation at anything; strictly temperate; references. B., 108 East 114th St.

BARKEEPER.—First-class; Swiss-American; speaks French, German; excellent references. Ackermann, 812 West 25th St.

BOOKKEEPER, familiar all phases corporation and modern accounting, foreign exchange, &c.; rapid, accurate worker, accustomed to management, responsible man with clean record, excellent personality, capable of handling large staff successfully; excellent correspondent, energetic, ambitious, loyal and devoted to work, desires opening with firm or corporation here or elsewhere; moderate salary to start; very highest credentials fidelity and ability. EDWARD S. REECE, 116 38th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER AND SALESMAN.—Young man, (23,) 5 years with large printing house, desires position with chance of advancement; A1 references. Address J., Box A 247 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant and general office clerk, 20; capable, accurate, experienced, industrious; best references; $10. Ince, 7 Washington Place, New York.

BOOKKEEPER and expert accountant, 8 years' experience, wishes to connect with a good concern; best of references. R. H., 265 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, thoroughly experienced, good education, desires responsible position; highest recommendations. A 258 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER to take full charge; age 29; eight years' experience; references and recommendations; salary, $25. Write, J. B., 488 6th Av.

BOOKKEEPER STENOGRAPHER (27), thoroughly competent; A1 office man; highest credentials. $22. Wright, 125 E. 23d st.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager; can take entire charge; age 28; experience seven years; highest references. Write, A 60 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Importer's expert bookkeeper wants evening work on books, &c. Dale, 12 East 33d St.

BUSINESS OR SALES MANAGER, age 42, with enviable record, open for engagement; has ability to handle large force of traveling men and accomplish results; last place 15 years. Manager, A 229 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single, strictly sober and reliable; don't smoke, first-class mechanic, does repairing to save expenses; highest private references for sobriety, honesty, driving and mechanical ability; salary moderate. C. S., 263 West 125th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young intelligent man wishes position as chauffeur, no joy rider, but a careful driver; can make any necessary repairs. Benjamin Danielson, 420 16th St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, 20, competent, reliable; make own repairs; 4 years' experience. Antes, 253 East 74th St.

COST ACCOUNTANT, familiar with modern cost accounting methods, bookkeeping and accountancy, seeks managng position with good prospects; mechanically inclined; best references. X 119 Times.

JAPANESE wishes position as cook, butler, valet; can take entire charge gentleman's place; best references. 177 W. 67th St. Joy.

MACHINIST.—First-class drill, press, vise, and all-around man; 15 years' experience; in or out of city. H 60 Times.

NICHT CLERKSHIP.—Diligent, educated, (22,) experienced bookkeeper, typewriter; highest references. Zeller, 1,833 Madison Av.

LAWYER desires position in commercial house; collection department or otherwise. H 56 Times.

POSITION as butler and valet in bachelor's apartment; highest reference; willing and obliging. Frank Wilson, 66 West 37th.

RESPONSIBLE or SECRETARIAL POSITION.—(Age 30;) experienced correspondent and stenographer; thorough education and extensive business training; executive ability; 10 years held confidential, responsible situation; excellent references. G 170 Times.

SALESMAN—American, with established Canadian trade; Toronto office wants A1 novelty line; strictly commission basis; references. Earle, McKinnon Bldg., Toronto, Canada.

STATISTICIAN (26), practical; knowledge of accounting, mathematics; accurate; recently with Tariff Board; thoroughly reliable; strongly endorsed; wishes position. H 44 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (26;) expert, energetic, intelligent, technical graduate, correspondent, secretary, $125. A 242 Times Downtown.

STEWARD, 21 years old; 5 years' experience; best references. H 50 Times.

VALET—Young Englishman, (22,) wants position, cook and care for bachelor's apartment; will travel; excellent New York references. H 73 Times.

YOUNG ENGINEER about to go into business requiring only part of his time would like to get position with mechanical or electrical engineer 4 or 5 days a week; graduate mechanical engineer; 6 years' experience with Tel. Co. A 257 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) WISHES RESPONSIBLE AND TRUSTWORTHY POSITION; CAN FURNISH BEST OF REFERENCE AND LARGE BONDS. X 128 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) wishes position where there is advancement; can furnish excellent reference. J. Sweeney, 177 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MEN, (2,) high responsibility, going West, will consider proposition, selling or advertising; state particulars. H 54 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) WISHES POSITION WITH CHANCE OF ADVANCEMENT; SALARY NO OBJECT. X 127 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires clerical or outside position. A. I. Nacht, 879 8th Av.

Situations Wanted, Female

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER.—Makes and remodels; children's a specialty. Juliette, 126 East 12th St. 'Phone 408 Stuyvesant.

ENGAGEMENTS wanted for closing houses; references. Miss Hunt, 22 E. 34th. Tel. 2970 Madison.

GOVERNESS.—German governess, speaking English and French, desires position with growing children. Apply before 10, 126 West 74th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—American, refined, desires position caring for home of gentleman in country; capable of taking complete charge; no children; prefer good home to large salary. Write or call 1,844 71st St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LIGHT HOUSEWORKER and seamstress. A. Sequira, care Nebes, 155 West 66th St.

MASSAGE.—Swedish movements; $1 hour; ladies' residences; experienced, professional. Address Osteo, 64 West 109th St.

NURSE—WAITRESS.—Two young women desire situations together in private family by April 1; one a nurse, thoroughly capable of taking entire charge of children; other A No. 1 waitress; best references. Address present place of employment, B. Z. Fowler, Box 47, Mohegan Lake, N. Y.

Parisian lady artiste wishes to exchange conversation, French for English. M. M., 42 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wishes permanent position; long experience; operates any machine; correct transcript, good speller; thoroughly reliable, accurate, punctual; $10. Steno, 709 Tribune Building.

STENOGRAPHER.—8 years' experience; desirous of making change; thoroughly familiar with office details; present employer's indorsement; salary, $15. A 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; graduate of business school; beginner; careful, correct worker; good speller; office assistant; no agency; $6. A 223 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Age 18; beginning; graduate of Wood's School; salary expected, $5 or $6. K. McGowen, 516 West 130th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; terms reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER, Typewriter, and Assistant bookkeeper.—Three years' experience; competent; reference. A 254 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Typewriter, Office Assistant; five years' experience; competent, reliable; $12. A 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST wishes position with reliable firm; one year and a half's experience. J. R., 229 East 95th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent in every particular; best references; salary, $20. G. V. M., 408 West 145th St.

Other Situations Wanted Female and Want advertisements on preceding page.

STREET CAVES IN WITH SUBWAY BLAST

Lexington Avenue at Eighty-seventh Street Slowly Sinks Down Ten Feet.

SPLIT A SUPPORTING ROCK

One Workman Injured—Gas and Water Mains Put Out of Commission.

Following a blast shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the excavation for the new Lexington Avenue subway at Eighty-seventh Street, 125 feet of Lexington Avenue north of Eighty-seventh Street caved in. One workman was injured and several others had narrow escapes. A north-bound Lexington Avenue car, filled with passengers, was stopped at Eighty-seventh Street just in time to escape being caught.

The street did not fall into the forty-foot pit dug for the subway, but sank slowly a distance of ten feet, and hung there like a suspension bridge. The planking on the west side of the street fell into the excavation, leaving a gaping holo above.

Shortly before the accident forty workmen under Supt. George Lawrence of the Bradley Contracting Company were at work in the excavation. When everything was in readiness to blast the men came to the surface. A trolley car and several teams were waiting near Eighty-seventh Street for a signal to cross the street. After the explosion things appeared to be all right, and six of the workmen started down a ladder into the excavation.

As the last workman disappeared the street was seen to sag slowly. Workmen standing on the sinking street ran for safety, and the men who had descended the ladder hastily clambered to the surface. One of the men was missing, and two workmen, despite the danger, descended the ladder and brought to safety Albert Biancho of 334 West Forty-eighth Street. His right hand had been badly crushed between two timbers when the cave-in occurred. He was sent to the Presbyterian Hospital. Two other workmen complained of bruises and soreness, but refused medical attention. They had been knocked off their feet among fallen timber.

When the street began to sink there was a crashing sound below as supports and beams gave way, paving blocks fell into the excavation, and the steel car tracks were twisted. The accident, it is believed, was caused by the breaking of a large piece of rock upon which rested the beams supporting a five-ton iron girder. The girder ran from curb to curb, and was one of the main supports of the street. The rock which gave way stood near the northwest corner of Eighty-seventh Street, where excavating is being done for the new subway station at that point. It is believed that a seam of the rock was either split by the concussion of the explosion or that it had a defective seam.

The falling in of the street broke a six-inch water pipe, and before the Water Department succeeded in having the water turned off the excavation was pretty well flooded. Several sewer pipes were also broken, as well as gas pipes. The Consolidated Gas Company hurried a force of men to the scene, and the gas was shut off.

MARKET SITE FOR PIERS.

Commission Urges Legislature to Pass Bill Relocating Gansevoort.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 27.—The commission appointed by Gov. Dix last year to investigate port conditions in New York City and provide means for the extension of piers so that they may be rendered available for the berthing of the new 1,000 feet ocean steamers under construction, has been clamoring at the doors of the Legislature for favorable action on a measure looking to the removal of the old Gansevoort market in order to provide room for extending the Chelsea piers by cutting inshore.

R. A. C. Smith, Chairman of the committee, on which the other members are State Engineer Bensel and Dock Commissioner Calvin Tomkins, has sent a communication to Gov. Dix in which he urges the Governor to memorialize the Legislature on the subject.

In his letter, written yesterday, Mr. Smith points out that the Legislature would make a great mistake in failing to give the Sinking Fund Commissioners of the City of New York the power to relocate the market structure, now on city land, and use the land for the purpose of providing additional dock facilities. Mr. Smith points out that the Gansevoort district is the only section of Manhattan where the required improvement can be made economically and conveniently.

Mr. Smith expresses the fear that unless the proper legislation is had at this session, the steamship companies will look elsewhere for docking facilities, and thus menace the position of New York as the leading seaport in the Western Hemisphere, as well as deal an unnecessary and irreparable blow to her commerce.

ANDREWS BAITS WICKERSHAM

Independent Tobacconists' Counsel Calls Him Autocrat General.

Replying to a letter from the independent tobacconists asking if the Department of Justice had taken any action in respect to the stock holdings by American Tobacco interests in the United Cigar Stores Company, Attorney General Wickersham says:

No formal action was taken by the department to bring about the sale of the holdings of the individual defendants in the proceedings against the Tobacco Trust of their stock in the Cigar Stores Company, but I have no doubt that the well-known attitude of the Government toward that subject, as expressed in my remarks to the Circuit Court when the plan of dissolution was under consideration, may have contributed to the result referred to.

The twenty-nine defendants in the Tobacco suit owned 56 per cent. of the cigar stores stock. E. L. Andrews, counsel for the independents, had written Mr. Wickersham that if the action of the Administration had been efficient in forcing a sale of this stock his clients would be relieved of the necessity of taking further affirmative action to this end.

On receipt of the Attorney General's reply Mr. Andrews sent to him a letter, from which these extracts are taken:

Again, we are taught that "a wink is as good as a nod," even to the Captains of the Tobacco Trust, particularly when it animates the countenance of the Attorney General of the United States.

Now that the electoral solstice is radiating over the country, we trust that you will reflect some of it upon the non-commissioned officers of the Tobacco Trust, who continue to hold United Cigar Stores stock, contrary to "the well-known attitude of the Government." When they are dazzled by the department into selling their holdings there will be that complete dissociation between the manufacturing and distributing agencies of the illegal combination for which you contended in the Circuit Court.

May we be permitted to add that this outcome of the leading dissolution under the Sherman law suggests a peculiar aspect of our public affairs? What the Circuit Court refused to do, what you declined to ask the Supreme Court to do, you have practically accomplished through the exercise or the intimation of the power of an executive official.

The bar of the country has known the Attorney General as one of its brilliant illustrations, but if this concentration of power in your office continues to prevail, its incumbent would be appropriately known as the Autocrat General, whose smile or frown produces changes in great industries and reverses their dominance.

Is this the proper relation of an executive department to economic conditions in a republican country? If the contact of Government with business is to continue under the control of the Sherman law, is it not time for the Administration to recommend the passage of an amendment establishing a board of control over the management of trust proceedings?

Federal Light Sells $3,000,000 Bonds.

The Federal Light & Traction Co. has sold to White, Weld & Co. $3,000,000 of first lien 5 per cent sinking fund gold bonds which are part of an authorized issue of $50,000,000. The proceeds from the sale of these and $1,500,000 of 6 per cent debentures will be used to retire $5,000,000 of 6 per cent notes maturing Feb. 15, 1913, already called for payment, and other floating indebtedness.

BAD BROADWAY FIRE.

Apparatus Sent Back and Then Recalled by a Fifth Alarm.

A Broadway fire burned up $250,000 worth of property during the early morning hours yesterday. After fighting the flames until he thought they were under control Fire Chief Kenlon sent some of the fire apparatus back to quarters. Then he found that the fire had eaten its way into the two adjoining buildings and that a conflagration was threatening. He turned in a fifth alarm and brought all of the fire apparatus hurrying back through the silent streets. Then the firemen found that they had a most stubborn and risky job. Dawn was silvering the city before the flames were subdued.

The fire started in the rear of the third floor of the five-story left building at 625 Broadway.

Every effort was made to kill the fire in the loft building where it had originated and to save the buildings adjoining, and time and time again it looked as if the efforts would prove futile, but by the time the feet of the early workers sounded on the pavements the only signs of the fire from Broadway were the charred ruins at 623 and 625 Broadway.

There was some criticism of the action of Chief Kenlon in sending some of the fire fighting apparatus away before he was sure the fire was under control. The Chief was asked if he had anything to say about the matter but he declined to discuss it. Fire Commissioner Johnson was also asked if he wished to talk about it and he said he didn't.

Aside from the usual work required at a disastrous fire the firemen had to contend against the bursting of lines of hose and the running away of horses attached to the tenders. But after the danger of the fire was realized there was no let up in the fight to beat it. Fire Commissioner Johnson was on the ground among the first and so were Deputy Commissioner Olvaney and Battalion Chief Howe. The five alarms called out all of the fire apparatus as far south as Maiden Lane and as far north as Twenty-ninth Street. The police reserves from the neighboring station houses were also called out and formed a cordon around the threatened buildings.

The loft where the fire started was occupied by the Artistic Millinery Company. The fourth and fifth floors were occupied by Rosen & Herman, manufacturers of shirts, and the second and first floors by the Miller-Allaire Company, manufacturers of hats, and the Felters Company, dealers in rawhides. The Lily of France Corset Company occupied the tenth floor of the twelve story building. This company is separated only by an air-shaft from the New York Cloak and Suit Company at 627 and 629 Broadway. The firm of Simon Cohn & Co., manufacturers of clothing, also has part of this floor and the whole of the ninth floor. Among the other tenants injured by the fire were Bonavitz, Goldstone & Co., cloak and suit makers, and the Nofade Shirt Company.

SUES THE MARCONI COMPANY.

Electric Signaling Co. Alleges Infringement of a Patent.

The National Electric Signalling Company brought suit yesterday in the United States District Court against the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America for an alleged infringement of a patent granted on Aug. 12, 1902, to Reginald A. Fessenden for wireless telegraphy apparatus. It is set forth in the complaint that Fessenden invented this apparatus on Dec. 15, 1899, and assigned all his rights to the National Electric Signalling Company, and that the Marconi Company, in spite of the upholding of the claims of this concern in litigation against the United Wireless Company by the Circuit Court of Maine, has continued to make and sell the apparatus.

The National Electric Signalling Company asks for a perpetual injunction restraining the Marconi Company from violating the patent, and demands an accounting of the profits derived from sales.

Concert in Aid of Stony Wold.

The Symphony Club of New York, will give a concert at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the Waldorf-Astoria in aid of Auxiliaries 2 and 3 of Stony Wold Sanatorium. The club, formed chiefly of society women, will have the assistance of Efrem Zimbalist and several musicians from the Philharmonic Society. Mrs. John H. Iselin, Mrs. John A. Hartwell, Mrs. G. C. Clark, Jr., and the Misses Marion Smyth, Anita Merle Smith, and Mary H. Wiborg are among the members.

Ex-Judge Dittenhoefer Honored.

Ex-Judge A. J. Dittenhoefer, whose seventy-fifth birthday anniversary was celebrated at his home, 17 East Eighty-third Street, a few days ago, has been presented with a silver loving cup by the members of City Lodge No. 408 F. and A. M., of which he is the only living charter member. The lodge was organized fifty-six years ago.

CHARGES $49,489 FRAUD.

Abattoir Company Says It Was Robbed by ex-Superintendent.

Charges that its former superintendent, Henry Von Lehe of Westwood, N. J., defrauded it out of nearly $50,000 through tricky business methods, are contained in a bill of complaint filed yesterday in the Chancery Court in Newark by Joseph Stern & Son, a corporation owing an abattoir at the foot of West Fortieth Street, Manhattan. The bill asks for the annulment of certain conveyances of properties and assignments of mortgages made by Von Lehe to his wife, Mary Von Lehe, through Joseph H. Lucking.

The bill also sets forth that, on Feb. 14, C. L. Charles of Chicago, attorney for the Stern concern, telephoned to Von Lehe at his home that irregularities had been discovered in the company's accounts. Von Lehe promised to come to the New York offices the next day and aid in clearing up the matter. He did not keep his promise, the bill says, but at once transferred his properties in the township of Hillsdale, Bergen County, N. J., and ten mortgages aggregating $22,350, to his wife and disappeared.

According to the affidavits attached to the bill, when attorney Charles and Edward Kohn, Vice President of the corporation, called on Mrs. Von Lehe on Feb. 28, they were told by her that she did not know the whereabouts of her husband, and that she thought that he would be either found dead or in Florida.

A claim of $49,489 is set up against Von Lehe. He was in the employ of the concern for thirty-three years, and left it Jan. 30, 1911.

Vice Chancellor Emery granted a rule directing the defendant to show cause on April 9 why a receiver should not be appointed to take charge of the conveyed premises and assigned mortgages pending final hearing of the cause.

City Brevities.

The Clark cruising steamer Arabic, with its annual cruising party of nearly 600 Americans, dropped anchor off the Custom House quay at Naples yesterday morning. One section of the party went to Rome in special trains, while others visited Amalfi, Pompeii, Capri, and other places on the bay.

A good index of the character of stock at your Haberdasher is the

TRADE E & W MARK

and

Red-Man

Collar.

EARL & WILSON.

GRAYWOOD—2 for 25c.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Phone 708 Stuyve. Mat. To-day, SEATS 25c. | Home of High-Class Burlesque. CLARK'S RUNAWAY GIRLS' | Amateur Night TO-NIGHT.

OPERA SEATS 'Phones: 4189-6442 Murray Hill. CHOICE SEATS FOR MANON and all CARUSO performances. Normandie Hotel, B'way, Cor. 38th.

IRVING PL. LAST WEEK. To-n't, "Schoene Helena"; Fri., "THE WALTZ DREAM" Sat. Mat., "Minna v. Barnhelm"; Ev., "Gypsy Baron."

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42 St. Eve. 25c to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c | Rock & Fulton, Night in English Music Hall, and 12 other Big Acts.

5th AVE. B'way, 28th St Daily Mat. 25-50c. | Zelda Sears, Fanny Ward, W. L. Abingdon, Ray Cox, Sophye Barnard, others.

A boarding house suited to the most fastidious tastes or the most slender pocketbook can be found easily and quickly by answering some of the Boarders Wanted advertisements in The New York Times.—Adv.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. 603 Broadway. | 1195 Broadway, Just below 29th St. | 246-248 W. 125th St. 647 Eighth Ave.

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

Stetson Hats

STETSON Soft Hats first made the name of Stetson famous. And now, when soft hats are all the rage, Stetson has come to the front with some of the best Soft Hat styles we ever saw, and we *know* styles. Several of these styles are Wallach's EXCLUSIVELY. Just as we are showing lots of exclusive styles in Stetson Derbies. Which is why you should come to a Wallach store for your Stetson Hat.

Wallach Hats $2.00 — Stetson Hats $3.50, $5.00 and $8.00

A Message By Mail or By Telephone, Which?

"Every letter written in a business house costs somewhere between twenty and fifty cents. The stamp is the smallest item. Stationery, stenographer's time, filing copies, principal's time—all bring the actual cost of a letter higher than most people imagine." *Jas. H. Collins.*

It is More Economical to Telephone

Not only does it actually cost less to telephone your message but you reach your man *instantly, talk over your business personally, and get an immediate reply.*

Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Telephone and a Telegraph Station, Too.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.

AMERICAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO. AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES — LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE — ONE SYSTEM

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Eve. 8. NEW DURBAR Stupendous Spectacles. CIRCUS | Around the World. NEXT SUN. EVE. (Seats Now on Sale), PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of N. Y. Josef Stransky, Conductor | AND KUBELIK. Winter Garden B'way & 50th. Tel. 411 Cols. MAT. TO-DAY 50c, 75c & Best Seats $1.00. WHIRL OF SOCIETY | A NIGHT WITH THE PIERROTS | THE CAPTIVE Star Cast. SUNDAY NIGHT.....A BIG CONCERT. LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. 5TH MONTH LITTLE Balcony $1.50. Orch. Fam. Circle 50c. $2. BOY BLUE "Dainty, Melodious and Mirthful." —Press. Broadway Thea., B'way & 41st St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Reserved Seats 75c., $1, $1.50. Best Seats $2. Weber & Fields JUBILEE CO. OF 100 in "Hokey Pokey" and "Bunty Bulls & Strings." MANHATTAN Op. Ho., 34th St. & 8th Av. Eve. 8:15. Mat. Sat. THE GIRL FROM RECTOR'S. Next Week—DURBAR in Kinemacolor.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LEWIS WALLER in MONSIEUR BEAUCAIRE. PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of B'way. 'Phone 3623 Bryant. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:10. Bought and Paid For. William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15. BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS. 39th ST. Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL. MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39, bet. B'way & 5 Av. Ev. 8:15. The play of a Woman's Soul, Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. The Bird of Paradise. CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. The Latest Comic Opera Hit! BARON TRENCK. WEST END, 125th St., W. of 8th Av. Eve. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. THE GAMBLERS By Charles Klein. NEXT WEEK OSCAR HAMMERSTEIN Presents EMMA TRENTINI in NAUGHTY MARIETTA. Seats Now on Sale.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eve. 8 sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2 sharp. The Liebler Co.'s Big Cast Revival of OLIVER TWIST. Marie Doro, Constance Collier, Lyn Harding and Nat C. Goodwin.

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mat. Sat. at 2:30. "A PLAY WITH BACKBONE." —Charles Darnton, Eve. World. "Held audience spellbound." —Gilbert Welsh, Eve. Telegram. "Interesting Drama—Bright Comedy." —Herald. "Strong acting." Louis De Foe, World. HENRY B. HARRIS presents THE RIGHT TO BE HAPPY By H. KELLETT CHAMBERS. With DOROTHY DONNELLY And EDMUND BREESE.

LIBERTY 42d St., near B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. HENRY MILLER in The Rainbow by A. E. THOMAS.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Eves. 8:15. LOUIS MANN Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15. in "ELEVATING A HUSBAND." EXTRA "MATTY NIGHT" TO-NIGHT, with BASEBALL CABARET.

GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. Another Cohan & Harris success "Murphy, Sir, that's Me Name." OFFICER 666 with GEORGE NASH & WALLACE EDDINGER.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way & 38th St. Eve. 8 sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. OTIS SKINNER IN AN ARABIAN NIGHT KISMET.

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Eve. 8:20. EDDIE FOY Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. in OVER THE RIVER, with CABARET SHOW. Special Professional Matinee To-day.

HARRIS W. 42d Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30. THE TALKER.

PARK 59th Street. B'way, Columbus Circle. Eve. 8:10. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:10. The Quaker Girl with CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

FULTON 46th St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:20. WHITESIDE IN THE TYPHOON.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE 42d St. nr. Bway. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. SEATS SELLING 4 WEEKS IN ADVANCE. KLAW & ERLANGER'S LATEST MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS. THE MAN FROM COOK'S. WITH ITS AVALANCHE OF FUN CATCHY MELODIES AND PRETTY GIRLS. TALK OF THE TOWN. "WORTHY SUCCESSOR TO THE PINK LADY" Commercial.

Reverend Bernard Vaughan, S.J. Will deliver a Lecture on "Joan of Arc, The Matchless Soldier Maid" In the Grand Ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria On Monday Evening, April 1st, At 8:30 o'clock. Reserved seats ($1 and up) may be obtained from Mr. Walter Neumuller, Treasurer, by telephone at 3033 Worth, or by mail, G. P. O. Box 1547.

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way, 43d St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. THE HIT OF HIS LIFE. GEO. M. COHAN (HIMSELF) KID BURNS in the revival of 45 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY. Cast incl. SALLIE FISHER as Mary.

GRAND 23 St. & 8 Av. ROBT HILLIARD "A Fool There Was" Mat. Sat. Next Mon., KITTY GORDON in The Enchantress.

BELASCO 44th St., near B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2:15. DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM.

REPUBLIC 42d St., nr. B'way. Eve. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:20. DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE. TO-NIGHT at 7:30—WALKUERE. Fremstad, Morena, Homer; Jorn, Griswold, Ruysdael, Cond., Hertz. FRI. at 8—MONA. Homer, Fornia; Martin, Reiss, Griswold, Murphy, Hinshaw, Witherspoon, Cond., Hertz. SAT. MAT. at 2—MANON. Farrar; Caruso, Gilly, Rothier, Reiss, Segurola. Conductor, Toscanini. SAT. at 8, pop. prices—TANNHAEUSER. Morena, Fremstad; Slezak, Weil, Witherspoon. Cond., Herin. SUND. EVG. CONCERT.—Gluck, Duchene; Gilly, Murphy, Dagmar Rubner, Piano, Salzedo, Harp. Entire Orch. Cond., Rothmeyer. Next Mon. at 8—MONA. Same Cast as above. TUES. at 8:15.—RIGOLETTO. Pasquali, Duchene; Caruso, Amato, Didur. Cond., Sturani. WED. AFT. at 3, SPECIAL MATINEE—HAENSEL und GRETEL. Prices 25c. to $2. WED. at 8—TROVATORE. Gadski, Cahier (debut;) Slezak, Gilly, Rossi. Conductor, Sturani. THURS. at 8—MANON. Same cast as above. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

JAPAN SOCIETY. Exhibition, Flower Arrangement, and Gardening. HOTEL ASTOR, March 14th to 31st. THURSDAY, MARCH 28th. Cha-no-yu (Tea Ceremony) by Miss Averill, at 11:30 A. M. Lecture on Ike-bana (Flower Arrangement) by Miss Averill, at 4:30 P. M. No-mai and Bonsei (Classical Dancing and Miniature Gardening) by Miss Blattner, and Lecture by Mrs. Blattner, at 8:30 P. M. FRIDAY, MARCH 29th. Lecture on Cha-no-yu (Tea Ceremony) by Miss Averill, at 11:30 A. M. Lecture on Ike-bana (Flower Arrangement) by Miss Averill, at 4:30 P. M.

Brahms Festival. Symphony and Oratorio Societies. Walter Damrosch & Frank Damrosch, Cond's. 3rd Concert, Fri. Afternoon, at 3. Serenade in D; 4th Symphony; Violin Concerto. ZIMBALIST, Soloist. AT CARNEGIE HALL. Tickets now on sale at Box Office & 1 W. 31 St. 50 cts. to $2.

Only a Few Seats Left. NIKISCH. CARNEGIE HALL, Mon. & Wed. Nights, April 8 & 10, and the entire LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. MAIL ORDERS received. Address HOWARD PEW, 121 W. 42d St., N. Y. City. 'Phone 3289 Bryant.

CARNEGIE HALL, Sun. Aft., March 31. PIANO RECITAL by ARTHUR FRIEDHEIM. Tickets on sale at Box Office & R. E. Johnston's office, 1133 B'way. Steinway Piano used.

Carnegie Hall, TO-NIGHT at 8:15. ROYAL ATHENIAN STRING ORCHESTRA. The Famous "Mandolinata" of Greece. 50c. to $1.50. Management: Loudon Charlton.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. | Mr. Julius Steger & Co., The Piancphiends, May Tully & Co., Eddie Leonard, oths.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. | "EVERYBODY," Macart & Bradford Co., Laura Guerite, Deiro, others.

BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St. Daily Mat. 25c. | A Night in A Turkish Bath | Blossom Seeley Gerald Griffin & Co., oths.

David Kessler. SECOND AVE. THEATRE, 33-37 Second Av., Cor. 2d St. MAX R. WILNER Presents PAUL N. ORLENEFF and his Russian Players in THE GHOSTS, by Ibsen, for one performance only, Monday Evening, April 1st, 1912.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN. 87TH ANNUAL EXHIBITION. Fine Arts Galleries, 215 & 217 W. 57th St. 10 A. M., 6 P. M. and 8 to 10 P. M. Adm. 50c.

NEW YORK LAST WEEK. Theatre, 45th St. & B'way. Daily, 2:30 and 8:30. DURBAR in KINEMACOLOR. Extra Feature: BURIAL OF THE MAINE.

Academy OF MUSIC. Pop. Prices. Mat. Daily. THE REGENERATION.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Eve. 8:15. Robinson's CRUSOE GIRLS.

LAST NINETY-SIX TIMES THIS SEASON OF The Garden of Allah at the CENTURY THEATRE, 62d St. & 8th Av. Phone 8300—Col. Eve. 8; Mats. Wed. (pop.) & Sat. 2. THE EVENT OF THE SEASON. CENTURY THEATRE ACTORS' FUND BENEFIT. FRIDAY BEGINS at 1:30. Seats 50c. to $2.50. Private boxes $25. MANY GOOD SEATS....$1.00. MANY GOOD SEATS....50c. *.* Extra Feature: LEWIS WALLER & MADGE TITHERADGE in Scene from "HENRY V."

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Eve. 8:20. TO-NIGHT 238th TIME Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. ARLISS in DISRAELI.

The Little Theatre 44th St., W. of B'way. Tel. Bryant 2340. Every Eve. at 8:45. Sat. Mat. at 2:30. GALSWORTHY'S "THE PIGEON." Special Mats. Tues., Wed. & Fri. at 2:30. "Palace of Han" & Kennedy's "Terrible Meek." EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON in both plays.

ASTOR B'way & 45th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c-$1.50. Drawing Crowds —Sun. The Greyhound.

NOW MADISON SQ. GARDEN. TWICE DAILY, 2:15 & 8:15. Doors Open One Hour Earlier. BARNUM AND BAILEY CIRCUS AND CLEOPATRA. A Riot of Color. 1250 Persons Participating. GREATEST SPECTACULAR PRODUCTION OF ALL AGES. Among the Many Arenic Sensations: THE MIKADO'S ROYAL TROUPE OF JAPANESE ATHLETES. MAY WIRTH, Equestrienne Marvel. ELEPHANT BASEBALL TEAM. ADMISSION TO EVERYTHING 25 & 50c. Reserved Seats 75c., $1, $1.50. PRIVATE BOX SEATS $2.50. Box Office open 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Children under 10 years Half Price to Afternoon Performances. Branch Ticket Offices. (Box Office Prices): Lehigh Valley Ticket Office, 1,460 Broadway. N. Y. Central Ticket Office, 121 W. 125th St. Theo. Lohr's (two stores,) 104 Lenox Ave. and 286 Grand St., and John Wanamaker's Store.

MINER'S 8th AVE. BOWERY BRONX. Every Day. Bargain Matinee. THE HIGH SCHOOL GIRLS. AMATEURS FRIDAY. BILLY WATSON'S BEEF TRUST. WRESTLING TO-NIGHT. NEW CENTURY GIRLS. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.

Columbia B'way & 47th. Burlesque. Eves. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. THE PASSING PARADE. Smoking Matinee To-day 15c. 25c. & 50c.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS. ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. Mat. Daily, 25c. ADELE RITCHIE, "AN OPENING NIGHT." "Mein Liebchen," Top o' the World Dancers, Ashley & Lee, oths.

LECTURES. DR. DANIEL A. HUEBSCH will lecture at the Museum of Art, showing art treasures of lower floor: Egypt, Greece, Italy, Rodin. April 1, 8, 15, 22, at 10:30 A. M. Course ticket $5, on sale 1 East 40th St.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS. CAVANAGH'S. 260 West 23rd St. RESTAURANT AND GRILL. SHELLFISH A SPECIALTY. Music:—Vocal and Instrumental. Private Banquet Rooms, 12 to 150 Persons.

MARBURY HALL. 164 AND 166 WEST 74TH ST.